"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Rain, followed by clearing, colder to-day; fair to-morrow; moderate winds.

VOL. LX...NO. 19,406. * * * NEW YORK, MONDAY, MARCH 13, 1911.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

TO SEEK INDICTMENT OF BANKERS TO-DAY

Whitman Has Case Against the Carnegie Trust Directors Ready for the Grand Jury.

SCHWAB MAY BE A WITNESS

To Show That Vital Deals Were Not Known to All Directors—New Charges Affect Former Official.

Charles M. Schwab, President of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation and Director in several other large concerns, is likely to be called as a witness before the Grand Jury which will be asked by District Attorney Whitman to-day to indict three officials of the Carnegie Trust Company.

Mr. Schwab is not expected to throw any light on the transactions by the so-called Cummins group of financiers who obtained control of the Carnegie Trust by purchasing the stock holdings of the late C. C. Dickinson, but his presence before the Grand Jury may be required to prove the charge of forgery which Mr. Whitman will enter against the three Carnegie Trust Company officials, who, he believes, should be held criminally responsible for the wrecking of the institution. This forgery charge, it was learned yesterday, can only be substantiated by showing that certain transactions vitally affecting the solvency of the institution were kept from the knowledge of the Carnegie Trust Board of Directors.

Mr. Schwab freely admitted yesterday that he knew little or nothing about the inside affairs of the Carnegie Trust Company, and certainly nothing about the large loans to the Cummins syndicate and to Joseph G. Robin, secured respectively by stocks and bonds of the various Cummins enterprises and the various Robin enterprises. He was a Director of the Carnegie Trust Company, however, during the time when the large loans on questionable collateral were being made.

Mr. Schwab tendered his resignation as a Director in the Carnegie Trust Company about two years ago, but it was not accepted. The prestige of his name was too badly needed by the officials of the Carnegie Trust, so Mr. Schwab was informed that his fellow Directors would not consider his resignation for a moment. He was then and still is one of the group of wealthy financiers, known in the financial district as "Andrew Carnegie's boys."

Mr. Schwab was at his home on Riverside Drive when asked yesterday by a TIMES reporter if he had been notified that he might be called as a witness before the Grand Jury. Mr. Schwab said that he had received no such notification.

"I really know nothing about the company's affairs," he said. "I resigned as a Director of the Carnegie Trust Company two years ago, but they did not accept my resignation, I believe. There is nothing I can say regarding the matter, absolutely nothing, because I am in ignorance of the inside affairs of the concern."

The manner in which Mr. Schwab became a stockholder and Director in the Carnegie Trust Company was this: When the massive safe deposit vaults were ordered to be installed in the basement of the United States Realty Building at 115 Broadway, just under the Carnegie Trust Company, which occupies one side of the ground floor, the contract was given to the Bethlehem Steel Corporation, of which Mr. Schwab is President. In due time the great armor steel safes were installed. When it came time to pay for them Mr. Schwab was asked to accept stock in the Carnegie Trust Company in part payment. This he agreed to do, and a large block of stock was transferred to his name.

Mr. Schwab is reported to have sold some of this stock long before the Carnegie Trust came to be known in banking circles as a shaky institution.

New Charges Reach Whitman.

Such efforts at consolidation were made by the syndicate of bankers headed by William J. Cummins not long after they obtained control of the Carnegie Trust. Although these efforts were well known in financial circles at that time, the inside story of what really occurred, or at least what purports to be the inside story, has just come to the ears of District Attorney Whitman and his staff of investigators, and has started a new line of inquiry which may lead to disclosures not touched upon before.

According to this story, a former official in the State Banking Department received an offer of a 25 per cent. interest in the Independent Fertilizer Company, one of the Cummins concerns, if he would aid the plan to consolidate the Carnegie Trust Company with several other banking institutions. It was the plan at the time to consolidate the Carnegie Trust with the Van Norden Trust Company, the Nineteenth Ward and the Twelfth Ward Banks. When the Cummins group obtained control of the Carnegie they gave notes to the late C. C. Dickinson, which purport to be for the purchase of stock in each of the three above-named institutions, which were to be absorbed by the Carnegie Trust Company.

When the plans for the consolidation were ready, as the story goes, a lawyer representing the Banking Department official in question received a check for $10,000 and $2,000 in cash. Subsequently, it is said, he traveled in a private car to Nashville, Tenn., and while there said he would have to have more money.

Whatever may have been the nature of these alleged negotiations, one fact stands out clearly—the proposed consolidation of the Carnegie Trust with the Van Norden Trust, the Twelfth and the Nineteenth Ward Banks was not allowed by the Banking Department. Just what is to be done about the matter has not yet come out, but it was reported yesterday that a photograph had been made of the $10,000 check in question, and that this photograph may be expected to find its way into the Grand Jury room to-day or later on in the investigation.

More Loans Investigated.

An inspection of the stock books of the Independent Fertilizer Company is expected to be made later by Mr. Whitman's investigators. Stock in this company figures prominently on the books of the Carnegie Trust Company as security for loans to Cummins and his friends.

One demand loan, secured by this stock, shows the maker's name as George L. Dyer. The amount was $396,000. This is regarded by the District Attorney as another dummy loan, similar in some respects to the $230,900 loan to William Ferguson, managing clerk for Liston L. Lewis, a Carnegie Trust Director and formerly counsel for the company. Mr. Dyer is said to have been a clerk in the Carnegie Trust Company when the loan was made. The note bore the names of the following indorsers: William J. Cummins, Charles A. Moore, Jr., Liston L. Lewis, William A. Keener, Martin J. Condon, and George C. Crabbs, all Directors in the Carnegie Trust Company.

Mr. Cummins was out of town yesterday. He has been stopping with his family at the Holland House for several

Continued on Page 2.

TO CUT OFF ALBANY SESSION.

Early Adjournment and Special Session Talked Of to Eliminate Sheehan.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 12.—Apparently satisfied that nothing short of the withdrawal of William F. Sheehan can bring an end to the deadlock over the election of a United States Senator, some of the leaders are said to be considering the advisability of bringing about an early adjournment of the Legislature. One report has it that April 6, two days after the time fixed for convening the extra session of Congress, is being considered as a tentative date.

It has been suggested, according to Capitol gossip, that an effort be made to rush through as much important legislation as possible prior to adjournment, leaving unfinished matters to be considered at an early session which it is believed would be called by Gov. Dix should adjournment be taken without breaking the Senatorial deadlock.

Should the Legislature adjourn without electing a Senator, it is contended that the January caucus which selected Mr. Sheehan would not be binding, and that another caucus could then be called to select a compromise candidate.

Some of the legislators are even claiming that if a Senator should be named his right to a seat would be disputed. Assemblyman Shortt of Richmond, a lawyer, says that this is the obvious deduction from the opinion given some time ago by Attorney General Carmody that the obligation to "take a ballot" every day except Sundays is a constitutional mandate. Mr. Shortt's contention is that no legal ballot can be taken in the absence of a quorum, hence there really was no ballot in the view of the law on the numerous occasions when the official records have shown that no quorum was present.

Another ballot will be taken to-morrow with no quorum present, as most of the legislators have arranged pairs until Tuesday.

The Executive Board of the German-American Alliance of the State of New York at a meeting to-day indorsed President Theodore Sutro of the association as a compromise candidate for United States Senator.

HIS SKIN TURNED BULLETS.

Remarkable Escape of an Italian Shot Twice by a Watchman.

A watchman ordered Louis De Luca, his brother Natala of 2,156 First Avenue, and John Stefano of 218 East 108th Street out of the stable at 426 East 110th Street, in which they were playing cards, last night. When they refused to go he drew a revolver and, pressing the weapon against Louis De Luca's stomach, pulled the trigger twice. The young man fell to the floor with a cry and then instantly sprang up and beat the watchman almost senseless.

His companion had run out for an officer and returned with Policeman West of the East 104th Street Station and Dr. Cole of Harlem Hospital. De Luca had thrown himself on the floor again and was getting ready to die when the doctor got there.

Cole tore apart the man's clothing to look for the wounds and two bullets dropped out of his shirt. They had not even broken the skin. The doctor suggested that the cartridges had not been loaded properly and the bullets therefore had not had force behind them. He could not account for De Luca's escape otherwise.

West arrested Louis De Martini, who, the others said, had done the shooting.

BIDDLE'S EYE IS HURT.

Society Boxer Also Has Three Teeth Broken in a Bout.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, March 12.—A. J. Drexel Biddle is in a dark room on the second floor of his home, 2,104 Walnut Street, nursing a black eye. "Jack" O'Brien did it on Thursday night at the American Athletic Club after Mr. Biddle had blasted the pugilistic aspirations of South New Jersey by showing that Charles Burkhardt was not of a class to defeat Jack Johnson.

The Burkhardt affair lasted three rounds and Mr. Biddle then took on "Jack" O'Brien. He is not in the "white hope" man's class, but is superior to Burkhardt. The referee and all the spectators say that Biddle "bested" O'Brien, but in the second round O'Brien poked his fist into Biddle's eye. Besides this he broke three of Biddle's teeth. In spite of all this the bout continued, and West Walnut Street came out triumphant.

"I will be all right in a few days," said Mr. Biddle to-night, "and will prepare to try out a few more hopes."

BERMUDA ROUTE NO RIVAL.

Steamship Pool Agents Indifferent to Royal Mail's Invasion.

Steamship agents in the Atlantic conference when asked yesterday about the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company starting the liner Avon for Cherbourg and Southampton via Bermuda on April 13 at a minimum first-class fare of $67.50 said that this would not make any difference to the direct Atlantic liners. The Avon would leave New York on the 13th, arrive at Bermuda on the morning of the 15th, and sail the same night for Cherbourg, where she would be due on April 23, which would make her time of passage ten days.

At present there is no contract between the conference lines, as the old agreement expired on Feb. 28, and the new one has not been signed, the Canadian Pacific Railway having, it is said, refused to agree to the through rates for emigrants to the West and the division of the traffic from the Continent of Europe to the United States and Canada. As the Canadian Pacific owns a railroad as well as steamships, it holds the whip hand, and may decline to join in the new agreement when it is ready for signature.

RIVERSIDE LIGHTS PUT OUT.

Auto Smashed an Electric Pole and Cut Off the Circuit.

Drive were extinguished between 118th Street and 121st Street just before midnight last night when an automobile collided with an electric light pole in front of Concord Hall, at 468 Riverside Drive.

The machine skidded and struck the iron pole with such force as to snap it off at the base. Then darkness descended on the driveway, for all the lights in that particular circuit died out. When a policeman arrived he found two men sitting in the tonneau of the automobile, a large touring car, which had been badly damaged by the collision. The occupants said their chauffeur had disappeared.

At the West 125th Street Police Station they told Lieut. Farrell that they were H. R. Everall of 458 West 152d Street and A. McClellahan of 77 St. Nicholas Place. They said they had hired the auto at the Riverhead Garage, 1,761 Broadway, and were motoring southward on the Drive when the machine skidded.

WILL SHOW ONLY 50 ROOSEVELT TROPHIES

Thousands of His African Specimens to be Stored Away in the National Museum.

WOULD WEARY THE PUBLIC

So Says Smithsonian Institution Statement—Colonel Had Complained of Tardiness in Mounting Collection.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Col. Roosevelt's collection of skins and bones gathered on his hunting trip to Africa is not to be the great feature in the National Museum that had been expected by some persons. An official statement by the authorities of the Smithsonian Institution to-day shows that of the thousands of specimens sent and brought back by the former President only about fifty are to be mounted and put on public exhibition. The others will be preserved and kept, but they will be put in storerooms and be shown only on request to those who are specially interested in such matters.

The statement of its plans was drawn from the institution by a complaint made by Col. Roosevelt, when he passed through Washington on Wednesday on his way to Atlanta. He had evidently become restive over the delay in putting his trophies on exhibition. Although some of them have been at the Museum for almost a year not one has yet been mounted, and less than twenty have been prepared for mounting. At the railway station here Col. Roosevelt remarked sharply to a group of newspaper men:

"Those specimens which are now lying in the National Museum were brought here for the American people. They should be mounted and put on exhibition immediately and Congress should be prevailed upon to make an appropriation for the purpose."

The institution issued its statement to-day, with the explanation that erroneous ideas existed as to the progress of the work of preparing the skins and as to their final disposition. The statement says:

Fifty Specimens to be Mounted.

The statement of the Smithsonian Institution is as follows:

"It is not intended to mount all the specimens in the collection and place them in the exhibition halls of the museum. To do so would be a serious detriment to the collection and no advantage to the public. The collection contains about 3,000 skins of mammals, but not more than fifty different kinds could be detected among them by an untrained observer. The general public would only be fatigued and confused by an inspection of the entire series. The fur of mammals fades more or less on exposure to light, and on that account, also, it is far from desirable to exhibit rare or unique specimens in a strong light. Only those species will be selected for mounting which are not now adequately represented or which are needed to supplement the various series now shown. In this way duplication will be avoided and the interests of both the naturalists and the general public will be furthered.

"The larger skins have been tanned and made soft, so that they can be folded and put away like blankets. When in this condition they can be easily handled and studied in detail; and they are readily available to persons having a special interest in African mammals.

"The collection has not been stored away and given no further attention, but is being prepared with all possible skill and dispatch, and the utmost care is being exercised to prevent any portion of it being damaged through accident. It is owing to the innumerable details of the work that progress appears to be slow.

"The first step was to get the skins properly tanned, but before this could be undertaken it was essential that they all be catalogued and so tagged that there would be no danger of losing the labels. Even after a label had been devised which would stand the wear and tear, the further precaution was observed of engraving the numbers on the hoofs and claws. The question then arose as to whom the delicate work of tanning the skins should be intrusted, and to solve this a representative of the Smithsonian Institution was sent to the principal tanneries to investigate their facilities for handling the work. When this report was received those tanneries were chosen which appeared to be best equipped and most nearly fireproof. The selection of first-class taxidermists to supplement the regular museum force consumed much time, as men of the requisite ability are scarce.

"Finally, there remains a phase of the work more important than any of the others, as on it depends the true educational and scientific value of the entire collection. This is the classification of the specimens and the exact determination of their sexual, individual, and geographic variations. This means months of study on the part of Edmund Heller, who has this part of the work in hand. Before it is finished he will have to visit other museums in the United States and in Europe for the purpose of making comparisons of specimens.

"Contrary to what seems to be a widespread belief, few if any specimens are to be given away or exchanged. There was a time when one specimen of a kind was regarded by naturalists as sufficient for all purposes of study, but that is no longer the case. On the contrary, many specimens of each species are essential to illustrate fully all the age, sex, and individual variations. For this reason the museum is constantly refusing requests from all parts of the country for gifts of specimens from the Smithsonian African collection."

The authorities of the National Museum make no attempt to fix the date when this work will be completed. It may require two or three years, or even more. They do say, however, that the work is being carried on more rapidly and with better results than has ever been the case with any collection approaching this one in magnitude, and that nothing is being left undone to give this unique series of East African mammals its proper place among the treasures of the Smithsonian Institution.

Officials of the institution and museum, however, received with enthusiasm the suggestion of Col. Roosevelt that Congress should make an appropriation for the mounting of the specimens. Funds now available are insufficient, according to Secretary Charles D. Walcott and the other heads of the institution. George S. Turner, the taxidermist who is in charge of mounting all specimens for the National Museum, says that from $1,000 to $5,000 is needed for mounting some of the larger animals.

PRINCE LUITPOLD IS 90.

Bavarian Regent Inspects Birthday Decorations in Munich on Foot.

MUNICH, March 12.—The ninetieth birthday of Prince Regent Luitpold was celebrated to-day throughout Bavaria as a general holiday. Prince Luitpold is most popular throughout the kingdom.

He is in good health and went on foot to-day through the streets of Munich and inspected the decorations that had been hung in honor of his birthday. Congratulatory telegrams were received by Luitpold from all the members of the royal family.

CLEMENCEAU.

The letters by the former Premier of France giving his impressions of a visit to South America have aroused wide comment. They are of unusual interest. Read what he says in

Next Sunday's Times.

SIX DIE ON SHIP, MENINGITIS VICTIMS

Five Others Stricken with the Disease When the Patris Reaches Port from Greece.

LINER HELD IN QUARANTINE

Patients Show Quick Improvement After Arrival Under Treatment with Dr. Flexner's Serum.

There were six deaths on board the Greek steamship Patris during the voyage from Piraeus, which ended at this port yesterday. Dr. A. H. Doty, the Health Officer, after a careful examination of the circumstances and an autopsy upon two of the bodies, is convinced that in every case death resulted from spinal meningitis. He ordered the vessel held in Quarantine.

The surgeons made a careful examination of every one of the 683 steerage passengers, and found five of them suffering from meningitis. They were removed to Hoffman Island. Dr. Doty has been using Dr. Simon Flexner's serum in meningitis cases, and it was administered to the five patients as soon as they reached the Government Hospital. Last night Dr. Doty said that all had shown surprising improvement under treatment, and in no case did he believe the disease would end fatally.

Eleni Kokori, a sixteen-year-old girl; Constantina Papagon, 37 years old; Argyrios Karavanag, 22, and Christon Dakaria, 23 years old, died and were buried at sea. Andreas Karkaoatatos, 30 years old, and Kalligse Bonkeli, 17, died on Saturday as the vessel was nearing port. Their bodies were taken to Swinburne Island yesterday, where the autopsies were held.

The doctor of the ship was sure that at least two of his passengers died of pneumonia, but after the autopsies and hearing the histories of their cases, Dr. Doty believes all died of meningitis. He said last evening that in the last few years nearly every case of spinal meningitis coming to this port was on a Greek steamship, showing the prevalence of the disease in some parts of Greece.

"I have been making a careful study of this disease," he said. "I have been working in co-operation with Dr. Simon Flexner of the Rockefeller Institute, who has sent me his serum. I have found it successful, except in cases where the disease had almost run its course and death was inevitable when it was given.

"The Patris brings in the most remarkable cases and I will personally supervise their care and treatment and make a careful study of them. I have carefully questioned the ship's surgeon and those who had the care of the patients on shipboard and I have reached the conclusion that in all cases death came from the same cause. The autopsies disclosed clear symptoms of the disease."

Dr. Doty says there is no danger of meningitis running through the vessel, as might be the case with cholera or other contagious diseases. It appears in these cases to be confined to the group where it started, and it is the belief of the doctors that the victims all came from the same part of Greece. The disease moves swiftly to the end, and there is no proper means of treating it on shipboard.

It was said that except for the five suffering from meningitis there were no others sick on the vessel. Dr. Doty, however, is not satisfied with the first examination. The Patris was anchored in Quarantine all last night. This morning the Health Officer and his assistants will make another and a more thorough examination of both cabin and steerage passengers.

The Patris sailed from Piraeus Feb. 21, Ythian and Kilamata Feb. 22, and Patris Feb. 23. She brought 106 cabin and 683 steerage passengers.

PLEADED FOR MOTORMAN.

"He Didn't Mean to Run Into Me," Says Small Girl Hit by a Car.

While lying on the sidewalk awaiting the arrival of an ambulance from the Presbyterian Hospital, after her hip had been crushed by a southbound Second Avenue car, between Ninety and Ninety-first Streets, eleven-year-old Gertrude Konrat of 1,791 First Avenue pleaded with the people assembled about her, not to have John Flynn of 342 Third Avenue, the motorman of the car, arrested.

"I slipped on the tracks and he didn't mean to run into me," she told her father, Carl Konrat, who assisted in getting her from under the car. She was told that the motorman would not be arrested.

Patrolman John Hayden was in the neighborhood when the accident occurred and was attracted by the screaming of the girl, who had been struck by the car while crossing the street. He hurried to the scene, and with the assistance of the motorman and conductor, Duken Rondon of 1,847 First Avenue, succeeded in removing the girl from beneath the car.

At the hospital later it was found necessary to amputate the girl's foot just above the ankle. She is in a serious condition.

SAVE WOMAN FROM SLIDE.

Rescue Party Tunnels Through 50 Feet of Snow to Get Mrs. Mason.

Special to The New York Times.

GOLDFIELD, Nev., March 12.—Hard work on the part of thirty rescuers with pick and shovel saved Mrs. R. H. Mason, who was one of the nine persons buried Tuesday by the snowslide that demolished the plant of the Hydro-Electric Company at Jordan, near Bodie. The rescue party dug through fifty fet of snow to the little cabin in which Mason, who was head electrician at the plant, had lived.

The woman was found pinioned in her bed, and by her side was her husband, who had been instantly killed when the slide struck the house Tuesday night. Some of the timbers of the house protected the woman.

ELEVEN MEN KILLED IN FIREMEN'S STRIKE

Two Deputy Sheriffs Shot Dead and Nine Negroes Slain on Queen and Crescent.

TRAINS ARE DISCONTINUED

Shots from Mountain Sides Had Made Operating Too Dangerous—None of Assailants Caught.

Special to The New York Times.

SOMERSET, Ky., March 12.—Trouble following the strike of white firemen on the Queen and Crescent route of the Cincinnati Southern Railway has resulted to-day in the killing of two Deputy Sheriffs and four negro firemen, in addition to the five already slain by sympathizers with the strikers. A third white man, a railway detective, was shot on the engine he was guarding, and may not live.

The number of shots fired from mountain sides as the trains were speeding by the conclusion that it was better not to the coiclusion that it was better not to attempt to continue to run trains. All traffic along the road from Somerset to Chattanooga is therefore at a standstill to-night.

Following the attacks on trains yesterday scores of railroad detectives were mustered into duty and every freight and passenger engine carried at least two armed men. The first outbreak to-day occurred at Glenmary, Tenn. James Carl, a detective on south-bound freight No. 78, was picked out by mountain marksmen as the train was making thirty miles per hour and seriously shot over the heart. Almost simultaneously the negro fireman whom Carl was protecting fell upon the pile of coal he was shoveling, with a bullet through his brain. The injured man was taken off at Oakdale, Tenn., and rushed to the hospital here, where he lies in a critical condition. The body of the negro was taken to Chattanooga.

H. M. Holloway, Deputy Sheriff and Queen and Crescent Railroad detective, was shot and killed about 8 o'clock at the town of Stearns, while on guard at the company's coal chutes. About half an hour later Deputy Sheriff Lovett, who also was on guard at Stearns, was found shot through the head.

King's Mountain, some distance from Stearns, was the scene of a double killing at about the same time. Two negro firemen were shot from trains proceeding through the village.

Every station south of here is lined with strike sympathizers, and at every stop, even at water tanks, armed men have examined engine cabs for negroes. Many of the latter are kept at work by threats of the dectectives. At stops along the line they are hid in the tender while the white men stand guard. All along the line the mountain sympathizers, with the firemen, are stationed within shooting distance of the railroad track, and every train that passes is fired upon.

Warning that bridges would be dynamited has indirectly reached the officials of the road and this rumor, coupled with the constant danger under which they are working since the strike opened Thursday, to-night brought the engineers to the point of quitting the throttle. They have notified the officials that the risk is too great, and they will not move a wheel even under guard. Brakemen on the line also delivered an ultimatum in which they said that unless the company took steps to remedy the situation at once they would strike in sympathy with the firemen. Several machinists of this city who have been discharged because they refused to take the places of the strikers have appealed to their union, and as a result the machinists may follow suit.

The Queen and Crescent to-night issued orders that no negro be placed on duty north of Chattanooga and the employment of white strikebreakers is urged. The latter, however, are no longer in evidence, for the mountaineers have made too evident their intention to aid the cause of the firemen.

Thus far not a single assailant of any of the eleven men killed has been apprehended. The wild confusion of the country between Somerset and Chattanooga has made it easy for men to shoot from ambush and be lost sight of before a trace of them could be gained. Most of the detectives employed by the road are city men and are not prepared for the style of fighting under which they have been thrown. It is reported here that a detective was pulled from a train at Science Hill, several miles north of here, and badly cut.

Up to the time the engineers refused to enter their cabs, minor officials were pressed into service to fire trains, and every freight and passenger train leaving for the south had aboard one or more physicians.

WOMAN BURNS TO DEATH.

Spinster of 70 Years Had Long Feared a Stove Would Ignite Her Clothing.

Special to The New York Times.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., March 12.—While Miss Aleta Brown, a spinster of 70, was cooking dinner at noon to-day her dress caught fire from a stove. She was burned so badly before help came that she died two hours later in All Souls' Hospital. On several occasions Miss Brown had told her boarding mistress, Mrs. Carpenter, that she feared death from burning, and believed some day her clothes would ignite from the stove in her room. She ran into the hallway to-day screaming, and when Mrs. Carpenter rushed out to ascertain the cause Miss Brown exclaimed:

"Oh, it's that stove," and then fell to the floor. Blankets, quilts, and rugs were thrown over the woman. When the blaze was thought to have been smothered she was lifted from the floor and carried to her room. As she was placed on her bed her clothes blazed forth again. A second time blankets were wrapped about her. This time the blaze was subdued, but it was too late to save the victim's life.

Torpedo Boat Fleet to Manoeuvre.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW LONDON, Conn., March 12.—It is reported that a large fleet of torpedo boats, with tenders, will make a rendezvous here from April 1 to June 30 for manoeuvres in Gardner's Bay. Proposals for supplying a large quantity of provisions have been received here through Newport.

MAILLARD'S VANILLA CHOCOLATE
A beverage to delight guest and hostess. A nutritive food for home use or travel.—Adv.

GET UP MAINE'S TURRET TOP.

18-Ton Mass Imbedded in Harbor Mud Had Delayed Coffer-Dam Building.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, March 12.—The top of the forward turret of the battleship Maine was fished up this morning near the bow of the wreck. Although it is twenty feet in diameter and weighs eighteen tons it is unwarped, but the terrific force of the explosion is shown by the way the bolts are shorn off.

The turret top was deeply imbedded in the harbor mud, and for the past two weeks has interrupted the pile-driving operations to complete the cofferdam. Every effort to pull it up merely resulted in breaking the tackle until the task was accomplished to-day.

LANDSLIDE ON VESUVIUS.

Falling Section of Crater Rim Wrecks Railway and Causes Eearthquake.

NAPLES, March 12.—A severe earthquake, accompanied by strong detonations from Mount Vesuvius, occurred this morning. Investigation showed that a great landslide had dropped from the upper part of the crater. It is estimated that it measured 1,000 by 250 feet, and when it fell it caused enormous clouds of smoke. The funicular railway was badly damaged. A party of tourists were about to ascend by the railway when the shock occurred.

JOHN B. McDONALD DYING.

His Physician Does Not Expect Him to Live Two Days at Most.

The condition of John B. McDonald, the contractor, hopelessly ill at his home, 1 West Seventy-second Street, was reported to be extremely critical last night, and Dr. F. Le Roy Satterlee, his physician, said he did not believe his patient's strength would resist the inroads of illness for more than two days at most. Alarming symptoms manifested themselves early yesterday morning, but despite that fact the contractor's temperature remained nearly normal and the pulse continued strong.

JAPANESE SEE AIRSHIPS.

Mars and Baldwin Give an Exhibition Before 400,000 Spectators.

OSAKA, Japan, March 12.—"Bud" Mars and Capt. T. S. Baldwin, the American aviators, made three successful flights here to-day in the presence of 400,000 spectators. Prince Kuniyoshi Kuni, grandson of the Emperor, was present and complimented the airmen.

This was the first demonstration of aviation in Japan. The newspaper Asahi offered the aviators a purse of $5,000 for a series of flights covering three days. When this is finished Mars and Baldwin will go to Tokio.

ROOSEVELT ENTERS TEXAS.

Travels in a Special Train Provided by the State.

BEAUMONT, Texas, March 12.—Col. Roosevelt began the western part of his speaking tour to-day when he crossed the Texas line. He traveled as the guest of the citizens of Texas in a special train with Col. John N. Simpson of Dallas and Col. Cecil A. Lyon of Sherman, who accompanied him from New Orleans.

Col. Simpson and Col. Roosevelt were neighbors in frontier days. Two thousand persons were at the station here when the special train arrived this morning. Col. Roosevelt made a brief train-end speech and received a true Western greeting from the crowd.

HE EATS SAND AND LIKES IT.

Trenton Man Takes a Daily Ration of It to Cure Cancer.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., March 12.—C. H. Coates of Ewing Street, this city, who was told by cancer specialists three years ago that he could not live long, is not only still alive but has increased nearly seventy pounds in weight as the result, he says, of eating sand every day.

A Philadelphia druggist named Geiger recommended this cure to him. Since then Coates has eaten from a half to a teaspoonful of ordinary bird gravel daily, washing it down with water. He says he likes it, too.

Coates says that another man, William A. Graustein, of Cambridge, Mass., cured himself of indigestion by the same method.

TRIED TO WRECK FAST TRAIN.

Boy Discovered Fastening a Crowbar to the Truck.

Special to The New York Times.

HOLT, Mo., March 12.—Two boys, Roscoe Townsend and Walter Carpenter, planned to wreck the Burlington fast train to Chicago as it went over a trestle a mile north of here last night, and then rob the passengers. An hour before the train was due Carpenter, who weakened, told Dr. H. E. Paddock of their plan.

City Marshal Holt and other residents ran most of the way to the trestle. There they found Townsend fastening a crowbar to the rails with chains. He started to run, but when the Marshal drew a revolver surrendered. The men tore the crowbar from the track just before the fast train thundered over the trestle.

"I meant to wreck the train," Townsend said. "There would have been many people killed, and then I intended to rob those killed in the Pullmans; they'd have had the most money."

RIVERDALE HAS A NIGHT HUNT

Residents Join the Police in a Search of Woods After Hearing a Shot.

Many residents of the Riverdale section of Kingsbridge, where George W. Perkins, George B. Cortelyou, and Supreme Court Justice Giegerich have homes and where the large Morisini place is, turned out last night with lanterns to help Sergt. Stephenson and three policemen search the Riverdale woods, in the belief that some one had been shot there. Miss Mary Halladay, a nurse in the Riverdale Hospital, while out near the woods heard a shot and told Policeman Doyle.

Stephenson and his men found many folk of the neighborhood who thought they had heard a shot also, but although the search was kept up from 8 o'clock until 10 no one was found who had been shot.

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DIAZ, STILL STRONG, SCORNS THE REBELS

Gives Interview to Correspondent and Says Chihuahua Situation Is Merely Hunting.

SENATORS TO OPPOSE TAFT

Insurgents Do Not Approve His Mexican Policy—Rebels Say They Have Stores of Supplies.

MEXICO CITY, March 12.—Gen. Diaz, without doubt the busiest man in Mexico, took time from his duties to-day to see a correspondent of The Associated Press, and to reply to a number of specific questions touching upon the revolutionary situation. He had just concluded a conference with his Minister of War. A dozen persons were waiting to consult him.

Gen. Diaz is not the sick man that in some quarters he has been represented to be. His step is firm. He walked with an erect military bearing. When he spoke his voice was strong and deep. Lieut. Col. Porfirio Diaz, Jr., chief of the Presidential staff, was present at the interview.

"Some persons in the United States are trying to make it appear that you are not in good health, and that the fact menaces the stability of the Mexican nation," it was suggested.

"Fifty years ago," he said, "I can remember having had typhoid fever. Since then I have passed no time on beds of sickness. Why," and he seemed pleased at the recollection of scenes that rose before his vision, "when I was in the field, leading my army, there were months at a time during which I slept under the open sky. I was never ill. If, then, I could endure such hardships and keep my health, should I not be able to keep it now, when I can take proper care of it."

"I pass my days in my office and frequently I am busy until midnight," he exclaimed. "Is that the part of a sick man? I have not been in better health in many years than at the present moment."

"Do you consider that the presence of the American troops in Texas in any degree to impair the frendly relations between the two countries?" he was asked.

In reply the President said he had no right to, and could not question the assurance given him personally by President Taft in that regard.

"Are conditions in Chihuahua any worse than they were two months ago?"

"Conditions there are improving," he replied. "They are more favorable to-day than they have been for many weeks. The operations in progress in Chihuahua do not constitute warfare, but 'hunting.'"

"Are more vigorous repressive measures in contemplation?" he was asked.

"I have my plans," he said, "and I have faith in their results, but since they are military plans I cannot discuss them."

"It is reported that the Government is about to suspend the personal guarantees. Is it true?"

"There are extraordinary infirmities which cannot be cured with ordinary remedies, and anarchy is an extraordinary social infirmity."

In further explanation of the necessity of the measure proposed, Gen. Diaz said that many years ago the theft of railway spikes was frequent, putting in grave danger the passengers on trains. The law of the suspension of guarantees was applied and the crimes soon ceased. In no part of the trouble, however, was there danger to foreigners, he said, nor had Mexico made representations at any time that she was not able to control the situation.

SENATORS TO ATTACK TAFT.

Insurgents Will Criticise Concentration of Army in Special Session.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Some of the radical insurgents in the Senate and members of both parties in the House are already preparing to make trouble for the President at the extra session over the sudden mobilization of 20,000 men on the Mexican frontier. As things stand now, the President will come in for sharp criticism in certain radical quarters, while it seems certain, if developments are such that he must ask Congress for further powers to act, a great issue will be made.

A direct opportunity for comment on the Administration's attitude will be offered when the necessary Urgent Deficiency bill is introduced to defray the expenses of the unprecedented "manoeuvres." Senator La Follette and others of his persuasion are openly in sympathy with the Mexican revolution. Mr. La Follette takes the position that the insurrectos are fighting for greater liberty than their autocratic President is willing to give them, and he believes that this country should let them alone. He and others think the use of this country as a political asylum is perfectly proper, and they oppose any policy that would prevent them from returning to their own country in the furtherance of their campaign.

Of course, if conditions in Mexico should become so unsettled that President Taft should feel that active intervention across the border was necessary, Mr. La Follette would find strong support in efforts to refuse permission for what would be tantamount to an act of war. Few persons in Washington, however, believe that Mr. Taft contemplates any such step, and the insurgents are planning to make the most of such incidents as have already occurred.

Opposition in the House Also.

Mr. Wilson of Pennsylvania has taken a leading part in the House in criticising the Administration's alleged sympathy with the Diaz régime, declaring that political refugees in this country were arrested on trumped-up charges and sent back to Federal prisons in Mexico. He is expected to open the campaign in the lower body.

Some of this criticism of the Administration is based on a general opposition to personal rule, but from a political point of view there is another reason for assaults planned. A conservative insurgent who does not favor the move, said to-day that the whole effort was to use the Mexican affair to distract attention from the President's Canadian reciprocity agreement.

Raising the question of the President's

rights under international law at a time when the largest body of American regular soldiers ever massed in times of peace are just on the threshold of Mexico it is thought would counteract the favorable impression the President has made by his Canadian policy.

Exactly what use would be made of this distraction of public attention this Senator could not say. He suggested that it might be used either as giving an opportunity for killing reciprocity outright, in the hope that it would then attract little public comment, or as a cloak for letting it pass in the hope that little comment against it would be aroused at home, where the feeling is strong for the protection of farm products. At any rate, the feeling is that such a campaign of criticism would be in its real object as much against the President personally as against his handling of the Mexican situation.

Senator May Attack Financiers.

Much jubilation was shown by members of the Mexican insurrecto junta in this city last night over reports that a certain United States Senator was in consultation with members of the junta in Washington and soon would give public utterance to views against the movement of the United States troops and warships. It was declared that he had a list of prominent bankers and capitalists who induced the Government of the United States to send troops to the Mexican border.

It was also asserted that while under Section 5,286 of the Revised Statutes the United States must prevent all armed expeditions set up within the jurisdiction of the United States proceedings with hostile intent against a natiton with which the United States was at peace, there was no prohibition of the exportation of arms as merchandise, as decided in the cases of the United States against the steamship Itala and against Panna and O'Brien. The arms shipped might be seized as contraband of war, the insurrectionists admitted, but declared that this could not affect the United States.

The statement was made that no importations of arms or ammunition to the insurgents had been made from the United States within the last two months and that they had large stores of gunpowder and munitions in many places. It was intimated that information had been received that President Diaz was by no means well; that he talked incoherently; that he fainted frequently and was kept alive by injections of strychnine.

Evaristo C. Madero and Gabriel J. Madero were at the Hotel Astor last evening, but refused to make any comment on the situation, and no statement could be secured from Señor V. Gomez, head of the insurrecto junta at Washington, who was at the Hotel Imperial. Señor Gomez was away from his apartments most of the day, and it was rumored that he was in conference with others of the junta in the city.

Members of the Madero family made public a telegram last night, dated El Paso, March 12, and sent by Francisco C. Madero, in which the report that Raoul Madero had been killed was denied. The telegram, which was in Spanish, read: "Nothing has happened to Raoul. He conducted himself with great heroism." It also brought the information that Casas Grande had not been captured, and concluded by stating that the forces were stronger than ever, and that more information would be sent in a later dispatch.

Mexican Officials Rest.

Yesterday was largely a day of rest for Señor Limantour, the Mexican Minister of Finance. He saw none of those who called in the morning, leaving the Hotel Plaza for a walk at about 10 o'clock and returning at 1 o'clock in the afternoon to go to lunch with Mrs. Limantour at the home of friends. Señor Limantour was asked last night for a statement regarding developments in Mexico, and said that he didn't see that there was anything calling for special comment from him. He had received no telegrams, he declared, and hadn't even read the newspaper reports.

When Ambassador de la Barra was asked yesterday about the published reports that there had been a great influx of Japanese into Mexico recently, he said there was no significance in the fact.

"Mexico is unusually prosperous at the present time," said the Ambassador, "and the Japanese go there and find work in the mines and on the railroads as laborers. There are many thousands of Japanese in Mexico, but nowhere like 40,000, as has been stated."

The Ambassador said he had spent the day in paying social calls, and would dine with James Speyer in the evening. He expects to go to Washington Tuesday morning.

Luis Rivera Rosas, assistant to the Mexican Consul General here, denied yesterday that he had been active of late in seeking to discover how many sympathizers with the Mexican revolution are now in New York and what they are doing to help along Madero and his followers. The report that Mr. Rosas was thus engaged came out when he identified as Roberto Urzua a man who said he was Alfonso Dienehart, and who was arrested here on Friday charged with murdering Rafael Ruesga, a rival in love, at Guadalajara, Mexico, three years ago.

Rosas said he left the City of Mexico only three weeks ago, and has been busy since his arrival here exclusively with his regular work at the Mexican Consulate. He declared that when he left the Mexican capital there was no alarm whatever in Government circles. A few days before he saw President Diaz taking his early morning horseback ride, as usual, through the streets of the city. He appeared to be in the best of health.

ARSON AND RIOT BY SOLDIERS.

Artillerymen Attack Negroes and Set Fire to Two Houses.

Special to The New York Times.

GALVESTON, Texas, March 12.—Many Mexicans and negroes were beaten here early this morning by soldiers of the First Provisional Regiment of Coast Artillery. The stabbing of Winfield Joel, a private in Company 144 of Fort Moultrie, caused a riot in which the newly arrived soldiers from Camp Crockett, negroes, Mexicans, police, and firemen participated. It was quelled only when Col. C. J. Bailey, commanding the First Regiment, rushed to the city with a provost guard of fifty armed men, which cleared the streets of soldiers and marched them to camp.

Four soldiers were arrested and put in a local jail.

A remark made by one of Joel's companions about the color of the occupants of a house in a district peopled by Mexicans and negroes caused the attack. Joel was about to open the door of the place when some one leaned out of an adjoining window and stabbed him. His comrades soon gathered, and a crowd of soldiers and civilians attacked every negro in sight. Some of the soldiers entered the house, wrecked every piece of furniture in it, and set it on fire. Two other houses were entered and the furniture was smashed, and one was set on fire.

A solitary policeman who appeared and attempted to restore order was set upon and wounded. He sent in a riot call, and in a short time every available policeman in Galveston was at the scene. The whole Fire Department also came to fight the flames. Several lines of hose which were being played upon the first fire were cut by the mob, and the water plugs were turned off. The fire fighters finally had to abandon the house to the flames and content themselves with saving the buildings adjoining.

Unable to cope with the soldiers, whose forces were growing as the report spread over the city, the police sent a call for troops to Camp Crockett, and Col. Bailey and fifty men responded. Twenty soldiers were taken to the guardhouse, and of the 1,250 men in camp, only 15 were permitted to go outside the reservation to-day. From now on a provost guard of twenty-five men will be kept on duty constantly in the city to assist the Police Department, and this guard will be increased as other regiments arrive.

The several thousand Mexicans in the city are angry, while threats are being made by the soldiers to clean out the negro settlements.

GREAT CROWD VISITS CAMP.

Many Mexicans from San Antonio See Gen. Carter's Troops.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, March 12.—The biggest crowd that San Antonio has seen since the great Rough Rider reunion of several years ago assembled on the plains back of Fort Sam Houston this afternoon to see the assembled regular soldiers. It was a picturesque crowd, such as only this part of the United States can get together. In it were Easterners, Westerners, Southerners, cowboys, and Mexicans in big sombreros, with their brightly dressed women, and some Indians. It was estimated that there were 30,000 visitors, of whom perhaps a fifth were Mexicans.

The Mexicans generally were silent and solemn. They just walked about slowly and gazed intently at everything they saw. A little group of them sauntered through the camp of the Eleventh Cavalry, the regiment that may soon be patrolling the border. Several troopers of Troop F were showing off for the benefit of the visitors. One of them did a somersault from one horse to another, and then a squad of six gave a finished exhibition of pyramid riding. The Mexicans who know a lot about riding gazed at the trick riders with wide-open mouths and looked at each other and nodded their heads in a way that showed they were impressed.

One of the riders who attracted special attention was Sergt. Blake. It was very hot, and Sergt. Blake was bare above the waist. He is famous in the army as the trooper with the tattooed back, the most prominent picture in the scheme being that of a large tombstone on which is written "At Rest."

There were a dozen concerts going on at the same time in different parts of the camp, the band of every regiment here being ordered to do its part in entertaining. The visitors saw no gold lace. There is none in camp and there won't be. It is all khaki and just enough of that to keep up appearances.

There is every indication here to-night that the Eleventh and Ninth Regiments of cavalry will not remain in the camp here, but will be ordered to join the patrol on the Mexican frontier within the next few days. The railways have been told to keep all stock cars in San Antonio, and that a large consignment of supplies may be expected to be ready for loading cars probably on Tuesday.

It is understood that these two cavalry regiments will be organized into an independent command under Col. James Parker of the Eleventh. In that regiment all is bustle, and officers and men are certain that they will soon be busy. They have learned that 450 recruits are being hurried to San Antonio to bring the regiment up to its full strength. These recruits are expected to reach the mobilization camp some time Tuesday. The Ninth Cavalry is due to-morrow night or early Tuesday morning. That regiment is coming with its full quota of officers and troopers.

Laredo, on the American side of the Rio Grande, 153 miles south of San Antonio, will probably be the destination of this command in case it is ordered on patrol duty. Laredo is on the most direct rail line to the City of Mexico, and offers many opportunities as a base for smuggling supplies and men across the border.

An order came to-day that stopped the unloading of the great pontoon train that arrived in San Antonio on Saturday. This equipment, the most complete owned by the Government, was to have been unloaded this afternoon, and the work of doing so was under way when the order came to let it remain on the cars. It may go on to the border.

In the aeroplane hangars back of Fort Sam Houston, Lieut. Foulois of the Signal Corps and his assistants were busy all day to-day getting their machines ready for scouting operations. One of the machines is now assembled and the second is almost ready. The third is on the way. It is now admitted that the aeroplane will be extensively used in the present military exercises, and a number of long-distance flights from San Antonio to points on the Rio Grande will probably be made this week. Lieut. Foulois and Philip Parmalee of the Wright team will make all the flights.

Some of the officers here do not share the satisfaction expressed in Washington over the time taken for concentration of Gen. Carter's division.

"They blow a bugle in Paris and assemble 60,000 soldiers in a few hours, while here it takes us two weeks to get together 15,000," an officer said to-day.

The officers say that this slowness is the best proof the country has ever had of the need of the maintenance of large brigade posts throughout the country.

A train of recruits for the infantry regiments arrived to-day. Troop trains due in San Antonio to-morrow will bring the Twenty-eighth Infantry from Fort Snelling, Minn., and a part of the Eleventh Infantry from Fort D. A. Russell, Wyoming.

Just before sundown the Third Field Artillery arrived from Fort Myer, Virginia. This crack organization immediately detrained, and, led by its splendid mounted band of fifty pieces, started for the camp on the gallop. The artillerymen astride the big artillery horses made a fine sight, and one of their officers, when hailed, shouted that if necessary they could keep right on to Laredo.

Col. Roosevelt is expected to reach San Antonio to-night, and it is understood that he will review the troops some time to-morrow.

Major Gen. William H. Carter, the division commander, is the hardest man to reach in San Antonio. He denies himself to all newspaper correspondents. He will establish his headquarters in the field to-morrow, and by to-morrow night the brigade commanders are also expected to be in camp.

Brig. Gen. Walter S. Schuyler, who will command a brigade of cavalry, arrived from Arizona this morning. He said that he was absolutely in the dark as to the meaning of the present movements of troops.

"If I did know I would probably be unable to tell you about it, but as I do not know a thing I have no hesitation in saying so," he said.

DICKINSON GOING TO PANAMA.

War Secretary Doesn't Expect Any Developments in Mexican Situation.

Jacob M. Dickinson, Secretary of War, arrived last night at the Hotel Belmont and will sail this afternoon for his official trip to the Isthmus of Panama on the steamship Advance. When asked yesterday for particulars of his tour the Secretary said that it was the usual visit of inspection, and he expected to be gone about three weeks.

When asked if there had been any development in the Mexican situation or regarding the movements of the United States troops in Texas, Secretary Dickinson replied that there had not, and he was not looking for anything to occur there.

WOMAN PASSES THE LINES.

Rides Into Rebel Territory and Plants a Flag.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., March 12.—Accompanied by a single horseman, Flora S. Russell, a Los Angeles horsewoman broke through the lines of both United States and Mexican troops to-day, and planted the flag of a new republic, the "Republic of Diaz" in a conspicuous place before the eyes of a dozen Mexican loyalists.

"I wanted to prove that women have the courage of men," declared Miss Russell, "and I proved it by doing something for the cause of women that I could not induce more than one courageous man to follow me in."

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REBELS MORE ACTIVE; TO GIVE NO QUARTER

Attack Made on Agua Prieta and Interior Towns Said to be in Distress.

RAOUL MADERO IS SAFE

Provisional President Says Scouts' Failure Caused Defeat at Casas Grandes—City of Chihuahua Cut Off.

EL PASO, Texas, March 12.—Conditions bordering on panic reign throughout a large part of Northern Mexico to-night. Stirred by the belief that the revolutionary movement has reached a critical stage, the insurrectos in the State of Chihuahua and Sonora are reported to have renewed their activity in tearing up railroads and telegraph wires. Numerous towns, according to reports, are under siege by the insurrectos, and thousands of women and children, cut off from food supplies, are suffering.

Following the receipt of corrected details concerning the battle at Casas Grandes, a town of about 500 inhabitants about 150 miles southwest of El Paso, where eighty men were killed last Monday, news reached here of a fight at noon to-day at Agua Prieta, on the border across the river from Douglas, Ariz. Five hundred insurrectos attacked 300 federal troops, but were repulsed with a loss of 35 dead and wounded on both sides. The fighting was short, and the insurrectos, armed only with rifles, soon scattered under the fire of a machine gun.

What is believed to be a reliable report of the casualties at Casas Grandes says that fifteen Americans were killed and seventeen Americans taken prisoners.

The following, at first reported to have been killed, are known to have escaped: Lieut. Col. Giuseppi Garibaldi, Raoul Madero, brother of Francisco I. Madero; Capt. Guiterrez de Lara, and Lieut. I. Valencia of El Paso. Capt. Eduardo May, a Mexican, of Madero's personal staff, was not killed, but was taken prisoner. Raoul Madero was wounded.

R. F. Harrington, a former Sergeant in the United States Army, who lived at El Paso; Robert E. Lee and Robert Evans of San Francisco, and Roy Glenn, a boy of Mineral Springs, Texas, were killed.

A letter written by Madero was received here to-day, in which he denied he made another attack on the town after he was driven away. He asserts, however, that he has gathered a force of 1,000 men and is now within a few miles of the town. His explanation of the defeat is that several scouts sent out to reconnoitre before the atttack failed to report the coming of Col. Cuellar with a federal force. The unexpected arrival of the federal reinforcements resulted in a panic among the insurrectos. The scouts, he said, had been shot.

The news from Mexico City that President Diaz has decided to take advantage of the provisions of the Constitution so that summary death may be imposed by the military authorities for any acts of violence, and that the Mexican Government has decided to wage a sharp and decisive war of extermination speedily to end hostilities, has spread throughout the insurgent ranks. The reply, through insurrecto sympathizers here, is that in retaliation the revolutionary forces hereafter will expect and give "no quarter."

Information from insurrecto sources is that the attitude of the Mexican Government will intensify a situation already tense, and it necessarily will impose further hardships on non-combatants, including women and children, living in the small towns throughout the "war zone."

No word has come from the City of Chihuahua for seven days. The last report was that the food question already had become critical. The presence in the city of 2,000 Federal troops under Gen. Juan Hernandez, while looked upon as sufficient protection against an attack, is thought to have more than ordinarily depleted rations. Like conditions prevail in many smaller towns.

The best information obtainable here as to the strength of the opposing sides in Sonora and Chihuahua States is that the Federals under Gen. Navarro have 5,000, of which 2,000 are in Chihuahua City, 450 in Juarez, and the rest scattered, while the insurrectos under Madero and Gen. Pasqual Orozco have about an equal number, but with no one force larger than 1,000.

MEXICO CITY, March 12.—A body of 120 insurrectos was cut to pieces by State rurales at San Bartolito, Puebla, yesterday, according to reports reaching here. More than 50 were killed, 11 seriously wounded, and 27 captured. Owing to the fact that the rurales have adopted the revolutionist tactics of ambushing their enemy none of their number was killed and only a few wounded.

Col. Guerrero, in command of the rurales, upon learning that the rebels were marching to attack the municipality of Nativitas, sent 100 of his men to meet them. Fifty others were ordered to cut off their retreat. The first force chose a favorable position overlooking a ravine through which the rebels must pass, and when they were in the trap opened a merciless fire upon them. The rebels are said to have made a stubborn fight, but at the end of a half hour were demoralized.

Reports from Chihuahua, delayed several days, relate a distressing state of affairs in that city owing to the closing down of some industrial establishments and the running on short time of others on account of the shortage of coal, many workmen having been thrown out of employment and others facing starvation. A measure to their advantage, however, is one initiated by Gov. Ahumada, requiring all merchants to present invoices of the provisions in their possession and regulating the sale of the same as to quantities to individual purchasers and as to price.

Many of the merchants were said to have advanced their prices 30 per cent. These have been compelled to reduce their quotations to a fixed schedule which is not greatly above normal.

Lack of workmen to prepare for the planting of crops on haciendas presages a shortage of foodstuffs during the coming season.

ARMY WARNING TO REBELS.

Strict Rules to be Enforced in Guarding the Border.

Just what a Mexican revolutionist can do, and just what he can't do along the Mexican border, is set forth in a letter from Capt. Conrad S. Babcock, First United States Cavalry, commanding the United States troops at Calexico, Cal., to Simon Berthold, commander of the insurgent forces at Mexicali. Here is the letter, a copy of which was received here yesterday.

Calexico, Cal., Feb. 11, 1911.

Sir: I have the honor to inform you that my commanding officer has ordered me by telegraph to enforce the following:

1. No American or Mexican insurgent will be permitted to cross the border between the United States and Mexico, whether armed or unarmed.

2. The insurgents will not be permitted to purchase any arms or supplies of any kind in the United States.

3. Any insurgent crossing the border will be taken into custody and disarmed.

Copy of telegram from Gen. Bliss inclosed. I shall enforce the provisions of the telegram very closely. Very respectfull,

CONRAD S. BABCOCK,
Captain First California, commanding.

A correspondent describing the various degrees of revolutionists in Lower California seems to find many more Americans and Europeans than Mexicans among them.

"There is a negro in the insurgent army," he said, "but the others do not draw the color line upon him. There are Americans, but they are not the sort that call Mexicans greasers. There are Germans. There are Russians. There are Englishmen. The revolution in Lower California differs from that in other parts of Mexico. Here the movement originated entirely on American soil, and here the percentage of foreigners is far the largest. Moreover, because its military forces were small—some 450 regular soldiers and 100 rurales—it was a section capable of capture by a comparatively small aggregation of men and guns. The Liberals plan to use it as a great recruiting camp for Mexican refugees, and to employ the territorial moneys to buy guns and ammunition to send to interior points."

THAW MAY BE A WITNESS.

Will Probably Be Called to Testify in the Matteawan Investigation.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., March 12.—Harry K. Thaw may be a witness at the examination in the case of Daniel Riley, the Matteawan attendant charged with manslaughter in connection with the death of John J. Nugent, an inmate. District Attorney Mack returned to-day from Matteawan, where he went to question several patients and attendants whose names were given to him by Norman A. Lees as persons having knowledge of the alleged assault on Nugent.

Mrs. Thaw telephoned him a few days ago that her son would like to see him also. She said that although he had no direct knowledge of the facts of Nugent's death, he wanted an opportunity to refute some of the statements made concerning his connection with its investigation.

Mr. Mack said he had talked with Thaw, and that his testimony might be needed before the conclusion of the examination. He also talked to the other patients and attendants, and one or two of them will be called to the witness stand.

The hearing will probably be resumed on Tuesday, when the testimony of George Galbraith, who made the first sworn accusation that Nugent was "kneed" by Riley, will be taken. Galbraith was to have testified last Thursday, but reported sick. His bond was forfeited and a writ of attachment issued on which he was taken into custody by Under Sheriff Hornbeck in New York on Friday and brought here.

WANTS TO CUT FERRY FARE.

Alderman Brush Thinks the Fort Lee Line Charges Too Much.

Alderman William D. Brush, whose district includes Manhattanville, has introduced a resolution looking to a reduction of fare on the Fort Lee Ferry, which runs across to New Jersey from the foot of 129th Street. He is also having petitions signed by residents of his district who use the ferry in the Summer to reach an amusement park on the Jersey shore.

Alderman Brush's resolution requests the Inter-State Commerce Commission to investigate the fare charged by the operating company, which is a New Jersey corporation, and to cause a reduction from the present rate of five cents to three cents, if the facts warrant it. Mr. Brush says the ferry is the shortest running into New York and the fare the highest.

$200,000 Apartment for Montclair.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., March 12.—Work will be begin here this week on a $200,000 eight-story apartment house, to contain elevators, a vacuum-cleaning system, and all the other conveniences of the modern city apartment. The structure, which is the first in Montclair to have an elevator, will be the tallest building in the town. One of the features of the building will be a roof garden.

17 WAIFS OF THE SEA ON LINER VOLTURNO

Can't Land Here, Germany Bars Them, and the Steamship Company Has Them on Its Hands.

RUSSIA IS THEIR HOME

Uranium Line Boats They Shipped On Don't Go There—Conspiracy, Declares the Company.

The immigration officers at this port have been instructed to look out for the arrival on the Uranium liner Volturno today of seventeen aliens once excluded from this country. They are under orders to see that all remain on the vessel. The Volturno sailed from Rotterdam on Feb. 23, touched at Halifax, and arrived off Sandy Hook last night.

The Uranium Steamship Company now faces the possibility of becoming the permanent guardian of a fast growing group of undesirable passengers brought originally from Russia, but not allowed to land here. They were taken back to Rotterdam, but the German Government refused to let them cross the frontier into Germany, bound for Russia, unless they had identification cards issued by the Russian Government. None of them had. The passengers then turned back to Rotterdam, were not permitted to remain there by Holland, and again were taken aboard the steamship.

Edward O. Thomas, local manager of the line, said last night that he had instructed the agent at Halifax to land the undesirables there and make arrangements with some other line to take them back direct to Russia. He said he did not know whether this had been done, nor the number on the Volturno. The immigration officials said that those making a second ocean voyage were barred from this port as either liable to become public charges or on medical certificates. The line, it was thought, would find it much cheaper to keep the unwelcome passengers on the sea than to keep them under surveilance at Rotterdam.

The Uranium Steamship Company is not in the conference of transatlantic steamship lines, and it has been active in fighting the conference here. Mr. Thomas does not hesitate to declare that the other lines are trying to run his company out of business.

"The Atlantic Conference is doing all it can to drive us to the wall," he said last night. "The law which Germany dug up against us is an old one and one which is not applied, so far as other steamship lines are concerned. There is no doubt in my mind that the other lines are attacking us through Germany. I experimented and proved this. Recently we had forty passengers out of Russia for our line. There was trouble brewing over this. I quietly had the passengers transferred to another line outside Russia. This line was in the conference. There was no trouble as soon as it was known that the passengers were going by another route, and they went through Germany and shipped on a vessel of another line. Not a question was raised."

The local immigration authorities are watching the situation with great interest, for it is the most extraordinary that has developed in years. The only solution they can see is for the Uranium Line to send its deported passengers back on some vessel which will land them in Russia. Once there, it is said, that Government cannot refuse a landing to its own people.

TO SEEK INDICTMENT OF BANKERS TO-DAY

Continued from Page 1.

months, and it was learned there yesterday that his wife is ill. Word was sent down from the Cummins apartment that Mr. Cummins had left town on business and would be back to-day.

Liston L. Lewis, another Director whose name has figured frequently in the story of the transactions of the Executive Committee of the Carnegie Trust, was also reported out of town. His associates said he was at Cape May, N. J., and might be back in town this morning.

Joseph B. Reichmann, also a Director and member of the Carnegie's Executive Committee, is still at Toledo, Ohio. But he, too, is expected in New York this morning, and, although no subpoena has been served on him, Mr. Reichmann may appear before the Grand Jury this afternoon and be asked to throw some light on transactions in which his name figures.

All day yesterday subpoena servers from District Attorney Whitman's office were at work, and it was learned that at least a dozen men have been officially ordered to be on hand to-day at the Criminal Court Building for appearance before the Grand Jury. Bradley Martin, Jr., President of the Nineteenth Ward Bank, and John V. Coggey, a Tammany district leader and former Commissioner of Charities and Correction, are expected to appear as witnesses. Mr. Martin, in addition to his connection with the Nineteenth Ward Bank, was a Director in several of the institutions connected with the old Van Norden Trust Company, stock in which was acquired from C. C. Dickinson by the Cummins syndicate. Mr. Coggey was a Director in the Nineteenth Ward Bank. Each will be asked about the transactions on which the District Attorney has built up his case against the three officials of the Carnegie Trust Company.

Robin Won't Be a Witness.

Those who have aided Mr. Whitman in his investigation of the Carnegie Trust affairs said yesterday that it was very doubtful whether Joseph G. Robin would be called before the Grand Jury at all. Although the story told in instalments by Robin to the District Attorney during the last two weeks has enabled Mr. Whitman to gather what he believes to be incriminating evidence against certain officials of the Carnegie Trust Company, Robin's statements have been used merely as clues upon which the District Attorney and his aids could work. Each salient point in Robin's story has been investigated by Assistant District Attorney Clark and Examiner Joseph A. Broderick of the State Banking Department, and corroborative evidence from other sources has been obtained, wherever possible.

It is not likely that Robin's confession in its entirely will be placed before the Grand Jury either to-day or at any other time. The confession, such as it is, is now complete, however, and is said to be one of the most interesting documents ever in the possession of the District Attorney's office. It is believed that all statements by Robin concerning the alleged paying of money to public officials will be eliminated from the story of the Carnegie Trust investigation which the Grand Jury will hear from the lips of the District Attorney this afternoon. These will be held pending a fuller investigation and will be presented later, should the District Attorney succeed in getting certain information he is now seeking concerning the holding of large blocks of Platt Iron Works stock by persons in this city who are believed to be friends of a public official.

It is understood that Dr. Louise Rabinovitch, a sister of Robin, and herself under indictment for perjury as an outgrowth of the Robin prosecution, has been ordered not to talk for publication concerning what has transpired between Mr. Whitman and her brother. Dr. Rabinovitch has been present whenever Robin has been questioned by the District Attorney and Mr. Clark, and there are few secrets concerning the inside story of Robin's dealings with the Carnegie Trust Company and other banking institutions that are not known by her.

Those who are in a position to know say that the perjury charge against Dr. Rabinovitch is not likely to be prosecuted by Mr. Whitman, owing to the doctor's aid in laying bare the secrets of Robin's career as a frenzied financier.

Baldwin Hasn't Explained.

District Attorney Whitman has heard nothing further from Stephen C. Baldwin, the Brooklyn lawyer, since the latter's visit to Mr. Whitman's apartments late on Tuesday night last, when Mr. Baldwin delivered the letter written by Gov. Dix and intrusted to Prof. Charles A. Collin, requesting the District Attorney to confer with the Attorney General. Mr. Baldwin said yesterday that the matter of the Governor's letter was a dead issue so far as he was concerned and that, if Mr. Whitman was content to let the matter rest, he was satisfied. Friends of Mr. Baldwin, however, said yesterday that when the Brooklyn lawyer handed the Governor's letter to Mr. Whitman and exclaimed, "Well, Charlie, you have made a good fight, but I guess this will cork you up for awhile." Mr. Baldwin was speaking in a jocular vein and believed that Mr. Whitman understood it as such.

More than a week before Gov. Dix wrote the letter to Mr. Whitman, Robin turned to the District Attorney one day and exclaimed: "I don't know what good all this is going to do you, for the bunch has got to the Governor, and you will soon find yourself superseded by the Attorney General."

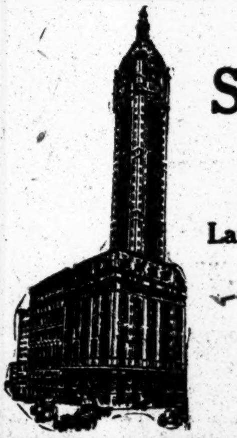
The District Attorney laughed at this at the time. But later, when the letter arrived, the significance of the remark came home to Mr. Whitman, and upon his return to the city this morning from Lakewood, where he spent the week-end, the District Attorney intends to question Robin further and learn if possible where he received the information long in advance that an effort would be made to sidetrack Mr. Whitman and turn the Carnegie Trust inquiry over to Attorney General Carmody.

Close track has been kept of every one who has visited Robin since his incarceration in the Tombs, for no visitor has been allowed to see him without a written order from the District Attorney's office.

Frank L. Crocker of the law firm of Crocker, Lewis & Wickes, who was mentioned in yesterday's TIMES as having attended a meeting of the Carnegie Trust Company early in January last, when William Ferguson, managing clerk in the old law firm of Keener & Lewis, was induced to allow his name to appear as the maker of a note for $230,900, which had formerly been in the name of Joseph G. Robin, said last night that he did not attend such a meeting. Mr. Crocker said that Mr. Ferguson was wrongly quoted as saying he was there.

Special to The New York Times.

CAPE MAY, N. J., March 12.—Liston L. Lewis, a member of the law firm of Crocker, Lewis & Wickes, whose managing clerk, William Ferguson, figured in a dummy loan of $230,900 from the Carnegie Trust Company of New York, of which Lewis is a Director, arrived here last night, and is at the cottage of his mother-in-law, Mrs. Sarah A. Foster. No statement could be drawn from Lewis as to Ferguson's statement about the loan. Lewis would not state when he would return to New York. His wife has been ill, and he may remain here a few days.



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PROGRESS OF AVIATION.

Paris-Clermont Michelin Prize Won in Less Than Two Years.

The art or science or sport of aviation is making great strides. Two years ago Michelin, the French tire manufacturer, offered $20,000 for a flight from Paris to Clermont-Ferrand, to be made in less than six hours. To give every aviator a chance to win this rich award the offer was to stand for ten years. Renaux, an almost unknown aviator, won the Michelin Prize last Tuesday, only two years after it was first offered. Renaux, with a passenger, flew the 260 miles in 5 hours and 8 minutes, and landed safely on the summit of the Puy-de-Dome, where the City of Clermont-Ferrand is situated. This point is 4,800 feet above sea level. The available landing space is only 120 feet by 300 feet.

In an interview with Mr. Michelin two years ago, just after he posted the $20,000 prize, Wilbur Wright, speaking of the conditions, said: "I do not think your grand prize journey from Paris to Clermont-Ferrand will be realized for a long time. It is not the distance that will retard aviators—with a little training it is not difficult to cover long distances. What I am afraid of is crossing the valleys, where air currents from all directions will meet. The main idea of successful aviation is to try to find reasonably still air or at least constant currents. This can be done only by studying the route even if it has to be traced by going a long way round and you impose a six-hour limit. I studied the altitude of Clermont in the Puy-de-Dome, and found the slopes of the mountains very steep. It will be a difficult task to get to the top. The proposition seems to me a difficult undertaking, at least for the present. However, aviators have until 1918 to win.

The successful flight of M. Renaux recalls the trial for the $20,000 Michelin prize, made last September by Weymann, the American aviator who was obliged to land only 13 miles from Clermont-Ferrand. Weymann ran into a fog and blinding rain, and after circling around helplessly for an hour and three-quarters was forced by darkness to descend at Volvic. Even though Weymann failed to win the Michelin $20,000 prize, he broke the world's record for a non-stop passenger flight and also the record for the greatest distance traveled in twenty-four hours. Following Weymann the two Moranes last October made an unsuccessful attempt for this prize, which unfortunately resulted in serious injury to the elder brother.

In an interview with M. Michelin, donor of the $20,000 prize, on the day that it was captured by Renaux he stated that he had taken an active interest in aviation because aviation stimulated inventors to perfect a light-weight powerful engine. This perfected engine could, of course, be easily adapted to automobiles, enabling the manufacturer to turn out lighter cars, which would mean less wear on tires.

WANT MEN IN WOMEN'S CLUB.

Glen Ridge's Male Population Has a Novel Plan for Balance of Power.

Special to The New York Times.

GLEN RIDGE, N. J., March 12.—This borough is in the throes of a campaign the like of which it has never had before. It all hinges on the election of candidates for the Board of Education at a special election to be held on March 21. Two representatives of the Woman's Club, Mrs. Mary L. Hinrichs and Mrs. Annie E. Standish, have been placed in nomination, and a hot canvass is now going on.

At a meeting of the leading citizens of the borough it was agreed that the two women candidates should not be elected unless the Woman's Club would consent to elect two men of the borough in exchange, to serve on the club's Governing Committee. The search then began for two public-spirited male citizens who had courage enough and would be willing to become members of the Woman's Club to offset the influence of the women on the board, and thus preserve the balance of power in the borough. The candidates have not yet been found.

CAKE LIFTERS FOR VOTES.

St. Louis Candidate Has a New Way to Win Support.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, March 12.—Frederick H. Fricke, Democratic candidate for the City Council, has a plan for making votes that he says beats the campaign cigar. Since he was nominated he has given away 2,000 pancake turners, and he will give away as many more as the women will call for.

"If the women I give them to will only make good pancakes with my turners it may turn some Republican votes my way," he says. "I have been running drug stores in different parts of St. Louis for many years, and gave many things away. Those things ought to count now."

Little Girl Falls from the Palisades.

Frieda Roth, an eight-year-old girl, of 401 Jefferson Street, Union Hill, was playing yesterday with other little girls on King's Bluff, at the top of the Palisades, at Weehawken. She rolled over the edge of the cliff, and fell a distance of fifty feet. She was found with her skull fractured and her limbs and body a mass of bruises. She was taken to the North Hudson Hospital, where it is not believed she can recover.

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SHOT BY REJECTED ADMIRER.

New Yorker, After Wounding Rochester Girl, Turns Weapon on Himself.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., March 12.—Angered because his offer of marriage was refused, Morris Melman of 651 East Fifth Street, New York, to-night shot and seriously wounded Miss Sophia Laffer, and then turned the weapon upon himself, inflicting mortal wounds.

The shooting arose out of Miss Laffer's coldness toward Melman, who had several times offered to marry her and take her back with him to New York, where he said he had a lucrative position. He was at one time employed in a clothing house here, where his acquaintance with the young woman began.

Melman left Rochester about seven months ago, and has since continued his friendship with Miss Laffer by daily letters, to none of which he received a reply. Yesterday morning he appeared at the rooming house where Miss Laffer lives, and spent a few moments in conversation with her, in which he renewed his proposals, with the same result.

Shortly after 8 o'clock Melman and a friend met the young woman on the street and walked with her as far as her home, Melman accompanying her to the porch, where the pair stopped for a short conversation. Miss Laffer was about to enter the house when Melman was heard to say: "You can't leave like that."

Then he drew a small revolver and fired two shots at her face, causing wounds which will disfigure her for life. As she fell to the ground Melman turned the weapon upon himself, one shot entering his brain.

HIS TOE HIS THIEF ALARM.

His Milk Bottle Tied to His Foot, Harlem Man Knows When It's Stolen.

Almost every morning for the past week the bottle of milk left in front of the apartment of Jacob Jacobovitz of 1,969 First Avenue has been stolen. Yesterday morning he determined to catch the thief. As soon as the milkman deposited the bottle in front of the kitchen door Jacobovitz tied a string around its neck and secured the other end to his big toe. Then he lay on a lounge to await developments.

He fell asleep, but was soon aroused by a violent tug at his toe. The string cut into the flesh until he howled with pain, but in a jiffy he was out of the door. He grabbed a man who gave the name of Joseph Meyer, a watchman of 212 East Ninety-eighth Street, as he was going downstairs with a bottle of milk under his arm.

When Meyer was later arraigned before Magistrate Butts in the Harlem Police Court Jacobovitz wasn't anxious to press the charge. The Magistrate insisted upon a complaint of petty larceny being made, and held Meyer in $100 bail.

Oil Pier Still Burning.

The crews of two fireboats were kept at work yesterday alongside the ruins of the fire which on Saturday night destroyed a large section of the Standard Oil Company's plant at the foot of North Twelfth Street, Williamsburg. The fire continued all day under the long pier projecting 400 feet out in the river. An exceptionally high tide prevented the firemen from directing a stream upon it. On the pier were five-gallon tin cans filled with oil and thousands of boxes of paraffine candles. Some of these still fed the flames yesterday.

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Prof. Dr. R. von Krafft-Ebing (late,) Vienna: "It gives me pleasure to report that Sanatogen continues to give great satisfaction."

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King Edward's Physician Dr. Ernest Ott, Marienbad: "I have been using Sanatogen for a number of years in my practice with excellent results. These results have been notably good in the case of elderly people when it was desirable to build up the strength, to stimulate the bodily functions, and to improve the circulation of the blood."

His Excellency, Prof. Dr. von Leyden, Berlin, Privy-Medical-Councillor, writes: "I have gladly and frequently prescribed Sanatogen in cases of delicate patients, in my clinical as well as in my private practice, and am extremely satisfied with the results."

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ALL READY NOW FOR CATHEDRAL OPENING

Plans for the Consecration of the Choir and Chapels on April 19.

ADMISSION MOSTLY BY CARD

Choir of 48 to Sing the Anthem—Bishop Greer to Preach—Nearly $4,000,000 Spent Up to Date.

Announcement was made yesterday of completed plans for the consecration on April 19 of the choir and two finished chapels of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine. Invitations to attend the consecration service will go this week to Gov. Dix, to Mayor Gaynor, to most officials of the State and city, to the Presidents of colleges and heads of charitable institutions, to all Episcopal Bishops in the country, and to distinguished clergy of all other religious bodies.

Cards of admission to the Cathedral will be issued to all of these, and also to all clergy of this Episcopal diocese, to all members of the convention of the diocese, to officers of Episcopal organizations, and to distinguished men and women who have contributed to the Cathedral building funds. Among these latter are members of the family of Levi P. Morton, who gave the organ, and who contributed generously to the completion of choir and crossing fund. These cards must be used before 10 o'clock on the morning of the consecration. At that hour the doors will be opened and the public admitted. The seating capacity is not nearly so great as is generally reported, being considerably less than 2,000.

Bishops, other clergy, lay trustees, convention delegates, visiting clergy of other bodies, and representatives of educational and similar institutions, will march in procession from Synod Hall into the south door of the Cathedral, at the western end of the choir. The weather proving unfavorable, an awning will be placed over the way. The processional hymn will be "Christ Is Made the Sure Foundation," and other hymns will be, "Rise, Crowned With Light" and "Onward, Christian Soldier," the last named the recessional. The anthem will be "Unfold Ye Portals," and will be sung by the new choir of forty-eight men and boys, among the latter some of the best known of New York's soloists. The sermon will be preached by Bishop Greer.

Much of the structure now to be thrown open for use is temporary. Parts now to be consecrated are the permanent ones only. These are the choir, although that is not yet wholly complete, for all of the interior marble lining is not in. When it is, much of the present bareness will give place to a finished interior in a beautiful tone of yellow white. The two chapels to be consecrated, both permanent, are the ones erected by August Belmont, which is the middle one, and is to be known as St. Saviour's Chapel, and by Mrs. Edward King, immediately adjoining it on the north and known as the Chapel of St. Columba.

The offertory at this opening service will be devoted to the building of a memorial chapel on the extreme north, or gospel side, and to be known as the Huntington Memorial. The late Rev. Dr. W. R. Huntington of Grace Church was for many years Chairman of the Committee on Fabric of the Cathedral. The chapel will cost $150,000—about $50,000 more than the two now to be consecrated, it being considerably larger. Of the sum nearly $100,000 has been obtained, and at the consecration service it is expected the gifts will complete the amount. The Potter Memorial, for the late Bishop Potter, the founder of the Cathedral, will be on the extreme south, or Epistle side, and also be larger than the Belmont or King Chapels. The amount needed to build it has already been given by members of the Clarke family. Other chapels are still unprovided for.

The parts of the Cathedral hereafter to be used are the choir and an auditorium formed by walling in the crossing. This space, seating with the choir between 1,600 and 1,700, is of course very small when compared with the great seating space of the completed building. The transepts and nave are yet to be constructed. The floor of the crossing and the walls which fill in the arches are temporary. The windows in the present walls are to be retained and placed outside of the stained glass of the completed structure, for purposes of protection.

There are to be medals commemorating the Cathedral opening. These will bear on one side a picture of the Cathedral and on the other its seal and appropriate wording. The medals will be in bronze and silver, the prices to be $1.50 and $5, respectively. The public will be urged to contribute not only these sums, but larger ones in return for the medals, the amount so received to go toward the Cathedral maintenance. The Rev. Dr. George F. Nelson, Archdeacon of New York, is in charge of the medals, but it is expected that very soon they will be placed where the public can procure them.

The cost of the Cathedral to date has been between $3,000,000 and $4,000,000. Some money has been set aside for endowment, and there is no debt. It is expected that the completed structure will cost $10,000,000, but much depends upon labor and material prices in future. Endowments yield between $23,000 and $27,000 a year, but subscriptions covering definite sums for five years have been obtained to meet the cost of maintenance of services and work, which is estimated at $50,000 to $60,000 a year. No efforts are to be made in the immediate future, it is said, to complete the structure further, beyond building the two chapels, the Huntington and Potter. Instead, there will be put forth efforts to erect on the northeast corner of the grounds, corresponding to St. Luke's Hospital, a new Synod Hall, and make possible the removal of the present Synod Hall, once an orphan asylum, and which is in the way of development. The new Synod Hall will contain not only a hall, but other rooms to make it a great centre for diocesan work.

Bryan Preaches in Trenton Church.

TRENTON, N. J., March 12.—In the First Baptist Church here this evening William Jennings Bryan preached on "The Prince of Peace." An audience of nearly three thousand persons filled the church, and he was enthusiastically received with applause and the Chautauqua salute. In a preface to his talk he said that he was opposed to the monopolizing of preaching by ministers.

Hotel Fire Scare in Atlantic City.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., March 12.—Intense excitement was caused to-day when an alarm of fire took many pieces of apparatus to the Marlborough-Blenheim. The fire was only burning soot in the chimney and was quickly extinguished. Thousands of people gathered on the boardwalk when they saw the fire engines, but people in the hotel were not alarmed.

FAMOUS OLD CHURCH TO CLOSE ITS DOORS

West Presbyterian, Where Jay Gould and Russell Sage Worshipped, to be Merged.

STORMS IN ITS CAREER

Congregation Split in 1893 When Dr. Paxton Quit the Pastorate—Later Row Over Mortgage Mr. Sage Held.

The West Presbyterian Church, sometimes spoken of by the irreverent as the "Millionaires' Gate to Heaven," will close its doors for good in a few weeks, and the building, long a landmark in Forty-second Street, opposite Bryant Park and the new Public Library, will eventually give way to a hotel or lofty office building. The church as an organization is to be consolidated with the Park Presbyterian Church at Eighty-sixth Street and Amsterdam Avenue under the name of the West Park Presbyterian Church. As a part of the new arrangement a church will be built at 175th Street and Wadsworth Avenue, and this will be affiliated with the West Park and the Church of the Good Shepherd, now a branch of the West Presbyterian in Sixty-sixth Street, between Broadway and Amsterdam Avenue.

For years the West Presbyterian Church was associated with the name of Russell Sage, as the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church has been with that of John D. Rockefeller. Mr. Sage, however, was only one of its many wealthy men, among whom were included at one time Jay Gould, J. Hood Wright, Alfred H. Smith, E. H. Perkins, E. Francis Hyde, Seth Thomas, Frank A. Munsey, J. D. Lang, H. M. Flagler, Robert Jaffray, Gen. Horace Porter, Henry E. Payne, W. B. Wheeler, and H. H. Ropes. Not even Trinity, with all its wealth, could compare in the individual fortunes of its members with the West Presbyterian in the early nineties. It was said that a score or so of them represented $750,000,000.

The beginnings of the church were humble enough. It was organized in 1829 as the North Presbyterian Church, and two years later, when the name was changed to West, it had only eighteen members. In 1831 its first building, in Carmine Street, at the head of Varick Street, was erected. The congregation grew steadily until in 1860 it had need of larger quarters and decided to move up to Forty-second Street, where there was lots of room and land was relatively cheap at that time. The Trustees first engaged the chapel of Rutgers Institute, then located on the present site of the church, and a little later Crystal Hall, in Sixth Avenue, near Forty-second Street, was used for services. Meanwhile a new chapel was built and dedicated in 1862. The new church followed and was dedicated in 1865.

Disputes Over Dr. Paxton.

The West Presbyterian Church attained its greatest success during the pastorate of Dr. John R. Paxton, who served from 1881 to 1893, when his resignation and the charges and counter charges that preceded it caused a split in the congregation.

Dr. Paxton had first been a soldier. During a battle he changed places with a comrade, who was shot dead a moment later. This incident led Dr. Paxton to go into the ministry at the close of the war. As pastor of the New York Avenue Church, in Washington, he preached to James G. Blaine and Stephen B. Elkins.

When he came to New York his vigorous sermons gave the church a great vogue. It was crowded to the doors at every service, people sitting on the pulpit steps and on soap boxes in the gallery. Helen Gould heard him one day and induced her father, then attending an Episcopal Church, to join his congregation. It was Jay Gould who brought Russell Sage into the West Presbyterian, and many others of wealth followed in their train. Several of these are still members and officials.

The church has always been noted for its fine singers. Among those who have sung in its choir are Clementine De Vere, Anna Louise Cary, and Marguerite Lemon, to whom large salaries were paid.

When Dr. Paxton announced the plan for building the Church of the Good Shepherd $21,000 was put in the collection plate, and within a few days $40,000 more was subscribed.

In 1892 and 1893 troubles began over Dr. Paxton. His health was poor and charges affecting his personal habits were made and as warmly denied. Russell Sage, E. H. Perkins, President of the Importers and Traders' National Bank, which Mr. Sage controlled, and E. C. Van Glahn, all Trustees, were active in the opposition to Dr. Paxton. One objection to him was his attacks on the miserly rich in his sermons, which were described as "anarchistic." Because of the depression of 1893 it was contended that the church could not afford to pay his salary of $15,000 a year. Dr. Paxton resigned several times, withdrew his resignation, had it declined by the congregation, and finally retired on Dec. 31, 1893.

Following the split that his withdrawal caused there was trouble a few years later over the mortgage held by Russell Sage, which he was disposed to foreclose. The mortgage was finally paid, but Mr. Sage withdrew from the church and others followed his example, so that it was further weakened. In more recent years it has suffered somewhat from the fact that it is no longer in a residence district. Ninety per cent of its present membership lives above Sixty-sixth Street on the west side. During the pastorate of the Rev. Anthony H. Evans, its present minister, there has been no material falling off in the attendance, but it has not been what it was in the days of Dr. Paxton, Russell Sage, and Jay Gould, and it has been found impossible to increase it because of the drift of population northward.

The Consolidation Plan.

The present plan for consolidation with the Park Presbyterian Church was arranged by a committee composed of all the officers of the two churches. It has been approved by the Trustees of both, and will be submitted to the congregations for ratification next week. It will then go before the Presbytery, and will finally have to receive the legal sanction of the Supreme Court. It is considered a foregone conclusion that these steps will be taken without opposition.

Dr. Evans will be associated with Dr. Anson P. Atterbury, pastor of the Park Presbyterian Church, both serving as ministers of the West Park Church, and as Dr. Evans is much the younger it is expected that he will sooner or later become the sole pastor. Dr. Atterbury's present congregation is not large, as there are five or six other Presbyterian Churches on the upper west side, but with the addition of the West Church congregation it is expected that it will be more than filled, and plans are in hand for alterations to the Park Church to make it adequate to its new needs.

The West Church will bring to the joint institution an endowment of about $600,000, and the property of the Park Church is valued at fully $400,000. The new church on Washington Heights, the site for which is already in the hands of the Presbytery, will cost $300,000. The district was selected by the Presbytery as that where there was the least adequate provision for Presbyterians of any in the city, and one where the population is increasing rapidly.

The Forty-second Street property is held at $1,500,000. It runs through to Forty-third Street, with the same frontage as on Forty-second Street, the northern end of the plot being occupied at present by a garage. It is said to be one of the few freeholds in that important business neighborhood. While negotiations for its sale have been begun, they have not yet reached a point where the Trustees of the church are ready to make any definite announcement as to the disposition of the property.

"We have had several motives in the arrangement we have made," said Dr. Evans yesterday. "The first was to advance the Kingdom of God in the City of New York and to serve the city in the largest way religiously. The second was to conserve the interests of our own congregation and retain all the sentiment and tradition of a historic church. It was important that we should get a location where that would be possible. We also wanted to make the largest use of the property intrusted to us and to advance Presbyterianism by ministering to those who have no church of our denomination in their neighborhood.

"All these objects are met by building the new church on upper Washington Heights for the growing population there and by uniting with the Park Presbyterian Church, which is in the part of the city most convenient to the majority of our congregation down here."

Dr. Evans came to the West Presbyterian Church from the First Presbyterian Church of Lockport, N. Y., in 1895. Before that he was an instructor in Hamilton College.

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CHAUFFEUR HELD AS FORGER.

Got ex-Employer's Motor Car on False Order, She Says, and Wrecked It.

Charles Metauge, a chauffeur, who said he had no permanent address, was arraigned before Magistrate Corrigan in the West Side Court yesterday on a charge of forgery and theft, made by Mrs. Ida Kempner of 131 Riverside Drive.

Metauge, who had been in the employ of Mrs. Kempner for some time, was discharged by her last Thursday morning. That night he presented an order which he said had been written by Mrs. Kempner to the foreman of the Acton Garage at 137 West Eighty-ninth Street, where Mrs. Kempner keeps her automobile, authorizing him to take the car out. As the foreman of the garage did not know that Metauge had been discharged he allowed him to have the car. Early in the morning Metauge came back with the car wrecked and, telling one of the employes of the garage that he had met with an accident, went hurriedly away.

About noon on Friday Mrs. Kempner had occasion to use her car, and telephoned to the garage for it. When told that it was being repaired she demanded an explanation, and was told of Metauge's use of the car the night before. Mrs. Kempner said that the order presented by the chauffeur was a forgery. She immediately notified the police.

Metauge was caught at Platt Cove, Greene County, on Saturday. When arraigned before Magistrate Corrigan he asked for an adjournment until to-day, as he wanted a lawyer. Being unable to furnish $2,000 bail, he was locked up in the West Side Court Jail.

ROCHESTER INSURANCE DEAL.

New York or Foreign Interests May Have Acquired German Company.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., March 12.—The sale of the Rochester German Insurance Company, either to a New York insurance company or to foreign interests, is likely to be consummated within a short time if it has not already been effected.

The law firm of Werner & Harris has been obtaining options on the stock of the company for some time, and it is understood that it now holds options on over 3,000 shares, agreeing to pay the holders $240 a share. The par value is $100. The name of the company for which the options have been obtained has not been revealed. Much of the 5,000 shares of the local company is held in small lots.

Anton Vogt, President of the Rochester German Insurance Company, who is opposed to the sale, has sent out a letter to the stockholders urging them not to dispose of their holdings. He states that a foreign company is endeavoring to get control. He denies the company has been operating at a loss, and submits a financial statement showing a steady increase in net premiums since 1907 of about $100,000 per annum.

"It is not probable in my mind," he says, "that any individual or corporation would make an offer of $240 per share for our stock if that stock was not worth a great deal more, or if the company was working at a loss."

The Rochester German Insurance Company was founded thirty-nine years ago. It is capitalized at $500,000. The officers and Directors are local men of prominence. Justice William E. Werner of the Supreme Court is a Director.

President Vogt says the company's net surplus at Dec. 31 last was $614,000; the dividends paid from 1906 $210,000, and the increase in reinsurance reserve $447,000.

ANITA TURNBULL TO WED.

Woman Who Sued for Share of Baldwin's Millions to Marry Philadelphian.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., March 12.—Anita Baldwin Turnbull, who last week lost her suit for a daughter's share of the $11,000,000 left by "Lucky" Baldwin, the turfman, is to be married in Philadelphia, the home city of the bridegroom-to-be, who is Warren G. Heim, said to be the son of a wealthy Philadelphian. Mr. Heim has been spending the Winter in Los Angeles and other Southern California points, and met Miss Turnbull during the trial of her suit.

Miss Turnbull and her mother are now on their way to Philadelphia.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, March 12.—The name of Warren G. Heim does not appear in the Philadelphia Directory, and his location in this city could not be ascertained.

BODIES TAKEN FROM MINE.

No Hope of Saving Men Buried in Norman Pit.

DULUTH, Minn., March 12.—Ten bodies of miners, crushed in the Norman open pit mine at Virginia, Minn., where a cave-in occurred last evening, burying twenty-six miners, were taken from the mine to-day. Sixteen bodies have not been reached, but the mine officials are bending every effort to expedite the work of rescue. A large force of men is working vigorously, but it is not believed any of the miners will be taken out alive.

To hasten the work additional "clams" have been sent for, and these, capable of lifting many tons of ore, will, it is thought, bring to light the missing bodies before many hours elapse. The accident was caused by thaws of the last few days suddenly loosening boulders and earth and causing the ore body to slide toward the bottom of the pit.

Quick Work to Raise Y. M. C. A. Debt.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., March 12.—Ten thousand dollars was raised in a few hours last night by 150 men to complete a fund of $55,000 to raise the debt on the New Rochelle Y. M. C. A. Many large subscriptions were given on condition that the entire sum be raised by midnight on Saturday. Among the subscribers were Columbus O'Donnell Iselin, Adrian Iselin, Jr., John C. Agar, Henry M. Lester, John F. Lambden, Herman Lambden, Miss Grace E. Grenzbach, William H. Mackintosh, M. M. Looran, C. W. Bryan, Mr. Charles C. Guion, G. L. Labranche, Col. Henry Hennebe
rger, and Mayor Harry F. Colwell.

RUSH TO HEAR AKED RESIGN AS PASTOR

Fifth Avenue Baptist Church Crowded When He Announces He Will Accept New Call.

NO QUARREL, HE REPEATS

Believes He Can Do Better Work Elsewhere—Has Declined to Return to England—No Successor Chosen.

The Rev. Charles F. Aked formally presented his resignation as pastor of the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church to the congregation yesterday morning. The congregation will act upon it at a meeting to be held in the library of the church on Wednesday evening. Dr. Aked asked that his resignation be accepted as quickly as possible, as he had made up his mind to accept the call to the pastorate of the first Congregational Church of San Francisco.

The news that the clergyman would hand in his resignation drew one of the largest crowds in the history of the church. An extra detail of policemen had to be called to preserve order. When the doors were opened there was a mad rush, women crowding each other regardless of their finery and elbowing the men ruthlessly aside. Most of them seemed bent upon getting the front seats.

For fifteen minutes the half dozen policemen had their hands full. Finally, by main strength, for no attention was paid to their orders, they forced the jam away from the doors and made the crowd form a long line. This procession, four deep, reached from the church entrance along Forty-sixth Street to Fifth Avenue, and then down the avenue for half a block. It was estimated that there were more than 1,500 people in line.

About a thousand got into the church, filling up the aisles and overflowing into the library adjoining, while an extra force of ushers turned the remainder away. Several hundred had to stand during the service, and the crowd remained clustered about the entrance to the church waiting to get a glimpse of the clergyman when he appeared after the service.

No Quarrel, Says Dr. Aked.

Before beginning his sermon, "A Plea for Intellectual Honesty," Dr. Aked made this announcement:

"I obeyed what I believed was the call of duty in accepting the pastorate of this church four years ago. I am acting with not less sense of responsibility, in obedience to what I believe to be the dictate of duty and conscience, in asking you to accept my resignation of the pastorate. The workings of my mind were fully revealed to you in the statement which I read to the congregation last Sunday morning, a copy of which is annexed to this letter. I desire now only to emphasize what in the statement itself is already emphasized, my unbounded and undying affection for you. It is one of the joys of my life that I know you. It is a part of the wealth of my life that I love you. And I glory in your affection for me.

"To you who know the facts, the stories about dissension and quarrel and such like are merely foolish. The circulation of such stories may distress us; the stories cannot affect our relations with each other. From the moment when I landed on these shores four years ago until the moment when I read my statement last Sunday there has been no quarrel between me and any member of the church or the congregation, man or woman, official or non-official, and I have not one secret corner of my heart which cherishes bitterness against any living soul. I say these things, not for the sake of a sensation-loving press, but out of regard for the future of the church.

Can Do Better Work Elsewhere.

"I am resigning the pastorate here because I believe that I can do better work elsewhere. If I did not think so nothing in the world would take me from you. I have failed to reconcile myself to the conditions which limit our work, and you have failed to find a way of changing the conditions. And so it is right that I should go where I can do most good and you should find a pastor who can do his best work in the gracious environment which you can provide. That is all—except to tell you again that the name and fame and honor of this church will forever be dear to me.

"I may add that it will be kind to me to act upon this resignation as early as possible. I do not feel free to accept a call to another church until you have accepted my resignation. And if you are interested in my future movements you will perhaps allow me to say that I have had three suggestions from England—one attractive—which I debated with myself for some little time; but that on Friday I cabled and wrote, definitely closing the discussion. I am going to close my mind entirely against any thought of returning to England, now or at any time. When you have acted upon my resignation I shall accept the call to San Francisco. I still believe, as I believed when I came here, that the best work of my life is to be done under the American flag and in fellowship with the American churches."

Explains in Church Calendar.

In the regular Sunday calendar, a copy of which was in every seat, Dr. Aked, under the caption "A Personal Explanation," went more into detail regarding the causes which led up to his resignation. Certain vast schemes, it appears, which were to result in establishing a great ministry in New York for the doctor, failed of realization. Just what these schemes were and why they failed is not known, as Dr. Aked would not discuss them after the sermon. He denies emphatically that he made up his mind to resign after his visit to San Francisco and because he had "fallen in love with the Pacific Coast," as has been charged. He says in the calendar:

"On Sunday, Feb. 5, this calendar contained a statement written by me to the effect that I had not received a 'call' to a church in San Francisco, in London, or anywhere else. The paragraph went on to explain the nature of my Californian trip; but it left out of view the possibility of receiving and accepting a 'call' to a church in San Francisco, and it was so written as to convey the impression that there was no probability of this happening. In the light of subsequent events this calls for explanation.

"The explanation is easy. Every word in the paragraph was true. The holiday had been planned as explained. No 'call' had been given. The impression conveyed by my words was the impression upon my mind. When I wrote I had not the remotest belief that I should leave this church. I had at that time written the San Francisco church stating that vast schemes were being discussed here and if they were realized there would, of course, be no thought of leaving New York. It was understood between Mr. Marston and myself that if the negotiations then proceeding reached such a stage that I had reasonable ground of belief that the project could be carried through I should cancel the Californian trip entirely; and I wrote the San Francisco church preparing them for a telegram to that effect. The paragraph in question was written at Mr. Marston's suggestion. It was by his suggestion also that it was held over for a week, Mr. Marston hoping that it could be made stronger and could state that I was not going to California even for a vacation. A member of the Board of Trustees had very generously asked me to take a midwinter vacation in any part of the world I chose as his guest.

"On the Sunday when the calendar was placed in the pews the situation was wholly different, but it was too late to withdraw the notice. I did not know until after 10 o'clock on Saturday morning that the great project had finally broken down. The calendars were printed. There was not time to reprint. If there had been no calendar in the pews it would have been impossible to explain the fact truthfully. It was equally impossible to announce: 'The highly important announcement on Page 6 is no longer true.' That would have grieved people without enlightening them. To Deacons and others who told me that they were glad to see my announcement I replied, 'Yes; but it does not now tell the full story. It was true when it was written. But things are different to-day. It looks as if the end had come.'

"I hope that this explanation will relieve me from the imputation, otherwise unavoidable, of inconsistency.

"The statements which have appeared in the press to the effect that I gave no intimation to the Trustees of my dissatisfaction or of the fact that I was to preach to a church in San Francisco which is without a pastor are false. I discussed the matter in correspondence with Mr. John D. Rockefeller, Jr.; I discussed it in two long interviews with the President of the Board of Trustees; I discussed it for nearly two hours in a Trustees' meeting held in Mr. Marston's office. I said and I believed up to Saturday morning, Feb. 4, at 10 o'clock that there was not one chance in ten thousand that I should give up the pastorate of this church."

No Comment from Rockefeller, Jr.

John D. Rockefeller, Jr., and his family attended the morning services, and when he came out Mr. Rockefeller was asked if he had any comment to make upon Dr. Aked's announcement.

"What is there for me to say?" he asked. "I thought the doctor put the matter very plainly and simply. There is absolutely nothing that I can add to it."

One of the church Deacons explained that at the meeting on Wednesday night it would be the duty of the entire congregation, or as many as cared to be present, to accept Dr. Aked's resignation. The Board of Trustees, he said, would have nothing to do with it. Dr. Aked had already informed the Trustees, he said, what action he intended to take, and it was left to the body of the church to take the final action. There would be no question but that the resignation would be accepted, he said.

No one connected with the church would say yesterday if a successor to Dr. Aked had been selected. This step, it was explained, will be taken up by the Trustees and Deacons of the church at a meeting to be held in the near future.

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Room 210, 105 E. 22d St., N. Y. City.

ROOSEVELT TO BACK ARIZONA

Washington Hears He Will Come Out in Support of New Constitution.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—It is stated here that within the week Mr. Roosevelt will come out in a strong statement in favor of the Arizona Constitution. This document was tied to the Constitution of New Mexico when they came up for ratification in the Senate on the last day of the session. Because of objections raised to some of its populistic sections, both Constitutions were rejected.

Comment here on Mr. Roosevelt's coming statement is that by it he will at last put himself well beyond the majority of the Democrats as a progressive. It is true that when the resolution ratifying the Constitution was defeated only four Democrats voted against them, but the feeling was generally expressed afterward by the minority members that in voting for the resolution they did not mean to indorse the Arizona Constitution, but wanted to give the people of that Territory an opportunity to work out their own salvation.

The particular points objected to in the Arizona Constitution are the initiative, the referendum, and the recall. Strong objection was raised to that phase of the recall provision which allowed Judges to be voted out of office.

ALDRICH TO MAKE A TOUR.

Currency Commission Will Conduct a Campaign of Education.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Plans for the reform of the currency laws will be prosecuted with a great deal of vigor by the members of the National Monetary Commission during the Summer and Fall. A campaign of education will be started within a few weeks in the hope of creating a sentiment in favor of a bill to be introduced at the next regular session.

Thus far the work of the Monetary Commission has not been regarded as political, and especial care is to be taken to avoid the introduction of any partisan views. A majority of the members of the commission who have been working on the proposed legislation are not now active in politics.

Beginning with the hearing to be granted to the Currency Committee of the American Bankers' Association in this city on March 22, the members of the commission will be actively engaged in getting the views of the public up to the time a bill is introduced. It is not contemplated that there shall be many hearings in Washington, but that several Commissioners shall visit the large cities of the country.

The most extensive tour will be made by Mr. Aldrich. With one or two other members of the commission, probably he will visit the larger centres of the South and West to meet business representatives for the purpose of exchanging views regarding necessary reforms.

HELD AS A CHECK SWINDLER.

Young German Accused of Passing Worthless Paper on Banks.

When Rene Adolf Plum, a young German, of 405 West Twenty-first Street, who said he was a son of the Mayor of Cologne, Germany, was arraigned before Magistrate Freschi in the Tombs Court yesterday charged with passing a worthless check for $25 on August Bargande, a carpenter, of 151 West Eightieth Street, Walter Kennedy, who appeared for the complainant, as well as for banks and trust companies, denounced him as an international swindler. He told the Magistrate that the prisoner had passed worthless checks aggregating between $3,000 and $4,000 on the Market and Fulton National Bank, Astor Trust Company, Bischoff & Co., Nachod, Kuhne & Co., and others. At the request of the defendant Magistrate Freschi adjourned the hearing for a week, fixing bail at $1,500.

Central Office detectives, who arrested Plum on Saturday at Maiden Lane and Front Street, said that they found a check book on the Astor Trust Company in his possession. All the checks had been used but two, and the stubs on those that had been used were filled in. There were two checks in the book made out ready for passing. They said that on Jan. 25 a letter was received by the Police Department from the Prefect of Police of Cologne inquiring about Plum.

Kennedy said he would have other complainants the defendant is alleged to have swindled in court when the case is called.

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RARE OKAPI GROUP ON EXHIBITION SOON

American Museum Announces the Mounting of Animals Which Formerly Mystified Scientists.

CAPTURED IN CONGO FOREST

Special African Expedition Spent Six Months in Almost Unbreathable Atmosphere, Braving Death by Fever.

The okapi, the rarest of all known living animals, not having been heard of by white men until ten years ago, and not seen alive by them until about a year ago, is about to be put on exhibition at the American Museum of Natural History, according to an announcement in the Museum Journal for March.

The specimens for the new group were obtained by a special Congo expedition sent to Africa by the American Museum last year. Under the leadership of Herbert Lang and James Chapin, the expedition camped for six months on the outskirts of the dense Congo forest, where with great exertion and much suffering from the heat and from tropical fevers they were able to obtain specimens of the okapi and the necessary accessories for a large realistic group of these strange animals. In its laborious efforts the expedition had the co-operation of the officials of the Congo Free State under the direct instructions of the Belgian Government. All the specimens then obtained were trapped by the natives in the employ of the expedition by means of nooses set in the almost impenetrable swamps of the great Congo forest.

Prof. J. A. Allen, the American authority on mammals, has written for the Museum Journal, in connection with the announcement of the okapi exhibit, an account of what little scientists have been able so far to learn about the rare animal, which has the form of a deer but is unquestionably, according to the best authorities, a member of the giraffe family.

"On Nov. 20, 1900," says Prof. Allen, "a letter was read at a meeting of the Zoological Society of London from Sir Harry Johnston, announcing that he had obtained evidence of the existence of a very remarkable new horse, which appeared to inhabit the Great Congo forest. At the Belgian post of Mbéni he found that this animal was called 'okapi' by the Bambuba natives of the region, and he was fortunate enough to obtain pieces of the skin that had been made into waist-belts and bandoliers. These pieces exhibited the stripes of the legs and hind quarters, and indicated an animal different from any known zebra or wild ass. At a meeting of the London Society held on Feb. 5, 1901, these fragments were shown and described by Dr. P. L. Sclater as representing a new species of zebra, which he named after its discoverer, Sir Harry Johnston, equus johnstoni, the reference of the species to equus being tentative.

"At a meeting of the Zoological Society three months later Dr. Sclater exhibited a water-color drawing of the animal made by Sir Harry Johnston from a fresh skin secured through the Belgian authorities of Fort Mbéni. From this drawing it became evident that the new animal was not a zebra, nor even a member of the family Equidae, but a species allied to the giraffe. This skin, and also two skulls, obtained by native soldiers of the Congo Free State near Fort Mbéni, were forwarded by Sir Harry to the British Museum, where they arrived June 17, 1901, and served as the basis of a paper presented by Prof. E. Ray Lankester the following day at a meeting of the Zoological Society. From these specimens he was able to give the principal characters of this strange animal and discuss its relationships. He found it to represent a new genus, allied to the giraffe and also to certain extinct forms from the Miocene of Southern Europe and India. He gave to the new genus the name Okapia.

"This skin was mounted by Rowland Ward for the British Museum, where it was placed on exhibition in August, 1901—the first example of the 'mysterious okapi' installed for public exhibition. Colored drawings of the mounted specimen were immediately given wide publicity in various popular as well as scientific publications. The discovery of an animal so strange and striking naturally excited great interest, and the okapi was soon famous throughout the world.

"Since 1901 numerous specimens of this animal have been taken in the Congo region, nearly all of them through the agency of the Belgian Government. They include not only skins and skulls of adults of both sexes and of various ages, but also a number of complete skeletons, representing altogether some thirty or more individuals. While much of this material has been retained for the museums of Belgium, many specimens have been presented, by direction of the late King Leopold II., to other European museums. Permission has also been generously granted to several private expeditions of other nationalities to enter the Congo Free State in pursuit of the okapi, but apparently they have met with little success, except in the case of the Alexander Gosling expedition, which secured skins, skulls, and skeletons for the British Museum, and of the Lang-Chapin Congo Expedition of the American Museum.

"In the character of limbs and length of neck the okapi differs little from the ordinary type of ruminant, as, for example, a deer or an antelope. Although it differs widely in external appearance from the giraffe, which has elongated limbs and enormously lengthened cervical vertebrae, the structure of the skull and teeth show it to be a member of the giraffe family. It has also two small frontal horns, somewhat similar to those of the giraffe, but less developed, differing in this respect from ordinary ruminants. The lips are not prehensible and its small eyes give the head somewhat the appearance of that of a deer.

"The okapi is said to live in pairs in the depths of the forest and to feed on the leaves of the undergrowth. Up to a recent date it was said that no white man had ever seen the living okapi in its native haunts, or was likely to, as it is extremely wary and shy, and nocturnal in its habits. The specimens taken have all been captured by the natives, who are said to be able sometimes to steal up to the animals and kill them with spears, but usually they take them in traps. Sir Harry Johnston, in an account of his trip to the Congo forest for okapi, thus speaks of its haunts: 'Provided with guides, we entered the awesome depths of the Congo forest. For several days we searched for the okapi, but in vain. We were shown its supposed tracks by the natives. * * * The atmosphere of the forest was almost unbreathable with its Turkish-bath heat, its reeking moisture, and its powerful smell of decaying, rotting vegetation. We seemed, in fact, to be transported back to Miocene times, to an age and a climate scarcely suitable for the modern type of real humanity. Severe attacks of fever prostrated not only the Europeans but all the black men of the party, and we were obliged to give up the search and return to the grass lands with such fragments of the skin as I had been able to purchase from the natives.'"

It was on the borders of just such a region that the American Museum's specimens were captured. They will constitute the first group of the kind ever shown in America.

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Deposed Pastor Starts New Church.

VALLEY STREAM, L. I., March 12.—The People's Church, formed by those who left the First Baptist Church of this place in sympathy with the Rev. Dr. Harry W. Jones, recently deposed, was formed in Fire Hall to-night. There were about 200 present, and of these fourteen signed the roll as full members. Earlier there was a Sunday school, and thirty-seven scholars enrolled. At the services to-night others assured Mr. Jones that they would join the new church later on. At his late church there were only ten persons at morning service.

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ADVANCE SHOWN IN CIVIL SERVICE

Federal Commission Reports 5,488 More Positions Subject to Competitive Examinations.

PLANS TO ADD 8,590 MORE

Progress Also in Equitable Classification of Salaries—Cases of Improper Political Activity Few.

The United States Civil Service Commission's twenty-seventh annual report, made public yesterday in Washington, points out the constant increase of Government positions placed under the competitive examination system, and shows that 5,488 more classified positions were made subject to examination this year. This excludes navy yard mechanics and laborers; but the application of the competitive system to the navy yard service is recommended in the report. The Commission advises the classification of these positions by executive order and the subsequent adoption of regulations embodying competitive examinations of a practical character and other essential features of the merit system.

What the Civil Service Commission has been doing to stop political activity among civil service employes during the last year is also described. Restrictions against such activity were passed by the commission four years ago. According to the report, the number of cases of improper political activity by civil service employes is remarkably small. Most of the cases brought to the commission's notice have been discovered by the Pennsylvania Civil Service Reform Association. This may be due, the report suggests, to the fact that the Pennsylvania Association is particularly energetic.

Among the various forms of political activity forbidden by civil servce rules are:

> Service on political committees; service as delegate to county, State, or district conventions of a political party, although it was understood that the employes were not "to take or use any political activity in going to these conventions or otherwise violate the civil service rules"; service as officer of a political club, as Chairman of a political meeting; continued political activity and leadership; activity at the polls on election day; the publication or editing of a newspaper in the interests of a political party; the publication of political articles bearing on qualifications of different candidates; the distribution of political literature; holding office in a club which takes active part in political campaigns and management; making speeches before political clubs; circulation of petitions having a political object, of petitions proposing amendments to a municipal charter, of petitions favoring candidates for municipal offices, and of local option petitions; service as a Commissioner of Election in a community where it was notorious that a Commissioner of Election must be an active politician; accepting nomination for political office with intention of resigning from the competitive service if elected; recommendation by clerks and carriers of a person to be Postmaster; activity in local option campaigns; service as Inspector of Elections, ballot clerk, ballot Inspector, judge of election, member of election board; candidacy for or holding elective office.

"On information furnished by the Civil Service Reform Association of Pennsylvania," the report continues, "an investigation by the Treasury Department into cases of apparent political and personal discrimination in the Mint at Philadelphia resulted in the reinstatement of four employes who had been dismissed because of politics, and in other changes in the service.

"An employe of the Customs Service at Mobile, Ala., made complaint that he had been reduced from Special Deputy Collector at $1,500 to the position of clerk at $1,200 per annum entirely for political reasons. Subsequently the Collector recommended his removal. The Treasury Department suspended action upon this recommendation pending an investigation, which, when made, showed that the minor irregularities which were the ostensible basis therefor were insufficient to justify it. The Treasury Department, at the request of the commission, disapproved the dismissal and restored the employe to the position from which he had been reduced."

The situation among civil service employes regarding increases of salaries has not been wholly satisfactory to the commission, according to the report; and steps have been taken for a general reclassification of salaries. "A clerk of mediocre ability assigned to work of a low grade may reach the higher rates of salary by virtue of seniority or 'influence,' while an abler clerk performs work of a higher grade at lower pay," the report states. "Employes are too frequently engaged on the same line of work at different salaries. Much has been done by the departments toward rectifying these inequalities, but the conditions can not be remedied fully until a scheme of uniform classification has ben adopted."

The present system of promotion under civil service is not considered wholly satisfactory by the present commission, according to their report.

> There are at least four bases or methods of making promotions. First, that of free selection by the promoting officer. This is said to work well in private business, where the motive of profit enters; in the public service it has been tried, and in recent years has given better results than formerly from the standpoint of administrative efficiency. Another method is that of promotion by seniority, which has slight relation to efficiency and which should be used only as a means of discrimination among candidates whose other qualifications are equal. A third method is that of competitive examination. It has been advanced that under this method the employes are placed on an equal footing, as the personal equation is eliminated and impartial tests are applied. This method has been tried in the past to some extent and afterward abandoned for promotions from class to class within a grade, apparently because of the belief that for such promotions the value of employes could be more accurately and fairly measured from daily observation of their actual work. In promotion from one grade to another it is believed that examinations now prescribed by the rules may profitably be made competitive where there is a sufficient number of employes to justify it. A fourth method, that of promotion on records of efficiency, has too rarely been found to work satisfactorily, as the ratings are likely to become perfunctory and to lack relativity and uniformity unless the system is applied by a supervisory body.

As a solution of this situation the commission favors the making of promotions competitively on the basis of efficiency, ascertained by a uniform and impartial mode of procedure applicable to all departments. After the commission has been able to reclassify the positions and readjust the salaries more promotions can be made on a basis of merit, the report states.

Both the commission and President Taft also, according to the report, are anxious to put Post Office positions under the civil service competitive system. It is hard to do this in the case of four class Postmasters, because the salary is so small and the applicants for the positions are so few, the rural free delivery also making failure to fill these positions not a matter of grave concern.

President Taft in a message to Congress has already recommended the putting of the first, second, and third class Postmasters in the classified service, because this would take a "burden" off of Congressmen, and would take the Postmasters themselves out of politics. President Taft has expressed a wish for a law providing that the Executive should have the power to include in the classified service all local offices under the Treasury Department, the Department of Justice, the Interior Department, the Post Office Department, and the Department of Commerce and Labor. According to the report, President Taft is at the present time recommending measures, which, if enacted, will bring about 8,590 positions within the classified service, including 7,622 first, second, and third class Postmosters, 297 officers of the Treasury Department, 326 in the Department of the Interior, 20 in the Department of Commerce and Labor, and 325 in the Department of Justice.

The report advocates the further placing of the Consular Service under the civil service merit system, in accordance with the President's previously expressed recommendations regarding this. The report is signed by John C. Black, John A. McIlhenny, and William S. Washburn, the three Commissioners.

CRAZED BY BABY'S DEATH.

Mother Runs to Hospital with Body of Child Hit by an Auto.

CINCINNATI, March 12.—After seeing her five-year-old daughter Esther hit by an automobile, picking up the mangled body and running four blocks to the City Hospital, Mrs. Mary Koffman of this city went violently insane to-day when informed by the officials of the institution that the child was dead.

She was put in a strong ward and is in a critical condition to-night. A fight was prevented by the police following the accident. The little girl was playing in the street when the auto, owned by Mrs. W. A. Leach of Norwood, ran into her. The car was occupied by Mrs. Leach, her daughter, and a maid.

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RUN AWAY TO AVOID THE CAMORRA JURY

Many Talesmen Quit Town, and Others Reported Planning to Seek Foreign Climes.

DELAY MAY BE PROLONGED

Threats and Efforts of Italian Court Likely to Fail to Get Trial Under Way To-morrow.

VITERBO, Italy, March 12.—The trial of Enrico Alfano and the other members of the Neapolitan Camorra for murder, formal proceedings in which began yesterday, is confronted with serious obstacles, and is likely, if present conditions continue, to be considerably delayed.

A provisory jury was selected in part yesterday morning by the President of the court in order to begin the case officially, but difficulties were at once encountered with the talesmen, many of whom either offered pretexts for not serving in the case or betook themselves to another district, where the authorities have not as yet been able to lay hands on them. President Bianchi endeavored by threats of severe punishment to induce others to fulfill their civic obligations, but in vain.

The authorities made strong efforts today, and will continue in this line to-morrow, to secure men qualified and willing to sit in the jury box, but fear of the Camorra and threats that have been circulated during the last month offer almost insurmountable barriers to the selection of the twelve regular jurymen and the twelve substitutes to sit in judgment on the Camorrists.

Never before has there been such an evasion of jury duty. While many of those who could legally be summoned left town, it is said that others are even making ready to go abroad to be out of reach of the authorities who are prosecuting the case.

The President of the court yesterday was obliged to halt the trial, which was postponed until Tuesday, and it may be necessary to still further suspend the proceedings.

ARCHDUCHESS STEPHANIE ILL

Grave Fears for Leopold's Daughter, Widow of Crown Prince Rudolph.

ZURICH, Switzerland, March 12.—Archduchess Stephanie, Countess Lonyay, the second daughter of King Leopold of Belgium and widow of Crown Prince Rudolph of Austria, is seriously ill here. Her condition is the cause of grave anxiety.

The Archduchess Stephanie was estranged from her father, this estrangement dating back to King Leopold's ill-treatment of his wife. Stephanie took her mother's part and was driven out of Brussels. She came back to the palace to attend Queen Henriette's funeral, but the King would not permit her to enter the death chamber. On the death of the King she returned to Brussels, where she was cordially received by the Belgian people, with whom she had always been a favorite. The inheritance of the three Princesses amounted to about $4,000,000.

DEFENDS DEMOCRATIC RULE.

Speaker Frisbie Answers Criticisms of Minority Leader Merritt.

ALBANY, March 12.—Speaker Frisbie of the Assembly issued a statement today in reply to one given out recently by Minority Leader Merritt. The Speaker, referring to Mr. Merritt's statement that the Assembly committees reported up to March 4 117 bills, of which 113 have been passed, says that this proves the Assembly to be a real working body; that the committees are doing effective service, and that the Democrats are capably conducting public business.

The Speaker charges that Mr. Merritt seeks to convey the impression that the new majority is not as effective as the Republican majority of last year by reason of not having passed quite so many bills up to March 4. This is not strange, he says, and may be attributed to several reasons. The Chairmen of committees have not had the long experience of their predecessors in legislative responsibility; greater care is being exercised in the scrutiny of bills before reporting favorably, while it is not the policy of the Speaker and the majority to load the statute books with crude, ill-considered, harmful, and unconstitutional laws, or those that harass legitimate enterprise. Too many laws of that kind have been placed upon the statute books in recent years.

"We believe that fewer and better laws is the true policy," Speaker Frisbie remarks. "In doing so we are in accord with enlightened public sentiment."

He admits that the important bills have not yet appeared upon the calendar, but says that much of this legislation is of a remedial nature, undoing the bad legislation of Republican Legislatures in other years, and that its formulation requires the greatest care.

Answering Mr. Merritt's complaint on the delay in electing a United States Senator the Speaker says that as the new Congress does not convene until April 4, there is ample time to select "a real representative of the people to fill Depew's place, a man who will truly represent the conservatively progressive sentiment" of the State.

BEAN OVERCOME AT FUNERAL.

Sees Faces of Mother and Sister He Is Accused of Slaying.

STRATFORD, N. H., March 12.—After looking at the faces of his mother, Mrs. George Bean, and his sister Nina, victims of the shooting tragedy at Maidston, Vt., last Thursday, at the funeral services here to-day, Arthur Bean, 18 years old, who is charged with the murders, collapsed. When the services were over he was returned to the family home in Maidstone and was locked up for another night with his guards. His three sisters and brother gave no sign of recognition at the services.

Members of the family told friends who gathered at the funeral to-day that the cause of the tragedy was the disposal of the Bean home. They said that the house was left to Arthur by his father, but his grandfather, who is over 100 years old, had recently sent the young man a bill for labor and expenses around the house which, if allowed, would amount to more than the house was worth. The youth objected to paying the bill, and members of the family took sides in the matter. Mrs. Kate Benton, one of the sisters, said that Arthur went to her house a short time ago, and, flourishing a revolver, declared "somebody will get hurt if they do not stop nagging me."

LADY EVELYN GREY TO SKATE.

Earl's Daughter Will Give an Exhibition at Carnival in Boston.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, March 12.—Earl Grey, Governor General of Canada, accompanied by his family, is announced as among the guests to attend a skating carnival at the Boston Arena next Thursday.

Lady Evelyn Grey will give an exhibition of skating, as will also Mr. and Mrs. Irving Brokaw of New York.

LIBERIA ACTS ON LOAN.

Demands of England and France as to Territory and Boundary Met.

MONROVIA, Liberia, March 12.—It now seems practically certain that the local obstacles in the way of the foreign loan have been overcome. The visit of Roland P. Falkner, financial representative of Liberia, to Monrovia during the recent session of the Legislature accomplished this result.

There were three main barriers to the proposed loan: the adjustment of the Kanre Lahun question with England, the ratification of the new boundary delimitation treaty with France, and the reform of the judicial system of Liberia. To settle these questions was the ostensible purpose of the visit of Mr. Falkner. The first and second were absolutely necessary to obtain the consent of England and France to and their co-operation in the readjustment of the finances of Liberia. Judicial reforms were necessary to guarantee the safety and security of capital invested in the country.

There had been strong opposition both to the yielding of the Kanre Lahun district to England and to the ratification of the new boundary with France, and the legislators, in view of the approaching elections, were loath to render the dissatisfaction of the voters more acute by passing the unpopular act transferring this territory to England. The delay in ratifying the boundary agreement with France was on the ground that it was an unjust usurpation on the part of that Government.

At a luncheon given by President Barclay, at which many Senators and Representatives were present, Mr. Falkner declared that the credit of Liberia in the money markets of the world was zero and would remain zero if the Legislature did not at once settle these three threatening questions. Should they be left open he could not guarantee any loan, as the bankers would in no circumstances consider refunding Liberia's debt.

There was no further hesitation on the part of the Legislature, as there was no other alternative for Liberia should the proposed loan fall through. The delimitation treaty was signed, and Kanre Lahun passed under the British flag, in consideration of $20,000 and a strip of territory about as large as Kanre Lahun itself, situated on the southeast of this territory. The act reforming the judiciary failed to pass only because the session of the Legislature was too near the close to give the measure due consideration.

One result of Mr. Falkner's visit here was the appointment of an Internal Debt Commission to ascertain the amount of the floating debt within the republic and to classify this with a view to its liquidation.

METHODISTS CHAMPION ITALY

Meet in Rome and Denounce Farley's Pastoral Against Jubilee.

ROME, March 12.—The American Methodists in Rome held a meeting to-day in protest against the action of Archbishop Farley of New York in issuing a pastoral letter, which was read recently in all the churches of his archdiocese, in denunciation of the proposed celebration in Rome, which the Church interprets as in commemoration of the fortieth anniversary of the taking of Rome from the control of the Pope, though the official proclamations make it the fiftieth anniversary of the beginning of the Italian Kingdom and the Turin declaration of 1861 designating Rome as the capital.

In this letter Archbishop Farley declared that the celebration was an insult to the Pontiff and every member of the Catholic Church, and urged the clergy and faithful people to enter their protest against "the vile character of this celebration wherever and whenever an occasion offers."

William Burt, Methodist Episcopal Bishop of Europe; the Rev. Dr. Walling Clark, head of the Methodist organization in Italy, and the Rev. B. M. Tipple, pastor of the Methodist Church in Rome, all spoke strongly against the pastoral letter. They stigmatized as unworthy Archbishop Farley's words and the attitude of the Vatican toward a United Italy, and urged that Americans take part in the celebration.

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Women's Smartly Tailored $19.50 to $24 Spring Suits	$16.50
$3 and $5 Maline Laces—at	$1.75
75c to $1.50 Oriental Venise and Cordella All-Overs—at	49c and 75c
"Smart Set" Corsets—six new Spring models—at	$5.00
$20 Couches at	$14.00
$15 Turkish Rockers—at	$7.50
$37 Oak China Closets—at	$27.00
$36 Sideboards—at	$27.00
$75 Five-piece Parlor Suites—at	$55.00
$3.75 House and Porch Gowns—at	$2.85
$1.95 Hand Bags—at	$1.45
$6.50 Berry Sets—at	$3.95
$14.75 Homer Laughlin Dinner Sets—100 pieces; at	$10.75
$8.50 Marie Antoinette Lace Curtains—pair	$5.75
$4.50 Irish Point Lace Curtains—pair	$3.00
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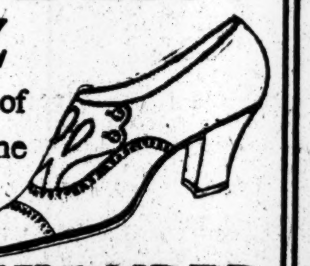

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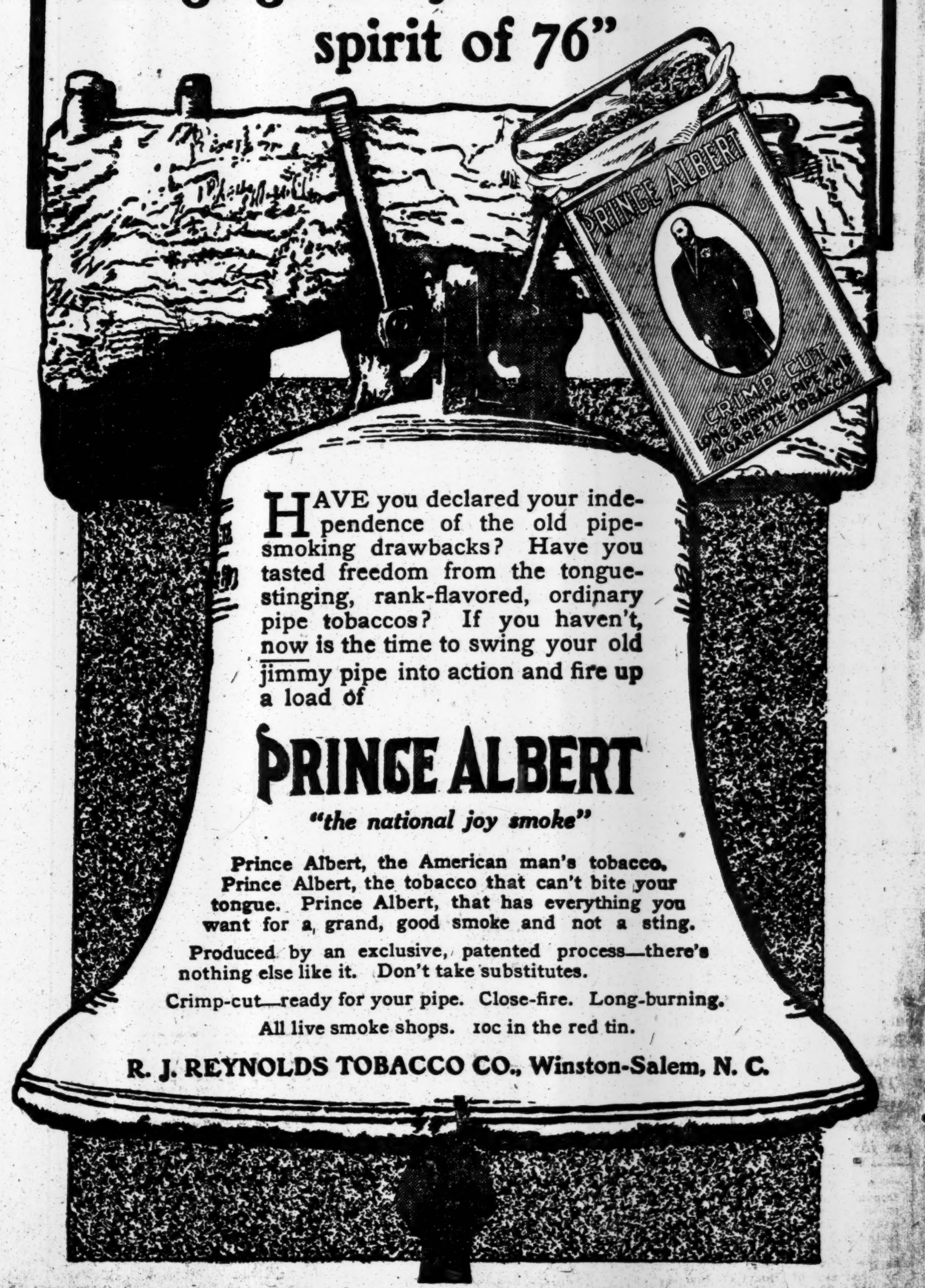
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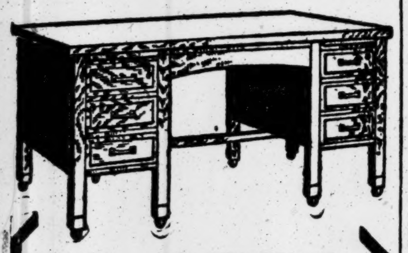

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ICE DRIVES TRAWLER IN FROM THE BANKS

First British Fisherman to Offer a Cargo at This Port in Many Years.

TWICE CAUGHT IN THE PACK

The Little Coquet Triumphs Over Sea and Cold and Arrives Here with a Big Catch.

The steamer Coquet, the first British trawler to visit this port in many years, went alongside the wharf at Fulton Market yesterday morning, where she is to dispose of her catch. The vessel was driven into this port by stress of weather. She is a small, high-bowed, stubby-masted vessel, painted drab, except where the waves and ice have scraped her sides, and with her deck machinery has the appearance of a torpedo boat. From her foremast truck the flag of her nation was flying, and on her smoke stack is painted in white "A. 390," her official letter and number. The Coquet sailed from Lewisburg, Cape Breton, on March 8.

Capt. Frank Sheekey and his crew of ten men have passed through many adventures since their vessel sailed from Aberdeen in August for Canso, Nova Scotia. They lingered along the course, stopping to fish on the Grand Banks, Banquereau, off the middle banks, and in Canso Gut.

George Craig, the owner of the Coquet, crossed the Atlantic in a steamship, and went to Canso to await the coming of his vessel. Twelve days after she sailed from the other side Mr. Craig was in the only hotel in Canso looking out the window toward the sea. He made out a strange looking craft entering port. The vessel resembled a floating iceberg. Her two stubby masts, however, identified her to him as the Coquet. He was on the shore when the vessel finally made her way in through the ice.

The trawler had met with bad weather and plenty of ice, but had come through without damage and with a splendid catch stowed between her decks. This was disposed of, and the Coquet went trawling again and was successful.

The worst experience came on Jan. 2, when the trawler met with cold weather, the thermometer going to 40 degrees below zero. She was then inside Sable Island. On top of the cold came a gale which lashed the sea into a fury and sent great waves tumbling inboard. Every bit of water that struck hull, rigging, or deck froze, and soon the vessel was laboring on with about 100 tons of ice encasing her and threatening to send her to the bottom. So thick did the ice become that it was impossible to work the steering gear, and for fifteen hours the vessel was not under control.

"It was certainly a fight for life," said Capt. Sheekey yesterday. "The cold was intense, and the high running sea and the vapor arising from the water froze as soon as it found a resting place. The gas pipes froze, so did the water pipes, the steam winch was frozen, and it was impossible to work ship. We all had to turn to with hot water, steam, and axes to limber up so we could navigate. It is hard for landsmen to realize what that meant to us. Every dash of the sea, every shower of spray added to our ice armor and the weight we were carrying. The vessel was out of all proportion. The masts were thick with the coating of ice and the decks thick with it. When ice would be chopped from mast or rigging it would come crashing to the decks. Instantly another wave would hit us, and instead of washing the ice on deck overboard it would simply freeze it tight to that already accumulated until the deck was covered with ice mountains and valleys."

Finally the weather moderated and the Coquet got back to Canso. More trouble came when she again left port, on Feb. 4, for Lewisburg, C. B., for coal. She had difficulty in getting away from Canso, and before she could get out of Canso Gut the ice closed in about her. She had to remain there until March 2. Then she was only freed by the men getting out on the ice and cutting a channel about 100 feet long so that she could be worked into open water.

Last Saturday the Coquet again left Canso for Lewisburg. She got there without accident, and on Wednesday started out for Middle Bank to fish. She was trawling when the ice became thick. She changed her position, but ran into more pack ice. It became so thick that it piled up about the little craft, and she was in danger of being crushed when her skipper decided to work to the southward. He got so far to the south that it was decided to run into this part, dispose of the catch, coal, and then go off to the fishing banks again.

Both Capt. Sheekey and Mr. Craig are enthusiastic over the behavior of the vessel. Yesterday as she lay at the pier she was the object of much attention. She is 110 feet long, 21 feet beam, and has a depth of 14 feet. She has a capacity of carrying 100 tons of fish and 100 tons of coal. Her nets weight 1½ tons, and there are 20 miles of lines. The trawl can go to a depth of 1,800 feet. The galley, the officers' quarters, and berths for two men are in a steel-covered house near the stern. The forecastle is a hooded inclosure, and forward is located the machinery for drawing in the trawls.

Below decks her cargo of fish glistens in the half-light. It consists of haddock, butterfish, fluke, conger eels, hake, monks or angler fish, and silver fish. In a tank on board are strange looking fish which were picked up at a depth of 600 feet on the edge of very deep water. They differ in weight from 7 to 25 pounds and average about 3 feet long. They are blue and yellow speckled, heavy scaled, and look like sheepshead fish. Some of those who saw them yesterday thought they were of that species, but the skipper said they were not.

The sending of the Coquet from England to fish on this side is an experiment, according to her crew. It has proved a success in spite of her many mishaps.

MAYOR OF ST. JO IS HERE.

Says His City Is Forging Ahead and Has 130,000 Inhabitants.

Alva Patee Clayton, Democratic Mayor of St. Joseph, Mo., is seeing New York from the Hotel Cadillac in Times Square. He arrived there yesterday, and will remain three weeks. He said that "St. Jo," as it is called in the West, is going rapidly ahead, and has now 130,000 inhabitants—among them Arthur Pryor, the bandmaster, and Fay Templeton, the actress.

Mayor Clayton is a thirty-third degree Mason, and says he made President Diaz of Mexico a Mystic Shriner in Mexico City in 1907. He added that there were 174 saloons in St. Joseph, which pay a yearly license of $1,050, and are allowed to keep open as long as the proprietors like except that on Saturdays they close at midnight for twenty-four hours. The Mayor said that St. Jo is Republican normally, but it elected him with a majority of 2,532. During the week he will call on Mayor Gaynor with William B. Ellison, he said.

MARTIN PRAISES TOIL.

Society Man Talks to Students of His Alma Mater, Union College.

Special to The New York Times.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., March 12.—"Charity will never solve the problem of poverty," said Frederick Townsend Martin of New York City in an address delivered to-day to the students of Union College. "Charity is the worst enemy of poverty; to solve this problem you must instill in the poor feelings of self-respect, you must also instill in the rich and successful man feelings of sympathy and happiness and love toward toilers.

"We are plunging forward so rapidly and selfishly in industrial progress, each man seeking his own good, that we forget that great and growing power, labor. We have often heard that the hands of labor and capital are joined. They are not. The only thing that will unite these two great opposing forces is justice. The hands of labor and capital will be joined only by love, sympathy, and justice.

"The happiest people in the world are those who earn their living by the sweat of their own—those who can make both ends meet and have happiness in their simple homes, those who have feelings of love and sympathy toward their fellowmen. Love is the greatest power in the world.

"We in our country do not love gold in the way they do abroad. This is due to the simple fact that we have no time to worship the golden calf. When a person once gets the love or the lust of gold it shrivels up the heart with all its feelings, love and sympathy and justice. The greatest possession in life is character, love. My religion is that God almighty dwells in the human heart. If you keep the heart pure, warm, and sympathetic you keep God there; if you let it become stained, cold, and selfish you drive God out."

Mr. Martin is a graduate of Union College in the class of 1876. He is also a member of the Kappa Alpha fraternity, which was founded at Union in 1825.

From a Man Who "Went Hunting"

We don't know him. He signed this letter with his initials only.

"Messrs. BRILL BROTHERS:

"Experience, instinct and familiarity with cloth and clothing actually compel me to search for the best values.

"When seeing the attractive advertised price reductions of the more reliable clothing people in the city for the past few days, I went hunting, and will say this: Never before have I seen values such as displayed by the aforesaid 'more reliable' clothiers. But I WAS ABSOLUTELY AMAZED WITH YOUR PRICES AND VALUES, WHICH ARE FAR BETTER THANTHE BEST EVER SEEN. L. S."

As the testimony of a disinterested outsider, it will be of definite interest to other men who go "a-hunting."

Brill Brothers

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47 CORTLANDT ST., near Greenwich. 125th STREET, at 3d Ave.
UNION SQUARE, 14th Street, West of Broadway.

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Loans from $1 to $1000 upon pledge of personal property.

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Lancashire Independent College
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Royal Academy, London
University of Sheffield
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Manchester College, Oxford
United Independent College, Bradford
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Royal Normal College for the Blind
Royal Albert Memorial College, Exeter
Bradford Technical College
School of Military Engineering, Chatham
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University of Berlin
University of Giessen
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University of Leipzig
University of Marburg
University of Bonn
University of Jena
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University of Bordeaux
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University of Glasgow
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IRELAND.

University of Dublin
National University of Ireland
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M'Gill University, Montreal
University of Toronto
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University of Kyoto
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The authoritative character of the contents of the New Edition of the Encyclopaedia Britannica in all questions of learning and research is paralleled by its practical utility as a work of reference in ordinary emergencies. How closely it is designed to meet modern requirements in this respect is reflected in the following classification of contributors

By Professions or Occupations.

Historians and Archaeologists	327
Sociologists and Economists	72
Geographers and Explorers	64
Biologists and Agriculturists	107
Mathematicians, Physicists and Chemists	93
Geologists, Astronomers and Meteorologists	65
Ministers, Diplomats and Government Officials	126
Theologians	161
Lawyers	75
Physicians and Surgeons	75
Engineers and Architects	73
Business Men and Manufacturers	62
Naval and Military Officers	79

To grasp at first thought the varied utility for study or for reference of so vast and original a work as the Eleventh Edition of the Encyclopaedia Britannica is impossible. To consider the most obvious uses which any intelligent reader will make of it is to look ahead for years. Yet, unless the question of the price to be paid is altogether disregarded, the decision to examine the details of the present limited offer with the idea of becoming a subscriber on the most favorable terms possible must be immediate.

In fact, the present occasion may be regarded in the light of a twofold opportunity. In making his application now the reader will (1) receive the benefit of the "advance of publication price," (2) obtain early delivery of his set. All orders are being filled in rotation. Early subscribers will accordingly receive their books far in advance of the thousands who delay entering their orders until April or May.

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To Be Increased to $7.50 a Volume.

It is intended that after May 31st the price shall be increased, the first increase to go into effect from that date, and the work will continue to be sold on an ascending scale of prices of which the ultimate price will be $7.50, the same as that of the 9th Edition.

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ARRAIGNMENT OF ANTI-IMPERIALISTS

Philippine Official Charges Winslow and Ralston with Deliberate Falsehood.

QUOTES FROM THE RECORD

Says It Shows Their Statements Concerning Disposal of Public and Friar Lands Are Untrue.

Dean C. Worcester, Secretary of the Interior of the Philippine Islands, has issued an open letter to the officers and members of the Anti-Imperialist League in which he accuses the league's Secretary, Erving Winslow, and its attorney, Jackson H. Ralston, of intentional misrepresentation and falsehood in connection with the controversy over the disposal of public lands and friar lands in the islands. He quotes extensively from testimony taken by the House Committee on Insular Affairs to support his contentions, the letter making a printed pamphlet of fifty pages.

"Your organization," says Mr. Worcester, "has long been occupying itself with what it rightly considers to be a moral issue of far-reaching importance. Both for this reason and for the further reason that many of you are personally known to me to be men of the highest honor and integrity, I take it for granted that the league would emphatically disapprove of the use, by its officers or employes, of dishonest or immoral methods in prosecuting its ends.

"I have long known that such methods were being used by Mr. Erving Winslow, but have felt that an accusation should not be made against him until it could be incontrovertibly proved. The time has now come when this can be done. I proposed to arraign him not only before your league but before the bar of public opinion.

"You have recently employed Mr. Jackson H. Ralston, an attorney, to represent you at an investigation before the Committee on Insular Affairs of the House of Representatives of the United States. He has been guilty of conduct which ought to earn for him the contempt of every decent citizen.

"I charge Mr. Erving Winslow, Secretary of the Anti-Imperialistic League, with the offense of making, through the medium of the public press, wilfully false statements relative to the conduct of officials of the Philippine Government.

"I charge Mr. Jackson H. Ralston, attorney for the Anti-Imperialistic League, with violating the ethics of his profession by endeavoring, under the guise of submitting a brief, to smuggle into the evidence to be considered by the Committee on Insular Affairs false testimony of his own; and this after the evidence had been closed, so that the persons thus unjustly attacked might be judged without any opportunity to be heard in their own defense. I charge him, further, with making, both in this so-called brief and in the public press, deliberately false statements as to what the testimony taken in this case shows.

"The opportunity for proving the truth or falsity of my charges is a most exceptional one. Both men have made their statements in print. The evidence before the Committee on Insular Affairs was recorded stenographically and has all been printed. It is therefore necessary only to confront the charges with the printed testimony, so far at least as they are based on anything actually stated at the hearings. So far as concerns matters which Mr. Ralston has now attempted to drag in by the ears, I can only put my testimony against his allegations."

Referring to the purchase of land at Baguio when the Summer capital was established there, Mr. Worcester says:

"Mr. Winslow and Mr. Ralston charge that the lots bought by the Governor General and myself were purchased for speculative purposes, and that we have prostituted ourselves by using our authority as Government officials, first, to secure them at a low price, and then to increase their value. Their charges are utterly false.

"All lots were, and under the law had to be, sold at public auction, this being the first sale of land at Baguio. The sale price was therefore, of course, fixed in each case by the will of the public. Both Governor General Forbes and I needed and wanted homes at Baguio. Each of us bought at public auction the lot he desired, like any other private citizen. Both of us secured land which no one else wanted, and which at that time was, by many people, considered quite undesirable. The prices brought at this auction were by far the largest ever paid up to that time for public land in the Philippine Islands, and were paid in anticipation of the public improvements to be made at that place."

Regarding sales to Poole which it was alleged were to be transferred to the Sugar Trust Mr. Worcester says:

"There was no previous understanding that these 58,000 acres of land were intended to go to corporations, and it is now evident that they will not do so, the evidence having conclusively shown that the real owners of the San José estate, with the exception of the 500 acres deeded to the Mindoro Development Company, are to be Horace Havemeyer, Charles J. Welch, and Charles Senff. The evidence further shows conclusively that these men do not represent the so-called Sugar Trust, which has no interest whatever in the transaction."

He also denies that his nephew was favored in the purchase of lands.

Mr. Worcester intimates that the attack really emanates from beet sugar interests, and asks if the machinery of the Anti-Imperialist League is being used to strangle the sugar-producing industry in the Philippines. He concludes by saying:

"I have endeavored to bring home to the officers and members of the Anti-Imperialist League some of the more essential facts which seem to me to show dishonest and immoral conduct on the part of one of its officers and one of its employes. In giving publicity to this conduct my motive is to force investigation and the indorsement or repudiation of these men by the league, so that the public may learn, once and for all, where the league stands in matters involving the truthfulness and morality of its agents."

WESTON TO GIVE A LECTURE.

Pedestrian Wants to Prove That Even at 73 He's Not on the Shelf.

Edward Payson Weston, the pedestrian whose walk across the continent when he was 70 years old attracted so much attention, will celebrate his seventy-second birthday on Wednesday night with a lecture on "The Vicissitudes of a Walker," in Grace M. E. Church, 104th Street and Amsterdam Avenue. To a committee of prominent New Yorkers who recently suggested that they would like to participate in some form of testimonial on his anniversary he responded that he would give this lecture to show that even at his age he had no intention of consigning himself to the class of "has beens."

The Rev. Christian F. Reisner of Grace M. E. Church heard of the letter proposing the testimonial and wrote to the pedestrian offering his church and suggesting that a lecture be given and tickets sold. Thereupon Mr. Weston wrote to the committee to that effect, and got out his notes for the lecture. It treats in a humorous way of his varied experiences as a walker, and he promises to make it "practical and useful to all listeners." The pastor will deliver an introductory address, and Dr. E. E. Smith will also speak from the standpoint of Mr. Weston's physician.

Lecture for Scholarship Fund.

Seumas MacManus, the Irish dramatist, assisted by Miss Lotta Davidson, will give an illustrated lecture on a "Merry Ramble Through Ireland" at the Normal College Saturday evening. The proceeds will go to the college scholarship fund, which was started by the class of 1903 to aid students, who would not otherwise be able to continue their studies.

ROYAL FORTUNE TELLER DEAD

"Gypsy Lee" Prophesied the Duke of Clarence's Death—Protected by King.

"Gypsy Lee," a fortune teller known to travelers from all parts of the world, is dead at her home on the Devil's Dyke, Brighton, England. For more than half a century the bright-eyed woman with the dark ringlets spent the day in her caravan telling fortunes to rich and poor, and amassed a fortune independent of the large sums she gave away to the poor of Brighton.

King Edward, when Prince of Wales; President Grant, William Ewart Gladstone, King George, and the late Duke of Westminster visited her caravan when they were at Brighton. When Gypsy Lee told the fortune of the late Duke of Clarence, elder brother of King George, she prophesied that his death would come soon after his engagement.

Thousands of Americans have taken the ride over the Sussex downs from Brighton and had their palms read by Gypsy Lee. When the Town Council of Brighton tried to stop her practicing her calling the late King Edward interested himself in her behalf and she was allowed to remain.

SHIP ARRIVES SIX DAYS LATE.

The Birma Encountered a Cyclone and a Big Ice Floe.

After an encounter with a cyclone and safely passing icebergs the steamer Birma arrived last night from Libau, via Halifax, six days overdue.

On March 3, Capt. Stulpin says, the ship ran into a storm from the west-southwest of cyclonic proportions. Gigantic waves broke over the vessel, one smashing a lifeboat and throwing a seaman against the rail with such violence that he still suffers from painful bruises.

Three days later the Birma encountered a large field of ice, with towering bergs, which made navigation hazardous. Once out of the ice floe, a northwest gale drove the ship fifty miles southeast of her course, making it necessary to put into Halifax for more coal. An ice field was seen off Halifax, where the passengers amused themselves by throwing things at the hundreds of seals that were sunning themselves on the cakes.

MOTHER PLEADS FOR BOY.

She Waits Till Midnight for Him When He Is Freed from Court Prison.

Saturday's rush in the Yorkville Night Court was heavy. In the hour preceding recess Magistrate Herrman handled about fifty cases. A boy of 16 years old was arraigned at 11 o'clock charged with stealing coal from a North River pier. His mother, a frail woman, pleaded for her son.

"He's a good boy, Judge. He works every day and he makes all the money we get. Let him go home, Judge," pleaded the mother.

"He was caught in the act, Madam," said the Magistrate. "I must punish him. I'll fine him $1."

The mother clasped her hands in supplication.

"I've only ninety cents. What shall I do?" she cried.

Chief Clerk Rice soothed her and told her the boy would be set free at 12 o'clock.

"Poor Bennie!" said the woman, kissing her son. "I'll be waiting for you, dear, to take you home."

And she was.

THRIFT

Our ten-year mortgage makes you pay a small amount on principal (one-half of one per cent.) every six months.

It allows you to pay as much more as you want (in even $100 amounts).

This temptation to save is just what many people need to encourage thrift and economy.

Not more than $10,000 loaned to one person on this plan. Send for circular.

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST CO.

Capital . .	$ 4,375,000
Surplus (all earned)	10,625,000

176 B'way, N. Y. 175 Remsen St., Bklyn.
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PIANOS
PLAYER PIANOS
WISSNER PIANOS

THE Magnificent New Wissner Piano Building, 55-57 Flatbush Ave., will soon be ready for occupancy. It is our intention to open this palatial wareroom with a brand new stock of instruments. There are more than five hundred Pianos and Player Pianos to be sold at sweeping reductions during the big

Removal Sale PIANOS

which is now in progress. This will be a tremendous event and its effect of a far-reaching character.

Square Pianos will be sold as low as **$7, $10** and up.

Used Upright Pianos, **$45** upward.

Used Upright Pianos that were practically rebuilt at the Wissner Factories, some of which resemble new pianos in all respects, will be offered as low as **$115.**

Nearly new pianos of various makes, **$175.**

New pianos of various makes, **$190** up.

Discontinued styles and shopworn pianos at unheard of reductions.

Player Pianos and Grand Pianos—nearly one hundred of them—will be placed on sale at prices ranging from **$385** upward.

Pay cash if you wish, or we will allow you three years to pay.

The transaction will be confidential. No interest or extras charged.

THE FOLLOWING ARE A FEW OF THE USED PIANOS:

Original Price.		Sale Price.	Original Price.		Sale Price.	Original Price.		Sale Price.
$250	Billings	$65	$600	Kroeger	$235	$250	New York	$45
500	Chickering	140	400	Leckerling	215	550	Chickering	250
600	Everett	265	500	Wissner	290	550	Wissner	285
800	Gilbert	175	500	Chickering	235	550	Steinway	225
550	Chickering	165	500	Lindeman	215	350	Royal	160
275	Reinhard	190	275	Mendelssohn	180	400	Wagner	170

Don't miss this opportunity because you have no time to call in the day time. Remember we are open evenings so that all can receive the benefits of this event; in fact we prefer you to call then, as we can give you our undivided attention. ***Come in to-night if possible.***

WISSNER WAREROOMS
538-540 Fulton Street, Brooklyn
BROOKLYN'S LARGEST PIANO STORE

$116,000

The Largest Accident Insurance Loss Ever Paid

Mr. John M. Carrere, a prominent New York architect, while riding in a taxicab on February 12, was injured by collision with a trolley car and died March 1. He had an accident policy for $50,000 in the

Travelers Insurance Company

The Travelers has paid Mr. Carrere's beneficiaries the sum of one hundred and sixteen thousand dollars.

$50,000	principal sum.
50,000	additional, because the accident occurred while riding in a public conveyance.
15,000	accumulations.
1,000	hospital expenses.

The cost of accident insurance is small. The benefits large.

Moral: Insure in the Travelers.

Write for Particulars.

THE TRAVELERS INSURANCE COMPANY
HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT

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THE WORLDS PUREST SPRING WATER

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Ellenville, N. Y. N. Y. Office, 34th St. & Broadway.

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23rd Street *34th Street*

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"McCreery Silks"
Famous over half a century.

On Monday and Tuesday, March the 13th and 14th.

Sale of Twenty-five Thousand Yards Novelty Silks, including Printed Faconne Foulards, Black and White Check and Stripe Silks, Pompadour and Persian Satin, also Double width Marquisette.
75c per yard
value 1.25

WASH DRESS GOODS. *In Both Stores.*

Second Floor.

Commencing Monday, March the 13th.

Sale of Ten Thousand Yards of Washable Materials, consisting of Irish Linen, Mercerized Cotton and Linen and Heavy Cotton Suitings. A wide range of colors.
16c per yard
former prices 25c and 35c

White French Linen, dry finish, pure Flax. 46 inches wide. 38c per yard
value 65c

DRESS GOODS. *In Both Stores.*

Second Floor.

Colored and Black Fabrics.

5,000 yards of Scotch Heather Suiting. Grey Mixed Fabrics and English Serge.
1.25 to 2.00 per yard

Black French Wool Voile, crisp finish.
85c per yard
value 1.25

James McCreery & Co.
23rd Street *34th Street*

James McCreery & Co.
23rd Street *34th Street*

On Monday and Tuesday, March the 13th and 14th.

RUG DEPARTMENTS. *In Both Stores.*

Extra quality Wilton Rugs in a complete range of sizes from 22 x 36 in. to 11 ft. 3 in. x 15 ft. All colors. 3.75 to 94.50

Rag Rugs in all shades and sizes from 24 x 36 in. to 9 x 12 ft. 60c to 9.00

Complete assortment of Grass Rugs in all sizes.

All Wool Mission Rugs in sizes from 6 x 9 ft. to 12 x 15 ft. 1.00 square yard

LINEN DEP'TS. *In Both Stores.*

Real Madeira Hand-embroidered Linens, at greatly reduced prices.

Centre Pieces.95c, 1.50 and 2.75 each
Scarfs.........2.25, 2.75 " 3.50 "
Tray Cloths.........1.50 " 2.50 "
Doylies.......3.75, 5.00 " 10.50 doz.
Rose Scalloped Tea Napkins.4.75 "
Irish Satin Damask Table Cloths, round or square design.
2.25, 2.75, 3.25, 3.50 and 4.25 each
Napkins to match.2.50 " 3.25 doz.
Round Scalloped Satin Damask Tea Cloths........4.25, 4.75 and 6.00 each
Linen Sheets and Pillow Cases, hand-hemstitched.
Sheets........7.50, 9.00 and 10.00 pair
Pillow Cases.2.00, 2.50 " 3.00 "

James McCreery & Co.
23rd Street *34th Street*

Stern Brothers

will hold To-day, Monday,

Special Sales of

WOMEN'S SUITS AND DRESSES,
PARIS HANDMADE BLOUSES,
NAINSOOK AND CAMBRIC UNDERWEAR,
SHOES,
DRESS FABRICS,
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AMERICAN RUGS,
CUT GLASS AND DECORATED CHINA

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direct attention to their exceptional facilities for the

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of
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Special Concessions in Prices for Altering or Repairing Furs during the Spring and Summer months.

Estimates Submitted and articles called for Upon Request.

West 23d and 22d Streets

YOU *must not miss* reading a little book just out. It is like a powerful field-glass, for it makes you see new possibilities for profit and progressiveness in your business.

"What Imagination In Business Is Doing"

By J. GEORGE FREDERICK

Your copy of this book is all ready to mail to you—send four cents in stamps NOW before you do another thing.

Every visitor to the Bourse Show Rooms Special Service Day, Tuesday, March 14th, between 11 A. M. and 3 P. M., will be presented with a copy of the book.

260-261 Broadway, opp. City Hall

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OFFICE EQUIPMENT
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10,000 YARDS OF FRENCH SILK MARQUISETTE IN BLACK AND OVER THIRTY OF THE LATEST PARIS SHADES, 42 INCHES WIDE, WILL BE ON SALE THIS DAY (MONDAY), AT AN ATTRACTIVE PRICE.

ATTENTION IS DIRECTED TO THE NEW STOCKS OF FASHIONABLE DRESS SILKS, AMONG THEM THE BORDERED EFFECTS IN FOULARDS, MARQUISETTES, CHIFFONS AND SATINS AS EMPLOYED THIS SEASON BY LEADING PARIS COUTURIERES.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

W. L. DOUGLAS
ESTAB. 1876 **$3.50 & $4 SHOES** FOR MEN

W.L.Douglas guarantees to the wearer full value for his money, $3.50 or $4.00, according to the price stamped on the bottom.

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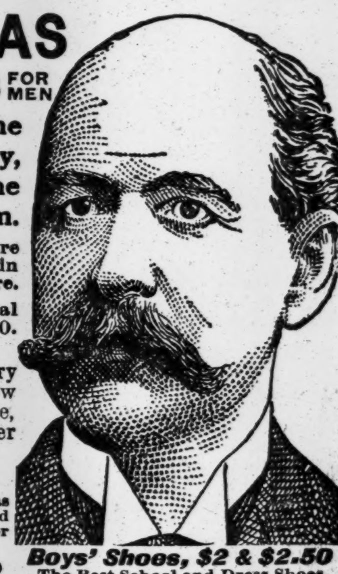
A visit to W. L. Douglas great factory at Brockton, Mass., would show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, and why they hold their shape, fit better and wear longer than any other make.



BEWARE OF SUBSTITUTES.

CAUTION The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and the retail price stamped on the bottom, which protects the wearer against high prices and inferior shoes.

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Boys' Shoes, $2 & $2.50
The Best School and Dress Shoes for the Price in America.

If you cannot obtain W. L. Douglas shoes in your town, write for catalog. Shoes sent direct from factory to wearer, all charges prepaid. W. L. DOUGLAS, 152 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

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853 Broadway.
1349 Broadway.
1437 Broadway.
984 Third Avenue.
1452 Third Avenue.
2202 Third Avenue.
2779 Third Avenue.
356 Sixth Avenue.
345 Eighth Avenue.
663 Eighth Avenue.
250 West 125th St.
BROOKLYN
421 Fulton Street.
708-710 Broadway.
1007 Broadway.
1367 Broadway.
478 Fifth Avenue.
1779 Pitkin Avenue
Newark—785 Broad Street.
Jersey City—18 Newark Avenue.

STRIKE HITS ONLY ADAMS EXPRESS CO.

Drivers of Rival Concerns Refuse to Quit, but Taxicab Chauffeurs Threaten to Walk Out.

POLICE LOOK FOR TROUBLE

Will Be Out in Force When the Adams Wagons Start Out with New Drivers To-day.

The effort of the striking drivers and helpers of the Adams Express Company to induce the drivers and helpers of the other express companies to join them in a general strike did not meet with much success yesterday. It was stated on good authority that the employes of the American, Wells Fargo, United States, and National companies declined to leave their wagons and join the Adams employes, at least for the present. The employes of these four companies, it is said, are satisfied with their treatment and have no grievances whatever.

Secretary H. P. Biggs of the Express Employes' Local 437, the members of which are all employes of the Adams company, admitted yesterday afternoon, after a stormy meeting in Washington Hall, 781 Eighth Avenue, that he had received no encouragement from the employes of the other companies, and that he did not believe any of them would join the strikers.

Valentine Hoffman, Vice President of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, was not so certain, however, that a general strike would not be called. He said there would be a general council meeting at the rooms of the International Brotherhood at Chelsea Hall, 161 Eighth Avenue, to-morrow, and that in all probability a general strike of express drivers would be called.

There was talk yesterday of calling out the taxicab chauffeurs of the city. On the floor above the rooms where the express drivers held their meeting there was a meeting of Local 267 of the Chauffeurs' Union, and when it was over Secretary Con O'Leary said that every taxicab driver employed by the New York Cab Company and the Taxicab Service Company would quit work to-day, and by the end of the week every taxicab driver in the city would be on strike.

O'Leary said this decision was reached after repeated attempts had been made by the taxicab drivers to get the rights promised to them when the last strike was ended. He said the taxicab drivers demand $2.55 for a twelve-hour day and 30 cents an hour for all overtime. They ayso demand the recognition of the union button. If the strike is called it will affect about 600 men, according to O'Leary.

About 200 employes of the Wells Fargo Company, who are members of Local 433, held a meeting at Hawks's Hall, 228 Erie Street, Jersey City, and received a grievance committee from the striking employes of the Adams Company. The committee urged the Wells Fargo employes to join the strike, but after considerable debate the motion not to strike was carried. It was agreed that all financial assistance possible would be given the strikers. The committee left deeply disappointed. Employes of the United States Express Company will hold a meeting next Sunday, when they also will vote on the question.

There will be a meeting of the Adams employes at Deane's Hall, Fifth and Grove Streets, Jersey City, to-day, when it is expected that the drivers who did not obey the order to strike on Saturday will fall in line with their associates and refuse to return to work.

Yesterday the express company made little effort to move any freight, and there were no scenes of disorder. A few wagons were sent out from several of the stables with perishable freight, but as the regular express company vehicles were not used, the strikers did not learn what was going on until the packages had been delivered.

Beginning this morning, however, the company will begin moving all its freight, having, as it said, plenty of drivers and helpers. Despite the rebuff the strikers received from the employes of the other companies, they decided to keep up their fight, and the police are preparing for trouble. Policemen will be on hand at all the express company's stables, but none will be allowed to ride on the wagons with the drivers.

A representative of the Adams Company said yesterday that it had obtained enough strikebreakers to man all its wagons, and that it intends to proceed to-day as if nothing had happened. These men are not ordinary strikebreakers, but are made up of ex-cowboys, ex-policemen, and others recruited from the West as well as regular drivers of the company from other cities. The company, it was said, is firm in its intention to ignore the strikers completely, and will refuse to deal with them in any way.

The Jersey City police have made all arrangements to protect the company's drivers. More than 200 have been assigned to guard the company's wagons, and they will be under the command of Inspector Kelly and Capt. Cody.

"The Adams Company cannot get along without us, and will soon have to give in," said Secretary Biggs. "Even if it doesn't, we are prepared to stick it out for six months, if necessary. We will employ peaceful tactics, but we will not be responsible for trouble if the company attempts to send out its wagons."

Biggs was asked about the statement of President Barrett of the Adams Company that the only reason its men had for calling the strike was because one driver had been dismissed for leaving his wagon and going into a ferryboat cabin to smoke and that three others had met the same fate because they took a letter from the desk of a company Inspector.

"I don't know anything about the first case," said Biggs, "but if a driver did such a thing he should have been dismissed. We have no fault to find with that decision whatever. It is different in regard to the other case, however. I have been assured that that letter was found on the floor of a ferryboat by one of the three men. They did not steal it, and the company is wrong in accusing them."

It was stated by an official of the Adams Compaay yesterday that one reason for the action of the union in calling the strike was that the members wanted to get revenge because several of the men implicated in the murder of John C. Warner, who was stabbed to death in the last strike, had been dropped from the payroll of the company. The trial of several of the men implicated in the murder will come up in a few days. Most of those arrested were employes of the express companies and members of Local 437.

Warner was a civil engineer employed by the Fidelity Development Company and was on his way to join a duck-shooting party on Long Island when he was waylaid in Seventh Avenue, near Thirty-sixth Street, and mortally stabbed. He died three days later in Flower Hospital.

New Chop House to Open.

Charles A. Merritt, former manager of the Government Hotel Tivoli at Ancon, Panama, and caterer at the famous 'possum dinner to President Taft at Atlanta, Ga., is about to open an old-fashioned English chop house at 163 West Thirty-fourth Street. In addition to having a big silver grill in the centre where guests can pick out their chops and steaks the roast beef and mutton will be wheeled to the guests on tables heated by electricity and carved to order. The chop house will be called "The House of Merit." The enterprise is backed by William T. Sutphen, President of the Investors and Traders' Realty Company.

DENY THAT ROACH HIT MOTHER-IN-LAW

Policeman and Marshal Defend Navy Gunner Who Is Accused of Assault.

FAMILY ROW IN COURT

Roach Clashed with Wife's Mother in Recovering His Child's Presents—Separated from His Wife.

James T. Roach appeared before Magistrate Herbert in the Yorkville Police Court yesterday morning as the defendant in an assault case of more than ordinary complications. He is a chief gunner in the United States Navy, with rank equal to that of an Ensign, and is at present stationed at the E. W. Bliss & Co. works inspecting the torpedoes made for the Government. He lives at the Hotel Margaret on Columbia Heights, Brooklyn.

The assault charge grew out of Roach's attempt to get possession of gifts made to his four-year-old daughter, Erna Virginia. He and his wife, who was Alice M. Hornig, have been living apart since last Summer. Roach brought a habeas corpus proceeding in the Supreme Court last September, and Justice Hendrick granted him the custody of his daughter. He then sought to recover from his wife certain gifts of silverware and embroidered baby clothes that had been given by relatives for the child. Their value was chiefly sentimental, he said. He told in court that he had endeavored to persuade his wife to give up these things and that she had refused, saying that the articles had been lost. On last Feb. 25 he got a writ of replevin from the Second District Municipal Court for certain other articles that he wished to recover.

On the same day, with City Marshal Frank C. Merklee and Policeman Gennerich of the West 152d Street Station, he visited the apartment of his mother-in-law, Mrs. Elizabeth Hornig, at 601 West 164th Street, where his wife had been staying. While there he saw some of the child's gifts. He took possession of these. Mrs. Hornig, who was there, protested, and as Roach and the Marshal were leaving the house, she rushed forward and endeavored to seize the things.

A momentary scuffle ensued during which she received a cut on the forehead from a silver picture frame which Roach carried. She thereupon had him arrested, and he was taken before Magistrate Herbert on a charge of felonious assault and grand larceny.

The Magistrate threw out the larceny charge and entertained only that of assault. The policeman testified that Roach had not assaulted his mother-in-law. Marshal Merklee could not be present, and the hearing was adjourned until yesterday, when the Magistrate could hear the rest of the case himself.

At yesterday's hearing Marshal Merklee also testified that Roach had not assaulted Mrs. Hornig. She and her daughter had as counsel Assistant United States District Attorney Carl E. Whitney, while the defendant was represented by Kaufmann, Herzberg & Finkler.

After hearing the testimony Magistrate Herbert said he believed there had been no intention upon Roach's part to commit an assault. He said the property in question evidently belonged to the defendant, and the point to be decided was how far Mrs. Hornig was justified in resisting his taking it away, and how far he was right in removing it against her protest. He took the case under advisement until next Wednesday morning, when his ruling will be announced.

Erna Virginia Roach is in Newport in charge of some of her father's relatives, and yesterday he seemed to regret the complaint against him only because it prevented his making the regular week-end visit to her. The value of the presents was set by him at about $125. They included a diamond locket, a silver mug and plate, and some embroidered articles of children's wear. He said there had also been a toy bank containing about $60 in small coins, which he had not been able to recover.

BUSINESS MEN VISIT EUROPE.

They Will Examine Commercial Conditions in a 70-Day Trip.

The Boston Chamber of Commerce, it was announced yesterday, will send a party of American business men on a tour of European cities to study business and economic conditions. They will sail on the Cunarder Ivernia from Boston on June 12, and in seventy days they will visit England, France, Germany, Belgium, Austria-Hungary, and Switzerland, arriving in Paris on Aug. 15.

The party of 100 will include leading men from the New England States and delegations from New York, Philadelphia, Pittsburg, Cleveland, Detroit, Chicago, and other cities. The members will extend personal invitations to the commercial bodies of Europe to attend the International Congress of Chambers of Commerce, which is to be held in Boston in 1912.

Special trains and big touring cars will carry the party from one city to another on the Continent. The Ivernia will arrive in Liverpool in time for the Coronation, which is to take place in London on June 22.

CLAY M. GREENE WEDS.

Mrs. Laura H. Robinson Bride of the Lambs ex-Shepherd.

The marriage of Clay M. Greene, ex-Shepherd of the Lambs Club, and Mrs. Laura H. Robinson took place at 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon at the Hotel Calumet, the home of the bride. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Paul Spencer of the Church of the Strangers.

The bride was given away by her son, Arthur G. Robinson, a midshipman at the Naval Academy, and was attended by her two daughters, Marion and Helen. The best man was Thomas Carey. Only a few friends were present at the ceremony. After a wedding supper, served in the private dining room of the hotel, a reception was held in the drawing room. Mr. and Mrs. Greene will leave immediately for the West Indies, after which they will spend some time in California before returning to New York, where they will make their permanent residence.

Mrs. Greene is a daughter of Robert Hewett of Washington, and comes from the Maryland family of Carrols. She is known as the author of many short stories and sketches. Mr. Greene is one of the most prominent members of the Lambs Club, and was its President for twelve years. He has written many plays and sketches, and is the author of skits that have been presented at Lambs Club gambols.

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From a photograph of the original wax model of the reconstructed idol.

"Ye've only to whisper your worries into the blessed ear of Wurra-Wurra an' they'll all fall from ye, lavin' ye clane and paceful an' in your right mind."—Legend of Wurra-Wurra.

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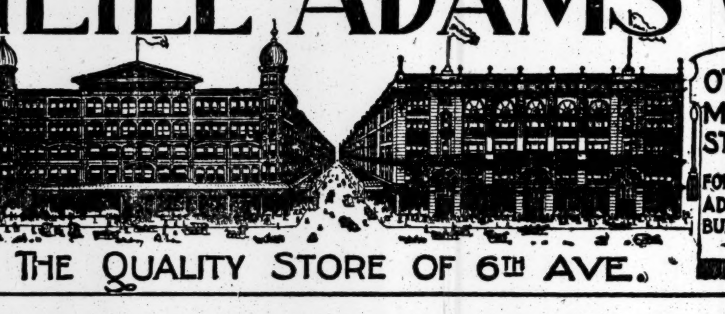

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New Spring 1911
Suits, Dresses, Coats

Garments that stand for ideas that are exclusive yet priced within the bounds of reason, at the same time showing values that are consistent and in full keeping with our endorsement. Monday's showing will be most unusual and pleasing in every detail.

Two Hundred Suits for Women, Including Specially Made Models for Small Women, at $24.75

Made of serges—black, navy and white—black-and-white check worsteds and fancy tweeds. Your choice of several most noteworthy models, which, to be fully appreciated, must be seen. See these at $24.75, and what others ask elsewhere $30.00 for.

Four Special Models in Foulard Dresses at $19.75

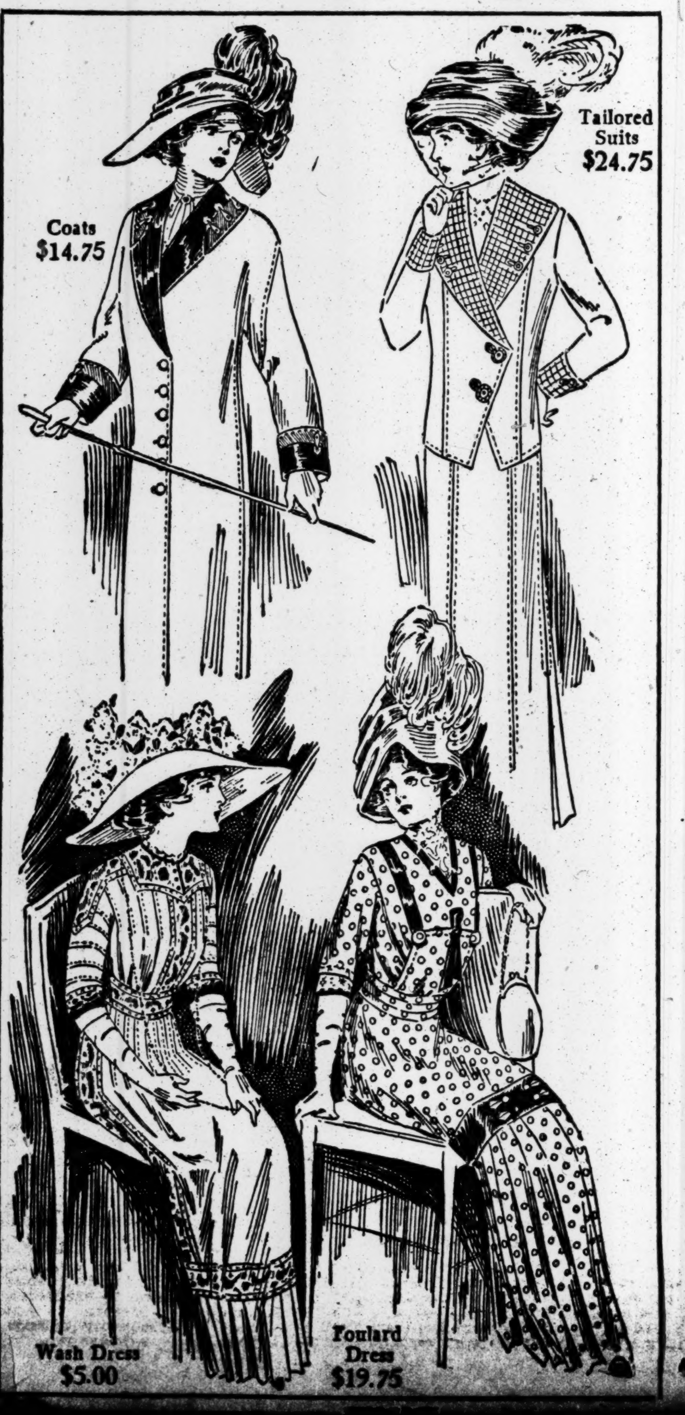
Four most unusual, specially made models produced for us by New York's best and leading dressmaker, every style a copy of the latest importation. Seventy-five dresses of high-class shed-water foulards in the newest light and dark shades, for women and small women. Our price $19.75; compare elsewhere at $25.00.

New Spring Coats

Models suitable for women and small women, four most up to the moment new ideas on sale to-morrow. They are made of men's wear, fine serges in blacks, navys and tans, three-quarter taffeta silk lined waist and sleeves, combination trimmed and severely plain tailored models; at $19.75 they would be values, here only $14.75

500 Summer Frocks at $5.00

In lingeries, muslins and lawns. Your choice of fully ten most effective creations in white, black, and dainty shadings suitable to women and small women. Value $7.50 to $10.00, at $5.00.



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In the Superb Amritsar Weave, Selected From the Whole Stock of Lawton & Company, New York, and Offered Today
At Hardly More Than Half Prices
Sizes range from 3x6 ft. to 18x24 ft., at $16.50 to $650, usually $30 to $1200; and include an abundance of Hall Runners and Small Rugs, the latter at $5 each. Sixth Floor

A Spring Sale of Fine Shoes
Comprising $75,000 Worth of Men's, Women's and Children's Shoes, Mostly in Spring Weights and Styles, to Sell for About $48,000
Providing practically every desirable kind of High Shoes, Low Shoes, Slippers and Pumps that will be in demand this Spring, as well as heavier weights for immediate wear. Second Floor

Thousands of Yards of Dress Goods
In an Important Spring Sale, Embracing the Favorite American and Foreign Fabrics of the Season
At reductions bringing many items down to the bare cost of production. Second Floor

A Lustrous Cluster of Spring Silks
Priced in a truly remarkable way, for weaves in such high favor, Headed by $2.50 to $3 Bordered Chiffons at $1 yd., and $2.25. Double width Crepe Meteor at $1.45 yd. Second Floor

A New Gimbel Offering of Leather Goods
Presenting Traveling Bags, Suit Cases and Women's Handbags. In most desirable styles, at savings of ⅓ to ½ or more. Main Floor

Housekeepers' Sale of Bed Coverings
Sheets, Pillow Cases, Blankets and Bedspreads of Established Quality at Very Low Prices, Just at Spring House-furnishing Time
Also an unusual group of the most-wanted White Fabrics of the season, at marked savings. Second Floor

$3.25 to $9 Lace Curtains, at $2.25 to $6.50 Pair
In Marie Antoinette and Mission styles; also a fine group of Madras Curtains at half prices. Sixth Floor

Progress of the March China and Housewares Sales
With stirring offerings of Dinner Sets, Cut Glass and Elite Imported Enamel Ware, at decisive economies. Fifth Floor

The Subway Store Contributes Fine News
Besides its share of the offerings of Shoes and Dress Goods, it presents an important Picture Occasion, and many other interesting items of noteworthy economy.

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To spend an hour in the Auditorium daily, beginning at 2 o'clock, and enjoy a charming Song Recital by Mr. Paul Dufault, Tenor, assisted by Mr. A. J. Duggan at the Apollo. Eighth Floor.

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NEW YORK, MONDAY, MARCH 13, 1911.

MR. TAFT AND "FREE TRADE."

We should like to see a snapshot of Secretary KNOX's usually placid countenance taken when President TAFT "asked him to offer complete free trade" to Canada as a beginning in the reciprocity negotiations. The Secretary of State is not a stolid man by any means, but he has been trained in the ideas, aims, interests, and methods of Pennsylvania protectionism, the narrowest and hungriest type known even in America. The Pennsylvania notion of trade as affected by politics is that profit can be got only by selling, and that the business of the Government is to keep foreign sellers out of the home market. When he was blandly requested by his chief to propose to Canada to throw the doors wide open along the Northern border from ocean to ocean he may well have felt that the foundations of the protection deep were breaking up.

The proposition is startling even from Mr. TAFT, whose mind works in ways not yet quite calculable by his party associates. On its face, and taken logically, it is a sheer revolutionary proposition. Strictly reasoning, it may be said that there is as little to be feared and as much to be gained by opening the doors of our market all around as from opening them to the Dominion. But though this is a logical conclusion, it does not follow that Mr. TAFT accepts it. He may even not have considered it. His view has been fixed on the problem of Canada, his attention has been confined to the facts involved in that problem; these facts pointed to free trade toward the North as the simplest and most lasting solution of the pending question. He was not required to trace broader lines or pursue remoter effects. Perhaps he was content with the matter in hand and willing to let the future take care of itself. But even so, his course of reasoning has great significance, and, with regard to his own policy and that of the Government, may have far-reaching consequences.

Suppose, for example, that Senator CUMMINS, as he has intimated that he will, shall propose in the Senate to admit, under the reciprocity agreement, a good many articles not now included, and this without any corresponding "concession" from Canada. The agreement so amended, if it passed both houses, would obviously escape any objection, either from the President or from Canada. Canada could not object to getting more than she had asked. The President would hardly object to a change on the line he had himself suggested. The agreement as it stands makes a distinct and effective hole in the dike by which the protectionists have sought to keep out the flood of foreign products from our markets. If it were extended as Senator CUMMINS would like the hole would be enlarged and the access of the enriching flood would be made easier. And, quite apart from any change in the agreement, the knowledge so candidly and so much as a matter of course communicated by the President that at the outset he proposed mutual free trade to Canada may have wide influence. When Mr. TAFT, with his known devotion to the best interests of his country, with his strong and well-trained intellect, with his keen sense of responsibility, calmly and deliberately, but without hesitation, seeks to establish absolute free trade over the whole American continent from the Rio Grande to the Arctic Ocean the very foundations of protection as a fiscal principle and as a party policy are shaken.

There is another aspect of this really momentous announcement by the President which has a deep and lasting significance. Unquestionably the main, the underlying motive of Mr. TAFT in dealing with our international relations with Canada was political and moral rather than economic. He sought permanent peace. He saw, and rightly, that we should get incalculable economic gain, but peace, firm and enduring, on the basis of free intercourse and progressive intimacy, was his vital aim. It was the aim of WASHINGTON and FRANKLIN and HAMILTON when they labored, at the close of the eighteenth century, to remove the barriers to trade between the States, and Mr. TAFT had the sagacity to see that the same method would work equally well between two entirely independent neighboring nations. It was the fruit of this sagacity that he proposed at the very outset complete free trade. Undoubtedly, ultimately it will come. It may even come before Mr. TAFT retires from the Executive office. Whether it come sooner or later it will be a triumph of sound, far-seeing, and patriotic statesmanship for which he will deserve the deep respect of his countrymen.

How will the Republican leaders take this new departure of their chief? It is too soon to say. Apparently, there are none left powerful enough to pick up safely the gauntlet he has thrown at their feet. In any case he has shown that true leadership at present is in his hands. He manifested it when he made of the Tariff Board a reality when his party managers meant it to be a sham. He manifested it again when he put the Canada agreement up to them. He has proved now that these achievements were not passing or accidental demonstrations of his power, but a part of a wide plan, with a sound principle underlying it and a high aim as its inspiration. It is for the ordinary managers a novel, puzzling, hopeless situation.

THE MEXICAN PRESIDENCY.

Mr. JOSE YVES LIMANTOUR, now a distinguished visitor within our gates, has been spoken of lately as a possible successor to Gen. PORFIRIO DIAZ in the Presidency of Mexico. He has often been thus spoken of before, and has always disclaimed any intention of seeking that office. Mr. LIMANTOUR's disclaimer should be accepted as sincere. His statesmanship is not to be questioned, and his services to his country have been substantial. But a large proportion of Mexican citizens hold that Mr. LIMANTOUR is constitutionally ineligible for the Presidency. They interpret the clause of their Constitution defining the qualifications of the President, which is almost exactly the same as the corresponding clause of our own Constitution, as barring any man whose parents were not born in Mexico. The occasional mention of Mr. HENRY CLAY CREEL, Secretary of Foreign Affairs in the Diaz Cabinet, as a candidate for the Presidency has been frowned upon for the same reason. Mr. CREEL's father was an American who settled in Mexico and married a Mexican woman. Mr. LIMANTOUR was born in Mexico of French parents. In like circumstances in this country the eligibility of neither of them would be questioned. But the popular Mexican idea is set forth by RAFAEL DE ZAYAS ENRIQUEZ, who used to be poet laureate of Mexico, and afterward turned revolutionist, in his biography of DIAZ:

> The Mexican Constitution requires that the President of the Republic shall be a native Mexican; it is not enough that he should have been born within the national territory, for, as we follow the jus sanguinis, not the jus solis, his parents also must be Mexican citizens.

Doubtless the objection, which dates from the very dawn of Mexican independence, when distrust of the Spaniard was general, might be overruled, but it is strongly held to in all parts of Mexico, and the attempt to elect to the office of Chief Magistrate any man who did not satisfy the popular idea of eligibility might cause much trouble. To be sure there is no present prospect of any such attempt, or of any call for a successor to DIAZ.

SUFFRAGETTES AND MORMONISM.

That is a strange tale which comes from London of the luring of women into the Mormon Church by promising them the right of suffrage in Utah. The Hon. REED SMOOT has vigorously denied it, partly, we assume, because he refuses to encourage suffragism, but largely because, lure or no lure, British female proselytes to Mormonism have lately been scarce. Yet the matter is still worth investigation by curious suffragettes. To be sure, Mormonism, in the popular mind, includes polygamy, and some persons who pretend to know declare that polygamy is still practiced in Utah, in spite of the law. To become one of a number of wives of one man does not seem to be going far toward the liberty and equality the struggling sisters demand.

But a woman who is compelled to give only a quarter or a fifth of the amount of attention to her husband that a monogamous wife is expected to give, must have plenty of spare time for politics. Perhaps a general exodus of English suffragettes to Utah would result as happily for the suffragettes as it surely would for the policemen and magistrates.

THE PANAMA FREIGHT RATES.

The medicine which the Government applies to the railway business is not the medicine which it takes itself, as appears from the redistribution of the freight rate via Panama. For four years the total annual freight across the Isthmus both ways averaged 46,000 tons, but this year 51,000 tons moved in one direction in four months, and 49,000 tons in the other direction. In other words, the business is growing, and the profits ought to be rising. The railways have been told that they ought to look to this for their larger expenses, and that they ought not to advance rates when their business is growing, and the cost per unit is falling.

But Uncle Sam thinks otherwise regarding his railway. He has been collecting 30 per cent. of a rate of $8 per ton for everything moving. He now substitutes commodity rates, and takes 40 per cent. as his share, thus reducing the share of the connecting steamship lines from 70 to 60 per cent. The reason is that he is embarrassed by his own prosperity. The connecting steamship lines are in a war with the Tehuantepec route, and reduced their rates to such an extent that the Panama Railway had more business than it could do and take care also of the Canal business. So it was thought that a reduction of the share of the connecting steamship lines would give them less leeway to cut rates, and thus the route might be less attractive to custom not sought just now. The rates are not advanced nominally, although it may be doubted what the effect of the substitution of the commodity rates for the flat rate may be. The Panama Railway simply takes a larger share, and the Government thinks that as there will be so much less to divide there will be less temptation to cut rates. The cutting of rates by any member of a pool to which the United States belongs is something which we hesitate to characterize.

The Government shows good business management in another manner. It prohibits the private carriers operating in connection with the Panama Railway from competing with the Government steamship line. They are allowed 22 per cent. of the commodity rate, but they have not yet received permission to run to Philadelphia. The Panama Railway holds that Philadelphia is within its sphere at the Port of New York, and wishes to reserve this port, including Philadelphia, for itself. Far be it from us to criticise anything the Government does to get the money it needs. But the Government wants different treatment for its railways from that administered by the Inter-State Commerce Commission. By the way, why was not this matter brought before the Commission, and the decision delayed for ten months instead of being rendered after a talk among gentlemen, and a result reached which surprised everybody?

THE CAMORRA TRIAL.

The scene is set at Viterbo, Italy, for the performance of a drama of worldwide interest, and it is believed that all the actors are at hand. Thirty-six members of the Camorra, a Neapolitan society of murderers and thieves, are on trial for assassination. Out of Naples, probably, little interest is felt in any one of them, but there is hope that the conviction of these persons, men and women, may result in the destruction of the Camorra. The existence of that society is no myth. Americans have a double interest in its destruction. Both ESTELLE REID and our brave police officer, PETROSINO, were victims of the Camorra.

The story of the tracking of these daring and pitiless rascals, after the particular murder for which they are now to be tried, by a carbinier, who represented himself as a Sardinian brigand and gained the confidence of one of their number, ABBATEMAGGIO, who is now the chief witness against them, and the hero of the Viterbo drama, was told in full for the first time in THE SUNDAY TIMES. All the materials of romance are there, and the ingenuity and daring of the soldier turned detective seems in the reading as remarkable as anything in the imaginings of the inventors of fiction. The oath of the Camorra, as ABBATEMAGGIO gives it, is terrifying and blood-curdling enough to satisfy the strongest appetite for the horrible.

All that remains is for ABBATEMAGGIO to tell his story in court, as he has already told it, and impress a jury that he is telling the truth. If he succeeds, it seems not unlikely that the Neapolitan Camorra will pass into history.

SIR OLIVER'S RELIGION.

Except in the assertion of his belief that "an occasional and difficult communication across the channel [separating the material from the spiritual] is possible," Sir OLIVER LODGE's address before the conference of British Evangelical Churches, summarized in the special cable dispatches of THE SUNDAY TIMES, was interesting, gratifying to all who believe that the support of religion by men of science is desirable rather than important. In his sixtieth year this famous mathematician and physicist proclaims his belief in "the persistence of individual existence," but he has never, so far as we know, dissented from that belief. The extraordinary feature of his address was his avowal of a partial and discouraging faith in spiritualism, and this before an audience of practical members of the dissenting Churches, who were certainly not of a disposition to countenance an "open mind" in relation to mediums and modern miracles.

Sir OLIVER's proclamation of his religion should have a wholesome influence. He is nothing more, and nothing less, than a good Christian, but his tendency, in view of his learning, and the position he has occupied in the scientific world, toward belief in the so-called revelations from the spirit world, is annoying. Obviously, he has nothing to say that is new or stimulating to the intelligence in support of this vagary. He admits the danger of encouraging quacks and charlatans. In the afternoon of his useful life he is possessed with a strange fancy for experimenting with the occult, which, in sober wisdom, he might better keep to himself until he has some tangible reason for making his views known. At present he must impress his intelligent contemporaries as a grave, dignified, and learned personage engaged in the hopeless task of trying to ride two ill-matched horses at once.

THE VERB "TO CHORTLE."

One of our readers, for whose manifestation of interest in the words used in this newspaper, and the truths they are employed to express, we are truly grateful, takes us to task for using within a single week not only the words "debacle" and "burgeoned," which drove him to the dictionary, but the verb "to chortle," which drove him to despair. For he knows not "chortle," and has been unable to find the significance of it. We care nothing, or next to nothing, for either "burgeoned" or "debacle," which serve an occasional purpose, but probably would not be missed if they were eliminated from the contemporaneous vocabulary. But "chortle"! How can any one ask what the word means? Does it not exactly express its own meaning?

When the beamish boy, on a certain frabjous day, slew the whiffling and burbling jabberwock in the neighborhood of the tum-tum tree, it was an enthusiastic onlooker who "chortled in his joy." We entreat our amiable but bewildered friend not to delay another week in reading "Alice's Adventures in Wonderland" and "Through the Looking Glass." Then he, too, may chortle, and know something of the emotional relief of chortling, comprehend the melody of the word, and the gratification one may derive from pressing it into service to express a fine shade of meaning.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Ticket Speculators "Loading Up" for March 18.

The dealers in prohibited wild fowl, for which there was an open season prior to Jan. 15, slaughtered more of the birds than the season demanded and placed them in cold storage, hoping thereby to take advantage of the law by subsequent sales in the closed season. An appeal to the courts has been made to ascertain whether wild geese thus stored may be sold in the market. Apparently, the ticket speculators of this town are taking a leaf from the game slaughterers' book. Mr. CHARLES BURNHAM, President of the Association of Theatre Managers, finds "that the speculators are buying seats wherever possible far beyond" the date of March 18, when the ordinance by the Board of Aldermen, abolishing the traffic of these individuals, goes into effect.

The ticket speculators will try to sell the tickets dated for evenings beyond March 18 in defiance of the law and its plain intent. The speculators are as bad as the tribe of loafers and beggars. Their actions and voices are more aggressive and offensive. The new law gives the police ample powers to suppress the nuisance which they commit. The theatregoing public expects the police, on and after the night of March 18, to do their duty.

The Maple Sugar Adulterators.

Before the time of "sugaring off" in the rock maple forests 50,000 Canadian farmers have combined for mutual protection against the establishments that are preparing to manufacture and palm off upon the public as native maple sugar or syrup hundreds of thousands of gallons of molasses mixed with a modicum of boiled-down sap, and with the flavoring called "mapleine." One ounce of this flavoring to the gallon of treacle produces the commodity which the farmers demand shall be honestly labeled "mapleine molasses."

It is the laudable intention of the farmers to spoil the market for the fraudulent imitations of their delicious maple products. The imitators do not, of course, confine their operations to Canadian territory. Ohio's law lays a penalty upon the selling or holding for sale of the imitations. Dealers are warned that cans and packages must in each case bear the name and Post Office address of the sugar producer. The law of Vermont improves upon the Ohio law in offering half of the fine inflicted to any informer who shall bring about a conviction. Mr. E. W. THOMSON suggests in The Boston Transcript that a further improvement might be made by giving a medal and diploma of good public service to the informant instead of a cash remuneration, thus removing the stigma that is usually impressed upon revelatory spies.

New York State might frame a model law from these suggestions. Its prohibitions are at present ineffective. The market is flooded with compounds of molasses, glucose, and cane or beet sugar flavored by boiling with corncobs, twigs of the hickory, and maple chips. Possibly the Inspectors are largely to blame for this condition, which is bad at all times of the year except during the height of the maple sugar season.

"To Loan" and "To Lend."

Why is it banking houses always "loan" their huge sums of money, never by any chance "lend" them? "Lend" is the true verb, while "loan" was exclusively the noun. How came it about that "to loan" has uniformly supplanted "to lend"?

The purists make a great fuss about this. They insist that the stupid and untaught financial world has foisted upon the language a substantive verb when no new verb was needed; when the ancient and established usage was fixed in the signification of "to lend." But prior to the modern development of business enterprise, when money was lent it was bestowed upon the borrower either for temporary use without compensation, as a mark of favor or patronage, or by the professional money lender, who, taking advantage of persons in extremities of need, demanded usurious interest. This Anglo-Saxon verb, to-day, retains its ancient connotation. When it was coined the productive powers of money were unknown, and the wealth of rich men was locked up for safety and kept out of the channels of commerce. Nowadays, by devices of credit and rapid intercommunication, it is kept constantly working in productive enterprises. Immense loans are made, no longer to relieve the necessitous and the improvident, but to stimulate industry and to enable the borrower as well as the loaner to reap a profit in his transactions. Money is "loaned" in this sense. It is not lent.

Taming the Wild Blueberry.

Cranberries are already tamed, that is, reduced from their wild growth in the swamps to a cultivatable and heavier-bearing condition. The cranberry harvesters last year gathered a crop of 1,500,000 bushels, for which they received $3,000,000. Mr. FREDERICK V. COVILLE, whose Bulletin No. 193 of the Bureau of Plant Industry at Washington tells of his "Experiments in Blueberry Culture," says in the National Geographic Magazine that the methods of preparing bogs for cranberry culture, ditching and "turfing" them so that the naked bed may be smoothed and sanded, are the ideal methods for the cultivation of the attractive, fine flavored, swamp blueberry, bushes of which have been propagated bearing fruits "over half an inch in diameter." The blueberry and the cranberry are botanically related. Both require an acidulous soil, although this seemingly violates the principle of plant growth, which depends upon nitrates deposited in "sweetened" soil. Sundews, pitcher plants, bladderworts, butterworts, and the Venus flytrap do thrive in acidulous soils because the insects they entrap, crush, and digest supply them with the needed nitrogen. The European lupin and the roots of clover, peas, beans, and vetches are clustered with the nodules of nitrifying bacteria, which plunder the atmosphere and bring food to these plants, causing them to flourish in sour and barren soils. The blueberry and the cranberry bear neither the flytrap appendages nor the bacterial root tubercles, but Mr. COVILLE has discovered, clinging to their roots and hanging from them, the threads of an exceedingly minute fungus, each from six to twelve one-hundred-thousandths of an inch in diameter. The function of this abundant and clinging growth is identical with that of the leguminous bacteria; it gathers from the air the nitrogen that fertilizes the blueberry bush. It needs the acidulous environment, and is destroyed by the application of any substance such as manure and lime, which neutralizes the soil's acidity.

But swamps are not the only field for the exploitation of the blueberry growers. The cool, humid uplands of New England and the sandy pine barrens distributed throughout the Eastern United States possess the permanently acid qualities in which the swamp blueberry, attaining seven feet in height, may be made to thrive. It produces one of the most delicious of the small fruits and its cultivation undoubtedly has a great future.

"LAW AND BUSINESS."

The Great Number of Bills Introduced in American Legislatures.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I heartily congratulate you on your far-sighted and intelligent editorial comment in this morning's issue on "Law and Business." Public sermons of this nature cannot be preached too often at the present stage of our American economic evolution; more especially is this true on account of the important trust cases pending decision in the United States Supreme Court.

It is not a commonplace thought that all of our world-reaching industry and civilizing commercial branches depend solely, or in the greater part, upon the security of common sense, elemental and every day rights of legitimate industry, without which any practical period of reality in continuance of the principle of supply and demand, production and trade, would surely be impossible. We, in this country, have become so accustomed to the assumption that those important elementary rights, on which rest our immediate prosperity and future health, are on an indefinite basis of permanency that we regard contrary suggestions as idle and unworthy visions.

In the past it has been a fundamental principle and theory for us to presume in the administration of all of the many divisions of government within this Republic that it was of cardinal importance for the greatest good of the greatest number to maintain and realize as far as it was practical the idea that there should be a minimum amount of regulation and a maximum measure of free activity, and it has been in that belief that we have evolved our present industrial methods and our social and National status. But it is daily becoming of more importance that we exercise greater caution in our regulative efforts over the increasing number of miscellaneous combinations, principally because of the growing recognition of what would appear to be a popular demand for more extensive regulation. And it is this point that deserves critical and unbiased examination. If it is important for us to realize the effect of regulative legislation upon our individual activities, either as co-operative corporations or singular but important industrial captains, then it should be worth the personal time of every intelligent business man and right-thinking citizen to scrutinize the enormous and ever increasing volume of legislation which is pouring from the legislative mills of the States and the Nation. Possibly few of our economic students realize that there were proposed in the Sixtieth Congress and the State Legislatures of its period of life some 85,000 bills, and that of these our elected legislative millers shaped new laws to the extravagant number of 12,834. In the recent, present, and coming sessions of our legislative bodies there will undoubtedly be found even more numerous proposed bills and enacted laws to restrict the liberties of the citizen or to control the uses of his property in various ways.

According to one of our leading National lawyers in this country, with 90,000,000 of population, there is proposed one new law for approximately every thousand of the population, while in Great Britain, where Parliament is supreme, and which country offers a reasonable suggestive parallel, they propose one measure for every 77,000 of the people. In the United States, according to the same authority, with 90,000,000 or so of our population, we enact one new law every year for every 4,500 of our population, and in Great Britain, with 40,000,000 or so of a population, they enact one new law every year for every 180,000 of their population.

These figures point out very strongly the importance and truth of your statement: "One immediate problem is the substitution of cooperation for competition. Intercorporate competition too much resembles war to be tolerated." And yet who can or will deny that our legislative tendencies are taking on the false view that we must squelch combinations (or industrial coöperation) in order that competition be preserved or restored? If we can bring the legislative and public mind to the more or less academic realization of the true value of cooperation, and thus prove that the age of competition is a dead issue when compared to the evolution of our industrial powers of organization, we shall have accomplished a signal step in the true path of progress for the Nation and a profitable example for the world at large.

MICHAEL J. HICKEY.

New York, Thursday, March 9, 1911.

WEATHER PREDICTIONS.

Asks If the Bureau Is Making Good Its Right to Existence.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Here is another little five-day deadly parallel, showing the remarkable achievements of the United States Weather Bureau under its present management or methods. You published an exactly similar showing not long ago.

The Nation established and pays this bureau to predict the weather, and has a right to expect at least reasonable accuracy in the work. In years past a very high percentage of accuracy has been attained, so that the fault is clearly not that of the weather but of its prophets. Over in Europe, the predictions are made carefully and successfully, even under the enormous disadvantage of having on the west the Atlantic Ocean, whence Europe's barometric undulations come and where there are no signal stations. In the east of this country we have the whole wide continent to advise us of approaching conditions. And yet, look at this tabulation of the last five days' preposterous "predicting":

Prediction.	Fact.
SATURDAY, MARCH 4.	
Mostly fair.	Snow and rain all the morning.
SUNDAY, MARCH 5.	
Fair Sunday and Monday; warmer Monday.	Snow Sunday night and early Monday morning; overcast till Monday noon; then colder.
MONDAY, MARCH 6.	
Increasing cloudiness, snow; warmer.	Clearing in afternoon, with 10 degrees drop in temperature.
TUESDAY, MARCH 7.	
Probably fair to-day.	Heavily overcast all day, with damp east wind.
WEDNESDAY, MARCH 8.	
Rain or snow.	Brilliantly fair all day; sky absolutely cloudless!

Senator Hale is reported to have opposed the current appropriation for the Weather Bureau in a recent speech in the Senate, contending that its predictions were "wrong half the time." He understated the case. Let us have a shaking of dry bones, and a change either [illegible]

GRADE CROSSINGS TO GO.

Subway Will Replace One at Bronxville on Central Line.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 12.—The up-State Public Service Commission has approved a plan for eliminating the grade crossings of the Harlem Division of the New York Central in the Village of Bronxville, made necessary by the electrification of that part of the road.

The plan adopted provides for the construction of an under-grade crossing at about the location of the present station. On the westerly side of the tracks connection is made with Front Avenue and with the Pondfield Road, and with new drives to be constructed by the railroad company forming approaches to the new station to be built on the west side of the tracks.

The width of the subway is about 50 feet, 40 feet of which is to be a driveway, and 10 feet on the south side for a sidewalk. A subway for the use of pedestrians on the line of Pondfield Road is embodied in the scheme. The total cost will probably be about $150,000, of which the railroad pays one-half and the village and the State one-quarter each.

The commission has also ordered the elimination of the Main Street grade crossing of the New York Central in the Village of Irvington, Westchester County. The crossing is to be closed and an over-grade crossing to be constructed about 300 feet north of the present grade crossing. A subway for pedestrians is to be built almost on the line of the present Main Street grade crossing. The total cost of the work, including land damages, is estimated at $80,000.

TRAINS MORE PUNCTUAL.

78 Per Cent. of 62,700 Run in January on State Lines Were Prompt.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 12.—Figures recording past performances of railroad trains were made public by the Public Service Commission to-day. They show that in January 78 per cent. of the 62,700 trains run were on time at the division terminals. The average delay for each of the late trains was 26.9 minutes. The general average delay was 5.8 minutes. The principal causes of delays were:

	Per cent.
Waiting for trains on other divisions	35.1
Waiting for train connections with other railroads	15.5
Trains ahead	9.4
Meeting and passing trains	6.1
Engine failures	5.6
Wrecks	5.2

The Ulster & Delaware carried off the honors for trains on time, the road's record for the month being 99 per cent. It runs five trains a day in each direction over its 106 miles of road.

The records of big systems are particularly good, considering the hundreds of trains and the great distances they travel, the waiting for connections, and other things. Some of the records are:

	Per cent.
Boston & Albany	79
Boston & Maine	60
Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg	70
Buffalo & Susquehanna	62
Delaware & Hudson	77
Delaware, Lackawanna & Western	85
Erie	83
Lake Shore & Michigan Southern	65
Lehigh Valley	81
Long Island	86
Michigan Central	58
New York Central & Hudson River	75
New York, Chicago & St. Louis	60
New York, New Haven & Hartford	90
New York, Ontraio & Western	75
Pennsylvania	84
Rutland	80

145TH STREET COMPLAINS.

Expresses Feeling That the Subway Service Discriminates Against It.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The attitude of the Interborough Company, as indicated in a recent statement by its President, is that complaints of transit conditions on the part of those interested is due to the fact (as alleged) that half of the upper Broadway apartments are vacant. The policy of the company seems to be that even if the statement is not true they will make it so by starvation.

This morning at 145th Street station, just before 10 o'clock, there were by actual count over 135 adults enjoying a wait at the southbound station, while empty trains belonging to the 137th Street service were being shunted on the downtown side at 145th Street for the benefit of passengers at 137th Street and further south.

The vast experience of the present management in finding plausible excuses will at all times serve to find a ready explanation of any inconvenience caused to passengers. The fact, however, remains that there is a penalty that must be paid for living on the upper west side, and this is bearing down heavily on tenants as well as property owners.

I feel quite sure that if a committee of representative men—residents and property owners—should be formed for the sole purpose of improving conditions, obtaining facts and figures, and presenting them to the Public Service Commission the company would soon find its way to vastly improve the situation.

GEORGE ROSENFELD.

New York, March 8, 1911.

Irish Genealogy.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A recent letter in your valuable paper on the subject of Irish genealogy calls to my mind a very remarkable statement made by the Rev. W. Carrigan, author of "The History and Antiquities of the Diocese of Ossory," in reference to the pedigree of "The MacGillapatric," the present Lord Castleton of Upper Ossory, between the beginning of the seventh and the end of the twelfth century. He says: "It is as perfect and as well authenticated a line of family descent, extending over six remote centuries, as any family in Europe can boast of." This remarkable pedigree is carried down to the present day, but there are many collateral relatives who, for political causes, have become scattered over the earth. They, with magnificent disregard for an envious and preciously ancient heritage, have not concerned themselves with genealogy, the struggle for existence being a matter of more immediate concern. Some day, when culture and affluence is theirs, they may inquire after a pedigree the continuity of which can no longer be established.

ANGUS OSRAIDE.

New York, Feb. 24, 1911.

Sealed and Unsealed Envelopes.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Apropos of the recent happenings in Albany and New York, I am reminded of my early training—that it is the part of a gentleman when handing a written message to a friend for delivery to another to inclose the message in an unsealed envelope, and, likewise, it is the part of a gentleman messenger upon receiving it to immediately seal the envelope in the presence of the one delivering it to him.

Had this rule been observed at Albany much unpleasantness would have been avoided.

New York, March 11, 1911. A. C. F.

THE UNKNOWN.

There are lots and lots of women underneath the heaven's blue;
Some are D. A. R.'s and others form the W. C. T. U.
Some compose the Federation, some are Anti-Suffrage pets,
More are Suffragists, and many are the fighting Suffragettes.

There are men by umpty thousands underneath the same old sky;
Some are Democrats—the other is the Order "My and I."
Some are in a ruptured party, one might almost say, at sea,
Sailing under wireless signals, S. O. S. and C. Q. D.

There are lots of men and women on the top of little earth
Kicking up a lot of trouble, stirring up a lot of mirth.
There are also unknown people underneath each shining star—
And it's lucky for creation, very lucky, that there are!

LURANA W. SHELDON.

M'ANENY TELLS WHY STREETS ARE SO BAD

Says the Weather and Conditions Under Which Repairs Must Be Made Are to Blame.

ASKS PUBLIC TO BE PATIENT

Thinks Trouble Will Continue Until the City Gets Its Own Asphalt Plant —Wants New Paving System.

Borough President McAneny of Manhattan issued a statement yesterday in reply to the criticisms made in the last few weeks about the condition of the streets in the borough. He says that the chief reason for the bad condition of the streets at this time is that the method of laying pavement in the past has been wrong. He says that he is remedying this as quickly as possible, repairing the streets as fast as he can get the contract work done, and asks the public to bear with him until he can complete the process which he has under way.

Mr. McAneny says that the paving contractors are largely responsible for the condition of the streets, in that while they guarantee repairs for a certain length of time, he has been placed in the position of almost compelling them to carry out their contracts by threatening suit. He also explains that it is impossible to lay the present asphalt pavement in cold weather and that the work that is going on will progress more swiftly now that the Spring is approaching.

In his statement Mr. McAneny takes up the criticisms of the Automobile Club of America and explains fully his present position in the matter. He says:

"The problem presented in the condition of the city pavements during the last two months is a matter of repair. The pavement itself, for the most part, is wretchedly unfit for traffic like that of Manhattan. This is a condition which I inherited. I have not expected to cure it in a year, though I do expect to have the cure pretty well under way before I go out. I have had several engineers at work for some months on preliminary examination of available types for permanent repaving.

"Within a short time I expect to present recommendations to the Board of Estimate for general replacement of the old type streets, and if these recommendations are supported by public opinion a monumental improvement will be effected.

"The work of repairing the rotten asphalt that covers so large a part of the street area has been proceeding as rapidly as physical ability will permit. The results have been consistently misstated in some quarters. In the face of many difficulties, the Bureau of Highways has already completed the repair of most of the main north and south thoroughfares, and is now getting well into the side streets.

"I doubt whether the public is conversant with the difficulties under which repair work is done. The crumbling character of most of the old asphalt pavement is the first. A large part of this was laid upon cobblestones, which have worn their way through to the surface and broken into holes as rapidly, in some cases, as the repair work can follow. Asphalt is little more than a carpet, and, under pressure of traffic, is bound to follow the contour of its foundation. How much asphalt will be used in the future is problematical; but, wherever it is used, the specifications will call for a concrete base, as they have for a year or two.

"A further trouble lies in the fact that the borough has no asphalt repair plant of its own, and is obliged to rely entirely on private companies. The greater part of the work of the past has been done under contracts covering a guarantee to repair for a specified number of years, averaging from five to fifteen. Not infrequently it has been necessary to threaten suits to get the companies to meet their obligations in this regard.

"I am of the opinion that the contract system, so far as repair work goes, will prove unsatisfactory so long as it is employed. The long term guarantee feature is particularly bad, and the inability of the city to control the movement of the contractors from day to day upon any of the other work has been apparent enough. I recommended to the Board of Estimate two months ago that an appropriation be made for the establishment of a municipal repair plant for the Manhattan service, and I have no doubt that such an appropriation will be made. This will put the Bureau of Highways in a much better position to meet next year's work.

"Another complicating element in the present situation lies in the division of responsibility between various city departments and the railroad companies. A great deal of the area in which defective conditions are now found is either entirely out of my jurisdiction or practically out of it.

"A persistent difficulty has been the condition of the weather. Asphalt repair work requires, first, a perfectly dry surface, and, second, the absence of frost in the old material. In wet or freezing weather the new material will not bind with the old."

MORE FOR CLEVELAND FUND.

Only $3,510.23 of the Desired $100,000 Is Now Lacking.

Only $3,510.23 remains to be collected for the Cleveland Memorial Fund. Of the $100,000 desired, $96,489 had been received up to Saturday night. It is hoped that the entire amount will be obtained by March 18, Mr. Cleveland's birthday. The memorial is intended as a popular appreciation of the late President's services to the Nation, and for this reason small contributions signifying a general interest in the memorial are especially solicited.

Here are the contributions received last Saturday:

Previously ackowledged	$96,296.7
William H. Nichols	100.0
H. A. Herbert	25.0
William L. Bradley	10.0
G. V. N. Baldwin, Jr.	10.0
Francis G. Landon	10.0
C. F. Quincy	10.0
F. D. K.	5.0
Francis S. Palmer	5.0
William Carter	5.0
Leon Tanenbaum	5.0
Matthew Gault, Jr.	1.2
James S. Dennis, II.	1.2
James B. Waller, Jr.	1.2
Walter M. Wilkins	1.2
William Pickert	1.0
E. W. Sharp	1.0
Frederick P. Fowler	1.0
Clarence Buel	1.0
Total	$96,489.7

Here are some of the letters accompanying contributions:

Let us hope that this monument will be an ever-present reminder of one grand American statesman, whose chief desire was to serve his people at all times. Princeton is to be highly congratulated in having had such a truly good man with her.

Dr. WM. L. BRADLEY, New York City.

The inclosed is a slight testimonial of my admiration for a great President, who withstood the clamor of unpatriotic fellow-countrymen and vetoed an outrageous pension bill. Would to God that other Presidents had had his courage; and that his example will nerve his successors.

F. D. K., New York City.

I wish I were able to send a larger contribution to so admirable an object.

WILLIAM CARTER, Kingston, N. Y.

My check is not much, but I wanted to contribute toward this worthy project.

FREDERICK P. FOWLER, New York City.

Contributions should be sent to former United States Senator John F. Dryden, Newark, N. J.

NOTED TENOR LONGS TO GIVE UP OPERA

Riccardo Martin Would Welcome a Chance to Return to Musical Composition.

FEARS EVERY PERFORMANCE

Mme. Eames Once Had to Prompt Him When He Was Uncertain About a Stage Kiss.

There is at least one tenor singing at the Metropolitan Opera House who says that when he has made money enough he intends to give up singing; and that tenor is Riccardo Martin, an American. However, he has no intention of not continuing to have a bowing acquaintance with the Muse of Music, as he wishes to be a composer again, a vocation which he interrupted to become an operatic artist.

"Some day, when I have made money enough," said Mr. Martin, "I shall pack up a trunkful of nice white sheets of ruled paper and make for the country, where nobody can disturb me, and there carry out my desire to write music. There shall be nobody around me at first but my wife and little girl, and I shall write to my heart's content for days and days before I do anything else.

"A tenor really has no life. I go to bed at night tired from having sung, or worried because I have got to sing when I get up. I wake up in the morning haunted with the idea of my next performance, which I fear above everything else. I don't know why this is, because I know that I can sing the performance when it comes. I have never broken down, and I have sung a great many parts without rehearsal, but it always happens. The fact of the matter is that I am extremely nervous, and a peaceful occupation like the art of composition would suit me to a T.

"Not that I don't love singing; I don't want to be misunderstood. Once I am before the footlights I am gloriously happy, but the time between performances and the rehearsals are enough to wear one's life away. As for composition, I really like it better than anything else on earth."

Under his real name of Hugh Martin he published a great many songs before he became a singer. And wrote a great many more which have not as yet been published. He has notebook after notebook filled with nicely written copy, and there are several orchestral scores with very few corrections. For four years Mr. Martin studied composition with Edward MacDowell, and on some of these compositions there are minor corrections in MacDowell's writing. Mr. Martin also possesses a photograph from MacDowell, "to my dear friend," of which he is very proud.

"You see, I don't believe I could do some of the singing I do if I had not studied composition," continued Mr. Martin. "It is of the utmost assistance to me in following the orchestra and knowing where to come in. I had an experience in Boston recently which taught me the value of that study. In Converse's opera, 'The Pipe of Desire,' I make my entrance at a certain time and place where I cannot hear the orchestra, and so the conductor had stationed a violinist in the wings beside me to give me the note with which I was to begin. He gave me the note, and I had barely time to say to him, 'That's not right,' before I rushed on to sing the note as it was written. He was nervous and he had played a tone and a half below.

"This study of orchestral music also is of great assistance when I am singing a rôle for the first time without rehearsals, as has frequently happened to me. For instance, when I sang 'Aïda' for the first time at the Metropolitan I had never sung it before anywhere. 'Gioconda' is another part in which I have had little experience.

"However, Lombardi, my teacher, used to make me sing 'Cielo e Mar' on all occasions; at all times; when my voice was fresh and when it was tired. He said that it was one of the most difficult things to sing, and that if I could sing that I could sing a great deal else besides. So, when in Chicago last year, I was told that I was to sing 'Gioconda' at a coming performance, I was more or less ready. Toscanini came with the score one day and started to go over it with me. He hadn't gone very far before he asked, 'Who taught you this part?' I told him, and he shut the book. 'You will sing it all right,' he said. There was no more rehearsal of 'Gioconda,' nor any for my performance in Boston this season, nor for my performance of the opera at the Metropolitan the other evening.

"I know several rôles which I have not sung here, among them Walther in 'Die Meistersinger' and Lohengrin, both in German; but also I am sometimes called upon to sing parts at short notice which I don't know. For instance, I happened to be in the Opera House one Monday evening some three years ago when I noticed that I was announced to sing 'Tosca' for the following Friday. The management had made a mistake and cast me for a part I had never before sung.

"However, I made no complaint. I did not go to the management and say, 'I cannot sing this.' As a matter of fact I could not start studying it that night, as I had many other things to do, but on Tuesday I began in earnest with my wife, who has a really beautiful voice, and helps me in many ways. She sang the rôle of Tosca with me in all the duets, and in a short time I possessed myself of the rôle of Cavaradossi. I knew it by Friday, in fact. The management, not knowing that I had never sung the rôle, did not offer me a rehearsal, of course. Only Emma Eames and Antonio Scotti, with whom I sang, were in the secret.

"Of course, I had seen 'Tosca' many times, but I did not remember all the business, and one of my chief concerns in the first act was when I should kiss Mme. Eames. I repeatedly asked her, 'Is it time to kiss you now?' I was so nervous that I suppose I asked her a great many more times than was necessary. At any rate, at the end of the opera, when I was lying dead, she bent over me and gave me a good round kiss. 'You've been a very good boy,' she said, 'and it's time to kiss me now.'

"Just at present I have seventeen operas in French and Italian in my répertoire which I have already sung; two more in German which I have not yet sung; one in English, and several in Italian and French which I have not yet sung.

"Much has been written about singing in English, many contending that one can't understand singers when they sing in English. As a matter of fact you can understand them just as well as you can when they are singing Italian or German. So long as the orchestration is light and the composer has arranged the words so that they can be clearly brought out, they can be understood. I defy anybody to catch the words at the end of the 'Tristan' love duet. It isn't possible. And this is just as true of certain passages in certain foreign works. One understands just as much of one language as another.

"Of course, certain composers have striven to bring the words to the front. This is particularly true of the French school. The French audiences insist on understanding, and so the singers study diction and the composers study how to set words to music so that they can be sung intelligibly and not submerged by the orchestra."

Cannot Digest or Retain Food

While taking food, or at short intervals between meals, try sipping

MAN-A-CEA WATER

A Natural Mineral Spring Water. (Not a Laxative Water.)

It rarely, if ever, fails to allay Nausea, stop Vomiting, and restore Good Digestion.

GUSTAV MAHLER QUITE ILL.

Denial by Loudon Charlton That He Has Differences with Philharmonic.

Loudon Charlton writes to THE TIMES to contradict the rumors printed in Saturday's issue that Gustav Mahler's absence from his post was due to differences between himself and the management of the Philharmonic Society. "Mr. Mahler," Mr. Charlton writes, "has been confined to his bed since Feb. 21, suffering with a severe attack of grip. Last Monday he expected to resume rehearsals and conduct last week's performances, but the effort proved beyond his strength, and his physician forbade him to leave his room." He goes on to say that "Mr. Mahler and the management are now, and have been throughout the season, working in perfect harmony. There have been no differences as to programmes or policy."

SOCIETY AT PALM BEACH.

Knox Host on a Moonlight Sailing Party—Many Social Events.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, Fla., March 12.—The Secretary of State and Mrs. Philander C. Knox were hosts at a moonlight sailing party and an old Virginia supper at The Houseboat to-night.

Sailing parties and luncheons at The Houseboat to-day were almost as numerous as wheel chair parties through the winding jungles and visits to Alligator Joe's. Among the wheel chair throng were Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Nelson Page, former Senator and Mrs. Chauncey M. Depew, Mr. and Mrs. Henry M. Flagler, Butler Ames, Miss Mary Biddle, Lynford Biddle, Mr. and Mrs. George O. Widener, Mr. and Mrs. Clifford V. Brokaw, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Legare, Miss Helen Patten, Mr. and Mrs. B. Howell Griswold, Jr., Judge and Mrs. Horace Russell, Mr. and Mrs. William Disston, Mr. and Mrs. C. Oliver Ames, Herbert Sears, and Mr. and Mrs. Wayne MacVeagh.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Bacon's boating and luncheon party at The Houseboat included Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Knapp, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander H. Revell, Mr. and Mrs. John D. Cady, Mrs. George Bradley, Mrs. Harry Treat, and Edwin Bacon.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Brokaw gave a sailing party and luncheon at The Houseboat. Others who entertained included Mr. and Mrs. George Grant Mason, Mr. and Mrs. Melville E. Ingalls, Mr. and Mrs. John F. Harris, Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Ames, and Walter Wickes.

Col. and Mrs. Willis S. Paine were dinner hosts to-night in the Garden Grille for a company including Mr. and Mrs. Hugh J. Chisholm, Dr. and Mrs. Daniel Karsner, Dr. and Mrs. Charles D. Vail, and Mr. and Mrs. George Grant Mason.

Mr. and Mrs. Payne Whitney took a party aboard the Ruff House down the lake for a luncheon to-day in compliment to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Bull and J. Ellis Postlethwaite.

Mrs. Harry Treat had a dinner company in the Garden Grille, the guests including Mr. and Mrs. Revell, Mr. and Mrs. Cady, and Mr. and Mrs. Bacon.

Edwin Fuller Torrey, Jr., (who had twelve in his party,) Mrs. Chauncey M. Depew, Commodore Henry C. Ward, and Harry Curtiss gave dinners in the Garden Grille to-night.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles I. Cragin of Philadelphia were at home to a large company this afternoon at Reve D'Ete.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Nelson Page are at The Breakers from Washington for the remainder of the season.

Mr. and Mrs. Clifford V. Brokaw and a party including Mrs. Brokaw's brother, Charles S. Inman, J. Harle, and Master Clifford Brokaw have returned to The Breakers from Havana.

Arrivals at The Royal Poinciana include W. C. Martin, Mrs. F. Fisher, O. S. Cockey, Mrs. Chauncey Olcott, W. W. Acheson, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Wickham Smith, Charles S. Smiley, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas S. Watt, Miss Annie P. Watt, Miss Grace F. Watt, James L. Watt, Dr. and Mrs. Emery J. Thomas, Mrs. W. J. Russell, and Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Wallach of New York; Mr. and Mrs. W. F. C. Carpenter of East Orange, Mr. and Mrs. Calvert Crary and Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Hart of Boston, W. E. Gary, Jr., of Middletown, Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Colford of Philadelphia, Charles H. Thomas of Lewiston, Me.; Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Legare, and Miss Helen Patten of Washington.

Arrivals at The Breakers include Mrs. Jack Miller, Mrs. George H. Miller, Dr. Joseph S. Healy, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Blossom, Mr. and Mrs. Lester Moore, Mrs. Ivy La Grove, and Wallace Eddinger of New York; Mrs. M. H. Clement and Mrs. A. P. Lovejoy of Mount Vernon, John J. McCarthy and R. W. Fitzell of Philadelphia, and Henry Kelly, Miss K. V. Kelly, and Miss Mollie Kelly of Brooklyn.

SOCIETY IN WASHINGTON.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—The chief entertaining to-day was at the Chevy Chase Club, where every table was occupied for luncheon, with an unusual number of afternoon visitors taking tea. One of the largest companies was given by Major W. V. Judson, U. S. A., and Mrs. Judson, who leave town on Tuesday for an absence of several weeks, Major Judson going to Panama on official business. In their company were the Italian Ambassador and his daughter, Donna Beatrice Cusani; Representative and Mrs. Weeks, Brig. Gen. and Mrs. J. B. Aleshire, Major Gen. George W. Davis and Miss Davis, Judge and Mrs. Hunt, Lieut. Commander and Mrs. Henry Wiley, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Merriam, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Wadsworth, Mrs. William Barrett Ridgely, Mr. and Mrs. Jack Biddle, Miss Gheen, Dr. Davis, and Capt. Graham L. Johnson.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank B. Noyes were hosts to the incoming Secretary of the Interior, Judge Walter I. Fisher of Chicago. This official, who enters on his new duties to-morrow as the successor of Mr. Ballinger, is a close personal friend of Mr. F. B. Noyes, at whose home he is passing the early days of his Washington residence.

Others entertaining luncheon parties at the same club were Rear Admiral and Mrs. Silas Casey and Miss Elizabeth Hammond.

The Belgian Minister and Countess de Buisseret entertained at dinner this evening.

The Minister to Denmark, Maurice Francis Egan, and Mrs. Egan, who arrived from Copenhagen on Thursday, will pass the next six weeks between Washington and Baltimore. Dr. Egan's present visit home is to deliver a course of lectures at Johns Hopkins University, which will begin March 20. Miss Egan, who preceded her parents to America by several months, returned to Washington to-day to join them after a series of visits extending from New York to Chicago.

Mrs. Huntington Wilson has gone to Aiken, S. C., to pass two weeks. Mr. Wilson accompanied his wife South, but returns to Washington and the State Department to-morrow.

Ex-Senator Henry G. Davis, and his daughter, Mrs. Arthur Lee, have gone to Augusta, Ga., for several weeks.

Miss Dorothy Williams, daughter of Lieut. Col. John R. Williams, U. S. A., has gone to Memphis, Tenn., for a fortnight's visit to Gen. and Mrs. Luke Wright.

Mrs. Crosby, widow of Admiral Pierce Crosby, U. S. N., and Miss Jean Crosby, will sail March 18 to pass the Spring on the Riviera and go to Switzerland for the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Bennet, who spent the Winter at the Shoreham, have taken apartments at the New Willard for the Spring. Mrs. Bennet left Washington yesterday for the Virginia Hot Springs, where she expects to spend about two weeks. Mr. Bennet will join her in a few days.

Mrs. Frank A. Mitchell of New York is passing a few days at the New Willard. Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell will shortly begin the erection of a handsome residence on R Street, with a view to making Washington their permanent Winter home.

Mrs. John Wheelwright of Boston is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Merriam, at their N Street home.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hays Hammond have concluded the negotiations for the London residence of the late Baroness Burdett-Coutts, in Piccadilly, which they have leased for the coronation season.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Reyerson of Chicago have arrived in Washington to pass a month or six weeks and taken an apartment at the Wendell Mansions.

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TICKET SPECULATORS MAY DEFY NEW LAW

They Prepare to Do Business After It Has Become Illegal, the Theatre Managers Hear.

POLICE ATTITUDE DOUBTFUL

If They Don't Arrest the Sidewalk Salesmen, the Managers Can't—Test Cases Are Probable.

The recently passed ordinance forbidding theatre ticket speculation on the streets will go into effect next Saturday, thirty days after it was signed by the Mayor. Theatre managers, the speculators, and that part of the public which interests itself in such affairs are wondering whether the prohibition will have the effect intended by its framers. The managers are afraid and the speculators are hopeful that some means can be found to permit the sidewalk men to continue their vocation as before.

According to the theatre managers, the speculators have shown no intention of letting the ordinance be enforced without a fight. The managers report that the speculators, through their agents, have been buying tickets for performances far beyond the date that the ordinance goes into effect, and they take this as an indication that the street dealers feel confident of winning the fight they evidently intend to make.

Individual speculators, on their side, have said that they do not know what they are going to do when the law becomes effective. Several of them denied that they were buying any tickets in advance of March 18, and said that they knew of no arrangements to have the law tested. However, it is quite certain that a test case will be made as soon as possible after the ordinance goes into effect, probably through the arrest of one of the speculators, and that the matter will be carried through the courts.

Charles M. Burnham, President of the Association of Theatre Managers, last week called attention to the need of impressing the police and the other authorities with the importance of their assisting the theatre managers in the enforcement of the law.

"If the police will co-operate with us," he said, "there is no doubt in our minds that we can abolish the long-endured nuisance."

It has been pointed out by some of the managers that the recent order of Police Commissioner Cropsey withdrawing police power from the special officers employed by the various theatres will add to the managers' difficulties in attempting to have the law enforced. Unless there is active co-operation on the part of the regular police stationed in front of the theatres the managers can do very little toward having the violators of the law arrested.

Their special officers cannot make arrests, it is understood, and can only see that the speculators do not invade the lobbies of the theatres. Nor will the managers be able, they say, to act on every violation of the law if they have to make complaints against each person discovered in the act of offering tickets for sale.

The ordinance, it will be remembered, does not prohibit the sale of theatre tickets in offices or other private premises, but only on the streets. It may be that the speculators in buying up tickets intend to enter into direct competition with the established hotel agencies in case they are driven from the sidewalks.

WINTER GARDEN ALL READY.

Management Says It Will Surely Open on Thursday Evening.

The interior of the New Winter Garden at Broadway and Fiftieth Street was completed last Saturday down to the smallest detail of equipment and decoration. The management states that the opening will surely take place on Thursday evening.

The arrangement of the auditorium of the newest playhouse to open in the Times Square theatre district shows that the garden idea has been carried out from floor to roof. The ceiling is finished in lattice work, backed by a blue "sky," lighted with concealed globes. The steel cantilever girders have been left uncovered and have been painted and decorated to represent squared beams. The walls are also finished with lattice work, and the decorations of the box fronts are flowers and garlands.

Between now and the date of the opening there will be almost constant dress rehearsals, with all of the scenery, properties, and costumes.

MAJESTIC THEATRE OPERA.

Sunday Concert Largely Attended—"The Bohemian Girl" To-night.

The third of the Lenten series of Sunday night concerts at the Majestic Theatre by the Aborn Opera Company was given last night before a large audience and was well received. The feature of the evening was the entire opera of Verdi's "Il Trovatore," with complete solo cast, full chorus, and large special orchestra. Another novel programme is promised for next Sunday night.

"The Bohemian Girl" is to have a spectacular production at the Majestic to-night. Edward P. Temple, who staged the opera, has introduced a cavalcade of trained horses, pigs, monkeys, geese, and whirlwind acrobats.

TETRAZZINI AT HIPPODROME.

In Second New York Concert She Carries Audience Away with Enthusiasm.

Before an audience which filled the Hippodrome from the first seat in the sea green, in which were submerged spangled lobsters and other creatures of the orchestra to the last row of the gallery Mme. Tetrazzini made her second concert appearance in New York this season last evening. She wore a wondrous gown of sea. The dress was so heavy that the soprano had difficulty in getting on and off the stage.

She sang "Caro Nome" from Rigoletto," the Bach-Gounod "Ave Maria," and the mad scene from "Lucia." To these she added, in response to deafening applause, "Voi Che Sapete" and several other numbers. She was assisted by a large orchestra, conducted by Nahan Franko, which played several pieces on its own account, and Frederick Hastings, baritone.

Folies Bergeres to Open on April 17.

Henry B. Harris and Jesse L. Lasky, managing directors of the Folies Bergères in Forty-sixth Street, announce the engagement of Mayme Kelso, Elizabeth Goodall, Lillian Graham, and William Gordon for the revues that will form a part of the opening programme. The first performance is set for Easter Monday, April 17. The building itself is well on toward completion. Fittings and furnishings have been made in Paris from special designs, and are now in New York ready for installation.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Maclyn Arbuckle, who is appearing in vaudeville in "The Welcher," has purchased for his use a new political one-act play entitled "The Reformed Candidate," written by Edward A. Gest of The Detroit Free Press.

Thomas A. Wise will open in his new play, "An Old New Yorker," at the Belasco Theatre, Washington, to-night, under the direction of William A. Brady. The play is by Mr. Wise and Harrison Rhodes, who wrote "A Gentleman From Mississippi."

Contracts were signed on Saturday for the presentation of "Madame Sherry" at the Globe Theatre, London, on Easter Monday, April 17. Woods, Frazee & Lederer, owners of the play, are now selecting a company to appear in the English production.

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THE PHILHARMONIC CONCERT

Mme. Kirkby-Lunn and Grieg Share the Honors.

Posters displayed in the lobby at Carnegie Hall yesterday afternoon announced that Gustav Mahler was still indisposed, and so Theodore Spiering conducted another concert of the Philharmonic Society. The interest in this programme doubtless centred itself on two Grieg numbers and the principal soloist of the day, Mme. Kirkby-Lunn, who sang two of Dalila's airs from Saint-Saëns's most famous music drama.

The Grieg numbers were the incidental music which this Scandinavian composer wrote for Björnson's "Sigurd, the Crusader." Three instrumental numbers form the suite which was played at this concert, including the overture, an intermezzo, and a triumphal march. This suite has never attained the poplarity of the "Peer Gynt" music, and it has seldom been heard here, but the final march is a stirring piece of music, which yesterday aroused great enthusiasm.

Miss Edna Sands Dunham was to have participated in the other Grieg number, "Before the Cloister Gate," for soprano, contralto, and a chorus of women, but she sent word at the last moment that she was too ill to appear, and her place was taken by Miss Marion Noble. Mme. Kirkby-Lunn's sonorous and beautiful voice was heard to advantage in this number, as it had been before in the Saint-Saëns excerpts. The MacDowell Chorus assisted.

The work, with its questions and answers and final chorus, is rather monotonous in style, and not altogether effective, although it contains passages of beauty.

The MacDowell Chorus further assisted the orchestra in the performance of Bizet's first suite from "L'Arlésienne." The programme began with Beethoven's "Egmont" overture, and included Schumann's third symphony.

A NEW COMPOSER.

Walter Damrosch Introduces Victor Kolar to Patrons of Symphony Society.

With the exception of a new fantasy by a twenty-three-year-old Hungarian composer, who was forced to bow many times to the applause which his work received, yesterday afternoon's programme of the concert of the Symphony Society of New York at The New Theatre was devoted entirely to Brahms, including the violin concerto, played by Miss Parlow, and the second symphony.

The new fantasy, "Hiawatha," therefore, must be considered of first interest in face of the familiarity of the Brahms compositions. Victor Kolar, the composer, was born in Budapest in 1888. He studied the violin with Kubelik in Prague, and at the same time studied composition with Dvorak. He came to this country about six years ago, and since that time has been one of the first violins in the Pittsburg Orchestra under Emil Paur, who gave yesterday's composition its first performance, and now he occupies a similar position with the Symphony Society.

Mr. Kolar has spent a great deal of time since he arrived in this country in studying Indian melodies, and yesterday's composition is said to have been based on three of these. It may be said at once that the work is effective, but it is most effective when the Indian themes are nearly forgotten. Kolar plunges his hearers into sophisticated orchestration, and it is only the pounding of the tam-tams which occasionally brings back the realization that he is dealing with primitive music. There are passages which suggest Puccini and passages which suggest Strauss, but the composer seems to have a gift for writing fluent melody and orchestrating it well. His further work will be heard with interest.

Miss Kathleen Parlow played the Brahms concerto for the first time here, and only those who have listened to her when she has performed other works can have the correct estimate of the beauty of her tone, and her dazzling technique. She gave abundant evidence of the latter in the interpolated cadenza, and of the former in her playing of the adagio movement.

WEEK'S LECTURES ON MUSIC.

Daniel Gregory Mason to Open a Course on Modern Composers.

The Museum of Natural History, Seventy-seventh Street and Central Park West, is the latest of the public lecture centres to be devoted to musical lectures by the Board of Education. Daniel Gregory Mason of the Department of Music of Columbia University is announced as the course lecturer there on Tuesday evenings. His subject will be "The Great Modern Music Composers." He is also giving another course on Thursday evenings at Public School 119. Following are the lecture recitals announced for this week:

MONDAY—"Song by the Fireside," Mrs. C. Milligan Fox, illustrated by musical selections, at Public School 27, St. Ann's Avenue and 148th Street.

TUESDAY—"Antonin Dvorak," Daniel Gregory Mason, illustrated by musical selections, at Museum of Natural History, Seventy-seventh Street and Central Park West.

WEDNESDAY—"Edvard Grieg and the Scandinavian Songs," Miss Gurli I. Lennborn, illustrated by songs by Miss Lennborn and instrumental selections by Miss Charlotte Herman, at Public School 191, 111th Street, west of Lexington Avenue. "Beethoven, the Master of Masters," Dr. John S. Van Cleve, illustrated by piano selections, at Public School 37, 145th Street and Willis Avenue.

THURSDAY—"German Songs," Miss Estelle Rose, illustrated by songs, at Public School 62, Hester and Essex Streets. "Beethoven's Early Works," Daniel Gregory Mason, illustrated by songs, at Public School 119, 133d Street and Eighth Avenue. "Patriotic Songs," Frederic Reddall, illustrated by songs, at Public School 4, Fulton Avenue and 173d Street.

FRIDAY—"Songs of Burns," Mrs. Henrietta Speke-Seeley, illustrated by songs, at De Witt Clinton High School, Fifty-ninth Street and Tenth Avenue. "Schubert, King of Song Writers," Mrs. Jessie A. Colston, illustrated by songs, at Public School 38, Dominick and Clark Streets. "Songs of the Land of the Steppes," Mr. and Mrs. Barclay Durham, illustrated by songs, at Public School 90, 147th Street, west of Seventh Avenue. "The National Music of Spain," Ronald F. Oliphant, at Public School 28, Anthony and Tremont Avenues.

Prince Luitpold of Bavaria Is Honored.

A festival concert in honor of the ninetieth birthday of Prince Regent Luitpold of Bavaria was given at the Garden Theatre last night under the direction of Gustav Amberg and Hugo Reisinger at the head of the committee. Ernst von Possart of the Court Theatre, Munich, who is on tour in this country, delivered a short address on the life of Prince Luitpold, by way of prologue, and songs and recitations were offered by Christian Hansen, Fraulein Clara Bruenner, Herr Olmar, Fraulein Hedwig Richard, and Conrad Dreher. The theatre was completely filled with an invitation audience, composed chiefly of Bavarians.

Smirnoff's Farewell Appearance.

Dimitri Smirnoff, the Russian tenor, made his farewell appearance at the Metropolitan Opera House last evening at the usual Sunday concert, when he sang an air from Puccini's "Manon Lescaut" and three songs. The other soloists were Mrs. Gluck, Miss Wickham, and Messrs. Rothier, Gilly, and Witherspoon. The orchestra was under the direction of Adolph Rothmeyer.

Popular-Priced Opera Again March 23.

So great is the demand for seats for the popular-priced matinée of "Hänsel und Gretel" and "Coppelia," with the Russian dancers, next Thursday afternoon at the Metropolitan Opera House that another matinée is announced for Thursday afternoon, March 23.

Farnum Brothers to be Co-Stars.

A. H. Wood announces that he has engaged Dustin and William Farnum as co-stars in "The Littlest Rebel," a four-act play by Edward Peple, made from his vaudeville sketch of the same name, in which Dustin Farnum is now appearing. The longer play will be produced by Mr. Woods early next season.

Benefit for the White Rats.

A charity ball will be given by the [illegible]

HEART NEURALGIA KILLED BUTTLING

The Brooklyn Republican Leader Was Playing Cards at Home Shortly Before He Died.

SHERIFF OF KINGS 1893-7

A Strong Champion of Jacob Worth, He Fought Hard for Him in the State Conventions.

The death of William J. Buttling, ex-Sheriff of Kings County, recorded in late editions of yesterday's TIMES, was due to neuralgia of the heart. Mr. Buttling, who was a power in Republican politics in the county during the leadership of the late ex-Senator Jacob Worth, died shortly after midnight at his home, 841 Carroll Street, on the Park Slope, Brooklyn. A few hours before his illness became acute he was playing cards with some of his family. His wife, who was Miss Clara A. Hazelton, and four daughters, Ethel D., Clara, Beatrice L, and Gladys, survive him.

Mr. Buttling was 50 years old, and was born in the Fifth Ward of Brooklyn. He was always an aggressive factor in Republican politics, and became prominent during Jacob Worth's fight against Nathan's control of the organization. He appeared especially in his element when discussion was rife at the Republican General Committee meetings in Kings County, but he practically retired from active politics when Woodruff obtained control of the party.

In 1893, when the Republican chances for victory were not bright, Mr. Buttling stood for Sheriff of Kings County and was elected, and for four years the county organization was controlled by him and Worth.

Mr. Buttling was a prominent member of the Order of Elks, in which he was Past Exalted Ruler of the Brooklyn Lodge. He was an enthusiastic baseball fan, and had many friends among the professional players in both big leagues. Besides his other interests, he was associated with ex-Controller Herman A. Metz and William S. Hurley in the organization of the Borough Bank, and was also interested in the Mechanics and Traders' Bank.

The funeral will take place from his home on Wednesday morning shortly before 10 o'clock. A solemn requiem mass will be celebrated at the Roman Catholic Church of St. Francis Xavier, at Sixth Avenue and Carroll Street, where Mr. Buttling attended, at 10 o'clock on Wednesday morning. From there the remains will be taken to the Holy Cross Cemetery, in Flatbush, for interment.

CURTIS GUILD DEAD.

Founder of Boston Commercial Bulletin Expires in Boston.

BOSTON, Mass., March 12.—Curtis Guild, Sr., founder and editor of The Boston Commercial Bulletin and father of ex-Gov. Curtis Guild, Jr., died at his home on Mount Vernon Street to-night at the age of 84. He was born in Boston and was educated in the public schools of this city. In 1858 he married Sarah C. Cobb of Taunton, Mass. He entered newspaper life on The Boston Daily Journal and later went to The Boston Daily Traveler, becoming one of the proprietors of the paper under the firm of Worthington, Flanders & Guild. He left that firm at the time of his marriage in 1858, and soon thereafter began the publication of The Commercial Bulletin.

He was the author of several volumes of travels and poetry, and was also known as a collector of prints and autographs. He made many public addresses, among the most notable of which was a farewell address to Charlotte Cushman when she left the stage and an address of welcome to this country on the occasion of Henry Irving's first visit.

He was at one time President of the Commercial Club, and was a member of the Union Club and the Players Club of New York. He was one of the charter members of the Players Club of Boston.

John J. Riceman.

John J. Riceman, who died at his home, 201 Main Street, Belleville, N. J., on Saturday night, belonged to a long-lived family. Mr. Riceman was 85 years old, and his mother, who was a member of the Sandford family of Belleville, died about ten years ago, aged 97. His sister, Mrs. Mathilda Brady, is 88 years of age. Mr. Riceman carried out many building contracts in New York City for years, but retired in 1873.

Obituary Notes.

Col. HENRY WAGNER, U. S. A., retired, died yesterday at 56 West Eighty-fourth Street, where he had been living for some time with his daughter. The funeral services will take place Wednesday morning in the Stephen Merritt Chapel, at 171 Eighth Avenue.

JOHN F. COLEMAN, Inspector of Steam Vessels for the Port of New York, died on Saturday at Thomasville, Ga. Born in Brooklyn in 1850, he was first employed by the Morgan Iron Works, and then served as engineer in the Clyde and the Ward lines. He was frequently employed as an expert on trials of torpedo boats and torpedo boat destroyers. He was a member of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers.

JAMES C. AIKEN, a merchant in Maiden Lane since 1861, died on Saturday. He made a specialty of the gold pen business, and founded the house of Aiken, Lambert & Co. He was a member of the Seventh Regiment, and of Lafayette Post, G. A. R., and a Mason.

Mrs. BEATRICE MALONE, widow of James Malone and mother of Justice James T. Malone of the Court of General Sessions, Manhattan, died of heart disease on Saturday, at her residence, 522 Broadway, Flushing. She was born seventy-two years ago, in Rockingham, N. H., and leaves three sons, Edward S. Malone, First Assistant Corporation Counsel, in charge of Queens Borough; Lott B. Malone, and James T. Malone.

Mrs. MARY MARA, mother of Patrick J. Mara, the Democratic leader of Queens, died on Saturday at the home of her son, in Whitestone Avenue, Flushing. She was born in Ireland eighty-four years ago.

WARREN WHEELER WOODWARD, who conducted several drug stores, died at his home in Danielson, Conn., on Saturday, after two weeks' illness, of pneumonia. He was 76 years old, and had been in the drug business for fifty years.

Some Hotel Sunday Diners.

Among those who gave dinner parties last night at the Plaza were Jay Gould, Miss Annie Graham and Herbert Vos, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Black, E. C. Tower, H. K. Bloodgood, James A. Blair, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Dula, Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Schoonmaker, Rhinelander Waldo, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Cartier, and Mr. and Mrs. T. Bush. Hugo Reisenger, son-in-law of Adolphus Busch, gave a supper to twenty-five guests in celebration of the anniversary of Prince Regent Leopold of Bavaria.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

ALEXANDER.—March 4, 1,342 Bergen St., Brooklyn, to Mr. and Mrs. A. Alexander, a son.

COHN.—March 7, 51 East 104th St., to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Cohn, a son.

COWEN.—March 7, 73 South Ninth St., Brooklyn, to Mr. and Mrs. A. Cowen, a daughter.

FREEMAN.—March 8, 1,170 Tinton Av., Bronx, to Mr. and Mrs. M. Freeman, a son.

RAISLER.—March 11, 101 West 110th St., to Mr. and Mrs. L. Raisler, a daughter.

WEIL.—March 5, 219 Audubon Av., to Mr. and Mrs. G. Weil, a daughter.

Married.

FRANK—SHEAMAN.—March 5, Eva Sheaman to William Frank.

HARDY—RUSSELL.—March 4, Cora V. Russell to W. Frank Hardy.

MEYER—JONAS.—March 12, Erna Jonas to Harry Meyer.

SAMUELS—GRAF.—March 6, Alma Graf to Charles Samuels.

Brooklyn.

HOUSER—SLOCUM.—March 10, Laura J. Slocum to August C. Houser.

New Jersey.

BRIGHAM—TANNERT.—March 9, Hoboken, Elsa M. Tannert to Warren L. Brigham.

Died.

ALLEE.—Mrs. Harriet Hurlbutt, widow of William H. Allee of Brooklyn, N. Y., in the seventieth year of her age, suddenly of heart failure, on Saturday morning, March 11, 1911. Funeral services on Tuesday, March 14, at the M. E. Church, Cannon Station, Conn., on arrival of 12:03 train from New York. Interment at Greenwood Cemetery at convenience of family.

BANKS.—At New York City, on March 11, 1911, David Banks, son of the late David Banks and Harriet Brenecke Lloyd, aged 83 years. Funeral from his late residence, 35 East 72d St., New York City, on Tuesday morning, March 14, at 9:30 o'clock. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

BANKS.—Military Order of Foreign Wars of the United States, New York Commandery.—New York, March 13, 1911.—It is with profound regret that the Commander announces the death on Saturday, March 11, of David Banks, Esq., one of the Founders of this Order, a Charter Member of this Commandery, and Commander from its institution in 1895 until December, 1909. Companions are requested to attend the funeral services at his late residence, 35 East 72d Street, New York City, on Tuesday morning, March 14, at 9:30.

AMORY S. CARHART, Commander.
ROBERT WEBB MORGAN, Deputy Sec'y.

BANKS.—Kane Lodge, No. 454, F. & A. M. Brethren: You are requested to attend an emergent communication at the lodge, at 85 East 72d St., on Tuesday morning, March 14, at 9:30 o'clock, for the purpose of attending the funeral services of our late brother David Banks, Sr. Masonic service at Greenwood Cemetery; carriages will be provided for all brethren.

ROBERT H. RUCKER, Master.
HENRY W. PENOYAR, Secretary.

BRISACH.—Suddenly, on March 11, 1911, Eugene Louis, infant son of Eugene L., and Emily H. Brisach. Funeral from the residence of parents, 3,777 Willett Av., Bronx, on Monday, March 13, at 2 P. M.

BOWMAN.—At the residence of her brother, Dr. J. E. Bowman, Greenwich, Conn., on March 11, Alice Maude Bowman. Burial at Dundas, Ontario, Canada.

BUTTLING.—On Sunday, March 12, 1911, William J., beloved husband of Clara A. Buttling. Funeral from his late residence, 841 Carroll St., at 10 A. M., Wednesday, March 15, thence to St. Francis Xavier Church, 6th Av. and Carroll St., where a requiem mass will be offered for the repose of his soul. Interment in Holy Cross Cemetery.

CROWELL.—At Tremont, N. Y. City, on Friday, March 10, 1911, Charles King Crowell, in his 58th year. Relatives and friends, also members of Manahatta Lodge, No. 489, F. and A. M.; Claremont Council, No. 1,655, R. A.; Manhattan Pharmaceutical Assn., are invited to attend the funeral on Monday evening at 8 o'clock, from his late residence, 1,927 Washington Av., Tremont. Newburg papers please copy.

DOWNING.—At New Rochelle, N. Y., Sarah beloved wife of William Downing, at her residence, 185 Huguenot St. Solemn requiem mass, St. Gabriel's Church, Tuesday, March 14, 10 A. M.

FARMER.—On March 12, 1911, Swithin S., eldest son of Emma F., and the late Henry Farmer, aged 47 years. Funeral services will be held at his mother's home, 84 3d Av., Newark, N. J., on Wednesday afternoon, March 15, at 2:30 o'clock. Relatives and friends are kindly invited. Interment at Fairmont Cemetery.

GILLETTE.—At Hudson, N. Y., March 10th, 1911, John E. Gillette, beloved husband of Sarah Westfield, in his 83d year. Funeral services from the residence of his son, John W. Gillette, No. 601 Union St., Hudson, on Monday, March 13, at 3 P. M.

PFAEHLER.—Robert, March 12. Funeral service, March 13, at 8 P. M. Funeral, March 14, at 1:30 P. M., 488 2d Av., New York.

SAWYER.—At Chatham, N. J., entered into rest on March 11, Frances C. Sawyer, widow of the late Judge A. H. Sawyer of Watertown, N. Y., and beloved mother of Mrs. W. F. C. Tichborne and Mrs. S. H. Taylor. Services at residence of W. F. C. Tichborne, Chatham, N. J., Monday, March 13, at 3:30 o'clock. Carriages will meet train leaving Hoboken at 2:15. Interment at Watertown, N. Y.

SCHWAB.—On March 9, 1911, at Jacksonville, Fla., Caroline O. Wheeler, wife of Gustav H. Schwab of New York. Services will be held at 3 o'clock on Monday, March 13, at the house, Scarborough. A special train will leave Grand Central Station at 1:40 P. M. Returning train will reach New York at 5:30. Interment private.

SMITH.—In Lyndhurst, N. J., suddenly March 11, Mrs. Charlotte A. Smith, widow of William P. Smith, late of Brooklyn. Funeral private.

TELLER.—Suddenly, on March 11, in his 28th year, Albert J., beloved brother of Julia Elias, Louisa, and Ida Teller. Relatives, friends, and members of Friedens Verein No. 1, National Lodge No. 209 F. and A. M., and Young Men's Hebrew Association are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, 52 East 131st St., on Tuesday, March 14, at 10 A. M.

WAGNER.—On March 12, Col. Henry Wagner, U. S. A., retired. Funeral services at the Chapel of the Stephen Merritt Burial Company, 8th Av. and 19th St., on Wednesday, at 2 o'clock. Interment Lutheran Cemetery.

WARING.—At Plainfield, N. J., on Friday, March 10, 1911, Hester Griffith, beloved wife of Orville T. Waring. Funeral at her late residence, 900 Park Av., Plainfield, N. J., on Monday, March 13, at 8 P. M.

AIKIN.—James C., 418 Central Park West, March 10. Funeral to-morrow.
ANDERSON.—Medora E., 2,461 Frisby Av., Westchester, March 10.
BELL.—Alexander, 107 Christopher St., March 10. Funeral to-day.
BERDON.—William A., 714 11th Av., March 11.
BRADY.—James E., 217 Tremont Av., Bronx, March 11. Funeral to-morrow, 7 A. M.
BURNS.—Jane, 348 East 78th St., March 11. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.
BYRON.—Joseph F., 1,637 1st Av., March 10, aged 42.
CONDON.—Anna, 723 10th Av., March 11.
COX.—Mabel, 528 East 135th St., March 10.
CYPHERS.—Isabella H., 64 6th Av., March 10.
DONNELLY.—Mary, 155 10th Av., March 11, aged 41.
DRENNAN.—Dorothea, 163 West 129th St., March 10. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.
EPPSTEIN.—Henry S., 131 Riverside Drive, March 11. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.
FISHER.—Dennis, 551 West 50th St., March 10, aged 49.
HEAD.—Annie M., March 11. Funeral 171 8th Av.
HUMMRICH.—William, 1,031 Union Av., Bronx, March 11, aged 84.
JEWELL.—Harriett, 42 West 65th St., March 10. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.
JONES.—Edward G., 978 Forest Av., Bronx, March 10.
KELLER.—Irene, 598 Essex St., March 10, aged 15.
KOSCH.—Philip, 6th St. and 8th Av., March 11. Funeral notice later.
LOWDEN.—Edward, 591 Broome St., March 10.
McCULLOUGH.—Daniel, 52 6th Av., March 11. Funeral to-morrow.
McELHINNEY.—Dennis, 545 East 80th St., March 11, aged 62.
McGEE.—Patrick, 405 Willis Av., Bronx, March 11, aged 64.
MALLEY.—Mary, 52 West 46th St., March 11, aged 56.
MATTIMORE.—Edward, 130 West 50th St., March 10, aged 68.
MEYER.—Lena, 303 East 26th St., March 11, aged 15.
MOSHER.—William, 3,284 Broadway, March 11, aged 78.
O'NEILL.—John, 266 West 16th St., March 11, aged 67.
O'REILLY.—Catherine, Rose Av., New Dorp, S. I., March 11. Funeral to-morrow.
OESTREICHER.—Laura, 2,328 7th Av., March 11. Funeral to-day.
SCHRODER.—Wilhelmina C., 725 Home St., Bronx, March 10, aged 85.
SMITH.—Thomas J., 228 East 85th St., March 10, aged 47.
STRATTON.—Helen, 436 East 139th St., March 10.

Died.

Brooklyn.

WILLIAMS.—Julia, 778 Columbus Av., March 11, aged 46.
BARTH.—Catherine, 125 Bedford Av., March 11, aged 40. Funeral to-day.
BETES.—Anna M. J., 723 42d St., March 11, aged 45. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
BRADY.—Joseph J., 139 Division Av., March 11. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.
COHEN.—Esther, 640 Marcy Av., March 11.
CONNER.—Margaret H., 254 Wyckoff St., March 11, aged 69.
EGAN.—Bridget, 1,201 67th St., March 11, aged 66.
FUSS.—Jennetta, 6,812 New Utrecht Av., March 10, aged 67.
GALLAGHER.—Ann, 312 East 8th St., March 10. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.
GLYNN.—James, 316 President St., March 11.
GRAMLICH.—Justine, 355 Himrod St., March 11, aged 54. Funeral to-morrow.
GREEN.—Margaret L., 808 Lewis Av., March 11, aged 86. Funeral service to-day.
GREULICH.—Marie, 278 Forrest Av., March 10, aged 68. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.
HENDERSON.—Catherine, 219 Adams St., March 11.
HOAAS.—Olaf, Brooklyn Navy Yard, March 11, aged 87. Funeral to-day.
HUSSEY.—Richard, 302 Bond St., March 11, aged 60. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.
KIRKMAN.—William H., 139 McDougal St., March 11, aged 69.
McNALLY.—John J., 660 Knickerbocker Av., March 11. Funeral notice later.
MULLROY.—Mary, 52 Jay St., March 11, aged 81.
MURPHY.—Margaret, 448 St. Mark's Av., March 10. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.
PELL.—Hubbard, 273 St. James Place, March 11.
PHILLIPS.—Charles R., 258 Steuben St., March 11. Funeral private.
PITTS.—John, 80 Pacific St., March 9.
SAMUEL.—Myer, West 28th St., Coney Island, March 10.
SCHEIBEL.—John, 1,514 58th St., March 11. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
SCHMIDT.—Paul, 479 Grand St., March 11, aged 28.
SCHOCH.—Jacob, 827 Lincoln Place, March 11. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
SIMON.—Louisa H., 723 Hancock St., March 11, aged 52. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

Connecticut.

FIELD.—Uriah, Middletown, March 10, aged 40.
LIGHT.—Ralph W., New Canaan, March 10, aged 17. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

Long Island.

JOHNSON.—George W., Sr., Spring Valley, March 10, aged 74.
MARA.—Mary, Flushing, March 10, aged 85. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.
SCHOONMAKER.—George W., Jamaica, March 10. Funeral private.

New Jersey.

BARRY.—George A., 507 2d St., Hoboken, March 11, aged 33.
BUERMANN.—Margarethe, Newark, March 11, aged 67. Funeral service to-morrow.
CARLL.—George W., 80 Erie St., Jersey City, March 10, aged 77.
DARWIN.—Kate V., Plainfield, March 11, aged 84. Funeral to-morrow, noon.
FITZSIMMONS.—Stella, 116 Erie St., Jersey City, March 11, aged 20.
GREEN.—Kate, 412 13th St., West New York, March 10, aged 54.
GREEN.—Margaret A., 47 New Lawn Av., Arlington, March 11. Funeral private.
HARTMANN.—Mary, 325 Lewis St., Union Hill, March 11, aged 89.
HAUERSTEIN.—J. Woodcliff, March 10.
HEISHLEY, Amelia, 23 Beacon Av., Jersey City, March 11, aged 73.
HUGHES.—Raymond P., 375 Grand St., Jersey City, March 11, aged 16.
JACKSON.—Christine, 262 7th St., Hoboken, March 11, aged 73.
JESSUP.—Clara E., 181 Coles St., Jersey City, March 10, aged 23.
McCOURT.—George, 177 Beacon Av., Jersey City, March 11, aged 7.
McGHEE.—Reuben, 666 Communipaw Av., Jersey City, March 11, aged 2.
McKENNA.—Timothy, 150 Morris St, Jersey City, March 11, aged 15 months.
MILDENBERGER.—Emilie, Harrington Park, March 11, aged 68.
NEES.—Henry, 168 Academy St., Jersey City, March 11, aged 58.
PESENECKER.—Josephine, North Bergen, March 10, aged 17.
PETERSON.—Johanna, 234 Communipaw Av., Jersey City, March 10, aged 73.
RIORDAN.—Josephine, 77 Prescott St., Jersey City, March 11. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.
SCHUMANN.—Ludwig, Union Hill, March 11, aged 83.
STUART.—Barnwell R., Essex Fells, March 10, aged 3 months.
SVENNINGSON.—Mils, 539 Park St., Hoboken, March 10, aged 45.
TURNER.—Charles J., 20 Carlton Av., Jersey City, March 11, aged 35.
WHITE.—Howard V., 57 Jewitt Av., Jersey City, March 10, aged 1.

New York State.

FUNK.—Anthony, Jr., White Plains, March 11, aged 5.
MOORE.—William H., Pleasantville, March 10. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

In Memoriam.

KELLY.—William H., mass to-morrow at 8 A. M., Church of the Immaculate Conception.

CROTHERS.—Isabella G., in memory of; died May 13, 1904.
FRONNE.—Henry, in memory of; died March 13, 1909.
GREENTHAL.—Henry, in memory of; died March 13, 1910.
HEFFERNAN.—Patrick, in memory of; died March 13, 1903.
JORDAN.—Blanche, unveiling monument, Mount Carmel Cemetery, March 19, 2:30 P. M.
KATZENBERG.—Henry D., unveiling monument, Mount Zion Cemetery, March 19, 2 P. M.
KAVANAGH.—Esther, in memory of; died March 13, 1908.
KIELY.—Ellen, mass, Our Lady of Angels' Church, March 16, 9 A. M.
LEVY.—Leopold, in memory of; died March 13, 1905.
NEWSTEAD.—Jacob A., in memory of; died March 17, 1910.
NIEMEYER.—John C., in memory of; died March 13, 1910.
OESTREICHER.—Sam, in memory of; died March 14, 1905.
ROTHSCHILD.—Mary, unveiling monument, Mount Hope Cemetery, March 19, 2:30 P. M.
REILLY.—Bernard, in memory of; died March 16, 1910.
WEIL.—Irving M., unveiling monument, Mount Hope Cemetery, March 19, 2 P. M.

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GIANTS' COLTS WIN WITH MANY ERRORS

Condition of Grounds at Dallas Responsible for a Loose Fielding Game.

Special to The New York Times.

DALLAS, Texas, March 12.—Manager McGraw, instead of going over to Fort Worth with the regulars, sent Wilbur Robinson there in charge of the regulars so he could remain here and get after his colts, and it worked wonders as they hit like demons, although playing a loose fielding game, and defeated Dallas in a ragged game by the score of 10 to 8. The grounds are an excuse for some of the errors, as the ball took ugly bounds and made it almost impossible to handle some of the hard hit balls with certainty. It was a game with lots of hitting on both sides, mixed with plenty of errors, the colts featuring in the error-making as well as in clouting the ball. Becker led the hard hitting with two home runs to his credit, making one in the first inning with a man on base, and another in fourth with two men on bases.

Raymond started the game for New York, pitching the first five innings, and got off to a bad start, Dallas scoring four runs in their half of the first inning on three hits, a base on balls, and a couple of costly errors, but from that on he pitched good ball, and kept Dallas from again scoring while he remained in the box. Shontz, who pitched the last four innings for the colts, did fairly well, but costly misplays behind him allowed Dallas to score four more runs during the remainder of the game.

Both squads, colts and regulars, took a special sleeper to-night back to Marlin, which will be run into a siding at Marlin so that the players will not have to get up till breakfast. The score:

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A	DALLAS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Fl'tcher, 3b.	4	2	3	1	0	Peterson, lf.	5	1	0	0	0
J'nston, rf.	5	0	0	2	0	Madden, 2b.	5	2	3	1	4
Becker, cf.	4	2	4	0	0	Tullos, 3b.	4	1	1	3	2
M'Graw, cf.	1	0	1	1	0	Pittman, cf.	5	1	2	2	0
Gowdy, c.	4	0	1	3	1	Glasson, rf.	4	1	1	0	0
Hartley, c.	1	0	0	6	0	Ens, 1b.	4	0	1	9	3
Manush, ss.	5	3	4	0	3	Fulmer, ss.	5	1	0	1	2
F'syth, 1b.	5	1	4	11	0	Rob'tson, c.	2	0	1	5	1
Ful'ton, 2b.	3	1	1	3	5	Gibson, c.	2	1	0	6	3
Lush, lf.	5	1	2	0	0	M'Ad'ms, p.	2	0	1	0	2
Raym'd, p.	2	0	0	0	2	Evans, p.	2	0	1	0	1
Shontz, p.	1	0	0	0	1						
Total	40	10	20	27	12	Total	40	8	11	27	18

Errors—Fletcher, Manush, Peterson, Madden, McGraw, Fullerton, 2; Raymond.

New York............2 0 0 5 1 1 1 0 0—10
Dallas ....4 0 0 0 0 0 2 2 0— 8

Three base hits—Robertson, Lush. Home runs—Becker, 2. Sacrifice hit—Raymond. Sacrifice flies—Tullos, Fullerton. Stolen bases—Fulmer, Forsythe, 3; Becker, 2; Fullerton, Manush, 2; McGraw. Left on bases—New York, 7; Dallas, 7. First base on errors—Dallas, 5; New York, 1. Double plays—Fulmer, Ens, and Tullos; Fullerton and Forsythe, 2; Gibson and Tullos. Struck out—By Raymond, 3; by McAdams, 5; by Shontz, 6; by Evans, 4. Bases on balls—Off Raymond, 1; off Shontz, 1. Hit by pitchers—By McAdams, 2; Wild pitch—Raymond. Passed balls—Robertson. Hits—Off McAdams, 12 in 5 innings; off Raymond, 5 in 5 innings. Umpire—Mr. Hansell. Time of game—Two hours and five minutes.

MARQUARD REGAINS FORM.

Giants' Regulars Easily Down Fort Worth Team, 13 to 0.

Special to The New York Times.

FORT WORTH, Texas, March 12.—The Giants' regulars easily defeated the Fort Worth team this afternoon by the score of 13 to 0. The batting of the Giants in the first two innings was very heavy, which with bad fielding by the locals gave the visitors nine runs. After this the New Yorkers let up and scored but four more runs during the other seven innings. Wilson, the home team's first pitcher, lasted but two innings and retired in favor of Burleson, who did better, but the victory had been decided. Marquard was in the box the first six innings for the Giants, and his work was a feature of the game. He allowed his opponents but two safe hits, both being scratches. He struck out four men, three of them in the second inning, when two Fort Worth players were on bases. Marquard had excellent control, giving but one base on balls.

Tesreau pitched the last three innings, and was also effective. Both pitchers used good speed and worked some benders, and they were supported in peppery style. Several pretty plays were made behind them, one catch with one hand by Murray being particularly noticeable. Merkle batted in slugging fashion, making a triple in each of his first two attempts, and followed these in his third time up with a clean home run to deep left. One of his triples was to right field and the other to left. Boyle tore off a triple, double, and a single. The score:

R.H.E.
New York .....4 5 0 2 0 0 0 1 1—13 12 2
Fort Worth ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 3 8

Batteries—Marquard, Tesreau, Myers, and Schlei; Watson, Burleson, and Ritter.

PLAYERS IN GOOD SHAPE.

Yankees Benefited by Their Stay at Hot Springs Baths.

Special to The New York Times.

RICHMOND, Va., March 12.—A six-hour stay here to-day broke the journey of the Yankees to Athens. All hands scattered for a walk and food. Everybody left Hot Springs last night except Gardner, Hemphill, Wolter, and Vaughn, who decided to remain over. Vaughn will leave for Athens on Saturday in company with Hemphill and Wolter. He, too, thinks the baths are doing him lots of good and wants a week more of them. Everybody could have stayed a few days more without any harm being done.

Young Elliott is still being congratulated by his fellow-players on his stylish début. Elliott, however, is a modest, quiet youngster off the diamond, although peppery on the field. The players say his actions at third are a replica of those of Byrne of the Pittsburg Club. He is about Byrne's size, and has a similar throw across the diamond. The players believe his showing yesterday was no false alarm.

Sweeney remarked on the train last night that his arm felt fine as silk. Heretofore after the first game his wing always has pained him. He threw with it freely yesterday, and thinks the baths have done wonders for it. Sweeney and Blair were both without a breast pad yesterday. There wasn't such an article anywhere around. Bert Daniels became overzealous and hit the dirt hard in making a slide. He had no sliding pads, and separated himself from thigh cuticle the size of a saucer.

FAILED TO PREVENT GAME.

Brooklyn Defeats All Stars in Spite of Attempted Interference.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., March 12.—When Prosecuting Attorney J. B. Wood went scouting for officers to prevent the Sunday ball game, scheduled between the major league teams here, he could not find a county or township officer anywhere. As a result the games were not interrupted.

The batting of Wheat was the feature of the game this afternoon between the Brooklyns and All-stars, he getting a home run, a triple, and two singles in four times up. Manager Dahlen announced to-night the Brooklyn team was now ready to play ball, and that no more hard practice games would be taken on during the remainder of the stay here. The team leaves here Thursday for an engagement with the Memphis Southern League team. The score:

R.H.E.
All-starts ....0 0 0 2 1 0 0 0 1—4 9 2
Brooklyn ....2 0 2 1 1 0 2 0 ..—8 14 0

Batteries—Schardt, Atchison, and Erwin and Hackett; Ryan, Bell, Rucker, Miller, and Bergen.

St. Louis Americans Win.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., March 12.—St. Louis Americans evened up with the Cincinnati Nationals in the second game of the series this afternoon, score 9 to 6.

Detroit Plays Exhibition Game.

MONROE, La., Mar. 12.—The Detroit "Yannigans" defeated the "regulars" here to-day, in the second exhibition game of the season, by 18 to 11. The game was marked by unusually heavy hitting, and errors were plentiful on both sides.

Walsh Uses Slow Ball.

HOUSTON, Texas, March 12.—The Chicago Americans beat the Houston club this afternoon, 13 to 2. Ed Walsh opened for the Chicagoans [illegible] a slow ball. After Houston had [illegible] he changed his gait, and for the [illegible]

COLTS AWAIT REGULARS.

Capt. Chase and Yankee Veterans Reach Athens To-day.

Special to The New York Times.

ATHENS, Ga., March 12.—The Yankee Yannigans anxiously await the arrival of Manager Hal Chase and his regulars to-morrow. The Hot Springs (Va.) division of Farrell's army is due at 5 o'clock to-morrow morning, so that the big leaguers will hardly attempt any practice before the afternoon. Under the circumstances it is quite unlikely that the old fellows who have been boiling out their joints will recognize a challenge from the kids before Tuesday afternoon at the earliest. The youngsters are bent upon winning the series of games, which will be played almost daily during the rest of the stay here. They wish to get at the veterans before they get their batting and fielding eyes and before the pitchers, who have been doing calisthenics, are able to locate the plate. The easy victory over the University of Georgia Saturday has given the minor league squadron all manner of confidence.

There will be plenty of battery material for both sides. Chase is bringing with him an even half dozen twirlers who were with the club last year. Scout Irwin has a like number in seclusion here. He had only five twirlers until this morning, when Louis Brockett hove into view to break the monotony of a pastoral Sabbath. Brockett is fresh from his farm at Norris City, Ill. He laid off voluntarily all last year in an effort to recover from an abdominal disorder. His physicians declare Brockett entirely restored to health, and the pitcher looks the part. Brockett is weather beaten, but his muscles are tough as steel, and he should have no difficulty in getting into fine playing condition if his physique is once more all that is claimed for it. He is as finely drawn now as most pitchers are at midseason, and he hopes to build up a reserve fund of a few extra pounds for the wear and tear of a campaign.

The weather to-day was ideal—close to 80 in the shade. The heavyweights of the camp took advantage of old Sol's indulgence by doing the cross country for keeps. The wind has shifted into the south and everybody about these diggings predicts a long spell of dry, clear weather. Under such conditions the colts at least will be ready for the Northern junket two weeks hence. The youngsters have developed very rapidly during the seven days already spent here.

MANHATTAN AT WEST POINT.

College Baseball Team Schedule Embraces Nearly Forty Games.

Manhattan College will open its baseball season at West Point March 29, when the local players play the Army team. They will make a Southern trip during the Easter vacation, when games will be contested with Pennsylvania State, Eastern College, Catholic University, and Bucknell. A Northern trip will be taken in May, running from the 20th to the end of the month. Among those teams Manhattan will face during the season are Dickinson, University of Vermont, South Orange Field Club, Middlebury College, Holy Cross, Pennsylvania State, Eastern College, Catholic University, Bucknell, Susquehanna, West Virginia, Niagara, Stevens, University of Rochester, Seton Hall, Villanova, Ursinus, St. Francis, St. John's, Rensselaer Poly, St. Lawrence, Clarkson School, Hobart, Lafayette, and Lehigh.

Crimson Baseball Squad to Practice.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., March 12.—Providing the weather conditions are favorable the Harvard baseball squad will to-morrow make its initial appearance on Soldiers' Field this season as a body. Several of the outfielders did some preliminary limbering-up last Friday, but the real test for the whole squad should start Monday. The Crimson has a fruitful field to pick from as far as the outfield and infield is concerned, but a selection of a capable battery may prove a stumbling block to the success of the season's work.

Close Game for Boston Americans.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 12.—The Boston American team took the second game of the practice game here to-day, 2 to 1, the local team of the Pacific Coast League barely missing a whitewash.

Nebraska Takes Fleet Championship.

HAVANA, March 12.—The baseball championship of the Atlantic fleet was decided to-day, the nine from Nebraska defeating the North Dakota team by 10 to 0.

Shortstop Nicholls Dies.

BALTIMORE, March 12.—Simon Nicholls, shortstop and Captain of the Baltimore Eastern League baseball club, died at a hospital here to-day. He had been ill for over a week with typhoid fever, and an operation was made necessary yesterday. Prior to coming to Baltimore Nicholls played successively with the Memphis Southern League and Philadelphia American League clubs.

Reverse for Brooklyn Football Team.

Shorthanded in the most important positions, at Harrison, N. J., yesterday, the Brooklyn Football Club suffered the heaviest reverse of the season at the hands of the West Hudsons. The score was 5 to 1, and the game was a fixture of the National League. The substitutes playing in the place of Halliwell, at goal, and Adamson, at centre, apparently were not good understudies.

Sale of Mackintoshes

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As for values:

20	are	$16.50	coats
13	are	$18.00	coats
305	are	$20.00	coats
4	are	$21.00	coats
35	are	$22.50	coats
32	are	$23.50	coats
26	are	$25.00	coats
16	are	$27.50	coats
20	are	$30.00	coats
18	are	$35.00	coats

$13.75 now.

Everything else men and boys wear for Spring, rain or shine.

ROGERS PEET & COMPANY.
Three Broadway Stores
at Warren St. at 13th St. at 34th St.

BREADY WINS FIVE MATCHES.

Many Full Scores Made at Larchmont Y. C. Shoot.

Sixteen of the Larchmont Yacht Club's crack gunners faced the traps yesterday in the weekly shoot of that organization, and under almost ideal conditions many full scores were made in the seven matches decided. Darkness set in before the close of the contest for the March Cup, so that the winner cannot be determined until W. B. Short, G. L. Bready, and J. R. Collins shoot off a tie of 24 next week.

G. L. Bready's shooting was the feature of the day, for he won five of the eight matches. He was high gun in the 125-target handicap shoot, breaking 121 out of the possible 125, and in the high gun scratch contest he won, with 115 to his credit. He also won the 10-target scratch contest and a special trophy match, in which sixteen competed, after a shoot-off with E. A. Wilson and E. L. C. Robins. In the shoot for the Sauer gun Bready was also successful, after shooting off a tie with T. Bryan, E. A. Wilson, W. D. Hinds, and J. Ross Collins, all of whom shot full scores of 25.

B. Durham and Dr. Brown tied with full scores in the shoot for the 15-target scratch prize, and in the shoot-off Dr. Brown proved the winner. The leg for the Commodore's Cup was won by G. H. Abbot after a shoot-off with T. Lenane, Jr. The summaries:

Special Trophy—25 Targets—Handicap.—J. G. Batterson, 3—20; W. B. Short, 3—24; W. E. Bemis, 4—21; G. H. Abbot, 3—21; W. J. Elias, 2—23; T. Bryan, 0—21; R. L. Spotts, 1—24; G. L. Bready, 3—25; E. A. Wilson, 2—25; B. Durham, 0—22; Dr. Brown, 0—18; W. D. Hinds, 0—18; T. Lenane, Jr., 2—19; J. R. Collins, 4—20; T. Jones, 4—17; E. L. C. Robins, 2—25.

Sauer Gun—25 Targets—Handicap.—J. G. Batterson, 3—22; W. B. Short, 3—23; W. E. Bemis, 4—19; G. H. Abbot, 3—25; W. J. Elias, 2—17; T. Bryan, 2—25; R. L. Spotts, 0—22; G. L. Bready, 2—25; E. A. Wilson, 2—25; B. Durham, 0—22; Dr. Brown, 0—17; W. D. Hinds, 0—25; T. Lenane, Jr., 2—22; J. R. Collins, 4—25; T. Jones, 1—16; E. L. C. Robins, 2—22.

Commodore's Cup, 25 Targets, Handicap.—J. G. Batterson, 3—19; W. B. Short, 3—21; W. E. Bemis, 4—21; G. H. Abbot, 3—25; W. J. Elias, 2—21; T. Bryan, 0—20; R. L. Spotts, 1—22; G. L. Bready, 2—24; E. A. Wilson, 2—24; B. Durham, 0—23; Dr. Brown, 0—22; W. D. Hinds, 0—22; T. Lenane, Jr., 2—25; J. R. Collins, 4—23; T. Jones, 4—20; E. L. C. Robins, 2—23.

March Cup, 25 Targets, Handicap.—J. G. Batterson, 3—22; W. B. Short, 3—24; G. H. Abbot, 2—17; W. J. Elias, 2—23; T. Bryan, 0—22; R. L. Spotts, 1—23; G. L. Bready, 1—24; E. A. Wilson, 2—19; B. Durham, 0—23; Dr. Brown, 0—13; W. D. Hinds, 0—23; T. Lenane, Jr., 2—19; J. R. Collins, 4—24; E. L. C. Robins, 2—19.

125 Bird, High Gun, Handicap.—J. G. Batterson, 105; W. B. Short, 110; G. H. Abbot, 109; W. J. Elias, 103; T. Bryan, 110; R. L. Spotts, 115; G. L. Bready, 121; E. A. Wilson, 115; B. Durham, 114; Dr. Brown, 95; W. D. Hinds, 108; T. Lenane, Jr., 101; J. R. Collins, 109.

PALM BEACH RACES DRAW MANY BOATS

Twenty-five Fast Craft Will Compete in Annual Aquatic Event in Florida.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, Fla., March 12.—The best showing of motor boats ever gathered at Palm Beach is now here for the seventh annual races of the Palm Beach Power Boat Association. More than half of the boats entered were checked in this evening, and by to-morrow night about twenty-five will be here for the races beginning Tuesday.

Payne Whitney has entered the Dorothy N., a boat he bought last week from C. P. Reiman of Palm Beach. It is of the twenty-foot class and of sufficient power to make it reckoned in the speed contests, though it will have a good chance in handicaps.

George W. Perkins has entered a 165-horse-power boat of the hydroplane type, which will compete in the same class with the Mist and the Ace II. These two appeared to-day to be the best boats here. If the Mist, G. M. Marshall, New Smyrna, can eliminate engine trouble, she will have a fine chance for the speed prize.

This new boat is fitted with two 200-horse-power engines, but the mechanicians have had great trouble in starting it. The Ace II., just out of the shop, was built by Leyare of Ogdensburg, with an eight-cylinder 100-horse-power Sterling engine. She will show about thirty-three miles an hour, and was built for Chief W. W. Trimple of the Eustis Boat Club. George Gingras of Rockledge, who had a prize winner for several years, is bringing down a hydroplane that he expects to get thirty-five miles out of.

BERMUDA MOTOR BOAT RACE.

Long Distance Ocean Event to be Started Saturday, June 17.

Conditions for the long-distance motor boat race from New York to Bermuda were announced yesterday. The race will be started in Gravesend Bay, Saturday, June 17, under the auspices of the Motor Boat Club of America, and the Royal Bermuda Yacht Club for the Challenge Cup, with $1,000 in cash to the owner of the winning boat, with a second prize if three or more boats start, and a third prize if five boats start.

The race will be open to seaworthy boats not over 100 feet over all nor under 40 feet over all, which must be substantially built, full-decked vessels, having engine and living accommodations housed in and being equipped with all the tackle and appliances necessary to enable them to perform a long passage in open water.

The Race Committee, comprehending that those entering the race have a thorough knowledge of the fuel necessary to make the passage, does not specify any quantity, but the same must be sufficient to complete a distance of at least one and one-half times the distance between New York and Bermuda. No ingredient shall be used to increase the power of fuel. Boats must be equipped with suitable spars and rigging to carry sufficient sail to give them steerage way in a moderate breeze. This sail may be spread in any shape, but the total area of canvas must not exceed in square feet the square of the over-all length of the vessel, divided by eight as a constant. This sail may be carried at all times.

Stores and water sufficient for thirty days must be carried. This will be strictly enforced. No boat will be allowed to start with less than six men aboard, one of whom shall be a practical navigator, one a practical engineer, and at least half of each crew must be amateurs.

Entries will be received up to one week before the start of the race. There will be no entrance fee. All contestants must be measured by the official measurer not later than one week previous to the start. All contestants must report to the Race Committee and official measurer for the purposes of inspection and measurement at a time and place to be announced hereafter. Protests covering violations of sailing rules must be made in writing within twenty-four hours after finish of race. Protests regarding ratings must be filed with the Race Committee previous to the start of the race.

Cameron Soccer Team Shut Out.

The Columbia Ovals defeated the Cameron soccer team yesterday at 145th Street and Lenox Avenue by the score of 5 goals to 0 in a well-played game. The scoring fell to the Vanderweghe brothers, each getting two goals for their side with Cameron of the Columbia's getting the fifth tally. At half time the score was 2 goals to 0 in favor of the Columbias.

Clan MacDonalds in Second Place.

The replayed match, between the Clan MacDonalds and the Hollywood Inn football clubs, contested at Marquette Oval, in Brooklyn, yesterday afternoon, resulted in a win, by the score of 2 goals to 0, the Clans again having the long end of the points. The game played a few months ago was protested by the Hollywoods, they claiming that the game was called three minutes before the scheduled time. This victory gives the Clans a hold on second place in the New York Amateur Football League.

Harvard Crews Growing Restless.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., March 12.—Probably by the latter part of the week, if present weather conditions continue in order, the Harvard rowing crews will take their first spin on the Charles River. The oarsmen are getting restless, being confined indoors so long, and a general all-around limbering up will be a good tonic to give an added zest to their labors.

TRAP SHOOTING FINALS.

Two Championships to be Decided at Sportsman's Show.

The amateur and professional championships will be decided to-day in the international trap shooting tournament at the new Sportsman's Show in Madison Square Garden, which closes to-night. The championship class has gone through elimination process during the week, contestants having had two hundred targets each, and fifty more must be shot at by the four leaders to-day, who are Neaf Apgar, with a present score of 191; Lester S. German, 185; H. H. Stevens, 172, and J. S. Fanning, 169. Miss Annie Rieker of Lancaster, Penn., the only woman contestant, has become a factor in the amateur championships, having succeeded in making 46 out of 50 targets in the preliminaries. The first ten highest scores in the amateur class, after all have shot fifty more targets to-day, will shoot a special 100-target final for the championship. The scores in the amateur class are:

F. Stephenson, 49; F. D. Kelsey, 48; C. L. Frants, 48; J. S. Skeer, 46; W. Simonson, 46; Miss Rieker, 46; W. T. Smith, 45; E. E. Reed, 45; H. P. Herman, 45; H. M. Judd, 45; C. de Mittfeldt, 44; E. L. Warren, 44; G. H. Pumpelly, 44; H. A. Groesbeck, 43; E. D. Borden, 43; C. H. Daly, 43; H. J. Burlington, 43; E. A. Gunther, 43; A. Betti, 43; E. G. Southey, 43; W. D. Hinds, 43; W. Wolstencroft, 43; A. L. Burns, 43, and H. B. Williams, 43.

A detachment of practical and experienced boy campers that arrived in New York Saturday will be guests at the show to-night. This detachment consists of forty boys, under command of Major Sidney Peixotto, ranging in age from 14 to 19, and all of them public school students of San Francisco, having a leave of absence from last December until next September, and who prior to their invasion of New York made an extended trip through Australia.

The organization is the Columbia Park Boys' Club of San Francisco, and is on a self-supporting trip to cover the period from last December until September of this year. From the time they left San Francisco, through their Australian trip and to their arrival in this city, the detachment has successfully proved that it can complete a self-supporting trip of this kind.

The boys are uniformed and have their own band, and will march in a body to the Garden, where, during the last day of this year's show, they will be the guests of the management and of the Boys' Camps Exhibit Committee.

A special meeting was held in the Garden yesterday under the auspices of the Committee of Game Protective, Legislative and Preserves of the Camp Fire Club of America, of which William T. Hornaday, director of the New York Zoological Society, is Chairman.

STOCK CHASSIS FOR AUTO RACES

Contest Board's Recent Ruling Aids Purchasers of Autos—Will Be Valuable Auxiliary.

The theory of the food expert that canned and storage goods should be marked with the year of their birth has been put into practice in the automobile racing game. Hereafter the vintage of a racer will be one of the chief facts to be shown plainly to the public, as dictated in a recent ruling of the American Automobile Association's Contest Board. Now the purchaser of an automobile can really know whether the car he buys is identical with the stock chassis that wins speedway or road race.

While the revision of the racing rules and registration was not carried far enough to be entirely effective, still it is more satisfactory than the old way of racing a particularly speedy model of ancient vintage or one yet to be built, and advertising its performance as that of the current issue. Under the old system the public gets the wrong impression. While the victorious racer is in the strict sense of the rules a stock chassis, in the spirit of the game it is not, as cars of that model are not in the market.

Although the new system does not make it compulsory for the manufacturer to come out frankly and give the year the competing car was made, it amounts to virtually the same. Each racing car will be registered and given a number which it will hold for the life of the car. The records of the American Automobile Association will be gone over and numbers assigned to all cars that are in the racing game. While the details are not yet decided, the idea is to arrange the numbers serially as to the year of manufacture so the public can recognize the vintage of any car readily.

By referring to these numbers the prospective owner can positively know whether he's getting a counterpart of the car that cleans up handsomely in road race or on speedway. The automobile public will be able to see at a glance who are and who are not racing stock chasses in both the letter and the spirit of clean, honest competition. The whole racing game will be benefited. The real purpose of the American Automobile Association will be more apparent. The manufacturer who races models of strictly current issue will get credit for it, and more than ever before the road race and speedway will be valuable auxiliaries to the testing department and a guide to the car's designer.

Announcement

AFTER two years of exhaustive efficiency and economy tests, conducted by our experts, in America and abroad, we take pleasure in announcing that we have selected the "Commer," manufactured by the firm of "Commercial Cars Ltd." of Luton, England, as the most efficient and economical high-duty motor-truck in the world's market.

In making this statement regarding the Commer Truck we do so with a full appreciation of our responsibility as the oldest retailers of high-class motor-cars in New York City. The facts upon which our experts base their selection are given below—and we stand back of the guarantee that every Commer Truck will deliver the standard performance. If you are a prospective purchaser of a motor-truck you will find these facts worth your closest attention.

In taking the American selling rights we have had ample time to assure ourselves of regular deliveries from the English plant up to a certain number per month, and therefore up to that limit can guarantee purchasers as to promptness of deliveries.

Please note carefully the paragraph below.

Collier's
The Housekeeper

A 7-ton Commer Truck just purchased by P. F. Collier & Son, Publishers, of New York City, after the most critical efficiency and economy tests by their mechanical superintendent six months ago.

The Commer Truck

3-TON 4½-TON 5½-TON 6½-TON

As has been stated above, we have selected the Commer Truck only after a two years' search of the automobile market of the world. It has been in successful service in England for seven years. It is in daily use in nearly every country in the world under all imaginable conditions of load and road. The 5-ton Model under full load is guaranteed to give six miles per gallon of gasolene and one hundred miles per quart of oil.

Its entire delivery cost per ton-mile is approximately six cents.

Its mechanism is fool-proof, even to the gears, which automatically enmesh at the correct speed of the engine.

Before reaching a final decision we had a 5-ton Commer Truck running in New York as a special try-out, under all sorts of loads for nine months of continual daily service. During this severe test, finished some months ago, the truck was not laid up an hour for repairs and its repair expense was absolutely nothing. Moreover throughout the entire period of three-quarters of a year there was not a single spare part in this country, so sure were its makers of the truck standing up under service.

It should be remembered that in making all tests we have been in the position of buyers—not sellers.

During the past six months we have been preparing, and now have in full working order, a Service and Maintenance Department for motor-trucks that is complete in every detail. We offer the most cordial co-operation of all our departments to any firm or individual considering motor-trucks and will be pleased to demonstrate the Commer under the most exacting conditions.

A number of orders have already been placed and deliveries made. We shall be glad to furnish the most complete information and to arrange for immediate demonstration. Telephone 8100 Columbus.

Wyckoff Church & Partridge
BROADWAY AT 56TH STREET
The Most Complete Motor Service in America

THIRD SUCCESSIVE WIN FOR HOOLEY

Glencoe A. C. Distance Runner Captures Morningside Weekly Road Race.

Despite the fact that his own club was holding an invitation run in which he would have been a desirable starter, George Hooley of the Glencoe A. C. won the Morningside A. C. run yesterday, thereby securing his third successive victory for the event and defeating one of the largest packs of the season, which numbered seventy-five starters. The Glencoe crack captured this same run on the two preceding Sundays, which will give him the greatest number of victories in the Morningside's cross-country season.

The pack that started yesterday was one of the best that could be gathered together, with many of the top-notch hill-and-dale chasers in the metropolitan district in competition. The athletes lined up at the starting point in rows of about fifteen, and as the start was made the entire body went out at a good clip. The pack was closely bunched for the first mile, in which J. McGarity of the Paulist A. C. was seen in front as pacemaker, with Hoolahan of the Franklin A. C. and Hooley at his heels.

At the second mile mark the positions changed, showing Hoolahan making the pace, followed by McGarity of the Paulist club. The leader held the premier position until within a mile of home, when Hooley came from behind and passed him on a sprint, and, once out in front, the Glencoe runner set out with a determination not to be passed. By continuing his good work Hooley came up to the finish line in good form, winning by more than 100 yards. The run had an additional quarter mile added to it, which now makes it an accurate course, measuring four miles, and the time of the victor was 19:56. R. Smith of the Mohawk A. C. finished second, his time being 20:09. The order of finish:

George Hooley, Glencoe A. C.; R. Smith, Mohawk A. C.; J. McGarity, Paulist A. C.; H. Hoolahan, Franklin A. C.; S. D. Richmond, Glencoe A. C.; J. Guerin, Trinity Club; P. Lally, Union Settlement J. Wilson, Mohawk A. C.; C. Achenreider, Trinity Club; P. Murphy, Old Cathedral; D. Frank, Mott Haven A. C.; G. Booth, Mohawk A. C.; H. Rust, Mott Haven A. C.; E. Maher, Carmelite A. C.; R. Lawless, Union Settlement A. C.; A. Soraci, Xavier A. A.; J. Schmalix, Trinity Club; L. Schmitt, Mott Haven A. C.; T. Gorman, Holy Cross Lyceum; M. Garin, Mott Haven A. C.; J. Shea, Trinity Club; H. Pressinger, Trinity Club; J. Nedloh, Mott Haven A. C.; J. Nebel, Morningside A. C.; J. Carley, Carmelite A. C.; W. Rawn, unattached; J. Blackwood, West New York A. C.; J. Scherin, Trinity Club; M. O'Reilly, Carmelite A. C.; J. Sharkey, Pastime A. C.; F. Carzetta, unattached; C. Haggman, Northern A. C.; T. O'Connor, Trinity Club; W. Wilson, Xavier A. A.; H. Carr, Dominican Lyceum; R. Stultz, unattached; P. Dunn, Paulist A. C.; B. O'Brien, Highland A. C.; J. McGuigan, Morningside A. C.; G. Bhomberg, Carmelite A. C.; F. Lux, Xavier A. A.; B. Flynn, Carmelite A. C.; E. Finn, Union Settlement; H. Christ, Pennant A. C.; G. Mullan, Paulist A. C.; P. Grandin, Trinity Club; J. Courtney, Carmelite A. C.; T. Larkin, Madison Square A. C.; B. Doolan, Paulist A. C.; J. Maloney, Mott Haven A. C.; E. Wilhelm, unattached; A. Hotchkiss, unattached; P. De Witt, unattached; E. Webber, Glencoe A. C.; C. Basch, Xavier A. A.; O. Francis, Homestead A. C.; P. Dubmayer, Excelsior Club; E. Rothstein, unattached; T. Castle, Tuxedo A. C.; R. Germain, Merrimac A. C.

Mat Maloney Acts as Pacemaker.

Acting as pacemaker for one of the best fields of cross-country runners that ever competed in the weekly invitation run of the Morris A. A., Mat Maloney led the pack over the course in good style, the event being captured by J. Manning of the Harlem Evening High School. Maloney's time for the course was 23:27, while Manning was clocked at 23:47, just twenty seconds slower than the professional. The summary:

J. Manning, Harlem Evening H. S.; S. Ost, Morris A. A.; J. F. O'Connor, Morris A. A.; D. Quinlan, Harlem Evening H. S.; J. Vallely, Harlem Evening H. S.; B. Baille, New York Evening H. S.; H. Hertzel, New York Evening H. S.; W. O'Hare, Harlem Evening H. S.; J. Stolze, Sheridan A. C.; R. Schulze, New York Evening H. S.; J. Minogue, New York Evening H. S.; F. O'Donell, Harlem Evening H. S.; S. Salford, unattached; J. Schellenberg, New York Evening H. S.; H. Epstein, Harlem Evening H. S.; K. Morgan, Harlem Evening H. S.; H. Cohen, Harlem Evening H. S.; J. Major, New York Evening H. S.; S. Sportz, Crown A. C.; P. Kelly, Harlem Evening H. S.; E. Panler, unattached; A. Russman, Harlem Evening H. S.; J. Fortner, Bronx A. A.; S. Stalling, unattached; T. Nally, unattached; I. Lenner, Mercury A. C.; J. Salton, unattached; S. Edman, Crown A. C.; T. Crossman, unattached.

RESULTS OF BROOKLYN RUNS.

Brooklyn athletes were out in numbers yesterday and had several runs to select from before competing. In addition to the cross-country runs the Rival Club also promoted a walk.

A good field was made up in the run of the National, which was closed to the members, and the three-mile run was productive of good sport and a close finish. B. Schreiber was first to get over the finish line by covering the course in 15:21, with P. Healey and W. Hantesch second and third respectively.

The Good Council A. C. had a representative field in their chase of three and one-half miles, and after a stiff fight for first place T. Kehoe of the home club was victorious, making the distance in 19:15. J. Dunn of the Sprocket A. C. came in second and J. Daferdash of the Good Council A. C. third.

Jamaica was the scene of one of the best runs held on Long Island, and the event, which always brings out a good field, was well attended yesterday. The runners traveled over a course of three and one-half miles and from the start to near the finish the winner could not be determined, as the entire pack hung close to the pacemaker, but in the sprint for the tape M. Forrester of the Putnam A. C. had held the most reserve strength and came in first by a small margin, with B. Duvall of the Jamaica Club second, while B. Schwartz, also of the Putnam A. C., secured the third position.

The four-mile run of the Maplewood A. C. brought out a good-sized field, and resulted in a well-contested race, in which the honors for the premier position went to W. Meyer of the Univa Sportiva. A. Reall of the Mott Havens was placed second, while J. Paravino came in third. The Maplewood run was decided in the morning, and J. Paravino carried off the honors from a good field. The run was also decided over a four-mile course, and the Maplewood runner made good time from the start and won handily, with J. B. Carr and F. Fahie, both of the Trinity Club, second and third respectively.

The greater activities of the day centred around the course of the Rival A. C., which scheduled a walking match and a two-and-one-half-mile run. S. Walker of the home club was successful in negotiating the course of the run in the fastest time, with G. Gallaher of the McCaddin Lyceum the runner up and J. Bennett of the Good Council A. C. third. In the walk Benny Mann, the crack pedestrian of the Pastime A. C., starting from scratch, led the way for the bunch, after gaining the lead shortly after the start, and won by a good margin. F. Foster and L. Coston, wearing the colors of the Rival Club, secured second and third places respectively in a fast finish for the tape.

HARRIS WINS GLENCOE RUN.

Field of Twenty in Ten-Mile Event Over Bronx Roads.

With a score of long-distance runners taking part in the ten-mile invitation road run of the Glencoe Athletic Club yesterday, a very successful contest ensued, and showed T. Harris of the Glencoe's the winner by a margin of twelve yards from J. J. Stack of the Pastime A. C., who in turn led the newly elected Captain of the Brazilian Cross by five yards. The time of the winner was 1:03:30.

The course led over the Willis Avenue bridge, up the boulevard to Bronx Park, which was skirted on the 180th Street side to Webster Avenue; down Webster Avenue to 177th Street; west to Jerome Avenue; down Jerome Avenue to Central Bridge, across bridge to Seventh Avenue to 126th Street, and east to clubhouse.

At the start a professional named Johnson rushed out into the lead, which he held on sufferance for about a hundred yards. He soon proved a flash in the pan, and a very ordinary runner, as, after the men started to go by him that was the last they saw of him, as he eventually finished fifteenth, nearly fifteen minutes behind the winner.

By the time the Willis Avenue bridge was reached Harris, Smith, and Stack went into the lead, never afterward relinquishing the pace, in which they alternated. Taub and Rozette of the Pastimes were holding down fourth and fifth positions at this time, and going fairly well. The same order was maintained at Bronx Park as far as the first half dozen men were concerned, although there was quite some changing among the tailenders. Smith made every effort to draw away from Harris and Stack when the trio reached Jerome Avenue, trying to take advantage of the good going, the asphalt being the best piece of running ground on the course. The other pair refused to be shaken off, however, and retaliated by some team work which nearly proved the undoing of the Pastime A. C. Captain.

Harris and Stack lost a little of their ambition in the run down Seventh Avenue, easing up perceptibly and enabling Smith to make up some of the ground he had lost on the other side of Central Bridge. Once he got to the other pair, Smith stuck well, with the result that a capital race ensued through 126th Street, in which Harris showed himself in possession of the best sprint, which warranted his winning as above. After the arrival of the leading trio the rest of the field found its way back to the clubhouse at intervals of a minute or two in almost every instance. The summary:

T. Harris, Glencoe A. C.; J. J. Stack, Pastime A. C.; H. J. Smith, Pastime A. C.; G. Timmons, Morningside A. C.; W. Rozette, Pastime A. C.; G. Dietrich, Loughlin Lyceum; M. Taub, Pastime A. C.; F. McCullough, Glencoe A. C.; G. E. Crosby, unattached; G. Cuneo, St. George's A. C.; W. Borck, West End A. A.; W. Tepper, West End A. A.; S. Colombo, Xavier A. A.; T. O'Connor, Pastime A. C.; G. F. Johnson, unattached; G. Mazzuoco, Glencoe A. C.; J. Hoey, National A. C.; G. Furst, Newark; R. Green, Anchor A. C.

Smith Elected Captain of I.-A. A. C.

At a meeting held at the Irish-American Athletic Club Saturday night for the purpose of selecting a Captain for the track team Harry Smith, the crack three-miler, was unanimously elected to fill the position. After his election Smith made known his views in connection with the position and said he would immediately begin his duties by inaugurating a series of cross-country runs for members of the organization. Starting with next week there will be two runs held weekly, in which medals will be awarded to the victors, and a point trophy will also be offered for the athlete scoring the greatest number of points during the series. The events are expected to stimulate interest in cross-country running for the Winged Fist athletes.

Inter-Settlement A. A. Games.

The ninth annual indoor games of the Inter-Settlement Athletic Association will be held at the Seventy-first Regiment Armory Saturday evening, April 8. In all, twenty-one events will be run off for juniors and seniors in settlements which are members of the Inter-Settlement Athletic Association. Although A. Pepis and one or two of the more prominent athletes have recently left the association to join the Irish-American A. C. and other organizations, there should be an interesting set of events, more especially in the dash and 800-yard run. Dancing will be held at the conclusion of the games, and will add to their interest.

Winged Foot A. C. Walk.

The reorganized Winged Foot A. C. held its second annual members' walk from New York to Coney Island yesterday. Herbert S. Frank, who won last year's walk, was again a winner, and he thereby secured a stronger hold on the Rockwit Trophy, which becomes the permanent possession of the contestant winning it three times. Frank bettered his previous mark for the course by seven minutes. The Moqua Bicycle Club kept pace with the pedestrians and two members were disqualified for unfair walking. The field was not as large as last year, only twenty-one men facing the starter, but the contest for second place was very keen. Frank took the lead at the start and he was never headed. He finished ten minutes ahead of his nearest competitor, Joe Edwards. Henry Ferns crossed the line one minute behind Edwards, and Jack Green closely followed Ferns. Besides the above mentioned the first ten included Edgar Mills, S. Blumenthal, H. Jackson, B. Frankin, J. Harrison, and F. A. Bloom, who finished in the order named. Twenty-six minutes separated the ten walkers.

Big Field of Walkers.

Fred Kaiser, the clever pedestrian of the Morris Athletic Association, captured first honors in the invitation walk of the club yesterday from the back mark. The walk was one of the best contested by the club with the biggest field in the history of the organization. The order of finish: Fred Kaiser, Morris A. A.; M. Friedburg, Morris A. A.; F. Cuddy, Irish-American A. C.; Anthony Higgins, A. Prival, Morris A. A.; E. Berner, Morris A. A.; S. Schwed, Morris A. A.; J. F. O'Connor, Morris A. A.; S. Salzer, unattached; J. Olsen, Olympia A. C.; M. Krause, Morris A. A.; S. Starler, unattached; F. J. Kaster, Optima A. C.; J. Callas, unattached; S. Foster, Crown A. C.; T. Jansen, unattached; E. Stocker, unattached; J. Tyler, Mercury A. C.; S. Enmore, unattached; J. Norton, Crown A. C.; T. Canton, unattached.

N. Y. U. Football Schedule.

The New York University football schedule for 1911, which was announced yesterday by Manager Henderson, shows that the wearers of the violet are gradually gaining a more prominent position in intercollegiate football circles. Yale has been placed on the list this year, and that the game is not one of the early practice contests is shown by the fact that it will not be played until Nov. 4.

The only unfortunate thing about the schedule is that the Trinity game comes just three days after the Yale contest, and the Rutgers game follows four days later. Rutgers is expected to be much stronger next Fall, too, so that the week, Nov. 4 to 11, will be particularly hard on the New York eleven. There is reason to believe, however, that Trinity will be much weaker this year than last, for she will lose most of her good men, next June, by graduation.

Williams, Wesleyan, and the Navy are also back on the schedule, and should make three very interesting contests. The Wesleyan game is the last on the Methodists' schedule, and is the last home game for New York University. A game with Muhlenberg has also been arranged, and will be played on Ohio Field. It will be the first contest of the season, and is regarded chiefly as a practice game. The schedule follows:

Oct. 7—Muhlenberg, at Ohio Field; 21—Rhode Island State, at Ohio Field; 28—Williams, at Williamston; Nov. 4—Yale, at New Haven; 7—Trinity, at Ohio Field; 11—Rutgers, at Ohio Field; 18—Wesleyan, at Ohio Field; 25—Navy, at Annapolis.

CURTAIL EVENTS IN OLYMPIC GAMES

Sweden Makes Many Changes in Conditions—The Committee to Work for Standard Rules.

There is every likelihood of a curtailment in the list of events to be held in Stockholm, Sweden, next year, and the International Olympic Committee now finds itself concerned with the condensation and the necessity for standard conditions governing the events decided upon. The shortness of the period of the festival involves the omission of certain of the sports which were found on the London Olympic programme, which called out English competitors exclusively.

The Swedish Committee proposes to intrust the work of the actual management to the sub-committees appointed by the governing associations of Sweden. As a rule Swedes only will be appointed officials, but the Swedish Committee may at its discretion avail itself of the assistance of foreigners, as was done occasionally—for instance, in fencing—by the British Committee.

Mention is made in the general regulations, of international juries, to be composed of representatives of all the nations taking part in the games, and having jurisdiction over different branches of sport. It is further laid down that the decision of protests will rest with the jury, and not, as heretofore, with the executive officials.

Objections to this system are raised because of the uncertainty that expert representatives from each nation can always be available for every kind of competition. Even in London it was not always easy to find foreign judges to assist in the adjudication of points and victories, and it is conceded that if difficult questions arise in connection with protests, an inquiry by a Swedish sub-committee conversant with the sport would probably be more satisfactory than an appeal to such members of an international jury as could be convened for the occasion.

In comparison with the previous Olympic games it is noticeable that some little reduction has been made. Running races at all of the most popular distances are retained, but there is only one walking contest, at the distance of 10,000 meters, as against those of 8,500 meters and ten miles held in 1908. The 400 meters hurdle and the steeplechase are eliminated, except that the latter will form part of the "modern Pentathlon." On the other hand a new event is introduced in a cross-country race at 8,000 meters, a very short distance for a race of this kind. Similar objection could be made to the relay race of 400 meters, which must be a mistake, and intended to be 400 meters for each man, as races of the relay nature at 400 meters are only run by elementary school boys here.

Changes have been made in the javelin and discus events, the free style in the one and the Greek style in the other having been given up. A new feature of these exercises is introduced in the offer of prizes for ambidexterity. The Pentathlon is modeled on ancient lines, with the exception that wrestling is omitted, and a 1,500-meters race added to the 200-meters race, a premium apparently being put on foot racing. The Decathlon to some extent resembles the programme of a standard athletic series, except that the javelin and discus are substituted for the hammer, and a pole jump for the half-mile race.

Graeco-Roman will be the style in the wrestling bouts, this being the style universally used on the continent. In gymnastics a team competition in exercises according to the Swedish system is a new feature on the programme. As one of the prizes mentioned is the Prague Trophy, held by the winner of the Heptathlon, G. A. Bruglia, it is probable that the conditions of this contest will be repeated.

Noticeable innovations in the swimming events will be a 400-meters breast stroke and a 100-meters race, as well as a diving contest for ladies. Mention is made in the rowing line of but two first-class events, viz., the eights and the sculls. Instead of pairs and fours, two events are put forward for four-oared crews, one in best boats with coxswains, the other in inrigged boats, the special definition of which is to be issued by the Swedish R. A. at an early date.

Some criticism is expressed in connection with the length of the course, 2,300 meters, or some 123 yards less than the ordinary Henley regatta distance. The entries for this sport are made acquainted with the fact that the entries close May 18, two months before the racing begins.

COST OF ATHLETICS.

Comparison of Cost of Harvard and Yale Sports.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., March 12.—A comparison of the cost of athletics at both Harvard and Yale is interesting. Last year it cost the Cambridge university $127,945 to run athletics, or about $425 a day for the ten months through which the college season lasts. The football expenditures were approximately $31,000, an average of about $1,000 a man to the squad of thirty-one players. Track athletics cost $8,994.90, baseball $11,177.31, and crew $15,480.18.

At Yale the approximate for maintaining football was $40,000. It meant for every man who got in a "championship" game, as the contests with Harvard and Princeton at New Haven are called, $2,500 was expended. On baseball, which returned a net profit of $5,760, Yale put out a total of $22,887, while track athletics, with a total income of only $8,811, cost $13,369. Rowing is practically a flat financial loss, since no admission can be charged, and more than $20,000 is appropriated every year for it.

Joraschek Rolls Big Score.

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 12.—B. Joraschek of the Olympian Bowling Club No. 3 of New York, won the leadership in singles at the bowling turnament to-day. He rolled 682.

BOXING GAME ON TRIAL.

Hearing to be Held This Morning—McFarland-Moran at Fairmont A. C.

There is no feeling of apprehension on the part of the Directors and Presidents of the so-called legitimate athletic and sporting clubs in the greater city over the recent rather sensational action on the part of the Police Commissioner in regard to charges which he has made abainst some of his Inspectors and Captains relative to the boxing situation.

The more prominent clubs which cater to the one branch of athletics, boxing, feel that they are well within the law, and anticipate no serious inclination to put a stop to a game which in their opinion is particularly well governed competitively, and which lately, at least, has been free from fatalities and disorders.

Going on this basis the bouts which have been scheduled for this week are still on the list, and will go through unless something unforeseen develops in the proceedings at the West Side Court this morning, when the many summonses issued by the Police Commissioner will have their official airing.

All of which leads up to the fact that quite the classiest exhibition carded since the repeal of the Horton law will be seen to-morrow night when Packey McFarland, the Chicago lad, and Owen Moran, the English boxer, shape up at the Fairmont Club in the Bronx. These boys will box ten rounds, the agreement being that they make 135 pounds at 5 o'clock. It is said that the Chicago lad will have an advantage of at least eight pounds in weight, and many of his followers expect him to have an easy time because of that fact.

When the records are looked over Moran has apparently none the worst of it from any standpoint. He has beaten every one in his class in England, and has more than held his own since he came to the country with men in the lightweight class. He has three draws with Abe Attell, which were gained at a time when the featherweight champion was at the top of his career.

For his weight Moran is credited with being much stronger than his prospective opponent. On the other hand McFarland is a master of the art of both offence and defense, and well able to stand off the rushing, boring type of boxer. He has been in the game for seven years, and has met with very few competitive reverses. He put the finishing touchs on his training yesterday, and looked as fit as at any time in his career. Reports from Lakewood have it that Moran is only too anxious for the fray.

On Thursday night at the National Sporting Club Joe Jeanette and Jim Barry will battle for the second time within a few weeks. At their last affair in Philadelphia it was fancied that Barry had a shade on his opponent.

Three clubs will hold forth to-night—the Olympics, Colins, and Postman A. C. At the Olympic A. C. Frank Moran of Pittsburg will be opposed by Jim Savage of Orange in the main attraction at ten rounds. At the Colin A. C. Young Joe Wagner, who aspires to the bantam championship, will compete with Frankie Williams, a colored boy. There will also be six six-round preliminaries. At the Postman A. C. Tommy Houck and Young Goldman promise to give an interesting exhibition for ten rounds.

At the Princess Club Wednesday night Young Dyson and K. O. Smith are to show in the principal go at ten rounds. Young Sayles and Kid Ross come together in the semi-final. On the same night the Wendover A. C., in the Bronx, will present Johnny Moran, the "fighting actor," and Battling Marshall as the main attraction at ten rounds, and at the Sharkey A. C. Harry Ferns and Irish Paddy Sullivan will try conclusions in the star bout.

Leach Cross and Joe Bedell are named as the finalists at the Whirlwind A. C. in Brooklyn on Thursday night. Cross's victories over Willie Beecher and Johnny Marto have made his friends feel that he is again coming into his own, and they anticipate a good showing when he faces Bedell, who has been giving a good account of himself in his recent battles.

At the Brooklyn Beach A. C. in South Brooklyn, at about the same time as the Whirlwind show is on, Eddie Powers and Tommy Barrett will come together. Barrett has made his way East, looking for more men to conquer, as he has a very fine record in the West and is said to be particularly clever. The Long Acre A. A. will hold its usual Thursday and Saturday nights, the latter session being reserved for the amateurs.

Notes of the Boxers.

The Madison A. C., which staged the recent bout between One-Round Hogan and Knockout Brown, has arranged for a bout between Ad Wolgast and Hogan for April 18. Wolgast fights George Memsic at Vernon, Cal., next Friday and will return to New York immediately after the bout. Wolgast has agreed to let Hogan make 132 pounds at 7 o'clock or 133 pounds at 8:30 o'clock. Hogan has not yet named which he will accept.

The match between Frank Klaus of Pittsburg and Hugo Kelly of Chicago, for which both the Fairmont A. C. of this city and the Armory A. A. of Boston have been angling, will be staged before the local club March 28. Montana Dan Sullivan will be matched to take on the winner.

Because of Johnny Coulon's refusal to fight the best boys at 116 pounds, Dick Curley, on behalf of Joe Wagner, has laid formal claim to the bantamweight title. Curley is ready to match his protege against Coulon, and adds that he will put up a side bet of $1,000 on Wagner's chances. The feeling is general that Coulon should take on some of the real contenders for the title. Curley bases his claims for Wagner on the fact that he has gained newspaper verdicts over Frankie Burns, Young O'Leary, Philly McGovern, Charlie Goldman, and Johnny Daly. He states that Burns has refused to fight Wagner again, and also that his efforts to get on a match with Coulon have brought forth nothing but promises.

New Jersey Indoor Horse Show.

The annual show of the New Jersey Horse Show Association will open in the First Troop Armory, Newark, May 4. Reginald C. Vanderbilt, who is one of the honorary Directors of the association, will exhibit his stable with other large prize exhibits. The judges and prize list will be announced at a meeting to be held in New York this week. Ex-Gov. Franklin Murphy is President of the association. The prize ring will be the largest on the circuit, Madison Square Garden being excepted, the last floor 25 feet larger than the armory ring.

CUPS FOR YOUNG AVIATORS.

Two Will Be Awarded in Y. M. C. A. Contest for Models.

Two silver cups, both eighteen inches tall, are to be competed for by amateur aeronauts in a series of model aeroplane contests under the auspices of the West Side Young Men's Christian Association. The cups are identical in make and design.

A. Leo Stevens, the aeronaut, has given one of the cups, and the other is the gift of Sydney B. Bowman. The Bowman Cup is to go to the best-constructed model aeroplane, while the Stevens cup is for length of flight. Both cups will be awarded at the close of the season's flights. The contests are open to boys between the ages of 12 and 18 years, whether or not they are members of any Y. M. C. A.

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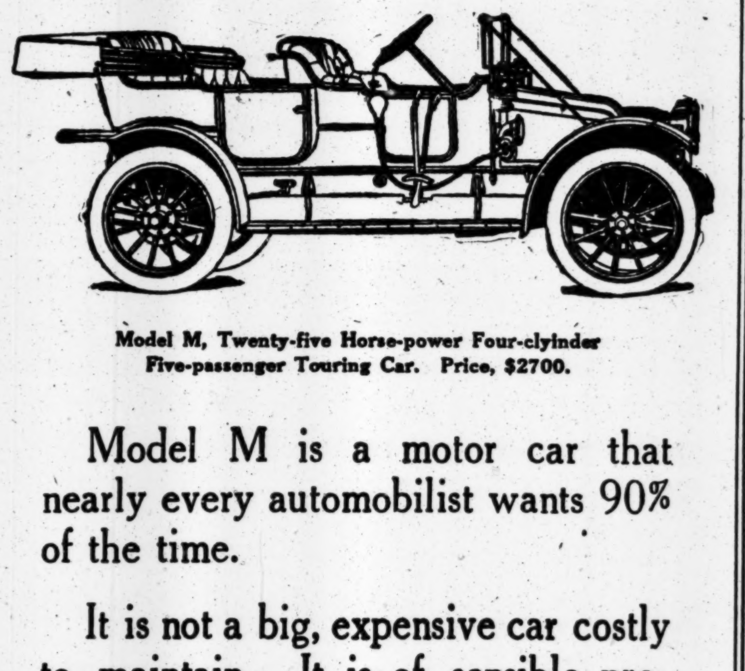

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THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

For a stock market which had just undergone the shock of an entirely unexpected adverse decision in the rate cases, together with the further unsettlement incident to the calling of an extra session of Congress for action on the tariff schedules, last week's unheralded mobilization of an army of 20,000 men on the border of Mexico was something of a test. In place of the severe declines in prices which might logically have occurred there was nothing more than an increasingly dull market for all securities and a corresponding narrowing of price movements. This speaks eloquently of the present position of the speculative market. There is no least public participation, and even professional traders, compelled by necessity to undertake ventures the hazards of which are as plain to them as to anybody else, are limiting their operations in a degree which a few years ago would have seemed incredible. All this indicates that the market is performing its proper function of appraising both current and prospective developments, and, having an eye to the anti-trust suits in particular, it would seem as if the discounting process had been so thorough as to provide assurance against disturbance from intervening happenings, even when so admittedly unsettling as the Mexican affair. It was not until the week-end that anything like a satisfactory explanation of the Government's move was forthcoming from authoritative sources, but the facts then stated had already been generally assumed to be those in control of Mr. Taft's action. There seems to be no least occasion for an actual clash between our troops and either party of Mexicans; the aim of this Government is to preserve strict neutrality along the border and to protect, under the implied obligations of the Monroe Treaty, the interests of other countries as well as our own in Mexico. The probabilities now are that the affair will be promptly concluded, and thus removed from the arena of finance.

Aside from the Mexican matter, no other event of the week was more discussed on financial markets than the reduction in the New York Central dividend. Its official explanation of the cut from 6 per cent. to 5 per cent. per annum the company's management said that it came as a result of the decision of the Inter-State Commerce Commission in the rate cases. This is one of those half-truths so popular with corporation managements in the past and so harmful to their own best interests, so far as their relations with the public at large go. If the commission had allowed the increase asked by the Central, among other roads, it might have managed to maintain the 6 per cent. payment, it is true, but what, it may be asked, would have happened had the road, by lax management, found itself living up to its earnings so closely a year hence as to require still further advances in rates to maintain the 6 per cent. payment? The fact is, of course, that the Central has at no time earned on its own account enough to warrant the 6 per cent. rate fixed by the Directors a year ago. It has been compelled to draw out from its subsidiaries larger and larger sums of money in the shape of dividends payable into its own treasury, and so obvious was this necessity that its credit in the money markets was no better, perhaps poorer, than it was when the road was both earning and paying 5 per cent. It would be a waste of time to consider this episode at such length were it not for the high standing of the Central among the railroads of the country and the possibility that other properties easily influenced by such an example may likewise place the blame on the commission if they, too, are compelled to cut down payments which have been too large. There will be no patience on the part of the public with such a policy; what is now demanded is an honest test, as suggested by the commission itself, of the earning power of the roads under present rates. It is not efficient management to cut dividends; there are other great items of expenditure, before payments to the owners of the property are reached, which have been notoriously excessive. To come into court later on with any hope of success the railroads must prove to the satisfaction of the commission and the public that these sources of loss have been eliminated completely, and this is true even if it involves unpleasant consequences in quarters which have prospered at the expense of stockholders of the railroads for years past.

Bearing on the general business situation were the highly important reports of the week covering February's output of pig iron and copper and the United States Steel statement as to unfinished orders on its books at the month's close. There was disclosed in the pig iron production figures the improvement in the steel and iron trade through February, commented on in that period from time to time. The month's total output of 1,794,000 tons made up an average daily production of 64,090 tons, against 56,752 tons in January. The improvement was maintained to the month's close, when the daily capacity of furnaces in blast was 66,562 tons, against 59,568 tons on Feb. 1. As regards finished material, the Steel Corporation figures on unfilled orders revealed a gain of 290,000 tons at the month's end as compared with the corresponding figures at the close of January. The increase compares with a gain of 436,000 tons in January, and the total of unfilled orders on the books, 3,400,000 tons, when set against the similar orders for 5,402,000 tons on March 31 a year ago, reveals the contraction in this great trade. Even the moderate betterment under way here, however, is entirely wanting in the copper industry in spite of gentlemen's agreements or whatever form the programme of general curtailment took. Production continues to enlarge and exports of the metal to fall off in such degree as to add substantially to supplies on hand from month to month. Unqualifiedly cheerful was the information supplied by the Government on Wednesday concerning the amount of grain in farmers' hands on March 1. Holdings of wheat and corn have been exceeded only two or three times in our agricultural history, and there is assurance in this of conditions favorable to consumers and to the transportation companies. It is satisfactory, too, to note that crop advices covering Winter wheat grow better from day to day, and that opinion in the grain trade is now setting toward high estimates for the condition figure and a correspondingly low abandoned acreage figure, both to be covered in forthcoming Government reports. Equally pleasing, in its broad bearing on the "cost-of-living" problem and on our international trade position, was the February report on our exports of domestic products. Valued at $87,959,000, they have been exceeded only in 1907 and 1908, and compare with $49,545,000 for February, 1910.

The reduction in the Bank of England discount rate to 3 per cent. had been foreshadowed in several ways. The London money market was so far out of line with our own market, for example, that our bankers were putting out at interest their funds, which must have been enormous in the aggregate. Besides this, recently weekly reports of the Bank had indicated, in an almost unvarying loan account, dull business, and to this as much as anything is due the reduction. For the first time since the Fall demand came to an end a number of our larger banks reported last week actual losses on currency movements direct with the interior. This is not surprising, since, as a rule, the tide sets against us at least a month earlier than it has this year, culminating around April 1, which is, of course, quarter-day, in sharp if temporary contraction in available funds for the money market. Under existing business conditions, although these are subject to variation through the Supreme Court decisions or an unexpected turn in tariff matters in the course of the extra session of Congress, the indications are for a fair degree of ease in money for a number of months to come.

THE MARKETS OF EUROPE.

LONDON OPTIMISTIC.

American Stocks Expected to Dominate the Market This Week.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, March 12.—Although Americans have been dull the past week, owing to the disposition to keep quotations at a low level until the decision on the trust prosecutions is known, there is a general belief here that they will force themselves on the attention of the whole exchange this week.

The Mexican trouble, which was a source of considerable alarm at first, is not now regarded here as ominous, and the greatest trust is placed on Limantour's ability to come to an arrangement with the insurgent leaders.

The reduction in the bank rate and an increasingly favorable monetary situation have been the chief factors in producing renewed optimism. The general situation is one which makes for improved prices and active conditions on the stock markets.

BOERSE RESISTS DEPRESSION.

Week's Disturbing Events Leave It Firm—Buoyant Over American Steel.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, March 12.—The Boerse revealed exceptional powers of resistance last week in face of a combination of disturbing factors. Neither the Mexican troubles and rumors of hostilities with the United States, nor the failure of negotiations for the renewal of the German Sheet Iron Syndicate, caused anything but temporary depression. The collapse of a local private banking firm also passed practically unnoticed.

The reduction in the Bank of England's discount rate and the good news from Wall Street, especially regarding the American steel situation, contributed to give the market considerable buoyancy. Trading was fairly animated, prices were firm, and banking shares were active on account of good annual reports.

UNEASY WEEK IN PARIS.

Reaction Held Off Till Friday and Even Then Lacked Firmness.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, March 12.—Opening last week with uneasiness and weakness, followed by considerable agitation, the Bourse did not begin to react to a pronounced degree until Friday. Even this movement, however, lacked firmness, and Saturday's close was in general unsatisfactory.

Industrial stocks were the only ones not markedly heavy, with the sole exception of Rio Tinto, which was in active demand, and the price rose 18 points during the week. Gold mining stocks declined until Friday, and there was a slight recovery yesterday. Rubber stocks have held their own.

Mexican securities were only momentarily affected by the news of the mobilization of the American troops.

ORE PRICES FIXED BY FORWARD BUYING

Orders for 2,500,000 of Lake Superior Make This Year's Prices Same as Last.

PIG IRON RISE YET TO COME

Stocks Are Too Heavy to Force Market Up—Railroads Cut Car Orders by Half.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, March 12.—The sudden accession of forward buying, following close on the railroad rate decision, has at least solved the question of 1911 ore prices. Merchant furnace interests, which had been hesitating for two months on the matter of ore contracts for 1911, came into the market last week, and signed for an aggregate of 2,500,000 tons of Lake Superior ore at last year's prices, which were 50 cents a ton above the 1909 prices. There had been talk of a movement to effect a restoration of the 1909 prices on lake ores for the coming season, and early last month, when the slump in pig iron in the valleys seemed likely to continue through the first half of the year, merchant furnaces started an agitation that bade fair to have some effect. By last week's sales, however, ore prices are fixed for the coming season, and there will be no further talk of reductions.

Notwithstanding the genuine revival in buying in steel lines, the merchant furnaces will not feel the effect of the better times in increased pig iron prices for at least sixty days. Stocks of pig iron at furnaces have been reduced materially, but they still loom too large to make any upward price movement advisable. Furnace interests are not attempting to force the market in the matter of prices. As an example of the conservative tone of the producers one agent, who had attempted to get $14.50, furnace, for a consignment of high-grade foundry iron last week on a contract for last half delivery, was overruled by his firm, and the bid changed to $14.25. The minimum on No. 2 foundry for prompt shipment and for entire second quarter remains at $14, furnace, and for third quarter, and even into the fourth, the openly quoted figure is $14.25.

Basic iron has settled into the groove at $14, and the erratic character of the market on that grade two weeks ago has changed. Middlemen's holdings have failed to come out in any large aggregate tonnage at $14, and it was that possibility that frightened operators at the opening of the month. Stocks of basic iron have been materially reduced in the heavy buying since the first of the month, and last week one Southern Ohio interest closed for upward of 10,000 tons, while the St. Louis district had inquiries out for 15,000 tons, third quarter shipment, on which bids went in on Friday. The anxiety to close up second half contracts in steel-making irons is considered the best sign of the week in the iron market.

Bessemer showed little activity, though still firm at $15, Valleys, for all deliveries up to Oct. 1. Inquiries for foundry and forge grades in this district, which were still pending at the close of the week, called for 12,000 tons, one large inquiry from the Westinghouse interests being included in this total.

More Big Car Orders.

Crude steel mills increased their operating capacity during the week, the Carnegie Steel Company having put on practically its entire open-hearth capacity in Pittsburg and Valleys territory. Increased specifications from the steel-car interests accounted for a part of this changed condition. Car orders were almost as heavy as the week preceding, the orders for steel passenger and freight cars for the week calling for 2,300 cars, some of them of large capacity. This insures steady running of the car plants in the Pittsburg district, at nearly full capacity, until well into May. Predictions that the trunk line railroads would just about halve the steel-car orders they had prepared to buy, if the rate decision were unfavorable, have been borne out in the last ten days' buying, a number of roads cutting down their contemplated car orders just 50 per cent. However, the release of this 50 per cent. of the total that would have been placed had the rate decision been favorable means a good half year's work for the car companies.

Specifications on wire contracts, following last week's $1 a ton advance in wire, are not expected to duplicate the extraordinary buying movement that followed the wire advance of January. Jobbers then were carrying very small stocks, and the advance took many of them by surprise, while they had warning of last week's increase and are well stocked. However, reports from the West say that the consumption of wire is unusually large for so early in the season; hence the stocks are expected to disappear quickly. Merchant pipe jobbers have been stocking up for two weeks in anticipation of the rumored advance in steel pipe. This advance, which is still expected the coming week, will not be made with the expectation of giving any further impetus to the demand for merchant pipe, but rather for its sentimental effect on the steel trade, pipe being the last of the finished steel lines that will stand an advance at this time. Special discounts on heavy line pipe have been disappearing since the first of the year, there having been extraordinary shipments of line pipe into the Southwest by Pittsburg district producers.

Merchant bar, sheet, and plate prices remain unchanged, and there will be no move to stimulate these lines during the present half year, unless the outlook changes altogether. The structural steel trade is slowly gathering momentum, but the holding up of many large contracts, including an unusual tonnage embraced in delayed railroad and public work jobs, has served to minimize the tonnage actually on books.

BUSY NIGHT COURT SESSION.

Pickpockets and Beggars Give the Magistrate Plenty to Do.

The Men's Night Court on Saturday night handled an unusually large number of cases of beggars and pickpockets. Morris Berkowitz and David Gordon, 17 and 18 years old, respectively, were charged with attempting to pick pockets of marketers at First Avenue and Twelfth Street. The police said they were novices, and they were fined $5 each. Daniel Martin and Thomas Jones, two well-known pickpockets, were arrested in the Times Square Subway station. The men were found in a throng, but they had bad records, and were fined $5 each.

Louis Cohen, 17 years old, of 145 Second Avenue, was charged with following a woman shopper in a Broadway store and attempting to take her purse out of her pocket. His father, Samuel Cohen, promised to punish Louis, and Magistrate Herrman let him go. Several other pickpockets were arraigned, and two were sent to the Workhouse. The others were fined $5 each. Joseph Morgan, a confirmed pickpocket, was arrested on a Fifty-ninth Street crosstown car. He has been convicted forty times in two years. He was fined $10.

Six peddlers were arraigned—three charged with selling peanuts and three with offering candy from a pushcart. They were all discharged. Three young Greeks were arrested for selling violets without licenses. Magistrate Herrman said it was a heinous offense to sell flowers in the Spring, but discharged them.

Then came a score of beggars. They were fined $5 each, except James and William Coffey. They were caught while soliciting alms on a Third Avenue elevated train, and were sent to the Workhouse for ten days each.

NEW PALACE TO OPEN IN MAY.

Manager Says That an Architecture and Building Show Will Be Held There

A. D. Storey, General Manager of the New Grand Central Palace in Lexington Avenue, between Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Streets, announced yesterday that the new building will open in May with an architecture and building show. It will include exhibits of machinery, products, supplies, and all devices used in connection with building, contracting, and engineering.

The New Palace has thirteen stories, occupies the entire block, and will have a floor space of more than 600,000 square feet. The building from the eleventh story to the thirteenth will be surrounded by a two-story arcade which will be illuminated at night by electric lights arranged to light up the roof of the building after nightfall.

The exhibition hall has large casement windows on four sides with pivoted sash transoms for an ample supply of fresh air. In addition, Mr. Storey said, ventilation ducts will insure comfort to crowds under all conditions. The Palace will be in the centre of the new improvement plan for Forty-second Street, which includes the Grand Central Station.

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BOSTON COPPER GOSSIP.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, March 11.—Winona's mill began operation this week in an experimental way, and production will before long be increased to normal.

The report of Atlantic is not encouraging. The drilling done during the year brought to light nothing of commercial value.

The rock being treated at Mass Consolidated is running from 18 to 20 pounds refined copper to the ton. The average in 1900 was 14.95 pounds.

Keewenaw has sunk its new shaft 750 feet. Before the location of the shaft was determined upon a drill was put down 1,250 feet, and for fifteen feet went through the Kearsage lode, which carried twenty-three pounds of copper to the ton.

Intimations come from the North Butte mine that a new ore body has been cut. The ore is said to be eight feet wide and to carry 5⅛ per cent. copper.

The ore reserve of Boston & Corbin is conservatively put at 192,850 tons, and it may be 300,000. The construction of a concentrator is advised by Manager Emerson.

February operations of South Utah Mines resulted in the treatment of 20,596 tons of ore yielding 1,861 tons of concentrates from which were recovered 318,410 pounds of copper, 114 ounces of gold, and 2,075 ounces of silver.

The tonnage of Inspiration is put at 22,229,000 tons, averaging 2 per cent. copper. This is an increase of 500,000 tons during the month of February. The construction of a mill is to be considered.

United Verde Extension reports 3½ per cent. copper and $5 gold on the 700 foot level. Shipments from the 800 foot level are about to begin.

The new reverberatory furnace at Greene-Cananea went into commission Feb. 27.

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SEEKING NEW ARMORY SITE.

Suggestion That the Twelfth Regiment May Have One in Long Island City.

Efforts are being made to have the projected new armory of the Twelfth Regiment, National Guard, now in their old armory at Sixty-second Street and Columbus Avenue, built in the vicinity of the plaza of the Queensboro Bridge, Long Island City.

The present armory site is said to have grown too valuable for its use, and in casting about for a place to build a new one, where sufficient land to form a parade ground could be procured, it is said that regimental officers are favorably impressed with the idea of obtaining a site at the Long Island City end of the new bridge. A plot at least 200 feet wide and 600 feet long will be necessary to meet requirements. It is estimated that to buy the site and erect the building projected $750,000 will be necessary, and it is thought the old armory can be sold for at least $500,000.

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DEMANDS HIGHER LAND TAX.

B. C. Marsh Declares It Should Be at Least Double the Rate on Buildings.

In an address at the Riverside House last night Benjamin C. Marsh, Secretary of the Mayor's Congestion Commission, explained the rights of the people as set forth in the commission's recent report as to health and to a share in the values and products they themselves create.

As to safeguarding the people's health, Mr. Marsh said: "The intolerable conditions in present tenements and the overcrowding in outlying boroughs of the city are due to the failure of the city to protect the right to health. Small tenements with well-lighted rooms and sanitary factories with ample space and adequate protection are essential to the health of the wage-earning population.

"The report of the commission as to the taxation of land values," continued Mr. Marsh, "constitutes a new slogan, 'The City for the People.' It urges that the city should tax land values at double the rate that buildings are taxed and meet the expenses of the city year by year, instead of borrowing money as it has done in the past.

"It is perfectly clear that under the present system of taxation the city instead of being for the people is for the various corporate interests and that a direct reversal of this policy is essential."

LESS COMPLAINT ABOUT CARS

Service Commission Forces the Companies to Improve Their Service.

The annual report of George F. Daggett, Chief of the Complaint Bureau of the Public Service Commission, submitted to the commission on Saturday, showed that the complaints against the transportation companies of the city have decreased one-third in the last three years.

In 1908, the first calendar year of the commission's existence, more than 3,000 such complaints were received. For the year 1910 such complaints aggregated only 1,988, and were directed against thirty-five different operating corporations. Of this number 1,719 were either satisfied or otherwise disposed of, the others remaining open for further investigation or adjustment at the end of the year.

Mr. Daggett's report on the informal complaints for the month of February, submitted at the same time, showed that 112 complaints were received during the month, of which 57 were closed. Among the results obtained by the Complaint Bureau from the February complaints were:

Relaying of tracks in the Subway at 149th Street, between Bergen and Brook Avenues, on account of noise; regulation of the carrying of newspapers on the night trains of the Brooklyn Union Elevated lines, the addition of one car to an early morning train on the Fulton Street elevated line in Brooklyn, the placing of a warm car as a shelter at Ninth Avenue and Twentieth Street, Brooklyn; promise of the company to overhaul equipment and repair tracks as soon as weather permits on the Fifty-ninth Street crosstown line, the establishment of a transfer system between the Union Railway Company and the New York City Interborough Railroad Company at 177th Street or West Farms.

Queens County.

COUNTY COURT.—Criminal Term.—Humphrey, J. 2977—People v. Thomas O'Toole. 2897—Same v. Philip Livaccari. 2898—Same v. Catherine Parker, alias Catherine Kelly.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

In a comparative tabulation of the deposits of the trust companies of New York City in the current issue of The Financial Age the aggregate deposits of these institutions show an increase of over $387,000,000 since March 1908. The total deposits at present exceed $1,000,000,000.

Of the $25,000,000 Chicago, Milwaukee & Puget Sound Railway Company first mortgage 4 per cent. gold bonds, guaranteed by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Company, recently placed, a large part has already been sold by Kuhn, Loeb & Co. and the National City Bank. They are now offering the remaining bonds at 95½ per cent. and interest. The bonds will be offered for sale in Boston by Kidder, Peabody & Co. Payment for bonds purchased under the present offer must be made on March 28, and the right is reserved to require a deposit of $50 per bond.

To be thoroughly informed on stock market conditions, investors consult The New York Times Weekly Financial Review. Latest news on monetary developments at home and abroad, produce and metal markets reported, and latest quotations on every security, listed and unlisted, dealt in on the Exchanges and the Curb. Every Monday. Mailed to any address in the United States for One Dollar a Year. Holder for The Review sent for One Dollar.—Adv.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

SALES OF STOCKS IN THE WEEK ENDED MARCH 11. TOTAL WEEK'S SALES, 1,172,864.

Range for Year 1910.		Range for Year 1911.				Closing Saturday, March 11.		Week's Net Change.	STOCKS.	Par Value.	Amount Capital Stock Outstanding.	Last Dividend Paid.		Period.	Range for Week Ended March 11.				Closing a Year Ago.	Sales Week Ended March 11, '11.
High	Low	High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Bid.	Ask					Date.	Per Cent		First	High	Low	Last		
54⅝	27	34	Feb. 8	27⅝	Jan. 6	30	33	−¼	Allis-Chalmers Co. pf	100	$16,050,000	Feb. 1, '04	1¾	..	30¼	30¼	30¼	30¼	45	500
90¾	55⅛	67¼	Feb. 6	61	Jan. 8	62½	62¾	+⅝	Amalgamated Copper Co.	100	158,887,900	Feb. 27, '11	50c	Q	62	62⅞	61⅞	62⅝	78⅞	22,225
49⅞	35	59⅞	Feb. 28	46	Jan. 3	54¼	54½	−2⅞	American Agricultural Chem. Co.	100	17,114,100	....	..	..	58	58	54½	54½	45½	9,800
47¼	24	47½	Mar. 1	36¾	Jan. 12	44½	44⅝	−⅝	American Beet Sugar Co.	100	15,000,000	..	..	..	44⅝	45⅜	43⅞	44⅜	39½	12,754
95¼	89	97⅞	Mar. 9	92½	Jan. 9	96½	98	+⅝	American Beet Sugar Co. pf	100	5,000,000	Jan. 8, '11	1½	Q	97½	97⅞	97½	97⅞	..	300
91½	83¾	97	Feb. 27	90	Jan. 6	95½	96½	..	Amer. Brake Shoe & Foundry Co.	100	3,600,000	Dec. 31, '10	1¾	Q	97	97	97	97	..	100
18⅞	6⅞	10¼	Jan. 25	8⅞	Jan. 6	9½	10	..	American Can Co.	100	41,233,300	....	..	..	9¾	9⅞	9½	9⅝	12	1,630
82¼	62	82⅝	Feb. 9	77	Jan. 5	81	81½	+⅝	American Can Co. pf	100	41,233,300	Jan. 2, '11	1¼	Q	81½	82	81	81⅝	78⅛	4,800
72⅞	39½	57⅞	Feb. 8	50¼	Jan. 3	52⅛	53½	+½	American Car & Foundry Co.	100	30,000,000	Jan. 3, '11	½	Q	52⅛	53⅝	52¼	52½	64⅝	1,600
120	109	118½	Feb. 14	115	Jan. 3	114¼	116⅝	−⅞	American Car & Foundry Co. pf	100	30,000,000	Jan. 3, '11	1¾	Q	117⅞	117⅞	117⅞	117⅞	119¾	100
69¾	52⅛	62⅞	Feb. 28	55¾	Jan. 12	59¾	60	−1⅜	American Cotton Oil Co.	100	20,237,100	Dec. 1, '10	2½	SA	61	61	59⅝	59¾	68⅞	2,120
107	100	105½	Feb. 16	104½	Mar. 2	..	..	+½	American Cotton Oil Co. pf	100	10,198,600	Dec. 1, '10	3	SA	105	105	105	105	..	400
8¼	4	4¼	Jan. 31	3¾	Jan. 25	4	4¼	−¼	American Hide & Leather Co.	100	11,274,100	....	..	..	4	4	4	4	7⅛	200
47⅞	19	25¼	Feb. 8	20	Jan. 10	22¾	23¼	−⅝	American Hide & Leather Co. pf	100	12,548,300	Aug. 15, '05	1	..	23	23	22⅞	22⅞	40	250
29¼	16⅝	22¼	Feb. 6	17⅝	Jan. 17	21¾	22	+⅞	American Ice Securities Co.	100	19,043,100	July 20, '07	1¾	..	21¾	22⅛	21¾	22	26	1,600
17¾	10⅛	12⅝	Feb. 14	10⅝	Jan. 13	10½	11	−1⅛	American Linseed Co.	100	16,750,000	....	..	..	11	11	10¾	10¾	15½	400
46⅞	25½	34	Feb. 14	30¼	Jan. 16	30	33	+½	American Linseed Co. pf	100	16,750,000	Sept. 1, '00	1¾	..	31½	31½	31½	31½	40	100
62½	29	42⅝	Feb. 1	36¼	Mar. 2	37	39	+½	American Locomotive Co.	100	25,000,000	Aug. 26, '08	1¼	..	37½	38	37½	38	53	900
48	28½	36½	Jan. 25	31½	Mar. 8	31	32	−1½	American Malt Corp. pf	100	8,690,200	Nov. 2, '10	1	SA	31½	31½	31½	31½	43⅞	125
104	61⅝	81⅛	Feb. 2	72⅝	Jan. 3	74¾	75	+1¼	Amer. Smelting & Refining Co.	100	50,000,000	Jan. 16, '11	1	Q	74	75⅞	73⅞	75	86⅝	18,250
112¾	98¼	106	Feb. 1	103⅛	Jan. 3	103	103½	..	Amer. Smelting & Refining Co. pf	100	50,000,000	Jan. 3, '11	1¾	Q	105⅛	105⅞	103¼	103¼	108¼	720
90⅞	82	89	Feb. 2	86	Mar. 8	86	86½	−1	Amer. Smelting Securities pf. B	100	30,000,000	Mar. 1, '11	1¼	Q	87	87	86	86	89⅞	1,100
66	38	52½	Feb. 9	43¾	Jan. 3	47	48	+1¼	American Steel Foundries	100	16,218,000	Feb. 15, '11	1¼	Q	46½	47⅛	46½	47⅛	60¼	450
127½	111⅛	122½	Feb. 27	113	Jan. 3	117¾	118	+⅛	American Sugar Refining Co.	100	45,000,000	Jan. 3, '11	1¾	Q	118½	118½	117¾	118	123½	1,200
124	111½	119½	Feb. 14	111	Jan. 5	116½	118	+¾	American Sugar Refining Co. pf	100	45,000,000	Jan. 3, '11	1¾	Q	117¾	117¾	117¾	117¾	123½	100
88	71	85½	Jan. 18	81	Mar. 9	80¾	85	−2¼	American Telegraph & Cable Co.	100	14,000,000	Mar. 1, '11	1¼	Q	81	81	81	81	..	100
143⅜	126¾	146⅝	Feb. 3	140¼	Jan. 3	144¾	145	+⅛	Amer. Telephone & Telegraph Co.	100	268,004,400	Jan. 16, '11	2	Q	145	145	144⅝	144⅞	141⅜	8,522
99¾	90½	98	Feb. 23	93½	Jan. 4	97	98	+1	American Tobacco Co. pf	100	78,689,100	Jan. 3, '11	1½	Q	97	97¼	96½	97¼	98⅞	800
39½	25⅛	35¾	Mar. 7	30½	Jan. 3	33½	34	+½	American Woolen Co.	100	29,501,000	....	..	..	33½	35¾	33¼	33¾	38	5,600
104	90⅛	96	Feb. 8	91½	Jan. 8	92	93¾	−1⅛	American Woolen Co. pf	100	40,000,000	Jan. 16, '11	1¾	Q	93⅞	94	93	93	103¾	990
..	..	34⅛	Feb. 7	28½	Feb. 24	29	30	+½	American Writing Paper Co. pf	100	12,500,000	Oct. 1, '10	1	SA	29⅞	29½	29	29½	..	400
54	33½	41	Feb. 6	38	Feb. 24	38	38¼	+⅛	Anaconda Copper Mining Co.	25	105,500,000	Jan. 18, '11	50c	Q	38⅛	38⅞	38⅛	38⅞	49½	315
124⅛	90¾	108	Feb. 8	100⅜	Jan. 3	106⅛	106¼	+½	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe	100	165,626,000	Mar. 1, '11	1½	Q	106	106¾	105½	106⅛	117	36,550
104¼	97	103⅛	Jan. 27	100⅜	Jan. 3	102⅝	103	+⅞	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe pf	100	114,199,500	Feb. 1, '11	2½	SA	102⅛	103	102	103	103¾	1,050
137½	102½	124	Feb. 7	117	Jan. 3	120	121	+1⅜	Atlantic Coast Line	100	56,964,400	Jan. 10, '11	3	SA	119	121	119	120½	132	1,100
119⅛	100¼	109½	Jan. 31	102	Feb. 24	103⅛	103¼	+⅝	Baltimore & Ohio	100	152,238,800	Mar. 1, '11	3	SA	103¼	103⅜	102⅝	103¼	112⅝	8,950
3½	2	2⅛	Jan. 27	2	Jan. 17	2⅛	2¼	+⅛	Batopilas Mining	20	9,931,980	Dec. 31, '07	12½c	..	2	2⅛	2	2⅛	3	477
34⅞	21	33⅞	Feb. 1	29	Jan. 12	30	31⅝	+¼	Bethlehem Steel Corporation	100	14,862,000	....	..	..	30	31¼	30	31¼	30¼	400
65	49	64	Feb. 14	59	Jan. 3	61	61½	−½	Bethlehem Steel Corporation pf	100	14,908,000	Feb. 1, '07	¾	..	61¾	61¾	60	60	61	300
82⅝	68½	79½	Feb. 6	74⅞	Jan. 3	76½	76⅝	+½	Brooklyn Rapid Transit Co.	100	45,000,000	Jan. 2, '11	1¼	Q	77¾	78⅛	76½	76½	76½	4,700
18⅛	8	10¾	Feb. 15	9	Jan. 9	9¾	10½	−¾	Brunswick T. & Ry. Securities Co.	100	7,000,000	....	..	..	9⅝	9¾	9¾	9¾	14⅛	100
202⅝	176¾	215⅝	Mar. 11	195⅝	Jan. 3	215⅜	215½	+2⅝	Canadian Pacific	100	179,913,600	Dec. 31, '10	¶2	Q	213¼	215⅝	212¾	215½	180	15,350
48¾	25¼	33⅞	Feb. 2	27½	Mar. 11	27½	27⅝	−⅞	Central Leather Co.	100	39,572,000	....	..	..	28½	29⅞	27½	27⅝	43	5,900
109¼	99¼	105	Feb. 10	99¾	Mar. 11	99¼	100	−2⅝	Central Leather Co. pf	100	33,261,800	Jan. 3, '11	1¾	Q	101	102	99¼	99¼	108	2,680
312	248	285	Feb. 25	270	Mar. 10	270	280	−5	Central Railroad of N. J.	100	27,436,800	Feb. 1, '11	2	Q	270	270	270	270	295	410
92	65	86⅜	Feb. 8	80⅛	Jan. 3	81⅝	82	+1¾	Chesapeake & Ohio	100	62,793,700	Dec. 31, '10	1¼	Q	82	83⅛	81⅝	81⅞	85⅝	15,100
36⅞	19	24⅝	Feb. 6	21	Mar. 9	21⅜	21¾	−¼	Chicago Great Western	100	43,690,700	....	..	..	21¾	21⅜	21	21	31½	400
158⅝	113¾	133½	Feb. 7	119⅛	Mar. 8	120⅛	120¼	+¼	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul	100	116,348,200	Mar. 1, '11	3½	SA	120¼	121⅞	119¼	120¼	146¾	27,100
172¼	143	155½	Feb. 6	147	Jan. 3	144	152	..	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul pf	100	116,274,900	Mar. 1, '11	3½	SA	148	148	147⅞	148	161	392
182½	137¼	150	Feb. 1	142½	Jan. 5	144¼	144¾	−⅞	Chicago & Northwestern	100	130,121,700	Jan. 3, '11	3½	SA	145	145	144	144⅛	156¾	1,300
162½	140	140	Mar. 8	137½	Jan. 11	138	140	+6	Chicago, St. P., Minn. & Omaha	100	18,556,200	Feb. 20, '11	3½	SA	140	140	140	140	..	200
50	22½	36⅜	Feb. 6	31	Jan. 3	32½	33	+¾	Colorado Fuel & Iron	100	34,235,500	Apr. 15, '02	1¾	..	32	33	32	32¾	40½	1,700
65¾	46	60	Jan. 18	52	Mar. 4	54	55	+1	Colorado & Southern	100	31,000,000	Dec. 31, '10	2	A	53	54	52½	54	63	925
81	70	75½	Mar. 2	73½	Jan. 11	72	76	−⅛	Colorado & Southern 2d pf	100	8,500,000	Oct. 1, '10	2	SA	74⅞	74⅞	74⅞	74⅞	..	110
160⅝	122½	145⅝	Feb. 14	135⅜	Jan. 3	140¼	140½	+¼	Consolidated Gas Co.	100	99,816,000	Dec. 15, '10	1½	Q	140¼	141⅜	140	140¼	147	4,025
23¼	11½	15	Jan. 5	13½	Jan. 10	13¾	14	−⅛	Corn Products Refining Co.	100	49,756,500	....	..	..	13⅞	13⅞	13⅝	13⅞	18¾	1,000
86⅞	70⅝	80	Jan. 23	74½	Jan. 10	78	79	−⅝	Corn Products Refining Co. pf	100	29,817,600	Jan. 10, '11	1	Q	78½	78½	78½	78½	84	132
90	60	90½	Feb. 7	88½	Jan. 19	88	90½	+¼	Cuban American Sugar Co. pf	100	6,295,020	Dec. 24, '10	1¾	Q	89¾	89¾	89¾	89¾	..	100
185	149¼	172	Feb. 3	164¼	Jan. 3	165½	167½	+⅝	Delaware & Hudson	100	42,503,000	Dec. 20, '10	2¼	Q	166⅝	166⅝	166⅝	166⅝	176¼	165
52	23¼	35	Feb. 15	28¼	Jan. 3	31¼	32	+¼	Denver & Rio Grande	100	38,000,000	....	..	..	31¼	32¼	31	31½	42½	2,035
84	62⅝	74	Feb. 21	68	Jan. 5	69½	70½	−¼	Denver & Rio Grande pf	100	49,772,400	Jan. 16, '11	2½	SA	70	70	70	70	80	505
107	106	109	Mar. 11	107¼	Jan. 5	108¾	109½	+1¾	Detroit Edison	100	5,895,000	Jan. 15, '11	1¼	Q	108⅝	109	108⅝	109	..	200
36¾	25¼	38¼	Mar. 1	32⅜	Jan. 11	35⅞	37	+⅜	Distillers' Securities Corporation	100	30,781,400	Jan. 31, '11	½	Q	36⅝	37¼	36	36	33½	2,150
18¾	10	15¼	Feb. 14	11	Jan. 6	13¾	14½	+¼	Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic	100	12,000,000	....	..	..	13½	13½	13½	13½	15½	200
34⅝	17	27¾	Feb. 14	22	Jan. 6	26	26¾	+1¾	Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic pf	100	10,000,000	....	..	..	27	27	26¾	26¾	29	200
87	82½	84½	Mar. 2	82	Jan. 18	..	..	..	Du Pont de N. Powder pf	100	14,863,700	Jan. 25, '11	1¼	Q	84½	84½	84½	84½	85½	100
34⅝	19½	32⅜	Feb. 15	27¼	Jan. 11	28⅛	28⅜	+¼	Erie	100	112,378,900	....	..	..	28¼	28¾	27⅞	28¼	31¼	13,600
52⅝	35	51⅛	Feb. 20	45⅝	Jan. 12	47¼	48½	−½	Erie 1st pf	100	47,892,400	Feb. 20, '07	2	..	47½	48⅜	47½	47½	50¾	1,630
42	26¼	40½	Feb. 20	35	Jan. 9	36	37½	−¼	Erie 2d pf	100	16,000,000	Apr. 9, '07	2	..	37	37	37	37	39	100
60	12	36	Feb. 16	17¾	Jan. 28	23	35	+6¾	Federal Mining & Smelting	100	6,000,000	Jan. 15, '09	1¼	..	30	30	30	30	60	125
88	37	65⅛	Feb. 16	48½	Jan. 11	60	69	..	Federal Mining & Smelting pf	100	12,000,000	Dec. 15, '10	1¾	Q	62	62	62	62	80	5
38	30	45	Mar. 10	35	Jan. 19	38	40	−2	Federal Sugar Refining Co.	100	6,677,200	....	..	..	45	45	40	40	..	505
109¾	98	135	Feb. 16	104½	Jan. 28	125	130	..	General Chemical Co.	100	7,410,300	Mar. 1, '11	1¼	Q	130	130	130	130	..	15
107	101⅛	106	Jan. 28	103⅜	Jan. 11	106	108	..	General Chemical Co. pf	100	12,500,000	Jan. 3, '11	1½	Q	107	107	107	107	..	20
160⅞	134	155½	Feb. 10	145⅛	Mar. 3	147	149¼	+1⅛	General Electric Co.	100	65,181,200	Jan. 14, '11	2	Q	149	150	149	149	155½	1,010
9¼	7⅝	7⅞	Jan. 3	5½	Jan. 14	6⅞	7	..	Goldfield Consol. Mines	10	35,591,480	Jan. 31, '11	50c	Q	6⅞	7	6⅞	6⅞	..	13,300
143⅞	118	131½	Feb. 1	122	Feb. 4	124⅝	124⅞	+1¼	Great Northern pf	100	209,951,900	Feb. 1, '11	1¾	Q	124	124¾	123½	124¾	138	6,350
80½	45	63¾	Feb. 2	56	Jan. 5	59¼	59¾	+1	Great Northern cfs. for ore prop.	..	1,500,000	Dec. 1, '10	50c	..	58¼	60	58¼	59½	70	2,750
147	124	137½	Jan. 30	132	Jan. 3	134	135	..	Illinois Central	100	109,282,500	Mar. 1, '11	3½	SA	133	134	133	134	142½	600
*96	*96	*94¼	Feb. 7	*94	Mar. 10	93⅛	..	..	Illinois Central leased line	100	10,000,000	Jan. 1, '11	2	SA	94	94	94	94	..	50
25½	14¼	20⅜	Feb. 10	18¼	Mar. 2	18⅜	18¾	..	Interborough-Metropolitan	100	93,262,100	....	..	..	18½	18⅞	18¼	18⅜	22	1,840
62⅞	41½	55⅝	Jan. 4	50½	Mar. 9	51	51½	..	Interborough-Metropolitan pf	100	45,740,000	July 1, '07	1¼	..	52½	52⅝	50½	51½	56⅝	3,184
125⅞	83⅛	121½	Feb. 20	109	Jan. 3	115½	116⅛	−¼	International Harvester	100	79,999,700	Jan. 14, '11	1	Q	116⅞	117	115¾	115¾	92½	1,550
16	9	13⅜	Jan. 31	10⅛	Feb. 14	10	10½	−⅞	International Paper Co.	100	17,442,900	....	..	..	10½	10½	10⅛	10⅛	13½	200
61½	41½	56⅝	Jan. 16	47	Feb. 21	47½	48½	−1½	International Paper Co. pf	100	22,539,700	Jan. 16, '11	½	Q	49½	49¾	47½	47½	54	500
54⅝	36⅝	44	Feb. 8	39½	Mar. 4	40	41¼	+½	International Steam Pump Co.	100	17,762,500	Apr. 1, '05	½	..	40¼	41¼	40	40	46	800
90⅛	78½	89	Feb. 11	84½	Jan. 26	88¾	89	+1	International Steam Pump Co. pf	100	11,350,000	Feb. 1, '11	1½	Q	88	89	88	88⅞	88	1,200
30	15	19⅞	Feb. 3	16¾	Mar. 4	16	17	+⅛	Iowa Central	100	8,524,400	....	..	..	16¾	17	16¾	17	25⅝	1,100
54¼	25	33⅝	Feb. 7	30	Mar. 3	29½	31	+⅞	Iowa Central pf	100	5,673,600	May 1, '00	1½	..	30⅜	30⅞	30⅜	30⅞	46	950
44¼	23	35½	Feb. 21	32	Jan. 3	33⅛	33½	−⅛	Kansas City Southern	100	30,000,000	....	..	..	33¼	33½	33⅛	33⅛	38½	2,500
71	58	67¾	Feb. 21	64½	Jan. 3	66	67	..	Kansas City Southern pf	100	21,000,000	Jan. 15, '11	1	Q	66¼	66¾	66¼	66¾	69½	200
45	34	44⅜	Mar. 10	38	Feb. 16	44	46½	+6⅜	Lackawanna Steel Co.	100	34,978,000	....	..	..	44⅜	44⅜	44⅜	44⅜	..	100
116½	93¾	114½	Jan. 20	106	Jan. 3	110½	110¾	−⅛	Laclede Gas Co.	100	8,500,000	Dec. 15, '10	1¾	Q	110¾	111	110⅝	110⅝	101¾	2,305
186	173¼	181⅛	Feb. 3	170¾	Mar. 8	171¼	171½	−⅝	Lehigh Valley	50	60,501,700	Jan. 14, '11	5	SA	172	173¼	170¾	171¼	..	17,300
159¾	131½	148¾	Jan. 18	142½	Jan. 25	144	145	..	Louisville & Nashville	100	60,000,000	Feb. 10, '11	3½	SA	144½	145	144	144	153¼	500
98	79	95	Feb. 2	91½	Feb. 24	92¼	93½	+2⅞	Mackay Companies	100	41,380,400	Jan. 3, '11	1¼	Q	91⅞	93½	91⅞	93½	90¼	500
78⅜	71	77	Mar. 7	74⅜	Jan. 18	74½	75½	+¼	Mackay Companies pf	100	50,000,000	Jan. 3, '11	1	Q	76⅜	77	76⅜	76⅜	77	700
146	123	141	Jan. 6	137¾	Jan. 31	138⅞	140	−1½	Manhattan Elevated	100	4,978,000	Jan. 1, '11	1¾	Q	138½	138½	138½	138½	139	250
53⅜	23	31	Feb. 15	25¼	Jan. 7	15	25	−1¾	Minneapolis & St. Louis	100	6,000,000	July 15, '04	2½	..	27½	28	26	26	43	910
145	114	147½	Mar. 10	132⅞	Jan. 4	146	146¼	+3¾	Minneapolis, St. P. & S. S. Marie	100	20,831,900	Oct. 15, '10	3½	SA	142½	147½	142½	145¾	144	9,920
92⅞	86¼	90½	Feb. 16	89¼	Mar. 3	89	89¾	+⅜	M., St. P. & S. S. M. leased line	100	11,145,500	Oct. 1, '10	2	SA	89¼	89⅝	89¼	89⅝	91½	450
51⅞	27	36⅜	Feb. 8	31	Feb. 24	32⅜	32⅞	+½	Missouri, Kansas & Texas	100	63,300,300	....	..	..	32¼	32⅞	32¼	32½	43½	1,800
73⅝	41	58	Feb. 15	45⅝	Jan. 11	55¼	55½	−¼	Missouri Pacific	100	83,112,500	Jan. 30, '08	2½	..	56¼	58	54⅝	55¼	70¾	77,350
119½	100	125¼	Feb. 2	117¼	Jan. 16	122¼	123½	+⅞	National Biscuit Co.	100	29,236,000	Jan. 15, '11	1¾	Q	122⅛	123	122⅛	123	111	300
125	118¾	130	Feb. 4	124	Jan. 20	124	127	..	National Biscuit Co. pf	100	24,804,500	Feb. 28, '11	1¾	Q	125½	125½	125½	125½	124	20
89⅞	46½	59	Feb. 2	51	Mar. 4	52½	53½	+2	National Lead Co.	100	20,750,000	Dec. 31, '10	¾	Q	52	53½	51¾	53	84	3,580
110½	101¾	108½	Jan. 10	106	Feb. 23	105¾	106½	+⅛	National Lead Co. pf	100	24,463,600	Dec. 15, '10	1¾	Q	106	106⅜	106	106⅜	110	250
72⅝	60	72⅝	Jan. 26	69⅜	Mar. 8	68	72	−1	National Rys. of Mexico 1st pf	100	28,830,200	Feb. 10, '11	2	SA	69⅝	69⅞	69⅝	69⅞	65	500
37½	23½	38⅜	Feb. 15	34½	Jan. 3	35¾	35⅞	−1¼	National Rys. of Mexico 2d pf	100	124,019,400	....	..	..	36⅜	36⅜	35	35⅞	28¼	5,700
22⅞	17½	20	Feb. 6	18¼	Jan. 3	18⅞	19	+¾	Nevada Consol. Copper	5	9,991,175	Dec. 31, '10	37½c	Q	18¾	19	18¾	19	..	1,325
95½	59	76	Feb. 4	70	Mar. 8	69	70	..	New York Air Brake	100	10,000,000	Jan. 27, '11	1½	Q	70	70	70	70	87⅞	100
128	105⅛	115½	Feb. 3	105⅛	Mar. 4	106¼	106½	+½	New York Central	100	222,729,300	Jan. 16, '11	1½	Q	105⅞	106⅞	105¼	106½	125¾	45,933
68⅞	55½	65	Jan. 19	59½	Mar. 8	57½	60	−½	New York, Chicago & St. Louis	100	14,000,000	Mar. 1, '11	3	A	59½	59½	59½	59½	61	100
162	149	151⅛	Feb. 23	148½	Jan. 23	149¼	149⅞	−⅝	New York, New Haven & Hartford	100	115,430,700	Dec. 31, '10	2	Q	150¼	150½	149⅞	149⅞	161½	950
151	143	149½	Feb. 27	146	Jan. 17	145¾	147¼	−1¾	N. Y., N. H. & H. sub. cfs., 3d pd.	..	....	Dec. 31, '10	1	Q	147½	147¾	146⅝	146⅝	..	975
50	38½	44⅛	Feb. 6	40⅞	Jan. 11	40¾	41	−½	New York, Ontario & Western	100	58,113,900	Aug. 15, '10	2	A	41½	41½	41	41	45¼	1,300
..	..	60	Mar. 9	60	Mar. 9	55	60	..	Norfolk Southern	100	16,000,000	Feb. 1, '11	½	Q	60	60	60	60	..	336
108⅜	88½	108½	Jan. 18	100¼	Jan. 3	105	105½	+2	Norfolk & Western	100	69,195,000	Dec. 19, '10	1¼	Q	103	106	103	105	102⅞	14,500
84	60⅞	72⅝	Jan. 30	64	Jan. 10	70	71	+¾	North American	100	29,779,700	Jan. 3, '11	1¼	Q	70⅞	71	70⅞	71	79½	400
40½	35	43½	Mar. 6	39½	Jan. 3	41¼	42¼	−½	Northern Ohio Traction & Light	100	9,000,000	Dec. 15, '10	¾	Q	43½	43½	42	42	..	200
145⅝	111½	128⅜	Feb. 1	116	Jan. 3	121	121¼	+¾	Northern Pacific	100	247,995,200	Feb. 1, '11	1¾	Q	120¾	122	120½	121¼	136½	9,823
48¼	22⅞	29½	Jan. 4	24	Mar. 6	24¼	25	+⅛	Pacific Mail	100	20,000,000	Dec. 1, '99	1	..	24	24⅝	24	24⅝	32	800
46¼	30	54⅝	Jan. 31	44	Jan. 3	53	53½	+1¼	Pacific Telephone & Telegraph	100	18,000,000	....	..	..	51⅞	53¼	51⅞	53¼	40	2,000
98	94	99½	Mar. 10	96	Mar. 2	..	..	+3½	Pacific Telephone & Telegraph pf	100	18,000,000	Jan. 16, '11	1½	Q	99½	99½	99½	99½	..	148
138⅛	122¼	130⅞	Feb. 2	124⅞	Mar. 9	125¼	125½	−½	Pennsylvania Railroad	50	412,610,700	Feb. 28, '11	1½	Q	125⅞	126	124⅞	125¼	137	32,540
116¾	103	109	Jan. 19	103½	Mar. 2	105½	106	+1⅜	People's Gas, Chicago	100	35,000,000	Feb. 25, '11	1¾	Q	104	106¼	104	106	110⅜	1,200
106¾	84	108¼	Mar. 8	100½	Jan. 3	106	107	−½	Philadelphia Co.	50	36,000,000	Feb. 1, '11	1½	Q	108	108¼	106⅜	107	101½	1,010
104⅛	89	100	Jan. 17	96	Mar. 4	95	97¼	+1	Pitts., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis	100	35,675,800	Jan. 25, '11	1¼	Q	97	97	97	97	101⅝	100
27¾	13	22	Feb. 10	17¼	Jan. 3	19¾	20½	+⅞	Pittsburg Coal Co., N. J.	100	28,104,600	....	..	..	19¾	20⅞	19¾	20⅛	21⅝	2,700
85	60¼	74¼	Mar. 6	67¾	Jan. 4	73½	75	+2½	Pittsburg Coal Co., N. J., pf	100	27,071,800	Jan. 25, '11	1¼	Q	72½	74¼	72½	74	74	2,500
51⅞	25	36¼	Feb. 6	30½	Jan. 3	32½	33	+1	Pressed Steel Car Co.	100	12,500,000	Aug. 24, '04	1	..	32½	33	32½	33	45	850
107½	90	99⅛	Feb. 23	92¼	Jan. 3	96½	97¼	−½	Pressed Steel Car Co. pf	100	12,000,000	Feb. 23, '11	1¾	Q	97	97	97	97	103⅛	220
..	..	120	Feb. 7	116⅛	Jan. 31	119	119½	+⅜	Public Service Corp., N. J.	100	25,000,000	Dec. 31, '10	1¼	Q	119⅝	119¾	119⅝	119¾	..	300
200	155	163	Jan. 30	159	Jan. 3	159	160	..	Pullman Company	100	120,000,000	Feb. 15, '11	2	Q	159	159	159	159	196	336
51⅝	28	38	Feb. 8	31	Jan. 11	32	35	−½	Railway Steel Spring Co.	100	13,500,000	Oct. 22, '08	1	..	34	34	32½	32½	45	200
107	90¼	100	Feb. 23	92	Jan. 3	97½	98¼	−1¼	Railway Steel Spring Co. pf	100	13,500,000	Dec. 20, '10	1¾	Q	98	98	98	98	107	115
172¼	130⅝	161¾	Feb. 7	150⅛	Jan. 3	154½	154⅝	+⅝	Reading	50	70,000,000	Feb. 1, '11	3	SA	154¼	155⅞	153⅞	154⅝	168½	205,100
93⅜	85	91	Feb. 3	88	Mar. 1	86	89	+1	Reading 1st pf	50	28,000,000	Mar. 10, '11	2	SA	88¾	89	88¾	89	91	600
45⅞	27	35¼	Feb. 6	31¼	Jan. 4	32¾	33½	+1	Republic Iron & Steel Co.	100	27,352,000	....	..	..	33	33	33	33	40	100
104½	82¾	99⅜	Feb. 1	93	Jan. 4	98½	99½	−½	Republic Iron & Steel Co. pf	100	25,000,000	Jan. 1, '11	1¾	Q	98¼	98⅝	98	98	103	690
57¼	22⅞	33⅞	Feb. 1	28⅝	Mar. 3	29	29¼	−⅞	Rock Island Co.	100	90,742,100	....	..	..	29½	29⅝	29	29⅛	49⅞	4,100
92½	54	65½	Feb. 1	58	Mar. 3	58½	59½	..	Rock Island Co. pf	100	49,845,100	Nov. 1, '05	1	..	58	58	58	58	91	100
20	18	21	Jan. 27	18	Jan. 26	20	21	−½	St. Joseph & Grand Isl. pf	100	4,600,000	....	..	..	20¼	20¼	20¼	20½	..	100
60	34¼	44	Feb. 6	38¼	Jan. 3	41	41½	+¼	St. Louis & San Francisco 2d pf	100	16,000,000	Dec. 1, '05	1	..	40¾	41½	40½	41¼	56	740
77¼	51½	69	Feb. 21	59¾	Jan. 3	66	66½	−⅝	St. Louis Southwestern pf	100	19,893,700	Jan. 15, '11	2	SA	66	66	66	66	73¾	100
86½	48¼	56¼	Feb. 6	50	Jan. 26	50	54	−½	Sloss-Sheffield Steel & Iron Co.	100	10,000,000	Sept. 1, '10	1¼	Q	52	52	52	52	79	200
114	110	118	Jan. 16	112	Feb. 20	108	113	..	South Porto Rico Sugar pf	100	3,541,500	Jan. 3, '11	2	Q	112	112	112	112	..	50
138¼	103¼	121¼	Feb. 2	114¼	Jan. 13	115	115¼	+⅛	Southern Pacific	100	272,672,200	Jan. 3, '11	1½	Q	115¼	115⅝	114¾	115⅛	130	14,128
33⅜	18	29	Feb. 7	25½	Mar. 4	26	26½	+1	Southern Railway extended	100	119,900,000	....	..	..	26	26½	26	26½	29	1,727
75	43	66⅝	Feb. 7	61¼	Jan. 11	63¾	65	+⅝	Southern Railway pf. extended	100	60,000,000	Oct. 17, '07	1½	..	63½	64½	63½	63⅞	68	1,400
40⅝	19⅝	39¼	Feb. 14	32	Jan. 11	37¾	38	+¼	Tennessee Copper	25	5,000,000	Jan. 26, '11	$1.50	..	37½	37½	37	37¼	34	500
144	134	136½	Feb. 1	131	Jan. 24	134	137	+2	Texas Company	100	27,000,000	Dec. 30, '10	2½	Q	136	136	135	135¼	..	600
..	..	¾	Mar. 10	⅜	Mar. 10	..	..	..	Texas Company rights	..	....	....	..	..	¾	¾	¾	¾	..	500
36⅝	22½	30¼	Feb. 21	25½	Jan. 3	28	28½	+¼	Texas Pacific	100	38,760,000	....	..	..	27⅞	28⅜	27⅞	28¼	30⅝	900
54⅝	19	24¾	Feb. 8	22	Jan. 25	22	22⅜	..	Toledo, St. Louis & Western	100	10,000,000	....	..	..	22½	22⅞	22	22⅝	46½	1,600
72¼	42⅝	53⅞	Jan. 5	50	Jan. 12	50	51½	−⅝	Toledo, St. Louis & Western pf	100	10,000,000	Jan. 16, '11	1	Q	51⅝	51⅞	51½	51⅝	68¼	910
117½	103	111	Feb. 2	108	Jan. 11	107½	109	+½	Twin City Rapid Transit	100	20,100,000	Jan. 3, '11	1½	Q	108½	108½	108	108	113¾	287
204⅝	152¼	181⅛	Feb. 6	169⅜	Jan. 3	172¼	172⅜	+⅜	Union Pacific	100	216,579,700	Jan. 3, '11	2½	Q	171⅝	173⅜	171⅜	172¼	189⅜	107,250
103⅜	88¼	94⅛	Feb. 6	90⅞	Mar. 6	90¼	91¼	−¼	Union Pacific pf	100	99,569,300	Oct. 1, '10	2	SA	91	91	90⅞	91	99¼	360
122	96	106⅜	Feb. 20	100½	Jan. 27	105½	106¾	+½	United Dry Goods	100	14,427,500	Feb. 1, '11	2	Q	106	106½	106	106½	118¼	425
42¼	23⅜	49	Feb. 20	31½	Jan. 3	45½	47	−½	United Railways Investment Co.	100	20,400,000	....	..	..	47	47	46	46	37	1,100
72⅞	47	75½	Feb. 8	60¾	Jan. 3	72	73	..	United Railways Investment Co. pf	100	16,000,000	Jan. 10, '07	2½	..	72¼	73⅜	72	72	66	1,400
32	14⅛	19	Feb. 23	15	Jan. 10	17	18	−⅛	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe & Foundry Co.	100	12,106,300	Dec. 1, '07	1	..	17⅝	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞	26½	230
84	49	61	Feb. 23	50	Jan. 16	55	59	..	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe & Fdy. Co. pf	100	12,106,300	Mar. 1, '11	1¼	Q	58¼	58¾	58¼	58¾	78½	25
84¼	64⅝	69¾	Feb. 6	65⅛	Jan. 25	67½	68	+1⅛	U. S. Realty & Improvement Co.	100	16,162,800	Feb. 1, '11	1¼	Q	67	68	67	68	77	300
52½	27	47⅞	Mar. 1	36	Jan. 6	41	41½	+½	United States Rubber Co.	100	23,666,000	Apr. 30, '00	1	..	40½	42	39½	41	45	1,825
116½	99	114⅛	Mar. 1	109¼	Jan. 18	109	112	..	United States Rubber Co. 1st pf	100	39,824,400	Jan. 31, '11	2	Q	112	112	112	112	116	200
91	61½	82⅛	Feb. 6	71⅞	Jan. 3	76⅛	76¼	+⅞	United States Steel Corporation	100	508,495,200	Dec. 30, '10	1¼	Q	75¼	76⅞	75¼	76⅛	88⅜	225,700
125⅝	110½	120⅞	Feb. 4	116¼	Jan. 3	118	118¼	+⅞	United States Steel Corporation pf	100	360,314,100	Feb. 27, '11	1¾	Q	118⅛	118½	118	118¼	122	3,205
60¼	39⅜	47⅞	Jan. 9	43⅝	Mar. 4	44	44⅞	+1	Utah Copper	10	15,625,590	Dec. 31, '10	75c	Q	44⅛	44⅞	43½	44½	50⅝	2,725
66⅛	47	70⅝	Feb. 28	62⅞	Jan. 3	66⅜	66⅝	−1¼	Virginia-Carolina Chem. Co.	100	27,984,400	Feb. 15, '11	1¼	Q	68½	69¼	66½	66½	58	33,878
129¼	117	127½	Mar. 1	123⅞	Jan. 3	126	127	−½	Virginia-Carolina Chem. Co. pf	100	18,000,000	Jan. 16, '11	2	Q	127	127	126½	126½	126⅞	500
73	50	66	Feb. 11	52	Jan. 6	52	..	−7	Virginia Iron, Coal & Coke Co.	100	9,073,600	....	..	..	60½	60½	54	54	63	400
27¾	12½	18⅜	Feb. 23	15½	Jan. 6	17	17¼	+½	Wabash	100	53,189,200	....	..	..	17⅛	17¾	16¾	17⅛	22¼	2,200
61	28⅛	40⅝	Feb. 23	32⅞	Jan. 11	37⅞	38	+1¼	Wabash pf	100	39,189,200	....	..	..	37	38⅜	37	38	49⅛	9,450
186	144½	166	Feb. 27	155	Jan. 4	160	164	−4½	Wells Fargo Express Co.	100	23,967,300	Jan. 16, '11	5	SA	160½	160½	160½	160½	182	[illegible]
54⅝	40	51¾	Feb. 1	49⅝	Feb. 24	49¼	50¼	+½	Western Maryland	100	88,757,900	....	..	..	50½	51⅛	50	50	53¼	1,850
78½	56	76½	Jan. 19	71¾	Mar. 8	71¾	73	−1¼	Western Union Telegraph	100	99,716,100	Jan. 16, '11	¾	Q	73⅛	73½	71¾	72¼	76	1,800
82½	49½	71	Feb. 15	65½	Jan. 12	66¾	67	−½	Westinghouse E. & M.	50	36,633,450	Oct. 10, '07	2½	..	67	67½	67	67	73	1,400
130	110	123	Jan. 5	116	Jan. 14	117	120	+1	Westinghouse E. & M. 1st pf	50	3,998,700	Jan. 16, '11	†1¾	Q	117½	120	117½	120	125	300
64	44	66	Mar. 10	57	Jan. 3	65	65¼	+3½	Wisconsin Central	100	16,147,900	....	..	..	62	66	62	65	54½	4,000

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[No. 9,939.]

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE NATIONAL NASSAU BANK OF NEW YORK

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business March 7th, 1911:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$7,768,091.41
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		4,547.07
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		50,000.00
U. S. bonds on hand		1,000.00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		687.50
Bonds, securities, etc		23,850.00
Other real estate owned		44,403.17
Due from National banks (not reserve agents)		742,766.28
Due from State and private banks and bankers, trust companies, and savings banks		342,482.68
Checks and other cash items		42,797.82
Exchanges for Clearing House		324,482.64
Notes of other National banks		25,000.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents		8,200.04
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	$1,750,610.10	
Legal-tender notes	648,074.00	2,398,684.10
Due from U. S. Treasurer		26,500.00
Total		$11,797,992.66

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$500,000.00
Surplus fund		500,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		82,639.73
Due to other National banks		678,970.79
Due to State and private banks and bankers		64,460.79
Due to trust companies and savings banks		518,307.47
Dividends unpaid		76.00
Individual deposits subject to check		8,576,198.05
Demand certificates of deposit		553,645.14
Certified checks		156,114.75
Cashier's checks outstanding		207,584.94
Reserved for taxes		10,000.00
Total		$11,797,992.66

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

I, W. B. NOBLE, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
W. B. NOBLE, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 11th day of March, 1911. WILLIAM A. KNAPP, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
RICHARD YOUNG,
HENRY C. MILLER,
EDWARD EARL,
Directors.

[No. 341.]

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

FIFTH NATIONAL BANK,

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business March 7, 1911:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$2,283,562.23
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		823.12
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		250,000.00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		1,000.00
U. S. bonds on hand		4,000.00
Bonds, securities, &c		603,007.17
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures		149,000.00
Other real estate owned		75,000.00
Due from National banks (not reserve agents)		388,509.35
Due from State and private banks and bankers, trust companies, and savings banks		83,813.10
Checks and other cash items		26,049.09
Exchanges for Clearing House		138,726.52
Notes of other National banks		22,220.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents		277.38
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	$923,221.50	
Legal-tender notes	182,043.00	1,105,264.50
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5% of circulation)		12,500.00
Total		$5,143,252.84

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$250,000.00
Surplus fund		250,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		273,867.08
National banknotes outstanding		235,200.00
Due to trust companies and savings banks	$188,405.05	
Individual deposits subject to check	3,863,741.27	
Demand certificates of deposit	52,357.68	
Certified checks	27,341.35	
Cashier's checks outstanding	1,839.91	
United States deposits	1,000.00	4,134,685.26
Total		$5,143,252.84

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

I, A. THOMPSON, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
A. THOMPSON, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10th day of March, 1911.
CHAS. J. F. BOHLEN, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
DANIEL D. WYLIE,
WM. H. SEAICH,
S. KELLY,
Directors.

UTAH COPPER COMPANY.
165 Broadway, New York, February 24, 1911.
DIVIDEND NO. 11.

The Finance Committee of the Utah Copper Company has this day declared the 11th quarterly dividend of seventy-five cents (75 cents) per share, being at the rate of seven and one-half per cent. (7½%) per quarter on par value, payable March 31st, 1911, to stockholders of record at the close of business on March 17th, 1911. The books for the transfer of the stock of the Company will close at 3 o'clock P. M., March 17th, and reopen at 10 o'clock A. M., March 22d, 1911.

CHAS. K. LIPMAN, Asst. Secretary.

LALANCE & GROSJEAN MFG. CO.

The Brooklyn Trust Company, Trustee, is prepared to purchase, for the Sinking Fund, 6% bonds of the above-named company, due May 1st, 1927, at the lowest price at which said bonds shall be offered, not exceeding 105 and accrued interest to May 1st, 1911, sufficient to exhaust the sum of $32,686.00, pursuant to the terms of the mortgage. Proposals to purchase will be opened at the close of business April 28th, 1911.

BROOKLYN TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
THEO. F. MILLER, President.

WANTED—By old-established Newark manufacturing concern, which has advanced very rapidly during the last five years and has outgrown its present manufacturing space, a Thirty Thousand Dollar Loan on ten-year first mortgage to erect a four-story modern reinforced concrete factory. Will pay interest at 6% and if necessary a reasonable premium. This proposition will stand the closest investigation. Will only do business with responsible persons. Address Good Investment, Box 190 Times Downtown.

¶ If you are a busy man the convenient location of your banking connections is often a matter of importance to you.

The Long Island Loan & Trust Company is located in the heart of Brooklyn's municipal, financial and business district, opposite Borough Hall and convenient to all transportation lines.

LONG ISLAND LOAN & TRUST COMPANY
TEMPLE BAR, 44 COURT ST.
BROOKLYN

MANHATTAN TRVST COMPANY
Wall Street Corner Nassav

Authorized to act as Executor under Wills, Administrator, Guardian.
Trustee for Individuals, Corporations and Municipalities. Fiscal Agent.
Transfer Agent and Registrar of Stocks and Bonds.
Receiver, Assignee or Committee.

Temporary Offices
113 BROADWAY

THE MECHANICS TRUST COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY
Bayonne, N. J.

Commenced Business March 1st, 1886.
STATE, CITY AND COURT DEPOSITARY.
Only Trust Company in New Jersey Clearing Through New York Clearing House.
Accommodations based on balances and responsibility.
Accounts maintained in principal cities.

OFFICERS.
DeWitt Van Buskirk, President.
C. B. Zabriskie, V. Pres. Wm. R. Wilde, Treas.
Frederic C. Earl, Sec'y. T. J. Kitts, Asst. Treas.
Chas. S. Noé, Chairman Board of Directors.

Guaranty Trust Co.
OF NEW YORK
28 Nassau Street, New York.
Fifth Ave. Branch, 5th Ave. & 43d St., N. Y.
London Branch, 33 Lombard Street, E. C.
Capital.................... $5,000,000
Surplus.................... 18,000,000

The Washington Trust Co.
of the City of New York.
253 BROADWAY.
Allows interest on deposits. Guardian, Executor, Trustee, Administrator.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE KENTUCKY FIRST MORTGAGE 5% SINKING FUND GOLD BONDS OF THE CONSOLIDATION COAL COMPANY

Secured by its Kentucky First Mortgage, or Deed of Trust, dated December 1, 1908.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that THE CONSOLIDATION COAL COMPANY will redeem ALL of its outstanding Kentucky First Mortgage 5% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds on the first day of June, 1911, that being a semi-annual interest date, in accordance with the provisions contained in the Kentucky First Mortgage or Deed of Trust, dated December 1st, 1908, from The Consolidation Coal Company to The Fidelity Trust Company, (Baltimore, Md.,) Trustee.

Said bonds will be redeemed and payment therefor made at the office of The Fidelity Trust Company, Trustee, 200 N. Charles Street, Baltimore, Md., or at the office of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 28 Nassau Street, New York City, New York, the place at which said bonds and the interest coupons thereto attached are made payable.

Holders of the said bonds are notified to present them for payment at the office of the Trustee or of said Guaranty Trust Company of New York, on the first day of June, 1911, at which time and place they will receive, as provided in said Kentucky First Mortgage or Deed of Trust:

105% of the face or Par value of each bond with accrued interest to June 1st, 1911, at which date all interest on said bonds will cease.

Dated at Baltimore, Maryland, the 21st day of February, 1911.

J. H. WHEELWRIGHT,
President, The Consolidation Coal Co.

The Company having deposited funds with the Guaranty Trust Company of New York for the redemption of the above bonds, holders thereof may present them to the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 28 Nassau Street, New York City, at any time on or after this date, and will receive therefor 105 and accrued interest.

T. K. STUART,
Assistant Treasurer.
Baltimore, Maryland, February 21st, 1911.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE CORPORATE BONDS OF THE SOMERSET COAL COMPANY

Secured by its Mortgage or Deed of Trust, dated Jan. 28, 1902.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the said SOMERSET COAL COMPANY will redeem ALL of its outstanding bonds on the first day of August, 1911, that being a semi-annual interest date, in accordance with the provisions contained in the Mortgage or Deed of Trust, dated January 28, 1902, from the Somerset Coal Company to the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, Trustee.

Said bonds will be redeemed and payment therefor made at the office of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 28 Nassau Street, New York City, New York, the place at which said bonds and the interest coupons thereto attached are made payable.

Holders of the said bonds are notified to present them for payment at the office of the said Guaranty Trust Company of New York, on the first day of August, 1911, at which time and place they will receive, as provided in said Mortgage or Deeed of Trust:

110% of the face or Par value of each bond with accrued interest to August 1st, 1911, and at which date all interest on said bonds will cease.

Dated at Baltimore, Maryland, the 23rd day of February, 1911.

J. H. WHEELWRIGHT,
Vice President, Somerset Coal Company.

The Company having deposited funds with the Guaranty Trust Company of New York for the redemption of the above bonds, holders thereof may present them to the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 28 Nassau Street, New York City, at any time on or after this date, and will receive therefor 110 and accrued interest.

T. K. STUART, Treasurer.
Baltimore, Maryland, February 23rd, 1911.

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

The Franklin Society 4½%
Founded 1888. Bank Department supervision. Mailing size pass books. Accounts of $10 or more opened on or before April 3d earn from April 1st. Begin now or write for booklet A. 1 Beekman St., cor. Park Row, N. Y.

NEXT SUNDAY

Out of town National Bank Statements will be printed in The New York Times next Sunday, and will also appear in The New York Times Weekly Financial Review, Monday, March 20th.

The New York Times
"All the News that's Fit to Print."

WHEAT STEADY, AS IS USUAL IN MARCH

Swing of Four Cents a Bushel to Date, and a Nervous Saturday Market.

FIRM COTTON MARKET HERE

Many Contrary Factors in Its Technical Position, Making Future Course a Problem.

The month of March has so far made good its reputation as a month of regularity in the wheat market. The record has been a rally of 3 to 4 cents from the low of the season, a loss of most of this advance, and a partial recovery, with prices on Saturday acting in a nervous way. The advance of the market was ascribed in part to the temporary setback given to the Reciprocity bill, but seemed more specifically to be due to the covering of the large short interest created by the big decline. Naturally, however, with the Government report of farm reserves right ahead of the market, there was a good deal of disposition to even up for the report.

The Government report was in a general way in line with expectation. The reserves in farmers' hands were 6,000,000 bushels in excess of the preceding year, and while not as heavy as some predicted, were of fairly liberal proportions. The increase in the visible supply, with the increase in the farm reserves, made a total gain in the stocks on hand of 20,000,000 bushels over last year. The official report of the exports of United States grown wheat up to March 1 made a total of 48,000,000 bushels, against 69,000,000 bushels a year ago. The decrease of 21,000,000 bushels just about offset the increase in the reserves. After this time last year the exports were 27,000,000 bushels. A similar movement this year would evidently leave the carryover next July just about the same as it was a year ago, in the neighborhood of 88,000,000 bushels.

While the visible supply at the leading points of accumulation is 16,000,000 bushels more than last year, the comprehensive statement issued March 1 by a Western authority, including flour stocks, showed a gain of only 4,000,000 bushels. When this is taken into consideration the excess in total supplies over last year in farmers' hands and otherwise is only about 10,000,000 bushels. During the month of February this year the visible statement, as reported by this authority, decreased 9,000,000 bushels, against a decrease of only 2,000,000 bushels last year. The world's visible supply diminished 500,000 bushels during the month, against an increase of 18,000,000 bushels a year ago. The rapid decrease in the visible supply this year has been due in America to the undoubtedly small primary movement. The primary receipts of the last week, while about 300,000 bushels more than the previous week, were only 2,200,000 bushels, against 4,800,000 bushels last year.

With this Government report of the old reserves now a matter of history, the news which is likely to be of most influence, aside from extraordinary developments, political complications, &c., will be the developments regarding the new crop. There is always possibility of some complication entering into the situation, and this Spring there will be the reciprocity measure again, which President Taft in his speech at Atlanta Friday night was quoted as saying would be the important legislation which he anticipated would come before the special session of Congress. There is also a possibility growing out of the mobilizing of the troops on the Mexican frontier.

The crop news is evidently developing favorably. There have been some reports of Hessian fly in Illinois and Indiana, but these reports do not seem to be taken seriously by conservative interests. They serve a purpose, however, in running in surface shorts and relieving the market of such technical conditions. There has been a very marked improvement in the weather conditions over a larger part of the territory. Even in Oklahoma, which was the worst hit by drought, claims are being made of at least 50 per cent. of a crop under normal harvest conditions. The Hessian fly was in the fields in Illinois and Indiana last year, but did not prevent a normal crop.

A Spring which does not have several crop scares would be abnormal, and one may develop at any time either here or abroad which will change the whole character of the market situation. At present there seems to be little of serious import in the crop news. The first report of the Government on the growing condition of the crop will be for April 1 and the development so far in March tends to indicate that the Spring is opening with conditions favoring a good early start of the crop rather than the reverse. Europe is still amply supplied with wheat and world's exports are in the neighborhood of 12,000,000 bushels a week, which is in excess of the estimated weekly requirements.

CORN.

The Government report on the corn reserves was a most interesting statement. It showed that the distribution of corn had been of extraordinary proportions. While a large distribution had been expected, comparatively few had looked for such heavy distribution as shown. Taking into consideration the Nov. 1 carryover of each year, the actual distribution appears to have been 1,979,000,000 bushels, compared with 1,801,000,000 bushels the preceeding year. This was brought about undoubtedly by the lower price of corn, which naturally increased the home consumption. Taking the crop for a period of years and the farm reserves on March 1, ignoring the carryover on Nov. 1, the figures of home distribution are of extraordinary proportions. The past season the total was 1,860,000,000 bushels, against 1,721,000,000 bushels the previous year, 1,620,000,000 bushels two years ago, and 1,629,000,000 bushels out of the previous record crop of 1906. The carryover from 1906 was 1,298,000,000 bushels.

The price question makes another interesting study. The price of corn March 1 this year was 19 cents a bushel lower than a year ago, 18 cents a bushel lower than two years ago, and only 2 cents a bushel higher than March 1, 1907, when the record reserves were reported. It is a fact that only twice in the preceding nine years has the price of corn on March 1 been over half a cent bushel lower than this year, while in seven years prices have been even with or materially higher than this year. The price of corn, which for nearly the entire Winter season has been below 50 cents a bushel in Chicago, compares with a price of hogs of from 7¾ to 8½ cents a pound, making an extraordinary profit in marketing corn through feeding operations instead of by direct shipment. This increased profit is also reflected in an increase of 10 per cent. over last year in the average weight of the hogs coming to market.

OATS.

The oats market dragged all the week, showing at the close a considerable improvement in tone and action. The farm reserves, while of record proportions, did not precipitate a general selling movement, as the steady decline of the last two months, amounting to about 5 cents a bushel, had evidently discounted the increase in the reserves. The increase, compared with last year, was 48,000,000 bushels, while the price of oats is only about two-thirds of the price prevailing at this time a year ago. Of course, the price of corn is much lower, but the conservative opinion seems to be that a price of 30 cents a bushel is probably too low for another bear campaign, with the stocks not materially larger than those reported. While the cash situation is a quiet one, it seems to have improved.

PROVISIONS.

The provision market showed a rather unsettled position during the week. The enormous farm consumption of corn was considered a bearish factor in the market, indicating heavy feeding operations, but the selling movement on account of this was limited, and prices immediately recovered. The market, while very dull so far as distribution of product is concerned, is generally admitted to be below a parity with hogs, and the Summer deliveries are at a discount on the nearby, showing expectations of still larger hog supplies. Product prices, however, are over 4 cents a pound lower than last year on ribs and lard and about $8 a barrel lower on pork. This decline is greater considerably than the decline in live hogs. A factor of considerable interest in the situation is the heavier weight of hogs this year and, consequently, larger production of product. Packing operations have also been increasing the last six weeks.

COTTON.

Weather conditions and statistics figured auspiciously in the strength of the cotton market during the past week, with the advance largely at the expense of shorts. Outside demand showed a slight improvement, but the uncertainty attending the general situation results in a great deal of conservatism being displayed before aggressiveness or important commitments are entered into by the public.

There was some nervousness exhibited over conditions existing in Texas, but it was thought that, if a comparison could be made, the complaints received would outweigh the apprehension manifest. The latest official weather report stated that moisture over the cotton belt during January and February had been two inches below normal. This deficiency during the early part of March had not been lessened, but instead the high temperatures prevailing in the Southwest are claimed to have absorbed the moisture from the subsoil. Many advices were received, however, that were conflicting, some of which tended to emphasize the fact that complaints in many instances were local and not general. Some of the dispatches also stated that after last year's experience the South will not be overanxious to get cotton planted as early as it did last year. There has been but little cause for complaint from other parts of the cotton belt, but nevertheless until moisture is noted in Texas there seems to be little desire to sell the new crop months. Possibly it is the belief that supplies at the end of this season will not be burdensome. This belief and the current discount of the new crop option are factors preventing pressure.

Again, there is a feeling that trade conditions are gradually undergoing betterment, and, although they may not improve so as to be an important factor in the old crop months, it is expected that the unfavorable features will gradually be remedied. The uncertainty as to what changes will be made in the tariff schedule is doubtless a feature which does not hasten improvement in trade, while the assertions credited to President Taft, that the extra session of Congress will be devoted mainly to the Canadian reciprocity measure, means that it may be close on to 1912 before anything definite can be ascertained, if a revision in tariff is to be made.

Naturally, as the season advances statistics are receiving more attention, and owing to the insistent claims made by some interests that supplies at the termination of this season will be insufficient, figures submitted receive close scrutiny. Exports so far this year have been approximately 1,750,000 bales more than last year, and it is apparent that while this feature adds to the bullishness of the home situation, it is more or less of a bearish factor abroad. This is indicated by the fact that European spinners' stocks this year have increased 979,000 bales since Oct. 1, against an increase in the same period last year of 289,000 bales. Some authorities claim that the stock in Great Britain, which is roughly 400,000 bales greater than last year, is the largest on record for any year on March 1. Continental stocks are approximately 85,000 bales less than last year. Spinners' takings are increasing moderately over last year, but since Sept. 1 these have increased only 356,000 bales over last year, while the movement into sight has increased 1,570,000 bales over last year. These figures would go to show that exports of nearly 1,750,000 bales more than last year have gone to a large extent into stocks abroad, and of course lessen the probable demand to be expected from that source in the near future. Last year from this date on to the end of the season we exported approximately 1,700,000 bales with total European stocks approximately 450,000 bales less than at present.

The rise in the near months has served to bring the future market near a parity with Southern spots, but there is still an abnormal difference existing which prevents the shipping of cotton to this market on a favorable basis, if official quotations at the South are to be used. There are many authorities, however, who are inclined to believe that firm bids wired to Southern holders would in many instances bring out cotton at prices somewhat below official quotations. They claim that their assertions are verified to a certain extent by the fact that notwithstanding many dispatches intimating that demand for cotton was good and that stocks were light, their prices have failed to advance, so that if there has been any improvement, it has been from a lower level.

The May option continues to attract attention by its strength, and the opinion seems to be growing that prominent spot interests and bulls are working in harmony. It is also thought that holdings in this month are hedged by sales of other deliveries. The fact, however, that offerings tend to increase as prices approach a parity with Southern spots has led some interests to believe that there is little desire to attract cotton to New York, notwithstanding the claims made that practically the entire local stock has been sold. The census report, to be issued on March 20, will go a long way toward determining the statistical situation, especially in regard to the amount of cotton held at the South.

COTTONSEED OIL.

The past week has failed to bring about any important change in the underlying conditions immediately affecting cottonseed oil values and price variations from day to day have been mainly the result of professional operations. Moderate tenders of March oil accounted for liquidation in that month, while the other options were subjected to pressure, thought to be from refining interests, at various times.

Sentiment is very much mixed, but recently the feeling seems to have improved slightly and some interests who were consistent bears are predicting a steadier market at least. They base their contentions upon the better feeling existing in provision circles, and argue that the amount of cottonseed oil remaining in this country is not large enough to be considered burdensome. They further claim that admitting the weakness existing in tallow, oleomargarine, oleo oil, cocoanut, palm, and other oils, cottonseed oil is removed from soapmaking channels, and that whatever buying is taking place at present is for edible purposes. This buying, notwithstanding assertions made that demand is slow, has evidently been of large enough proportions to make the decline from 7 cents to present levels a slow one, and in the meanwhile supplies have not increased materially while oil is disappearing steadily.

It was thought that the situation would be much healthier if crude oil were more concentrated, but at present it is widely scattered and both a bullish and bearish construction can be placed on this. If individual holdings are light, the ability of the owner to hold is greater; on the other hand, there can be no harmony in maintaining values, as the tendency will be to dispose of oil before the warm weather sets in.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Following is the forecast for Monday and Tuesday, as issued by the United States Weather Bureau, for the cotton and grain States:

North Carolina—Generally fair Monday, except probably rain in the extreme northern portion; colder. Tuesday fair; moderate southerly winds, becoming northwesterly.

South Carolina—Generally fair Monday and Tuesday; colder Monday; moderate southerly winds, becoming northwesterly.

Georgia—Generally fair Monday, except probably showers in extreme northern portion; colder. Tuesday fair; moderate southerly winds, becoming northwesterly.

Florida—Fair Monday and Tuesday; colder Monday in northern portion; moderate southerly winds, becoming northwesterly.

Alabama and Mississippi—Probably fair Monday; somewhat colder. Tuesday fair; moderate southerly winds, becoming variable.

Louisiana—Generally fair Monday and Tuesday; slightly colder Monday; moderate southerly winds, becoming northerly.

Eastern Texas—Fair Monday and probably Tuesday; colder Tuesday; moderate southerly winds, becoming northerly.

Western Texas—Generally fair Monday and Tuesday; colder Monday; warmer Tuesday.

Utah—Generally fair Monday and Tuesday.

Oklahoma—Fair Monday; colder. Tuesday fair.

Arkansas—Generally fair Monday and Tuesday; colder Monday.

Tennessee—Fair in western, clearing in eastern portion Monday; colder. Tuesday, continued cool.

Kentucky—Generally fair Monday; colder. Tuesday fair.

Ohio—Rain, probably part snow, followed by fair weather Monday; slightly colder in extreme southern portion. Tuesday, fair; slowly rising temperature; moderate and probably brisk northwesterly winds, diminishing.

Indiana—Generally fair Monday; slightly colder in extreme southeast portion. Tuesday, fair, warmer.

Illinois—Fair Monday and probably Tuesday; warmer Monday night in northern portion.

Lower Michigan—Fair Monday and Tuesday; warmer Monday night; moderate northwesterly winds, becoming variable.

Upper Michigan—Generally fair Monday and probably Tuesday; warmer Monday.

Wisconsin—Fair Monday; somewhat warmer. Tuesday, probably fair; moderate northerly winds, becoming southerly.

Minnesota—Fair Monday; slightly warmer. Tuesday, probably fair.

Iowa, Missouri, Nebraska—Generally fair Monday and Tuesday.

North Dakota—Fair Monday and probably Tuesday; colder Tuesday in northern portion.

South Dakota—Fair Monday and probably Tuesday; warmer Monday in eastern portion.

Kansas—Fair Monday. Tuesday, generally fair.

BIG 'PHONE MERGER BY BELL INTERESTS

Negotiations Pending to Acquire Rochester and Utica Lines, with Independent Systems.

MEANS 20,000 MORE STATIONS

Stocks and Bonds to be Taken Over Approximate $5,000,000—Deal Needs Service Board's Sanction.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., March 12.—Negotiations have been begun by the Friendship Telephone Company of Syracuse, representing the Bell interests, for the purchase of the Rochester Telephone Company, with independent and affiliated lines. The Syracuse company has made an offer to purchase the outstanding stock and bonds of the Rochester Telephone (Home) Company, the Rochester, Syracuse and Utica Telephone Company, and the Utica Home Telephone Company, comprising the system of independent telephone lines operating in Rochester, Syracuse, Utica, Canandaigua, Brockport, Weedsport, Baldwinsville, Rome, Clinton, Herkimer, Ilion, Mohawk, Frankfort, and surrounding territory. It is said the stock of the Rochester Telephone Company will be acquired at $50 a share. The whole deal means an expenditure by the Bell interests of several millions.

At present Rochester has the Bell and independent telephone systems, and the consolidation of the two interests, it is predicted, will be followed by an advance in rates.

The official statement issued by the Friendship Telephone Company says:

"The proposition has received the indorsement and recommendation of the Board of Directors of each company, and it is believed that the outcome of the negotiations will be generally satisfactory to the security holders.

"It is intended, as soon as practicable, to ascertain the sentiment of the subscribers to both systems on the question of consolidating the service of all the companies, the purpose being to give a broad and comprehensive service and avoid the further duplication of the plant and the enormous waste incident to the continued operation of separate companies.

"There are serious and complicated engineering difficulties to be overcome in bringing about a consolidation of the physical plants, and the work of fitting the independent property into that of the New York company will require many months of time.

"When the service of all the companies is finally brought together, its scope will be tremendously enlarged, and over 20,000 subscribers' stations will be added to the Bell system, which are not now connected to it."

The outstanding stock of the companies amounts to approximately $3,100,000, and the outstanding bonds to about $1,725,000. The stock is divided about as follows: Rochester Telephone Company, $500,000; Rochester, Syracuse and Utica Company, $1,000,000; Onondaga Independent Telephone Company, $1,125,000; Utica Home Telephone Company, $475,000. The outstanding bonds are represented by the Rochester Telephone Company, $1,250,000, and the Utica Company, $475,000. The Rochester, Syracuse and Utica Company and the Onondaga Independent Telephone Company have no outstanding bonds.

When an attempt was made by the independent telephone interests to sell out to the Bell Telephone Company five years ago, after the collapse of the United States Independent Telephone Company, the State Attorney General, William Schuyler Jackson, prevented the consolidation by taking the matter into the courts, alleging that it was a violation of the law against combinations in restraint of trade.

The control of the telephone and telegraph companies was placed under the Public Service Commission last September, and that body will now have to pass upon the proposed transfer.

$25,000,000

Chicago, Milwaukee & Puget Sound Railway Co

First Mortgage 4% Gold Bonds

Due January 1, 1949

PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST UNCONDITIONALLY GUARANTEED BY ENDORSEMENT BY THE

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY COMPANY

Roswell Miller, Esq., Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Company, in a letter to the undersigned, writes in part as follows:

"The bonds of the issue will be secured by an absolute direct First Mortgage on the entire railroad line and appurtenances thereto, now owned by the Chicago, Milwaukee and Puget Sound Railway Company (including its franchises, terminals, equipment and operating contracts).

"The bonds sold to you will be unconditionally guaranteed as to the payment of both principal and interest thereof by endorsement by the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Company.

"The Chicago, Milwaukee and Puget Sound Railway is the continuation of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway from Mobridge, South Dakota, to the Pacific Coast, with extensive terminals at Seattle and Tacoma.

"Although the Chicago, Milwaukee and Puget Sound Railway was opened for traffic only on August 1, 1909, it is already earning a large surplus over the interest on its First Mortgage Bonds. For the six months ended December 31, 1910, the surplus income of that company, after the payment of all charges, including interest on the $123,000,000 First Mortgage Bonds, amounted to $1,635,952.

"The total authorized amount of the First Mortgage will be $200,000,000; $123,000,000 bonds will be presently issued, of which the $25,000,000 bonds sold to you form a part, the balance, $98,000,000 bonds, remaining in the treasury of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Company. The $77,000,000 bonds to be issued hereafter are to be reserved for the construction or acquisition of new lines, additional tracks, terminals or interests in terminal companies, equipment, betterments, improvements, etc., under the restrictions of the mortgage.

"All additional lines of railroad acquired with the proceeds of bonds of this issue will become subject to the mortgage as a first lien thereon or in case the extinguishment of any then existing liens thereon is not practicable, an equal principal amount of bonds of this issue will be reserved by the Trustee until such extinguishment.

"The bonds will mature January 1, 1949, and will bear interest at the rate of four (4) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually on January 1st and July 1st of every year. Bonds will be issued either as Coupon Bonds or Registered Bonds and will be interchangeable.

"No further bonds of this issue will be sold (except to the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Company) for at least the balance of the present calendar year.

"Application will be made to list the Bonds on the New York Stock Exchange."

A LARGE PART OF THE ABOVE BONDS HAVING BEEN SOLD, THE UNDERSIGNED OFFER THE REMAINING BONDS, SUBJECT TO PREVIOUS SALE, AT 95½% AND ACCRUED INTEREST TO DELIVERY,

the right being reserved to reject any application in whole or in part.

Payment for bonds purchased must be made on March 28, 1911, at the offices of either of the undersigned. The right is reserved to require a deposit of $50. per bond. Pending the engraving of the definitive bonds (which are to be issued in accordance with a supplemental or a new mortgage to be approved by our counsel), receipts of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Company (or temporary bonds), exchangeable for the engraved bonds when ready, will be delivered.

The bonds are also being offered for sale in **Boston** by **Messrs. Kidder, Peabody & Co.**

KUHN, LOEB & CO.
NEW YORK

NATIONAL CITY BANK
OF NEW YORK

March 13, 1911.

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY
OF NEW YORK
54 Wall Street

Capital and Surplus, $18,000,000
(of which $17,000,000 has been earned)

Authorized to act as Executer, Trustee, Administrater or Guardian.
Receives Deposits, subject to check, and allows Interest on Daily Balances
Acts as Transfer Agent, Registrar and Trustee under Mortgages.

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY

358 Fifth Ave.
125 St. & Lenox Ave.
60 Broadway
148 St. & Third Ave.
New York

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CONDITION
as Reported to New York State Banking Department Tuesday, February 28, 1911

ASSETS.		LIABILITIES.	
Cash on Hand and in Banks.	$8,055,401.03	Capital Stock	$3,181,000.00
Bonds and other Securities.	9,232,293.61	Surplus & Undivided Profits	5,847,925.30
Demand Loans	3,541,020.33	Unconverted "B" Certificates	57,000.00
Time Loans	12,999,270.75	TOTAL CAPITAL AND SURPLUS	$9,085,925.30
Bonds and Mortgages......	3,275,394.19	Due Depositors	32,007,280.44
Real Estate, Banking Houses	3,907,657.86	Dividend Checks Outstanding.	36.00
Accrued Interest Receivable.	316,355.18	Reserve for Taxes, etc.....	77,786.29
		Accrued Interest Payable...	147,864.93
	$41,318,892.95		$41,318,892.95

Metropolitan Trust Company
of the City of New York
49 WALL STREET
Capital, Surplus and Profits, $10,000,000

BRAYTON IVES, President.
ANTON A. RAVEN, Vice-Pres.
BEVERLY CHEW, 2d Vice-Pres.
BERTRAM CRUGER, Treasurer.
GEORGE N. HARTMANN, Secretary.
JAMES F. McNAMARA, Trust Officer.
RUPERT W. K. ANDERSON, Asst. Tr.
FREDERICK E. FRIED, Asst. Secretary.

DIRECTORS.
Francis M. Bacon,
William L. Bull,
James G. Cannon,
William Carpender,
Beverly Chew,
Thomas De Witt Cuyler,
Henry W. DeForest,
Haley Fiske,
J. Horace Harding,
Erskine Hewitt,
Brayton Ives,
Lewis Cass Ledyard,
Bradley Martin,
Frederick T. Martin,
Walter E. Maynard,
Ogden Mills,
E. D. Morgan,
Richard Mortimer,
John E. Parsons.
Charles M. Pratt,
Anton A. Raven,
Norman B. Ream,
George R. Sheldon,
John W. Simpson,
Joseph J. Slocum,
John T. Terry,
Geo. Henry Warren,
Horace White.

CHARTERED 1864
Union Trust Company of New York
MAIN OFFICE: 80 BROADWAY.
Uptown Office: 425 Fifth Avenue, corner 38th Street,
With Modern Safe Deposit Vaults.

Capital $1,000,000 Surplus (earned) $7,800,000

ALLOWS INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.
Acts as Executor, Guardian, Trustee, Administrator, and in all Fiduciary Capacities on behalf of Individuals, Institutions or Corporations.

THE STANDARD TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK
25 Broad Street, New York, N. Y.

Acts as Executor, Administrator, Guardian, Trustee, Receiver, Fiscal Agent for Corporations and Individuals, Trustee of Corporation Mortgages, Transfer Agent and Registrar. Takes full charge of real and personal property.
ALLOWS INTEREST ON DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHEQUE.
ISSUES INTEREST BEARING CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT.

OFFICERS
William C. Lane, President.
Frank K. Sturgis, William C. Cox, Vice-Presidents.
Charles M. Billings, Secretary. Edward M. F. Miller, Treasurer.
E. Brainerd Bulkley, Zelah Van Loan, Asst. Secretaries.

DIRECTORS
John T. Atterbury
Francis S. Bangs
William M. Barrett
William C. Cox
Alexander H. De Haven
Samuel M. Felton
Pliny Fisk
William D. Guthrie
Fairfax Harrison
Gardiner M. Lane
William C. Lane
E. M. F. Miller
John G. McCullough
Charles L. Pack
John S. Phipps
Henry W. Putnam, Jr.
Basil W. Rowe
William Salomon
Charles F. Smillie
John A. Spoor
Henry L. Sprague
Charles Steele
Frank K. Sturgis
Nathaniel Thayer

Trustee for Personal Trusts
Astor Trust Co.
FIFTH AVENUE & 36th STREET, NEW YORK

DIRECTORS
Benjamin Altman
B. Altman & Co.
John Jacob Astor
Geo. F. Baker
Chairman First National Bank
Stephen Baker
Pres't Bank of the Manhattan Co.
Geo. B. Case
White & Case, Attorneys
John Claflin
Pres't United Dry Goods Companies
Thomas Cochran, Jr.
Vice-President
E. C. Converse
President
H. P. Davison
J. P. Morgan & Co., Bankers
John I. Downey
Building Construction
Elbert H. Gary
Chairman U. S. Steel Corporation
Robert Walton Goelet
Thomas W. Lamont
J. P. Morgan & Co., Bankers
Ranald H. Macdonald
Real Estate
Edgar L. Marston
Blair & Co., Bankers
Joseph B. Martindale
Pres. Chemical Nat'l Bank
Gates W. McGarrah
Pres't Mechanics' & Metals Nat. Bank
Charles A. Peabody
President Mutual Life Ins. Co.
Geo. W. Perkins
D. E. Pomeroy
Vice-President Bankers Trust Co.
William H. Porter
J. P. Morgan & Co., Bankers
Seward Prosser
Vice-President
Daniel G. Reid
Rock Island System
Douglas Robinson
Real Estate
Archibald D. Russell
Alexander H. Stevens
Vice-President
Benjamin Strong, Jr.
Vice-President Bankers Trust Co
Charles L. Tiffany
Vice-President Tiffany & Co.
Theodore N. Vail
Pres. American Tel. and Tel. Co.
Albert H. Wiggin
President Chase National Bank

OFFICERS
E. C. Converse, President
Alex. H. Stevens, Vice-Pres't
Seward Prosser, Vice-Pres't
Thomas Cochran, Jr., Vice-Pres't
Geo. W. Pancoast, Cashier
Howard Boocock, Asst. Sec.
Jas. R. Trowbridge, Trust Officer
Barkley Wyckoff, Asst. Cashier

INTEREST PAID ON DAILY BALANCES

DIVIDENDS.

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY.

A Semi-Annual Dividend of $2.00 per share on the Preferred Stock and a Quarterly Dividend of $2.50 per share on the Common Stock of this Company have this day been declared, payable at the Treasurer's office, 120 Broadway, New York, N. Y., on April 1, 1911, to stockholders of record at 3 o'clock P. M., on Wednesday, March 1, 1911.

The stock transfer books will not be closed for the payment of this dividend.

Stockholders who have not already done so are requested to promptly file mailing orders for dividends with the undersigned, from whom blank orders can be had on application.

FREDERIC V. S. CROSBY, Treasurer.
New York, N. Y., Feb. 9, 1911.

DIVIDENDS.

PRODUCERS OIL COMPANY.
Houston, Texas, March 10, 1911.

A quarterly dividend of $1.50 per share on the common stock has this day been declared by the Board of Directors of this Company, payable March 31st, 1911, to stockholders of record March 18th, 1911.

W. E. LOCKHART, Treasurer.
New York, March 10th, 1911, 17 Battery Place.

MOUNT MORRIS BANK OF NEW YORK.
DIVIDEND NO. 45.
March 8, 1911.

A quarterly dividend of THREE PER CENT. (3%) will be paid on April 1, 1911, to stockholders of record March 20, 1911.

Transfer books will be closed at 3 P. M. on March 20, 1911.

LINDLEY H. HILL, Cashier.

New York Stock Exchange Quotations

THE WEEK'S TRANSACTIONS IN BONDS.

Total Week Ended Mar. 11, $15,555,500

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Adams Express 4s....	89	89	89	8
Alb. & Susq. 3½s......	93¾	93⅛	93¾	55
Allis-Chalmers 5s	78	77⅝	78	17
Amer. Ag. Chem. 5s..	102	102	102	4
Am. Cotton Oil 4½s...	97¾	97½	97¾	55
Am. Dock & Imp. 5s.	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛	1
Am. Hide & Leath. 6s..	99¾	99	99	14
Amer. Ice. Sec. 6s....	73	70	73	8
Amer. S. & R. deb. 6s, rects. full paid......	101⅞	101¼	101⅜	156
Am. Spirits Mfg. 6s..	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	2
Am. Tel. & Tel. col. 4s.	89⅞	89⅝	89⅝	80
Am. Tel. & Tel. con. 4s.	107¼	106¾	107⅛	198
Amer. Tobacco 6s......	107¼	106⅞	107¼	149
Amer. Tobacco 4s......	84⅞	84¼	84¾	401
Am. Tobacco 4s reg....	84½	84½	84½	1
Am. Writing Paper 5s.	89⅝	89½	89½	12
Ann Arbor 4s.........	85	84⅝	85	13
Armour 4½s	93	92⅞	92⅞	4
A., T. & S. Fe gen. 4s.	98⅝	98	98¼	99½
A., T. & S. F. adj. 4s.	91¼	91¼	91¼	8
A., T. & S. F. adj. stp.	91⅝	91¼	91¼	87
A., T. & S. F. con. 5s..	109½	108½	109	44
A., T. & S. F. con. 4s..	107½	106¾	107¼	18
A., T. & S. F. con. 4s, 1960	103½	103½	103½	47
A., T. & S. F. con. 4s, 1909	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛	2
A., T. & S. F. E. Ok. 4s.	96⅞	96⅞	96⅞	5
A., T. & S. F. Trans. S. L. 4s..............	93	93	93	13
Atl. Coast Line 4s....	93⅞	93¾	93⅞	37
Atl. C. L., L. & N. 4s..	94½	93¾	94¼	130
Atlanta & Birm. 4s...	86¾	86¾	86¾	1
Balt. & Ohio gold 4s..	98¼	98⅛	98¼	52
B. & O., P., L. E. & W. Va. 4s............	91½	91	91⅛	6
B. & O. S. W. Div. 3½s.	90⅝	90½	90½	12
B. & O. prior 3½s......	93	92½	93	48
Bethlehem Steel 5s....	88⅛	87⅞	87⅞	23
Brooklyn Rap. Tr. 4s..	84	83⅝	83⅞	162
Brooklyn Rap. Tr. 5s..	103	103	103	4
Brooklyn Un. Gas 5s..	107⅛	107	107	3
Bklyn City R. R. 5s..	103	102⅞	102⅞	7
Brooklyn Union El. 5s.	101	100¾	100¾	8
Buffalo R. & P. 5s....	113	113	113	1
Bur. C. R. & N. col. 5s.	112	112	112	1
B. & O. prior 3½s......	93	92½	93	48
Cal. Gas & El. 5s....	94¼	92½	94¼	42
Can. So. 1st ext. 6s..	103	102⅞	102⅞	8
Can. So. 2d 5s......	101¼	101¼	101¼	11
Cent. of Ga. con. 5s....	108⅞	108¾	108¾	18
Cent. of Ga. 1st inc. 5s.	100¼	100¼	100¼	10
C. of G. 1st inc. 5s, st.	100¼	100¼	100¼	3
Cent. of Ga. 2d inc. 5s.	95½	95½	95½	26
Cent. of Ga. 3d inc. 5s.	86	86	86	2
Central Leather 5s....	99⅝	99	99⅛	91
Central of N. J. 5s....	123	122⅞	122⅞	6
C. of N. J. gen. 5s, reg.	122½	122½	122½	3
Central Pacific 3½s...	92	91¾	92	6
Central Pacific 4s.....	96½	96	96½	55
Central Vermont 4s....	92¼	90⅝	92¼	29
Ches. & Ohio fund. 5s..	105¼	105	105	4
Ches. & Ohio con. 5s..	112⅞	112⅝	112⅝	3
C. & O., Big Sandy 4s..	87¼	87¼	87¼	1
Ches. & Ohio gen. 4½s.	101	100½	100⅞	32
C. & O. conv. 4½s....	96⅞	96¼	96¼	155
C. & O., R. & A. 1st 4s	95¾	95¾	95¾	10
Chi. & Alton 3½s.....	70¼	69½	70¼	23
C., B. & Q. gen. 4s....	97¼	97	97	106
C., B. & Q. joint 4s...	96⅛	95⅞	95⅞	226
C., B. & Q., Neb. 4s..	98⅜	98⅜	98⅜	1
C., B. & Q. jt. 4s, reg.	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝	10
C., B. & Q., Ia. Div. 4s.	99½	99½	99½	4
C., B. & Q., Ill. D. 3½s	87¾	87¾	87	1
C., B. & Q., Ill. Div. 4s	99⅜	99⅜	99⅜	2
C., B. & Q. deb. 5s....	101	101	101	2
Chi. & Ind. C. Ry. 5s.	110	110	110	5
Chi. & E. Ill. ref. 4s..	82	81	82	32
Chi. Great West. 4s...	84¾	84⅝	84⅝	67
C.,M.&St.P. gen 4s, A.	98⅞	98½	98¾	14
C., M & S. P. 4s, 1934.	92⅝	92⅜	92⅜	45
C., M. & St. P. 3½s, B.	87¼	87¼	87¼	1
C.M&StP, C, P & W 5s.	106⅝	106½	106⅝	24
C. & N. W. gen. 4s...	98⅞	98¾	98⅞	84
C. & N. W. ext. 4s....	99¾	99¾	99¾	10
C. & N. W. ext. 4s, reg.	97	97	97	3
C. & N. W. s. f. 5s....	106	106	106	1
C. & N. W. deb. 5s, 1933, reg..............	108½	108½	108½	6
C. & N. W. gen. 3½s..	87½	87¼	87¼	7
C., R. I. & P. col. 4s..	73	72⅝	72⅝	209
C., R. I. & P. gen. 4s..	96½	96¼	96¼	31
C., R. I. & P. ref. 4s..	88⅞	88⅝	88⅝	113
C., St. P., M. & O. 6s.	124⅝	124⅝	124⅝	1
Chi. & W. I. 4s.......	92½	92½	92½	2
C., I., St. L. & C. 4s..	97	97	97	1
C., C., C. & St.L.gen.4s	94	94	94	1
Col. F. & I. gen 5s....	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛	2
Col. F. & I. deb. 5s....	100	100	100	23
Col. Midland 4s........	66	65½	66	8
Col. & So. refdg. 1st 4s.	95⅞	95⅝	95⅝	15
Col. & So. refdg. 4½s..	98⅝	98½	98⅝	15
Corn Products Ref. s. f. 5s, 1934...........	96½	96½	96½	13
Del. & Hud. equip. 4½s.	101¼	101⅛	101¼	17
Del. & Hud. conv. 4s...	98⅝	98⅛	98¼	69
Del. & Hud. ref 4s.....	98⅝	98½	98⅝	11
Den. & R. G. cons. 4s..	93¼	93¼	93¼	3
Den. & R. G. ref. 5s...	92¾	92½	92¾	22½
Den. & R. G. imp. 5s..	101	101	101	2
Det. & Mackinac g. 4s	90	90	90	1
Distillers' Securities...	78½	78⅛	78⅛	21
Du Pont Powder 4½s....	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝	12
E. T., V. & Ga. con. 5s.	110½	110½	110½	1
Ed. El. Ill., B'klyn 4s.	88	88	88	1
Ed. El. Ill, N.Y. cn. 5s.	111	111	111	1
Equit. Gas., N. Y. 5s..	105¼	105¼	105¼	2
Erie consol. 7s..........	118⅝	118⅝	118⅝	4
Erie, Penn., col. 4s....	87¼	87¼	87¼	14
Erie conv. 4s, B.......	70	70	70	3
Erie 1st con. 4s........	86	86	86	12
Erie gen. 4s............	75½	75	75	58
Erie & Pitts. gtd. 3½s, Series B............	91	91	91	1
Evans. & T. H. con 6s.	112⅛	112⅛	112⅛	1
Evans. & T. H. gen. 5s.	101	101	101	8
Florida E. C. 4½s......	95	95	95	20
Ft. Worth & R. G. 4s..	84	84	84	1
G., H. & S.A.,M.&P.5s.	107½	107½	107½	1
Gen. Elec. conv. 5s...	148	147½	148	29
Grand Rap. & I. 4½s..	104¼	104¼	104¼	1
Havana Electric 5s....	97	97	97	8
Hocking Valley 4½s...	102½	101⅜	102	13
Houst. & Tex. con. 6s..	109¼	109¼	109¼	1
Ill. Central ref. 4s.....	96⅜	96⅜	96⅜	18
Ill. Central 3½s.......	89⅜	89⅜	89⅜	2
Ind. Nat. Gas 5s......	91	91	91	6
Inter.-Met. 4½s........	78⅝	78⅜	78⅝	51
Interborough R. T. 5s..	103⅜	103⅛	103⅛	26
Int. & G. N. 2d 5s, t. r.	113½	113¼	113½	110
Int. Paper 6s.........	103½	103½	103½	6
Int. Paper conv. 5s....	85	85	85	6
Int. Steam Pump 5s....	93⅜	92⅜	93⅜	84
Iowa Central 4s........	66	66	66	1
K. C., Ft. S. & M. 4s.	80½	79⅜	80	91
Kansas City So. 3s...	73½	73⅜	73⅜	6
Kansas City So. 5s....	101¼	101⅛	101⅛	14
Kansas City Gas 5s...	99½	99⅛	99⅛	2
Laclede Gas 1st 5s.....	102½	102½	102½	10
Laclede Gas ref. 5s....	100¾	100	100¾	16
Lack. Steel 5s, 1915...	95⅛	94⅜	95⅛	110
Lack. Steel 5s, 1923....	99	98⅞	99	11
Lake Shore 4s, 1928....	93¾	93⅛	93⅜	15
Lake Shore 4s, 1931....	93¼	92⅞	92⅞	58
Lake Shore 3½s.......	89½	89	89⅛	5
Lehigh V. of Penn. 4s.	97½	97½	97½	3
L. V. of N. Y. 4½s....	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝	2
Lex. & Pav. Fy. 5s....	100	99⅞	99⅞	10
Louis. & Nash. unif. 4s.	98¾	98¼	98½	44
L. & N., Pens. Div. 6s.	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝	1
L. & N., E., H. & N. 6s.	111	111	111	3
L. & N., A.,K. & C. 4s	93	93	93	1
Man. Ry. con. 4s......	97	97	97	1
Man. R. con. 4s, tax ex.	97½	97½	97½	4
Met. St. Ry. gen. 5s,t.r.	76¾	76¾	76¾	10
Mer. Marine 4½s......	65¾	65⅝	65½	66
Mich. Cent. deb. 4s....	91½	91½	91½	6
Met. Tel. & Tel. 5s....	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜	2
Minn. & St. L. ref. 4s.	70	70	70	1
Minn. Union 6s........	116¼	116¼	116¼	13
Mississippi Cent. 5s...	93½	93½	93½	5
Mo., K. & East. 5s....	109	109	109	2
Mo., K. & T. 1st 4s...	97⅜	97¼	97⅜	6
Mo., K. & T. 2d 4s...	83¾	83¾	83¾	12
Mo., K. & T. s. f. 4½s.	86⅝	85¾	86¼	17
Mo., K. & T. ext. 5s..	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞	1
Mo. Pac. con. 5s......	95⅝	95	95⅛	291
Mo. Pac. con. 6s......	110	109½	110	20
Mo. Pac. 5s, 1917......	102¼	101	101⅛	12
Mo. Pac. 5s, 1920......	102	101	101	53
Mo. Pac. 4s..........	79¾	77½	78	112
Mob. & Ohio new 6s..	120	120	120	1
M. & O., St. L. & C. gtd. 4s	94½	94½	94½	8
Morris & Essex con. 7s.	111	111	111	1
Nash., C. & St. L. 7s..	106	106	106	1
Nat. Enam. & Sta. 5s.	95	95	95	5
N. Rys. of M. pr. 4½s.	94	93½	93½	43½
N. R. R. of M. con. 4s.	83	83	83	5
N. Y. Air Brake 6s....	102	102	102	5
N. Y. Cent. gen. 3½s..	88½	88	88	20
N. Y. Cent. 3½s, reg..	87½	87¼	87½	33
N. Y. Cent. deb. 4s....	93	92½	92⅞	18
N. Y. C., M. C. col. 3½s	79	79	79	1
N. Y. C., L. S. col. 3½s	80¾	80	80	14
N. Y. C., L.S.col.3½s,r.	78½	78½	78½	2
N. Y. C. & St. L. 4s..	99½	99½	99½	2
N. Y. C. & S. L. deb. 4s	91	90½	90½	18
N. Y. & Erie 4th ext.5s.	105½	105½	105½	4
N. Y. G., E. L. & P. 4s	88½	88	88½	109
N. Y. G., E. L. & P. 5s.	103	102¼	103	79
N. Y., L. & W. 1st 6s.	116¼	116¼	116¼	4
N. Y., N. H. & H.cv.6s.	134	133½	133¾	33
N. Y., N. H. & H. conv. 6s, reg.........	133½	133½	133½	2
N. Y.,N. H. & H.cv.3½s	99½	98⅝	98¾	242
N. Y., O. & W. 4s....	95⅝	95½	95⅝	10
N. Y. Telephone 4½s...	98⅞	98⅝	98¾	43
Norf. & West. con. 4s.	98⅜	98	98	5
Norf. & West. conv. 4s.	105½	103½	105⅛	614
Norf. & West., Poc. 4s.	90¼	90	90¼	7
Norf. & West. Div. 4s.	93⅛	93	93⅛	7
Northern Pacific 4s....	100¼	99⅞	100	36½
Northern Pac. 4s, reg..	98¼	98¼	98¼	2
Northern Pacific 3s....	70⅝	70½	70½	19
Northern Pac. 3s, reg.	69½	69½	69½	1
Or. R. R. & N. con. 4s.	95½	95⅛	95⅛	23
Oregon S. L. ref. 4s...	93⅞	93⅝	93¾	42
Oregon S. L. 6s.......	114½	114½	114½	9
Oregon S. L. 5s.......	112½	112½	112½	3
Ogdens. & L. C. 4s....	88	88	88	5
Pac. Tel. & Tel. 5s....	97⅞	97⅜	97⅛	46
Pacific Coast 5s.......	107	107	107	2
Penn. gtd. 4½s........	104⅛	103¼	104⅛	4
Penn. 3½s, 1916.......	97¼	97¼	97¼	3
Penn. conv. 3½s, 1912..	99¼	99	99	51
Penn. conv. 3½s, 1915.	103½	103½	103½	10
Penn. gtd. g. 4s......	98	98	98	3
Peo. Gas, C., con. 6s..	116⅛	116⅛	116⅛	1
Peo. Gas, Chi., ref. 5s.	101½	101½	101½	4
Pere Marq. ref. 4s.....	76¼	73½	76¼	149
Pere Marq. gtd. 4s....	73½	73½	73½	5
Philippine Ry. 4s......	86¾	86¾	86¾	2
P., C. C. & St. L. 4s, series F.............	98	98	98	6
Portland Ry. 5s......	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝	7
Pub. Serv. Corp. s. f. 5s	96	96	96	7
Reading gen. 4s.......	97⅜	96⅞	96⅞	260
Rio Grande West. 1st 4s	92¾	92½	92½	2
R. G. West. col. 4s...	85¼	85¼	85¼	2
R. I., Ark. & L 4½s..	93⅜	93⅜	93⅜	1
St. L. & I. M. gen. 5s.	108½	108	108	18
St. L. I. M. & S., R. & G. 4s............	86¾	86	86	61
St.L.&S.F.Ry. gen. 5s..	108	108	108	1
St.L.&S.F.R.R. ref. 4s.	81½	81⅛	81¼	7
St. L. & S. F. R. R. gen. 5s............	87½	87¼	87¼	47
St. L. S. W. 1st 4s....	90½	90¼	90¼	8
St. L. S. W. con. 4s....	78⅛	78	78	17
San A. & A. P. 4s.....	87	86⅞	86⅞	14
St. P., M. & M., Mon. Ext. 4s............	98½	98¼	98½	3
St. P. & Sioux City 6s.	112	112	112	3
Sav., Fla. & W. 6s....	125	125	125	7
Sea. A. L. g. 4s, stpd..	87	87	87	23
Sea. A. L. adj. 5s....	75½	75⅛	75⅛	26
Scioto V. & N. E. 4s.	96½	96½	96½	2
So. Pac. Const. 4s.....	87½	87½	87½	10
So. Pac., S. F. Ter. 4s.	92½	92½	92½	3
So. Pac. conv. 4s......	98	97½	97¾	188
So. Pac. ref. 4s........	94⅞	94⅝	94¾	88½
So. Pac. col. 4s........	92½	92½	92½	10
So. Ry. 1st 5s.........	107⅝	107½	107½	5
So. Ry. ref. 4s........	78½	77⅞	78½	222
So. Ry., M. & O. 4s...	88	88	88	2
Tenn. C. & I. gen. 5s..	104½	104	104	32
Tenn. C. & I., Birm. 6s.	105½	104⅞	104⅞	9
Ter. Assn.,St. L. c. 5s..	112⅝	112⅝	112⅝	4
Texas & Pacific 5s....	111¼	111⅛	111⅛	21
Th. Av. con. 4s,t. r. stp.	60	59½	59½	33
Tor., H. & Buff. 4s....	90	90	90	2
Underg. El. Ry. Inc. 6s.	45	45	45	9
Union Bag & P. 5s....	95¼	95¼	95¼	3
Union Pacific 1st 4s...	100¼	100	100¼	81
Union Pacific ref. 4s...	96⅝	96½	96⅝	38
Union Pacific conv. 4s.	104½	104	104	135
U. R. R. of S. F. 4s.	72	72	72	2
U. S. Realty & Imp. 5s.	90	89¼	89¼	34
U. S. Leather 6s......	104½	104½	104½	6
U. S. Rubber 6s......	103⅞	103½	103¾	42
U. S. Red. & Ref. 6s..	82	82	82	1
U. S. Steel 5s........	105¼	105	105⅛	484
U. S. Steel 5s, reg....	105¼	105¼	105¼	1½
Va.-Car. Chem. 5s....	101¾	101½	101⅝	14
Va. Iron, C. & C. 5s...	96	95	95	6
Wabash 1st 5s.........	109¼	108⅜	109¼	6
Wabash 2d 5s	99½	99	99¼	79
Wabash ref. 4s.........	71⅜	68¾	70⅞	2,154
Wab. Pitts. Term. 4s..	45¼	44¾	44¾	12
W. P. T. 4s, Cent. t. r.	48	44¾	47⅝	1,177
W. P. T. 4s, col. t. r..	48⅞	45½	48⅜	336
Wab. Pitts. Ter. 2d 4s..	7½	7½	7½	4
W. P. Ter. 2d 4s, t. r..	8	7⅞	7⅞	20
Wash. Term. 3½s......	88½	88½	88½	7
Western Electric 5s....	101	100⅞	101	8
Western Md. 4s......	86⅝	86¼	86¼	26
W. N. Y. & P. 1st 5s..	110	110	110	14
Westchester Light 5s..	105	105	105	3
West Shore 4s.........	100¾	100½	100¾	7
West Shore 4s, reg.....	99¾	99½	99½	7
West. Elec. Mfg. 5s....	92	91¾	92	33
West. Nor. Car. 6s....	104½	104½	104½	1
West. Union R. E. 4½s.	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝	2
West. Union col. tr. 5s.	100	99⅞	100	16
West. Union conv. 4s..	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜	10
W. Va. & C. P. 5s.....	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	6
Wheel. & L. E. con. 4s	84⅛	84⅛	84⅛	5
Wisconsin Cent. 4s.....	93	92¾	92¾	12
Total sales				$14,209,000

Foreign Government Bonds.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Argentine 5s	99	98⅝	99	4
Japanese 4½s	94⅜	94⅛	94⅛	36
Japanese 4½s, 2d ser..	94¼	94⅛	94⅛	6½
Republic of Cuba 5s...	103¼	103	103¼	29
U. S. of Mexico 5s.....	97⅛	97	97⅛	12
U. S. of Mexico 4s.....	94½	92½	92½	4½
Total sales				$92,000

State Bonds.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Va. Funded Debt, 2-3s.	86½	86½	86½	6
Va. def. 6s, Brown Bros. & Co., ctfs..........	67½	50	58	797
Total				$803,000

New York City Issues.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
3½s, 1954	88	88	88	3
4s, 1957	99½	99½	99½	5
4s, 1958	99⅝	99⅜	99½	48
4s, 1959	99⅝	99⅜	99½	142
4¼s, 1960	101½	101¼	101½	154
4¼s, 1960, rects.......	102	101¾	101⅞	67½
4½s, 1957	107⅞	107¾	107⅞	17
4½s, 1957, new.......	107¾	107⅝	107¾	12
4½s, 1917	102½	102½	102½	3
Total sales				$451,500
Grand total				$15,555,500

New York City Securities.

	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale.
Corporate stock 3½s, 1954..*M. N.	88⅜ Jan. 6	88 Mar 6	88 Mar. 6, 1911
Corp. stock 3½s, 1954, reg..M. N.	87½ Jan. 18	87½ Jan 18	87½ Jan. 18, 1911
Corp. stock 3½s, 1955......M. N.	....	....	88¼ Nov. 2, 1910
Corp. stock 4s, reg. 1936.....M. N.*	....	....	98⅜ Nov. 2, 1910
Corp. stock 4s, reg, 1955....M. N.*	98⅝ Jan. 9	98¼ Jan 21	98¼ Jan. 21, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, reg, 1956....M. N.*	98¼ Mar. 1	97⅞ Mar 2	97⅞ Mar. 2, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, 1957.......*M. N.	99⅞ Jan. 6	98¾ Jan 11	99½ Mar. 10, 1911
Corp. stock 4½s, 1957.....*M. N.	108 Feb. 17	106½ Jan 12	107⅞ Mar. 11, 1911
Corp. stock 4½s, 1957, reg..........	....	....	107 Dec. 21, 1910
Corp stock 4½s, 1957.......M. N.*	108 Feb. 20	106¾ Jan 7	107¾ Mar. 9, 1911
Corp. stock 4½s. 1957, reg..........	107½ Jan. 5	107½ Jan 5	107½ Jan. 5, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, 1958.........M. N.*	99⅜ Jan. 5	98½ Jan 11	99½ Mar. 10, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, 1959........*M. N.	99⅞ Jan. 6	98⅝ Jan 11	99½ Mar. 11, 1911
Corp stock 4s, 1959, reg..........	99 Feb. 15	99 Feb 15	99 Feb. 15, 1911
Corp. stock 4¼s, 1960.....*M. S.	101½ Jan. 5	100¾ Jan 11	101½ Mar. 11, 1911
Corp stock 4¼s, 1960, rcts..........	102⅛ Feb. 20	100⅞ Jan 14	101⅞ Mar. 11, 1911
Assessm't b'ds, 4½s, 1917..*M. N.	103 Jan. 5	102 Jan 25	102½ Mar. 10, 1911
Assessm't b'ds, 4½s, 1917..M. N.*	....	....	102½ Dec. 31, 1910

YEAR'S RANGE IN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

Where no sale occurred in 1911 the last previous price is given.

	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale.
Alabama Currency Fund 4s..J. J.	....	....	111 Mar. 20, 1904
Louisiana consol. 4s, 1914....J. J.	....	....	100 Feb. 18, 1898
N. Y. H'y Imp. 4s, March 1, 1958.	....	....	118⅜ Jan. 19, 1909
N. Y. H'y Imp. 4s, March 1, 1960.	....	....	105⅛ Oct. 28, 1910
N. Y. Canal 4s, July, 1960........	104⅛ Feb. 11	104⅛ Jan 11	104⅞ Feb. 23, 1911
North Carolina 6s, 1919......A. O.	....	....	114¾ Mar. 28, 1910
North Caro. consol. 4s, 1910..J. J.	....	....	99⅝ Feb. 3, 1909
North Caro. consol. 4s, small.....	....	....	100¼ Apr. 8, 1907
North Caro. special tax......A. O.	....	....	117 Dec. 11, 1903
South Carolina 4½s, 1933.....J. J.	....	....	103½ July 27, 1910
Tennessee Set. 3s, 1913.......J. J.	97 Mar. 1	96 Jan 18	97 Mar. 1, 1911
Tennessee Set. 3s, 1913 small.....	....	....	95½ Jun. 20, 1910
Va. def. 6s, Brown Bros. & Co. cfs	67½ Mar. 6	40 Jan 13	58 Mar. 11, 1911
Virginia fund. debt, 2-3s, 1991.J. J.	86½ Mar. 4	86½ Mar 4	86½ Mar. 6, 1911
Virginia Riddleberger..............	....	....	90 Dec. 20, 1907
U. S. 2s, 1930, reg...........Q. Jan.	101⅛ Feb. 15	101⅛ Feb 15	101⅛ Feb. 15, 1911
U. S. 2s, coupon..............J. Jan.	101⅛ Feb. 15	101 Feb 1	101⅛ Feb. 15, 1911
U. S. 4s, 1925, reg............Q. F.	116 Feb. 21	116 Feb 21	116 Feb. 21, 1911
U. S. 4s, 1925, coupon........Q. F.	116⅜ Feb. 17	116⅜ Feb 17	116⅜ Feb. 17, 1911
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, coupon.Q. F.	102⅝ Feb. 1	102½ Feb 20	102½ Feb. 20, 1911
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, reg......Q. F.	103 Feb. 7	103 Feb 7	103 Feb. 7, 1911
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, small........	....	....	102½ Nov. 11, 1910
Panama 2s, 1930, reg..............	....	....	100¾ Oct. 26, 1910
Panama 2s, 1938, reg..............	....	....	101⅛ Aug. 11, 1910
Panama 2s, 1908-18, reg...........	....	....	100⅝ Oct. 11, 1909
Dist. of Columbia 3-65s, 1925.F. A.	....	....	110 Nov. 28, 1909
Philippine 4s, 1914-1931......Q. F.	....	....	111 May 8, 1906
Phil.Isl.p.w.& imp.reg.4s,1935.Q. M.	....	....	108¾ Feb. 26, 1908
Phil. Isl. land pur. 4s,1914-45.Q. F.	....	....	100½ July 14, 1910
Argentina 5s....................	99 Jan. 18	97¼ Jan 3	99 Mar. 11, 1911
Imp.Jap.Gov.4½s,Feb.15,1925..F. A.	95¾ Jan. 3	94⅜ Mar 2	94½ Mar. 11, 1911
I.Jap.Gov.4½s,2dser.Jy.10,1925.J. J.	95¼ Jan. 9	94⅛ Mar 2	94⅛ Mar. 11, 1911
Imp. Jap. Gov. 4s, Jan., 1925.F. A.	90 Jan. 5	88⅞ Feb 27	89 Mar. 3, 1911
Republic of Cuba 5s.........M. S.	104 Feb. 20	102½ Feb 4	103¼ Mar. 8, 1911
Republic of Cuba 4½s............	100 Feb. 2	97¾ Jan 17	99½ Feb. 6, 1911
Sao Paulo (U. S. of B.) 5 p.c., 1919.	97½ Jan. 7	97 Jan 23	97½ Feb. 17, 1911
U. S. of Mex. s. f. 5s.........Q. J.	97¾ Jan. 6	97 Jan 26	97⅛ Mar. 9, 1911
U. S. of Mex. 4s, Dec. 1, 1953.J. D.	94½ Jan. 6	92½ Mar 10	92½ Mar. 10, 1911
U. S. of Mex. 4s, Series A.........	....	....	96¼ May 7, 1910
U. S. of Mex. 4s, Series B.........	....	....	96⅜ May 2, 1910

BILL TO ANNEX WESTCHESTER

Measure Provides for a New Borough to be Added to the City.

A new annexation bill, drawn by Charles W. Sinnott, which provides for the annexation of Mount Vernon, New Rochelle, Yonkers, and the towns of East Chester and Pelham to the City of New York as the Borough of Westchester, will be introduced in the Senate to-morrow by Senator McClellan, formerly a resident of Mount Vernon. The Westchester County Chamber of Commerce and other civic bodies will oppose the measure.

In one section of the bill provision is made for a special election in each of the towns aand cities concerned on the second Tuesday in May, when the voters will be permitted to express their views on annexation.

Quotation List of Outside Securities

THESE quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request. Where bid and asked prices are identical two houses have been quoted, so that the bid price of the one equals or is higher than the asked price of the other.

DIVIDEND and interest periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual; V—No information at hand. *Sells dollars per share. †And interest. ‡Including extra dividend. ‡Amount authorized. ††Sells flat. ¶Special. xEx dividend.

STREET RAILWAY AND ELECTRIC COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Out-standing.	Dividend. Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Quotation Mar. 11, 1911. Bid.	Asked.
Albany So. 5s..	$1,250,000	2½	S	M. & S.	97	99½
Am. Cit. R.&L.	10,761,165	†2¼	S	Jan. 2, 11	65¼	66
Do preferred	6,906,178	1½	Q	Jan. 2, 11	95½	96
Am. Pow. & Lt.	5,593,800	..	..	....	66	70
Do 6% cum.pf.	2,798,100	1½	Q	Jan. 3, 11	81¾	82½
Ariz. Power....	3,000,000	..	..	....	22	24
Do preferred.	825,000	..	..	....	56	58
Do 1st 6s, '31	1,795,000	3	S	M. & N.	87	93
Atl. Av. 5s, '31.	2,241,000	2½	S	A. & O.	100	102
Aug. R & E 5s.	1,000,000	V	V	V	100	102
Aur., El. & Chi.	3,100,000	¾	Q	Jan 10, 11	43	44
Do preferred.	3,100,000	1¼	Q	Jan 10, 11	85	88
Do 5s, '41....	3,000,000	2½	S	A. & O.	99½	100
Do ref. 5s, '46	V	V	V	V	92	95
Balt. Co. Water & Elec. 5s, '46	815,000	2½	S	M. & N.	94	96
Birmingham R., L. & P. Co. 4½s	8,720,000	2¼	S	A. & O.	89½	91
Birm. R. & E. 5s of '24......	982,000	V	V	V	102	105
Bleecker St.&F. Ferry stock..	900,000	V	S	V	15	25
Do 1st 4s, 1950	700,000	2	S	J. & J.	50	60
B'way & 7th Av.	2,100,000	2½	V	Oct 10, 10	125	145
Do 2d 5s, 1914	500,000	V	V	V	100	103
B'way Surface guar. 1st 5s,'24	1,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102	104
B., B. & W. E gen. 5s, 1933..	121,000	2½	S	A. & O.	97	102
B'klyn C.R.($10)	12,000,000	2	Q	M. & N.	165	167
Buf. Cr't'n 1st 5s	2,974,000	2½	S	V	103½	104½
Buff. Gen. El. 5s	2,375,000	2½	S	F. & A.	100	101
B. & Lockp. 5s.	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97	100
B. & N. Falls E. L.& P. 1st 5s,'42	500,000	2½	S	F. & A.	98	..
Cen. Crosstown	600,000	4½	Q	Oct. 1, 07	90	140
Do 1st 6s,1922.	250,000	V	S	V	80	95
Central Maine Power 1st 5s..	1,100,000	..	S	M. & N.	96½	98½
Charleston Con. R.,G.& E.($50)	1,500,000	2	S	V	80	..
Do con 5s, '99.	1,734,000	2½	S	J. & J.	94	96
Chas. City Ry. 5s, 1923.......	766,000	2½	S	M. & S.	102	..
Chattan'ga Rys	3,000,000	..	..	....	35	39
Do preferred	2,000,000	1¼	Q	Jan. 1, 11	72	77
Do 1st 5s '56.	2,165,000	2½	S	M. & N.	95	98
Cit'z L,H.&P. 5s	1,500,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99	101
Cleveland, El. & W. 5s......	1,073,000	2½	S	M. & S.	..	92½
Clev. El. Ry. 5s, '15......	5,000,000	2½	S	M. & S.	100	100¼
Columbia G.&E.	50,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	12	15
Do 1st 5s, '27	14,980,500	2½	S	J. & J.	63	70
Col., Nwk. & Z. 5s, '24........	1,250,000	2½	S	J. & D.	96¾	98
Clev. Ry. 5s, '12	3,151,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100	..
Com. Power 5s.	2,689,000	2½	S	J. & D.	98	100
Conn. R. & L. 1st 4½s, 1951, st. red'm'ble..	10,682,000	2¼	S	J. & D.	101½	102½
Do unstamp.	1,809,378	2½	S	J. & D.	101⅝	102¾
C. P. N. & E.R.	1,800,000	2½	S	Jan., 1908	5	..
Chris. & 10th St	650,000	2	Q	July 1, 10	90	100
Coney Isl. & B.	2,983,900	2	Q	Feb., 1907	50	60
Do 1st con 4s	2,000,000	2	S	J. & J.	78	83
Con. Gas,E.L.& P. (Balt.) 4½s	9,831,000	2½	S	J. & J.	86½	86¾
Con. Tr. of N.J.	15,000,000	2	S	Jan 15, 11	74¼	75½
Do 1st 5s,1933	15,000,000	2½	S	J. & D.	104	104¾
Dallas E. C. 1st col. tr. 5s, '22.	3,658,000	2	S	M. & N.	..	95
Detroit & Flint 5s, 1921.......	1,400,000	2½	S	V	90	92
Dry D., E. B. & B. 1st 5s, 1932	950,000	2½	S	J. & D.	96	100
Duluth Ed. El. Co. 1st 5s, '31	1,103,000	2½	S	M. & S.	98	100
E. Penn. Rys. 5s	3,186,000	2½	S	V	76	79
Economy L.&P. 1st mtg. 5s,'56	1,546,000	2½	S	J. & D.	94	96½
Eighth Av.R.R.	1,000,000	V	V	V	290	310
Elmira Water. L. & RR. 1st 5s	1,661,000	2½	S	J. & J.	98	..
Emp. Dist.El.Co	1,756,500	V	V	V	..	..
Do preferred	501,100	V	V	V	80	83
Do 5s......	1,250,000	2½	S	M. & N.	78	80
42d St. & Gr.St.	748,000	13½	N	Aug 6, 10	190	..
42d St., M. & St. N.Av. 1st 6s,'10	1,200,000	V	V	V	98	100
Do inc.6s,1915	1,600,000	..	..	....	50	60
Gas & El.Sec.Co	1,000,000	..	..	....	93	98
Do preferred	1,000,000	7	A	Monthly	85	90
Grd. Rap.-Mus. Pow. 5s......	2,225,000	2½	S	M. & S.	98	100
Gt. W. Pow. 5s	9,300,000	2½	S	J. & J.	85½	87
Harwood El. 5s, '39	700,000	2½	S	J. & J.	95	97
Houston L.& P. 1st 5s, 1942...	741,000	2½	S	J. & J.	98	100
Hudson Cos. pf.	V	V	V	V	59	62
Int. Ry. of Buf.: Buf. Div. 5s,'31	4,706,000	2½	S	F. & A.	105	105½
Do deb. 6s,'17	1,000,000	3	S	M. & S.	104½	105
L.&O.Div.1st5s	800,000	2½	S	J. & J.	93	98
B.&L.Div.1st5s	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97	100
B & N FD1st5s	750,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102	..
Int. Trac. 4s,'49	18,335,000	2	S	J. & J.	73½	74½
J. C., H. & P. 4s	14,061,000	2	S	M. & N.	76½	77½
Joplin & Pit. Ry 5s	1,750,000	2½	S	M. & S.	93	95
Kankakee G & E. 1st and ref 5s, '30	700,000	2½	S	M. & S.	90	95
Kan. C. R. & L.	9,543,080	..	..	....	24	25
Do preferred	9,407,500	1¼	Q	Dec. 1, 10	69	71
Do 1st l.r. 5s	10,200,000	2½	S	M. & N.	97⅝	98
Do cv. 6s, '12	5,478,000	3	S	M. & S.	99½	100⅛
K. C. Belt L. 6s	2,500,000	3	S	J. & J.	106¾	108
K. C. Elv. 4s,'22	2,000,000	2	S	J. & J.	83	85
Kan. C. West. 5s	1,650,000	2½	S	M. & S.	83½	87
K.C. Met. St.Ry cn.ex.1st 5s,'13	7,243,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98	99
K. C. & Westpt. 1st 5s, 1926....	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	93	95½
Kings Co. E. L. & P. 5s, 1937.	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & D.	102	103
Knox. R. & L. 5s	1,932,000	V	V	V	93	95
Knoxv. Trac. 5s	824,000	2½	S	A. & O.	104	105
Lit. Rock Ry. & El. 1st 5s, '33.	1,972,000	2½	S	A. & O.	103	..
Los A.G. & E. 5s	1,100,000	2½	S	M. & S.	95½	97½
Memph. St. R. 5s	7,394,000	2½	S	M. & N.	96	98
Met.Elec.(Reading) 1st 5s. '39.	2,000,000	2½	S	A. & O.	93	95
Mich. Un.Rys. 5s	1,900,000	V	V	V	85	88
Mil. L. H. & T. 1st 5s of '29..	5,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	101	102
Min'p's Gen. E. 1st con. 5s....	5,486,000	2½	S	J. & D.	99	100
Minn. St. Ry. 5s	4,208,000	2½	S	J. & D.	102½	103½
Nash. R.& El. 5s	4,054,000	V	V	V	101	103
Nashv. R. & L.	4,000,000	¾	Q	Jan. 1, 11	60½	64½
Do preferred	2,500,000	1¼	Q	Jan. 1, 11	84½	85
Do ref. 5s, '58	1,785,000	2½	S	J. & J.	93	98
Nassau L. & P. 1st 5s, '27....	619,000	2½	S	A. & O.	100	102½
N.Y. & Q. Elec. Lt. & P.......	1,250,000	..	..	....	50	55
Do preferred	1,250,000	1¼	Q	Dec. 1, 10	78	83
Do 1st 5s...	2,350,000	2½	S	F. & A.	101	103
N. Am. Co. 5s, notes, 1912....	1,922,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99¾	..
N. Y. State Rys	19,952,000	1½	Q	Jan. 3, 11	80	87
NY & Westch'r Ltg G M 4s, 2004	10,000,000	2	S	J. & J.	82	..
N'hmtn, East'n & Wash Tr 5s	550,000	2½	S	M. & N.	92	96
Nor. Hudson Co. Ry. ext. 5s...	100,000	2	S	M. & N.	77	79
Ninth Avenue..	V	V	V	V	160	175
Nor. Jer. St.Ry. 1st. 4s, 1948...	15,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	77	78
Nor. Tex. Tr. 5s	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97	99
Om. & C. B. St. Ry. 1st 5s, '28.	6,533,000	2½	S	J. & J.	94	96
O. & C. B. Ry. & B. 1st 5s,'28.	1,616,000	2½	S	J. & J.	96	99
Oreg. Elec. Ry.	2,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	97	99
Pacific Lt. & P. (Los Ang.) 1st 5s, '42	88,827,000	2½	S	J. & J.	..	100
Peoria Ry. 1st ref. 5s, '21, '26	......	2½	S	F. & A.	..	98
Portland (Ore.) Ry. 1st 5s, '30	7,608,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98	100
Port. R., L. & P. 5% notes,'12	2,624,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99¾	100½
Port. Gen. El. 5s	7,178,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	101
Pub. S. Cor. ctfs	19,940,830	2½	S	Nov 1, 10	104	105½
Puget Sd. E. Ry	3,500,000	V	V	V	15	20
Do preferred	3,000,000	V	V	V	83	86
Do 1st con. 5s, '32....	4,179,000	V	V	V	..	96
Roch. Gas & El. 1st 5s, 1912...	2,000,000	2½	S	V	99½	..
Roch. Ry. 1st con. 5s.......	2,700,000	2½	S	A. & O.	102	..
Do 2d 5s, '33	1,500,000	2½	S	J. & D.	100	..
Roch.Ry.& L. 5s	8,575,000	2½	..	J. & J.	98½	..
Same bond, tax exempt, N. Y.	......	..	..	......	99	101
Roch., Syr.&E. 5s	4,828,000	2½	S	M. & N.	85	88
Rockld. L.& P. 5s	555,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98	100
Rutland R., L. & P. 1st 5s,'46	1,700,000	2½	S	M. & S.	93	96½
St. Jos.(Mo.)R., L., H. & P. 5s	4,250,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98½	100
Sagn. Val.Tr. 5s	813,000	2½	S	F. & A.	97	99
Salt L. & Ogd. 1st 5s.........	1,000,000	..	S	F. & A.	96½	98½
San Diego Con. G. & E......	700,000	1¾	Q	Dec 15, 10	93	97
Do preferred.	1,000,000	1¾	Q	Jan 15, 11	95	97½
Do 1st 5s, '39	1,925,000	2½	S	M. & S.	95	97
San Joaquin Lt. & P. 1st 5s,'45	2,695,000	2½	S	J. & D.	93	96½
Savan. El. Co. 1st con. 5s, '52	2,051,000	2½	S	J. & J.	72	75
Scioto Val. Tr. 1st 5s, '23....	1,600,000	2½	S	M. & S.	97	99
Scranton El. 5s	2,271,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100	102
Scran. Ry. ($50)	2,000,000	..	..	....	25	..
Do pf., ($50).	1,500,000	2½	S	M. & S.	50	62½
Do con.5s,'32	1,100,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	101
Seabeach 1st 4s	650,000	2	S	Au. 31, 09	75	85
Seattle Ltg. 5s..	3,368,000	2¼	S	A. & O.	94	96
Seat.-Tac. Pow. 1st 5s, '25....	1,963,000	2½	S	J. & D.	99	101
Second Av. stk.	1,862,000	2½	Q	Jan. 1, 09	6	12
Do 1st con. 5s	5,184,000	2½	S	Feb. 1, 09	45	55
Do 1st 5s, 1909	1,600,000	2½	S	May, 1908	95	100
Sioux City Serv. Co. 1st ref. 5s, '28	V	2½	S	J. & J.	93	97
Sixth Av. stock	2,000,000	1¾	Q	V	120	..
S. Boul. 5s, 1945	250,000	2½	S	V	60	85
So.Cal.Ed's'n 5s	5,364,000	2½	S	J. & J.	93	95
Do pf. stock.	4,000,000	2½	S	Jan 15, 11	69	71
So. Ferry 1st 5s	350,000	2½	S	Mar 1, 10	85	93
South'n Pow. 5s	8,000,000	2½	S	M. & S.	98	100
Spokane & Inland Emp. 5s..	4,035,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98	100
Stein'y Ry. 1st 6s	1,500,000	3	S	J. & J.	102	105
Syrac. Rap. Tr..	2,750,000	V	V	V	65	72
Do preferred	1,250,000	1¼	Q	Jan. 2, 11	95	98
Do gen. 5s..	V	V	V	V	101	103
Superior W.,L.& P. 1st 4s, 1931.	1,600,000	2	S	M. & N.	77½	82½
Tampa El. 1st 5s	882,500	2½	S	J. & D.	98	99
34th St.Crosst'n 1st guar.5s,'96	1,000,000	2½	S	V	70	80
28th & 29th St. 1st 5s, 1996...	1,500,000	2½	S	V	20	80
23d Street......	600,000	4½	Q	V	200	250
Tri-City R. & L.	9,000,000	..	..	....	32	34
Do preferred	2,826,000	1½	Q	Jan. 3, 11	92¾	93¾
Union Ry. 5s...	2,000,000	2	S	V	100	102
Unit. E. L. & P. (Balt.) 4½s...	4,375,000	2¼	S	M. & N.	91½	93½
UG & E of NJ 5s	V	V	V	V	88	95
Utica & M'h'k V. Ry. 4½s,'41	2,268,000	..	S	M. & S.	96	98
Wash., Alex. & Mt. V. Ry. 5s.	2,450,000	2½	S	M. & S.	93	97
Wash. R. & El.	6,500,000	1	..	Dec. 1, 10	34½	35½
Do preferred	8,500,000	2½	S	Dec. 1, 10	87	88
Do gen.5s,'51	10,244,000	2½	S	J. & D.	85¾	86
Wash.-Va. Ry..	2,000,000	..	..	....	31	31½
Do preferred	1,000,000	3	V	V	65	70
W'chest. El. 5s	500,000	2½	S	V	65	75
West'n Power..	12,000,000	..	..	....	82	84
Do 6% cum.pf	5,220,000	..	..	....	55	60
West. Unit.G. & E.1st ref.5s,'50	2,405,500	2½	S	F. & A.	95	98
West. Penn.Rys 1st 5s, '31....	8,671,000	2½	S	A. & O.	98	100
Yonkers Ry. 5s	1,000,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	78	85

n Three semi-annual dividends of 4½% were paid together.

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Out-standing.	Dividend. Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Quotation Mar. 11, 1911. Bid.	Asked.
Amer. Chicle...	6,000,000	1	M	Jan 20, 11	232	235
Do preferred	3,000,000	1½	Q	V	105	107
Am. Malt. 6s...	3,078,000	3	S	M. & N.	100	101
Am. Screw.....	3,250,000	2½	Q	Dec 31, 10	168	175
Am. Shipb'g pf.	7,900,000	1¾	Q	Jan 15, 11	112	113
Am. Typefd....	4,000,000	1	Q	Jan 16, 11	49	51
Do preferred	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Jan 16, 11	98	101
Am. Un. Telph. (H's'g) 5s, '57	1,244,000	2½	S	Feb. 1, 10	20	25
Am. Writ. Pap.	9,500,000	..	..	....	1¾	2¼
Atlas Port.Cem. 1st s. f. 6s, '25.	4,600,000	3	S	M. & S.	101	104
Babcock & Wilcox, stk.......	15,000,000	1¾	Q	Apr. 1, 11	95	105
Barney & Smith Car 5s of '36..	2,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	92	95
Bliss EWCo($50)	1,250,000	2½	Q	Jan. 3, 11	120	123
Do pf., ($50).	1,250,000	2	Q	Jan. 3, 11	121	123
Bon Air C. & I. gen. 5s of '54..	387,000	2½	S	J. & J.	60	75
Do 5s of '36.	780,000	2½	Q	J. & J.	88	43
Bord. C. Milk...	21,250,000	4	S	Feb 15,11	120	122
Do preferred	7,500,000	1½	Q	Mar 15,11	108	110
Case Th. Mach. 1st 5s.........	2,600,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99	100
Celluloid	5,925,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 11	127	131
Cen. Coal&Coke	5,125,000	1½	Q	Jan 14, 11	85	86
Do preferred..	1,875,000	1¼	Q	Jan 14, 11	79	81
Cen. Fireworks.	1,406,800	1½	S	V	1	3
Do preferred..	1,267,200	3½	S	Sep. 1, 09	10	20
Cent. Fdy. pf...	6,650,000	..	..	....	⅛	¼
Cent. Fdy. 6s...	3,863,000	3	S	V	30	40
Cen. Un. Telph.	5,450,927	1	Q	Apr., 1896	50	54
Do 1st 6s....	2,500,000	3	S	J. & J.	103½	105
Do 5s of '19.	3,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97	..
Cheseb'gh Mfg.	500,000	10	Q	Dec 15, 10	725	800
Chi. Pneu. Tool	6,485,800	1	Q	Jan 25, 11	42	45
Con.Coal 4½s,'34	5,141,000	2¼	S	M. & N.	93	94
Con. Cot. Duck	V	V	V	V	4½	6
Do preferred	6,000,000	..	..	....	19½	20½
Con. Rub. Tire.	4,000,000	..	..	....	1	2
Do preferred	1,149,500	1½	Q	Dec., 1909	17	21
Do deb. 4s	2,850,000	3	A	J. & J.	35	42
Con. Tel. (Buf.)	8,595,200	..	..	....	9½	10½
Con. Tel. (Pa.) 1st 5s, '31....	2,292,300	2½	S	A. & O.	80	85
Cudahy Pkg. 5s	4,525,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98⅛	99¼
Cumb. T. & T..	19,680,150	2	Q	Jan. 2, 11	148	150
Cuyah'a Tel. 5s	3,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	86	88
Empire St. & I.	1,254,770	..	..	....	10	15
Do preferred	2,500,000	2	S	Jan. 1, 11	55	65
Fair. Coal 5s,'31	5,283,000	3	S	J. & J.	96¾	97½
Frontier Tel. 5s (Buf.) of 1922	2,500,000	..	..	....	68½	70
Gen. Motors....	16,000,000	..	..	....	39½	41
Do preferred	9,000,000	3½	S	Apr. 1, 11	80	80½
Hav. Tobacco..	30,000,000	..	..	....	4	8
Hav. Tob. pf...	5,000,000	..	..	....	10	14
Hud. Nav.5s,'23	304,000	2½	S	J. & J.	91	93½
Internat. Salt..	18,231,390	1	Q	Dec. 1, 06	5	8
Do 1st 5s....	3,999,900	2½	S	A. & O.	52	53½
Int. Nickel pf..	V	V	V	V	91	94
Do 1st con. 5s	9,296,837	2½	S	A. & O.	93½	94½
Interoc. Tel. & Tel. 1st 5s, '33	2,000,000	V	V	V	60	62
Kan.C.HomeTel	3,000,000	2	Q	Jan 15, 11	111	114
Do 5s, '23....	3,000,000	2½	S	Jan. 2, 11	90	91½
Kan. C. L. Dist. Tel. 5s, '25....	1,199,500	2½	S	Jan. 1, 11	88	89
K. C. Stocky'ds	8,156,000	1½	Q	Feb. 1, 11	97	98
Do cv. 5s, '13	619,000	2½	S	Nov 1, 10	99½	101
Kinloch Tel.(St. Louis) 6s, '28	2,000,000	3	S	F. & A.	103	..
Lan. Monotype.	6,000,000	1½	Q	Mar 30,11	95	98
McArthur Br.pf	3,000,000	3½	S	Mar 1, 10	98	100
May Dept. Store	15,000,000	..	..	....	61½	62¼
Do preferred	5,000,000	1¾	Q	Apr. 1, 11	107	108
Mo. & Kan. Tel.	13,627,700	1½	Q	Nov 5, 06	41	50
N. Falls Hyd. & Mfg. 5s of 1917	1,200,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100	101
N. F.Pow.5s,'32	10,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101	101½
Do gen. & ref. 6s, '32......	9,000,000	2½	S	A. & O.	105	105½
O'Gara Coal 5s.	2,833,000	2½	S	M. & S.	75	78½
Ontario Pow. 5s	6,355,000	2½	S	F. & A.	92½	93½
Otis Elevator..	6,375,300	1½	S	Apr 15, 11	60	62
Do pf.........	6,310,000	1½	Q	Apr 15, 11	97	98
Pabst Bwg. pf..	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Dec 15, 10	105	107
Paint Cr. coll.5s	2,913,000	2½	S	J. & J.	38	41
Poc. Con. Col. Inc. 5s of '57..	3,187,300	2½	S	J. & J.	81	85
Proc. & Gamble	10,500,000	3	Q	Feb 15,11	385	397
Do preferred.	2,250,000	2	Q	Jan 14, 11	175	190
Producers' Oil.	3,000,000	1.50	Q	Jan. 3, 11	..	135
Do conv. 6s..	2,000,000	3	S	J. & J.	..	101¾
Royal Bak. P..	10,000,000	3	Q	Mar 31,11	175	185
Do 6% cum.pf	10,000,000	1½	Q	Mar 31,11	107	109
SafetyCar Heat & Lighting..	9,862,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 11	125	126½
Schwarz. & S. 6s, '16........	5,251,000	V	V	V	101	102
Singer Mfg....	60,000,000	3	Q	Jan. 1, 11	300	310
Std. Cord. 1st 5s	2,805,373	2½	S	Oct., 1907	17	20
Do adjst. 5s.	2,471,687	..	..	....	1½	3
Stand. Coupler.	1,200,000	2	S	Jun 30, 10	25	35
Do preferred	300,000	4	S	Jun 30, 10	100	115
Stand. Milling..	4,600,000	..	..	....	15	18
Do preferred.	6,900,000	2	S	Oct 31, 10	50	53
Do 1st 5s....	3,174,000	2½	S	May 1, 10	83	86
Standard Oil...	100,000,000	$15	Q	Mar 15,11	624	628
Stern Bros. pf..	3,000,000	1¾	Q	Mar. 1, 11	99	100
Studeb'kr Corp.	30,000,000	V	V	V	50	50¼
Do preferred	13,500,000	V	V	V	101	101¾
Temple Iron 4s	642,000	2	S	J. & J.	102	104
Tren Potteries.	1,750,000	5	..	Feb., 1893	5	8
Do preferred.	1,250,000	1	Q	Jan 25, 11	48	55
Underw'd Typ.	8,500,000	..	..	....	62	63
Do preferred.	5,000,000	1¾	Q	Apr. 1, 11	102½	103
Union Oil......	23,982,200	V	V	V	104½	105
Un. Typewriter.	10,000,000	3	S	Oct. 1, 07	40	40
Do 1st pf.....	4,000,000	3½	S	Oct. 1, 10	112	113
Do 2d pf.....	5,000,000	4	S	Oct. 1, 10	107	108
Unit. Banknote Corp. ($50)..	4,495,000	1	Q	Feb 15,11	51	53
Do pf., ($50)..	4,495,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 11	52	54
Unit. Cig. Mfrs.	15,000,000	1½	Q	V	65	67
Do preferred..	5,000,000	1¾	Q	Mar. 1, 11	101	103
U. S. Play. Cd.	350,000	2¼	Q	Jan. 3, 11	147½	152
U. S. Ptg. Co...	8,500,000	1⅝	Q	Jan. 3, 11	92½	sold.
U. S. Tel. Co.. (Clev.) 1st 5s.	2,156,000	2½	S	J. & J.	80½	81
U.S.Worsted pf.	2,340,600	1¾	Q	Jan 15, 11	..	90½
West. Elec. 1st. 5s, '22........	8,750,000	2½	..	J. & J.	100⅝	101
Worth'n H.R. pf	2,000,000	3½	S	May 2, 10	108	112

¶Extra stock dividend of $9,000,000, or 50%, paid June 30.
a Also extra bi-monthly 1%, payable Nov. 19.
c Also cash dividend of 25% paid July 15.
s Stock div. of 100% to holders of former $30,000,000 capital stock

GAS AND WATER COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Out-standing.	Dividend. Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Quotation Mar. 11, 1911. Bid.	Asked.
Am. Lt. & Trac	$9,383,000	2½s	Q	Nov 1, 10	286	290
Do preferred..	14,236,200	1½	Q	Nov 1, 10	104½	106
Auburn 1st 5s..	V	V	V	V	98	100
Binghamt'n Gas 1st 5s, 1938...	750,000	2½	S	A. & O.	95	100
Bklyn Bor. Gas	500,000	..	..	....	70	..
Do 1st mtg.5s	500,000	V	V	V	95	98
Buffalo Gas...	7,000,000	..	..	....	3½	4¼
Buffalo Gas pf.	1,713,000	..	..	....	..	20
Buf.G. 1st 5s,'47	5,900,000	2½	S	A. & O.	59⅞	61½
Cent. Un.5s,1927	3,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101½	102½
Cities Service..	4,889,825	¼	M	Feb 1, 11	69½	70½
Do preferred	8,779,650	½	M	Feb 1, 11	78	78¾
Colum. G. & F.	2,750,000	1	M	Aug 1, 10	36	37
Do preferred	5,500,000	1¼	Q	Apr. 1, 11	75	75¾
††Con. G.ofN.J. 1st con.5s,1936	971,000	2½	S	J. & J.	90	95
Dayton Gas 5s.	1,200,000	2½	S	M. & S.	98	100
Denver G. & E.	2,500,000	½	M	Aug 1, 10	200	..
Do gen. 5s..	5,691,000	2½	S	Nov, 1910	90	91
Det. City Gas prior lien5s,'23	5,619,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100½	..
Gd. Rap. G.L.5s	1,350,000	2½	S	F. & A.	99½	101
Houston G.5s,'20	825,000	2½	S	M. & S.	96½	98½
Hud. Co. Gas..	10,500,000	3½	S	June 1, 10	143	145
Do 1st 5s...	10,500,000	2½	S	May, 1910	103¾	104½
Indiana Ltg. Co	4,500,000	..	..	....	34	36
Do 1st 4s,1958	3,000,000	2	S	F. & A.	64	65
Ind'apolis ($50).	2,000,000	..	..	....	12	20
Do 1st5s,1952	4,250,000	2½	S	Apr., 1910	79	85
J'ksonville 5s,'37	1,096,000	1¼	Q	Mar, 1911	92½	97½
Kansas Nat. G.	12,000,000	..	..	....	24	25
Do 1st 6s, '16	2,000,000	3	S	M. & N.	99	101
Do 2d 6s, '18	2,800,000	3	S	J. & J.	87	89
Lincoln G. & E.	2,250,000	..	..	....	22½	22¼
Madison (Wis.) 1st 6s, 1926...	400,000	3	S	Apr., 1910	103	108
Mass. Gas.....	25,000,000	1	Q	Feb 1, 11	92½	93
Do preferred	25,000,000	2	S	Jun 1, 10	95½	96½
Mich. Light pf..	2,144,000	1½	Q	....	96	99
Milwaukee Gas Lt. 1st 4s, '27.	7,932,000	2	SA	M. & N.	90	91
Minneap. Gas 5s	V	V	V	V	98	99½
Mobile Gas 1st 5s, '24.......	550,000	2½	S	J. & D.	..	96
M'hawk Val.Co	7,500,000	1½	V	Jun. 1910	93	97
Mutual	3,500,000	3	S	July 9, 10	170	180
Nashville G....	1,150,000	¾	S	Jan., 1911	89	94
N. Ams'm 5s,'48	10,635,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101¼	101½
N.Y. & E.R. 1st 5s, 1944	3,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102	105
Do con.5s,1945	1,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	101
N.Y. & Q. G.Co. 1st 5s, "T. E."	816,000	2½	S	F. & A.	98	100
North Union 5s	1,250,000	2½	S	J. & J.	98	101
Okla. G. & El..	1,150,000	2	Q	Dec 15, 10	100	105
Do 7% cum.pf	1,500,000	1¾	Q	Jan 15, 11	95	100
Do 5s,'29....	1,875,000	2½	S	A. & O.	96½	98½
Omaha Gas 6s..	V	V	V	V	102½	..
Pacific G. & E.	19,272,000	V	V	V	63¾	64¾
Do preferred	10,000,000	1½	Q	Nov 15,10	88	89
Do deb. 6s,'37	3,651,000	3	S	J. & D.	98	100
Portl'd G.& C.5s	2,711,000	2½	S	J. & D.	97	99
Que.-Jac.Cartier 1st ref. 5s, '30	....	2½	..	Apr., 1910	92	95
St. Joseph (Mo.) 1st 5s, 1944...	1,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	90	94
St. Paul G. Lt. gen. 5s, 1944..	3,439,000	2½	S	M. & S.	97¾	99
Do con.mtge. 6s, 1918.....	600,000	3	S	J. & J.	105½	107½
Scranton Gas & Wat. 1st 5s,'28	1,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100½	101
Do deb. 5s,'35	600,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100½	101
Do deb.'5s, 39	550,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100½	101
South. Lt.& Tr. col. tr. 5s, 1949	2,090,000	2½	S	M. & S.	92	95
S. Jer. G. & El.	6,000,000	4	S	J. & D.	135	145
Do 1st 5s....	11,717,000	2½	S	J. & D.	97½	98½
Sp'brook Wat.5s	4,600,000	2½	S	A. & O.	103¼	103½
Spg. Val.Wat.4s	17,859,000	4	A	Dec. 1, 10	90	92
Standard (N.Y.)	5,000,000	¾	S	Dec 31, 06	60	..
Do preferred	4,295,700	V	V	V	90	..
Do 1st 5s,1930	1,362,000	2½	S	M. & N.	104	107
Syrac. Gas 1st 5s, 1946	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100	102½
Syrac. L. & P. col. tr. 5s,g.,'54	5,452,500	2½	S	J. & J.	81	83
Syracuse Lt. 1st mtg. 5s, '51...	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & D.	80	82
U.G.I.Co. ($50)..	50,473,335	2	Q	Apr 15, 11	87	87½
West. N.Y.Wat.	5,000,000	V	V	V	..	10
Wilkes-Barre G. & E.1st c.5s,'55	3,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101	102

s Also regular stock dividend of 2½ shares to 100 in common.

BANKS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Out-standing.	Dividend. Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Quotation Mar. 11, 1911. Bid.	Asked.
Aetna Nat.....	$300,000	2	Q	Jan. 3, 11	175	180
America	1,500,000	13	S	Jan. 3, 11	595	605
Am. Exch. Nat.	5,000,000	5	S	Nov 1, 10	239	243
Batt'y Pk. Nat.	200,000	3	V	Jan. 3, 11	130	..
Bowery	250,000	‡8	Q	Feb. 1, 11	390	410
Bronx Borough.	150,000	10	S	Dec 31, 10	300	..
Butch. & Drov. (Nat.) ($25)...	300,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 11	135	145
Century	200,000	1½	Q	Jan. 3, 11	150	160
Chase National.	5,000,000	‡11	S	Jan. 3, 11	500	..
Chat.-Phen.Nat.	2,250,000	..	..	....	155	170
Chelsea Exch..	200,000	2	Q	Jan. 1, 11	190	215
Chemical Nat..	3,000,000	2½	B	Jan. 2, 11	425	435
Cit's Cent. Nat.	2,550,000	1½	Q	Oct. 1, 10	155	160
City (National).	25,000,000	5	S	Nov 1, 10	396	400
Coal & Iron Nat	1,000,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 11	152	157
Colonial	400,000	2½	Q	Jan. 1, 11	395	..
Columbia	300,000	6	S	Jan. 1, 11	370	400
Commerce (Nat)	25,000,000	2	Q	Jan. 3, 11	207	209
Corn Exchange.	3,000,000	4	Q	Feb. 1, 11	320	325
E. R. Nat. ($25)	250,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 11	115	120
Fidelity	200,000	3	S	Nov 2, 10	160	175
Fifth Avenue..	100,000	25	Q	Jan. 2, 11	4100	4500
Fifth National.	250,000	3	Q	Jan. 3, 11	300	350
First National.	10,000,000	††13	..	Jan. 3, 11	850	865
Fourteenth St..	1,000,000	3	S	Feb. 1, 11	145	150
Fourth Nat....	5,000,000	2	Q	Jan. 1, 11	202	205
Gal'tinNat.($50)	1,000,000	7	S	Oct. 6, 10	350	..
Garfield Nat...	1,000,000	3	Q	Dec 31, 10	275	305
Ger.-Am. ($75).	750,000	3	S	Feb. 1, 11	140	150
German Exch..	200,000	10	S	Jan. 3, 11	450	500
Germania	200,000	‡12½	S	Nov 1, 10	550	565
Gotham Nat ...	200,000	..	..	....	150	160
Greenwich	500,000	2½	Q	Feb. 1, 11	240	255
Hanover Nat...	3,000,000	4	Q	Jan. 3, 11	630	635
Imp. & Tr. Nat.	1,500,000	12	S	Jan. 3, 11	560	570
Internat. B'k'g.	3,250,000	2	S	Oct. 1, 10	..	95
Irv. Nat. Exch.	2,000,000	2	Q	Jan. 3, 11	212	220
Jefferson	500,000	4	S	Jan. 4, 11	145	155
Liberty Nat....	1,000,000	‡10	Q	Jan. 3, 11	575	610
Lincoln Nat....	1,000,000	2½	Q	Feb. 1, 11	400	425
Manhattan ($50)	2,050,000	8	S	Jan. 3, 11	325	335
Mar.& Fult.Nat.	1,000,000	8	Q	Jan. 3, 11	255	258
Mechanics and Metals	6,000,000	3	Q	Feb 10,11	245	246
Mercantile Nat.	3,000,000	1½	Q	Jan. 3, 11	152	157
Merch.Nat.($50)	2,000,000	3½	S	Jan. 3, 11	175	182
Merch. Ex. Nat. ($50)	600,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 11	165	170
Metropolis	1,000,000	4	Q	Feb. 1, 11	..	390
Metropolitan ..	2,000,000	2	Q	Jan. 3, 11	200	205
Mount Morris..	250,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 11	250	265
Mutual	200,000	4	S	Jan. 3, 11	290	300
Nassau ($50)...	500,000	4	S	Nov 1, 10	250	..
Nat. Reserve...	1,200,000	3	S	July 1, 10	98	101
N. Netherland..	200,000	2½	S	Oct. 1, 10	210	..
N. Y. (N.B.A.)	2,000,000	7	S	Jan. 3, 11	310	315
N.Y.County Nat	500,000	20	S	Jan. 3, 11	900	..
N. Y. Prod. Ex.	1,000,000	4	S	Oct 15, 10	160	168
N't & Day B'k.	200,000	..	..	....	235	..
Pacific ($50)....	500,000	‡4	Q	Feb. 1, 11	230	240
Park National..	5,000,000	4	Q	Jan. 3, 11	370	375
People's ($25)..	200,000	‡7½	S	Jan. 3, 11	245	260
Plaza	100,000	10	S	Jan. 3, 11	600	..
Seaboard Nat..	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan. 3, 11	415	..
Second Nat.....	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan. 3, 11	400	..
Sherman Nat...	200,000	..	..	....	135	..
State	1,000,000	5	S	Jan. 3, 11	275	300
23d Ward	200,000	3	S	Feb. 1, 11	150	..
Union Ex. Nat..	1,000,000	4	S	Jan. 3, 11	170	172
Wash. Heights.	100,000	2	Q	Dec 31, 10	275	..
West Side	200,000	6	S	Jan. 3, 11	650	..
Yorkville	100,000	10	S	Dec 31, 10	535	560

‡‡Including 8% extra. A dividend of 3% is payable same day on First Securities Co.

TRUST COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Out-standing.	Dividend. Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Quotation Mar. 11, 1911. Bid.	Asked.
Astor Trust....	$1,250,000	2	Q	Feb. 1, 11	320	325
Bankers' Trust.	3,000,000	4	Q	Jan. 3, 11	630	640
Bd. & Mg. Guar	5,000,000	3	Q	Feb 15,11	243	247
Broadway Tr...	700,000	1½	Q	Feb. 1, 11	140	145
Brooklyn	1,000,000	‡10	Q	Jan. 3, 11	425	..
Carnegie	1,500,000	V	V	V	..	40
Central	3,000,000	9	Q	Jan. 3, 11	1000	1015
Citizens'	500,000	2½	S	Sep. 1, 10	..	130
Columbia Trust	1,000,000	3	Q	Mar 31,11	300	..
Commercial ...	500,000	V	V	V	100	110
Empire	1,000,000	2½	Q	Dec 28, 10	310	..
Equitable Trust	3,000,000	6	Q	Sep 30, 10	445	455
Farmers' Loan. & Trust ($25).	1,000,000	‡2½	Q	Feb 1, 11	1500	1575
Fidelity	750,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 11	215	220
Flatbush	300,000	4	S	Jan. 3, 11	210	225
Franklin	1,500,000	4	S	Dec 31, 10	..	205
Fulton	500,000	5	S	Jan. 3, 11	280	..
Guaranty	5,000,000	8	Q	Mar 31,11	790	800
Guardian	500,000	..	..	....	..	165
Hamilton	500,000	3	Q	Feb. 1, 11	270	290
Home	750,000	2	..	Jul 15, 07	100	105
Hudson Trust..	500,000	‡4	S	Jan. 3, 11	155	165
Kings County..	500,000	4	Q	Nov 1, 10	505	..
Knickerb. Trust	3,181,000	3	Q	Dec 31, 10	292	296
Lawyers Mtg...	4,000,000	3	Q	Oct. 1, 10	250	255
Law. T. In. & T.	4,000,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 11	246	249
Lincoln	1,000,000	3	Q	Sep 30, 07	125	130
Long Island....	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan. 3, 11	300	310
Madison	1,000,000	..	..	Mar, 1910	..	195
Manhattan ($30)	1,000,000	‡6	S	Jan. 3, 11	385	..
Mercantile	2,000,000	‡10	Q	Dec 31, 10	715	..
Metropolitan ...	2,000,000	6	Q	Dec 31, 10	420	440
Mtge. Bond Co.	2,000,000	1½	Q	Dec 31, 10	108	112
Mutual Alliance	700,000	1½	Q	Apr. 3, 11	125	135
Nassau	600,000	2	Q	Feb. , 11	160	175
New York......	3,000,000	8	Q	Dec 31, 10	610	625
N.Y. Life I.&T.	1,000,000	‡25	S	Dec 10, 10	1100	1105
N.Y.Mtg. & Sec.	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan. 4, 11	215	220
People's Trust..	1,000,000	1	M	Jan. 3, 11	300	315
Realty Assoc't's	4,000,000	3	S	Jan 14, 11	100	110
Standard	1,000,000	4	Q	Dec 31, 10	380	400
State Investing.	500,000	3½	S	Jan. 3, 11	83	88
Title Guar.& T.	4,375,000	5	Q	Dec 31, 10	495	498
Title Insurance.	2,000,000	3½	S	Oct. 1, 10	133	136
Tr. Co. of Am..	2,000,000	8	Q	Dec 31, 10	330	350
Union	1,000,000	12½	Q	Jan 10, 11	1250	1270
U. S. Mtg. & T.	2,000,000	6	Q	Dec 30, 10	470	475
United States..	2,000,000	25	S	Jan. 3, 11	1150	1165
Washington Tr.	500,000	‡5	Q	Jan. 3, 11	355	370
Windsor	1,000,000	3	S	Jun 29, 10	95	102

INSURANCE AND SURETY COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Out-standing.	Dividend. Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Quotation Mar. 11, 1911. Bid.	Asked.
Amer. Surety...	$2,500,000	3	Q	Mar 31,11	270	290
City of N. Y...	500,000	2½	Q	Jan. 1, 11	..	200
Commonwealth.	500,000	5	S	July 1, 10	326	..
Continental	2,000,000	25	S	Jan. 5, 11	1040	1065
Empire City....	400,000	4	S	Jan. 3, 11	190	..
Fidelity & Cas.	1,000,000	9	S	Jul 21, 10	475	..
Fidelity-Phenix.	2,500,000	5	S	Jan. 5, 11	327	337
Germ. Alliance.	400,000	7½	S	Jan. 3, 11	270	300
Germ.-Amer....	1,500,000	15	S	Jan. 3, 11	580	600
Germania ($50).	1,000,000	9	S	Jan. 3, 11	280	295
Germania Life.	200,000	6	S	July, 1910	210	225
Glens Falls ($10)	200,000	15	S	J. & J.	1525	..
Globe &Rutgers	400,000	10	Q	V	475	500
Hanover ($50)..	1,000,000	7½	S	Jan. 3, 11	200	210
Home Fire.....	3,000,000	‡17½	S	J. & J.	700	705
Home Life.....	125,000	6	S	M. & N.	275	..
Manhattan Life	100,000	‡13	S	F. & A.	400	425
Metro. Casualty	200,000	5	S	Jul 21, 10	185	..
Metrop. L. ($25)	2,000,000	3½	S	M. & N.	170	..
Nassau ($50)...	200,000	5	S	J. & J.	165	175
National Surety	1,500,000	*3	Q	Apr. 1, 11	210	216
Niagara ($50)..	1,000,000	10	S	J. & J.	285	300
Nor. River ($25)	350,000	5	S	Oct 10, 10	155	165
Pacific ($25)....	200,000	‡7	S	J & J.	185	..
Peter C'per($20)	150,000	3	S	Feb. 2, 11	90	105
Prudential ($50)	2,000,000	2½	Q	V	450	500
Stuyv's'nt($100)	400,000	5	S	J. & J.	150	160
Un. States ($25)	250,000	6	A	V	90	100
U. S. Casualty..	500,000	2½	Q	Oct 30, 10	200	225
U. S. Life......	264,000	7	A	J. & J.	90	105
W'sb'gCity($50)	250,000	10	S	J. & J.	..	390
W'chester ($10).	300,000	20	S	Feb. 1, 11	455	..

*Including 1 per cent. extra.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

To the Holders of the Bonds of the State of Tennessee.

Meet State Debt Committee at Holland House, Wednesday, March 15th at 12 M., for conference with regard to refunding bonded debt maturing 1913.

FRANK BOYD, Chairman,
Tenessee State Debt Committee.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY.

NOTICE OF MEETING.

120 Broadway, New York City.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Southern Pacific Company will be held at the office of the Company in Beechmont, Jefferson County, Kentucky, on Wednesday, April fifth, 1911, at twelve o'clock noon, standard time, for the election of Directors and the transaction of all such other business as may legally come before the meeting, including the approval and ratification of all action of the Board of Directors and of the Executive Committee since the last annual meeting of the stockholders of the Company.

For the purposes of the meeting the books for the transfer of stock will be closed at noon on Saturday, March 18, 1911, and will be reopened at 10 o'clock A. M., April 6, 1911.

By order of the Board of Directors.

ALEX. MILLAR, Secretary.

Dated February 1, 1911.

Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Co.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the BOND AND MORTGAGE GUARANTEE COMPANY will be held at the office of the company, 176 Remsen Street, Borough of Brooklyn, City of New York, on the 27th day of March, 1911, at 1:15 o'clock in the afternoon, and that the annual election of Directors of said company and of three inspectors of election to serve for the succeeding year will be held at the same place on the same day between the hours of 1:15 and 2:15 in the afternoon.

For the purpose of the annual meeting, by resolution of the Board of Directors, no transfer of stock will be made on the books of the company from the close of business on March 23rd, 1911, to the close of business on March 27th, 1911.

JOHN L. SHERWOOD, Secretary.

Brooklyn, February 27th, 1911.

THE BANKERS' SECURITIES COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at 214 Broadway, New York City, on Monday, March 20th, 1911, at 4:15 P. M.

WM. O. JONES, Secretary.

THE JOINT STOCK COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company for the election of Directors for the ensuing year will be held at 214 Broadway, New York City, on Monday, March 20th, 1911, at 4:00 P. M.

FRANK A. RANDEL, Secretary.

United States Steel Corporation.

For the purposes of the annual meeting of stockholders to be held April 17, 1911, the stock transfer books will be closed from 3 P. M. March 20 to 10 A. M. April 18.

By order of the Board of Directors,

RICHARD TRIMBLE, Secretary.

A MEETING of the lot owners of The Greenwood Cemetery will be held at its office, No. 170 Broadway, New York, on Wednesday, March 15th, at 12 o'clock noon, to receive the annual report of the Trustees.

T. HOOD MUIR, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

THE UNION BAG AND PAPER COMPANY.

17 Battery Place, N. Y., March 10, 1911.

48TH QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.

A dividend of 1% on the preferred stock of The Union Bag and Paper Company has this day been declared, payable April 15th, 1911, to stockholders of record at the close of business on March 15th, 1911.

Stock transfer books will close at the close of business March 15th, 1911, and will be reopened at the opening of business April 17th, 1911.

C. R. McMILLEN, Secretary.

THE TEXAS COMPANY,

HOUSTON, TEXAS.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of The Texas Company, held March 10th, 1911, the regular quarterly dividend of TWO AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of the Company was declared, payable March 31st, 1911, to Stockholders of Record, March 18th, 1911. Books remain open.

R. E. BROOKS, Treasurer.

New York, March 10th, 1911.
17 Battery Place.

Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Ry. Co.,

Grand Central Terminal.

New York, March 8th, 1911.

The Board of Directors of this Company have declared an extra dividend of SIX PER CENT. upon its capital stock, including the $533,500 of stock known as "Michigan Southern & Northern Indiana Guaranteed Stock," payable at this office March 31st, 1911, to stockholders of record at three o'clock P. M. on Friday, March 17th.

CHARLES F. COX, Treasurer.

CUMBERLAND TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

Nashville, Tenn., March 9th, 1911.

DIVIDEND NO. 110.

The Directors this day declared regular quarterly dividend, being number one hundred and ten, of two per cent., payable April 1st, 1911, to stockholders of record, close of business, March 18th. Stock books will reopen for transfers of stock on March 20th. Checks will be mailed.

T. D. WEBB, Treasurer.

AMERICAN CAN COMPANY.

A quarterly dividend of one and one-quarter per cent. (1¼%) has been declared upon the preferred stock of this Company, payable April 1st, 1911, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 17th, 1911.

Transfer books will remain open. Checks mailed.

R. H. ISMON,
Secretary.

UNITED SHOE MACHINERY CORPORATION

The Directors of this Corporation have declared a quarterly dividend of 1½% (37½c. per share) on the preferred capital stock, and a dividend of 2% (50c. per share) on the common capital stock, both payable April 5th, 1911, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 15th, 1911.

L. A. COOLIDGE, Treasurer.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—In the matter of the petition of the DIRECTORS of the VIRGIL PRACTICE CLAVIER COMPANY, a domestic corporation, for a voluntary dissolution of said corporation.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, Albert Jewett, receiver of Virgil Practice Clavier Company, the corporation above named, that he has been duly appointed permanent receiver of said company and has duly qualified as such and entered upon the performance of his duties; and that, pursuant to law, said receiver requires:

I. All persons indebted to such corporation to render an account of all debts and sums of money owing by them, respectively, to the undersigned receiver of said company, at the office of his attorneys, Messrs. Redington and Stillman, No. 15 William Street, New York City, Borough of Manhattan, (the place where said receiver transacts his business as such,) on or before the 24th day of April, 1911, and to pay the same.

II. All persons having in their possession any property or effects of said corporation to deliver the same to the undersigned, as such receiver, at his said place of doing business, by said 24th day of April, 1911.

III. All the creditors of such corporation to deliver their respective accounts and demands to the undersigned receiver, at his said place of doing business, on or before the 24th day of April, 1911.

IV. All persons holding any open or subsisting contract with said corporation to present the same in writing and in detail to the undersigned, as such receiver, at his place of doing business as aforesaid, on or before said 24th day of April, 1911.

Dated, March 13, 1911.

ALBERT JEWETT,
Receiver of the Property of Virgil Practice Clavier Company.

REDINGTON & STILLMAN, Attorneys for Receiver, 15 William Street, New York City.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Board of Water Supply at its offices, seventh floor, 165 Broadway, New York, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, March 21, 1911, for Contract 58 for furnishing and installing a complete drainage equipment for unwatering the shafts and tunnel of the Rondout siphon of the Catskill aqueduct. The work is located near High Falls station on the New York, Ontario & Western Railroad, in the town of Marbletown, Ulster County, New York, about 10½ miles from Kingston.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders and pamphlets of contract drawings can be obtained at the above address by depositing the sum of five dollars ($5) for each pamphlet. For further particulars see Information for Bidders.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President;
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.

PACIFIC PLACE SOON WILL BE A MEMORY

Quaint Blind Alley Off West Twenty-ninth Street Will Be Built Upon.

NAMED FOR A STEAMSHIP

Vessel of the Collins Line Later Sank with All Hands—Once Held the Transatlantic Record.

Like the ill-fated ship from which it was named, Pacific Place, one of the few remaining privately owned blind alleys in New York, is about to be wiped out of existence. Fifty-five years ago, in the Winter of 1856, the Atlantic liner Pacific, the "Mauretania" of her day in speed and appointments, was lost at sea on her way here from Liverpool. The prevailing belief is that she encountered a heavy field of ice off Newfoundland and sank without giving any of the 45 passengers and 141 members of the crew a chance of escape.

Pacific Place, which to-day looks much as it did half a century ago, divides the north side of Twenty-ninth Street, between Sixth and Seventh Avenues, in half, but instead of extending through the block to Thirtieth Street it stops abruptly at a high wall in the centre of the block. It is well paved, and the six little, two-story, red brick houses that line both sides of the lane are typical of medium-priced homes that were built in large numbers back in the fifties, when the territory north of Twenty-third Street was being developed as a residential centre. The houses to-day have a somewhat shabby genteel appearance as if they had fallen from prosperous days, but they still retain traces of refinement and respectability.

These houses, the lane itself, and several of the houses on Twenty-ninth Street have been sold, and within a short time a gang of wreckers will wipe out this quaint landmark, to make way for a twelve-story loft building.

One of the first residents of Pacific Place was Charles Tompkins, who for several years was second officer of the Pacific. It was regarded as a great honor to have an officer of the finest transatlantic liner built, up to that time, in an American ship yard as a tenant of the quiet little lane, so when Tompkins suggested that the alley be named for his ship its owners readily assented, for the Pacific had shown her heels on more than one occasion to her rivals of the Cunard line, and then held the westbound record, 10 days and 4 hours—pretty good speed for a paddle-wheel steamer.

Tompkins left the service of the Collins Line just before his ship went down, and for several years he was engaged in the tugboat business, finally moving to Brooklyn, where he died about 1866. But one man is living to-day who remembers Pacific Place as it was in its early years. He was an old friend of Tompkins, and was an officer of the Pacific's sister ship, the Atlantic, which was launched Feb. 1, 1849, a few hours after the Pacific took the water. He is now 84 years old and lives with his daughter in Jersey City.

"I often used to go up to Pacific Place, which was then well out of town," said this ancient mariner. "It was a charming spot, and Tompkins and I were fond of walking to the rural districts north of Forty-second Street. There were lots of old farmhouses in that locality, and we picked many a fine pail of blackberries in the wild, rocky tract between the old arsenal and the reservoir in Central Park before the land was taken by the city."

Tompkins went to Pacific Place to live in 1852, when the houses were built, and stayed there until he went to Brooklyn.

"The loss of the Pacific cast a great gloom over New York for several weeks. Relief expeditions were fitted out to hunt for the missing boat, and not until she was weeks overdue did the owners give up hope. It was a hard blow to the Collins Line, for only two years before the Arctic of the same line was lost, with nearly all on board, including the wife and son of the President of the line, Edward Knight Collins. These heavy disasters, in addition to the loss of a Government subsidy, ruined the company, and in 1858 it went out of business."

The Pacific Place houses, which in a few weeks will be as irretrievably lost to sight as was the ship from which it gets its name, were put up by two shrewd builders, Henry T. Pierce and Albert P. Sturtevant, who bought the property early in 1852. By giving up a twenty-foot frontage for a street and erecting small houses, they managed to get twelve houses on a plot fronting 140 feet on Twenty-ninth Street, and about 100 feet deep. In 1886 the property came into the possession of William P. Dixon, an he has just sold the section surrounding the alley for about $300,000 to Judson P. Todd, a builder. The lane was never ceded to the city, and therefore could be built over at any time.

There is another interesting feature about this block, in that another lane runs diagonally through its eastern end to Sixth Avenue, a little south of Thirtieth Street. An old building, used as a museum, was built years ago on the Sixth Avenue end of this lane, which is the only remnant of an old rope walk which, ninety years ago, extended all the way from the old Bloomingdale Road, now Broadway, nearly to Seventh Avenue.

Before it was used as a rope walk the lane was the southern boundary of James A. Stewart's farm, which he bought in 1790 from Abraham Brinckerhoff, one of the big merchants of his day. It was a part of the older and larger Van Orden farm, and the lane separated Stewart's farm from that of Isaac Varian to the south. Farmer Stewart cut a road through the middle of his property forty feet wide, and the lines of this old-time road may be seen to-day in the diagonally shaped plot on which the Bijou Theatre stands, as it occupies the exact site of the road where it came out on what is now Broadway.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Attending the eastward movement of a barometric depression from the plains States Saturday to the St. Lawrence Valley, north Atlantic States Sunday night, rain is reported from the Ohio and central Mississippi Valley sections of the Great Lakes, the North Atlantic States, and New England. Rains are also reported from eastern Texas. It is warmer on the Atlantic Coast and in the extreme northwest. In the Middle States and New England rain and probably snow will prevail Monday. The weather will be generally fair over the greater portion of the country, and on Tuesday generally fair weather will prevail in nearly all districts. It will be colder Monday in the greater portion of the sections east of the Mississippi River.

The winds along the New England Coast and Middde Atlantic Coast, moderate variable, becoming brisk northwest; South Atlantic Coast, moderate south, becoming northwest.

Steamships departing Monday for European ports will have moderate variable winds, shifting to northwest Monday, and rain or snow followed by clearing weather, to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND TUESDAY.

Eastern New York, Eastern Pennsylvania, and New Jersey—Rain followed by clearing and somewhat colder weather Monday; Tuesday fair; moderate variable winds, becoming brisk northwest.

New England—Snow in north; rain or snow in south portion, followed by clearing, somewhat colder Monday; Tuesday generally fair; moderate variable winds, becoming brisk northwest.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1910.	1911.		1910.	1911.
3 A. M.	35	36	4 P. M.	46	45
6 A. M.	35	37	6 P. M.	43	46
9 A. M.	35	40	9 P. M.	41	46
12 M.	39	44	12 P. M.	41	46

This thermometor is 108 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 41; for the corresponding date last year it was 40; average on the corresponing date for the last thirty-three years, 36.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 39; at 8 P. M. it was 46. Maximum temperature, 47 degrees, at 7 P. M.; minimum, 35 degrees, at 2:10 A. M. Humidity, 83 per cent. at 8 A. M., 84 per cent. at 8 P. M.

COLOR LINE AT CORNELL.

Negro Girls Were Not Barred, but Advised to Avoid Sage College.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., March 12.—Mrs. Gertrude Martin, adviser to the women of Cornell University, replied to-day to a complaint made by a young negro student, James B. Clarke, in an article in The Cornell Era, that two negro girls had not been admitted to Sage College, the women's dormitory.

"Mr. Clarke implied that we had placed a ban on colored girls," said Mrs. Martin. "This is not so. The two young women came to me to draw for rooms. I advised them to go somewhere else, as they would not find it pleasant for them living at Sage College. I only did this out of kindness, and they took it kindly, and there was no trouble whatever. I remember that before I came here a colored girl roomed in Sage, and she was most unhappy in her surroundings, and I did not want the two girls to have the same experience."

It is said that in 1898 two colored girls living in Sage were quite popular with their companions, and belonged to several societies with white girls.

Shipping and Mails.

Miniature Almanac For To-day.

Sun rises..6:16|Sun sets..6:05|Moon rises..5:57

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	6:29	7:05	12:20	12:50
Governors Island	6:55	7:32	12:53	1:25
Hell Gate	8:45	9:22	2:35	3:05

Arrived—Sunday, March 12.

SS Othello, Huelva, Feb. 21.
SS Tonawanda, London, Feb. 18.
SS Hudson, Dunkirk, Feb. 18.
SS Ultonia, Naples, Feb. 25.
SS Grampian Range, Cienfuegos, March 4.
SS Birma, Libau, Feb. 21.
SS Volturno, Rotterdam, Feb. 23.
SS New York City, Swansea, Feb. 2.
SS Currier, Guanica, ——.
SS Braunfels, Boston, March 11.
SS Delaware, Philadelphia, March 11.
SS Dorothy, Savannah, March 8.
SS Madison, Norfolk, March 11.
SS City of St. Louis, Savannah, March 9.
SS San Marcos, Galveston, March 4.
SS Huron, Jacksonville, March 9.
SS Kentuckian, Puerto Mexico, Feb. 28.
SS Altamaha, San Juan, March 4.
SS Aros Castle, Philadelphia, March 11.

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
President Grant, Hamburg	——	9:00 A.M.
Coppename, Paramaribo	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Advance, Cristobal	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Algonquin, Brunswick	——	3:00 P.M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Kronprinz Wilhelm, Bremen	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Senator, Bluefields	3:00 P.M.	5:00 P.M.
Crown of Grenada, Grenada	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Oceania, Genoa	——	12:00 M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.

SAIL WEDNESDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Mauretania, Liverpool	5:30 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Philadelphia, Curacao	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Purus, Pernambuco	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Manzanillo, Santiago	——	12:00 M.
Huron, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
San Marcos, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until withtin ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Carolina	Oran	Feb. 23
Sicania	Palermo	Feb. 22
Manhattan	Antwerp	Feb. 23
California	Glasgow	Mar. 4
Cestrian	Liverpool	Mar. 2
Floride	Havre	Feb. 25
Minnewaska	Southampton	Mar. 4
Kroonland	Antwerp	Mar. 4
Maarstensdyk	Rotterdam	Mar. 1
Ancon	Cristobal	Mar. 6
El Mundo	Galveston	Mar. 7
Alleghany	Cienfuegos	Mar. 2
Panama	Cristobal	Mar. 7
Cherokee	Turks Island	Mar. 8
Bermudian	Bermuda	Mar. 11
Oceana	Bermuda	Mar. 11
Proteus	New Orleans	Mar. 8

DUE TO-MORROW.

Gascogne	Havre	Mar. 4
Ryndam	Rotterdam	Mar. 4
Berwick Law	Glasgow	Feb. 27
C. F. Tietgen	Christiansand	Mar. 4
Roma	Naples	Mar. 1
Martha Washington	Algiers	Mar. 3
Duca di Genova	Palermo	Mar. 3
Saramacca	Barbados	Mar. 6
Prinz Sigismund	Kingston	Mar. 9
Havana	Havana	Mar. 11
Brazos	Galveston	Mar. 8
City of Montgomery	Savannah	Mar. 11
Winyah	Jacksonville	Mar. 10

DUE WEDNESDAY.

Curityba	Nipe	Mar. 10
Zeiten	Bremen	Mar. 4
Koenigin Luise	Algiers	Mar. 6
Washington	Rotterdam	Mar. 1
Sarnia	Port Limon	Mar. 6
Thespis	Barbados	Mar. 7
Scottish Prince	Barbados	Mar. 7
Tagus	Antilla	Mar. 11
Berwind	Porto Rico	Mar. 7

By Marconi Wireless.

SS Zieten, incoming from Bremen, was reported 1,146 miles east of Sandy Hook at 6 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Thursday morning.

SS Gascogne, incoming from Havre, was reported 745 miles east of Sandy Hook at 1 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Tuesday morning.

SS Ryndam, incoming from Rotterdam, was reported 730 miles east of Sandy Hook at 11 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Tuesday afternoon.

SS Kroonland, incoming from Antwerp, was reported 725 miles east of Sandy Hook at 3 P. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Tuesday afternoon.

SS Floride, incoming from Havre, was reported 293 miles east of Sandy Hook at 6:35 A. M. yeesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, this morning.

SS Minnewaska, incoming from London, was reported 350 miles east of Sandy Hook at 8 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, this morning.

SS California, incoming from Glasgow, was reported 243 miles east of Sandy Hook at 5:30 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, this morning.

SS Strathcona, incoming from Naples, was reported 1,196 miles east of Sandy Hook at 7:30 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Thursday morning.

By United Wireless.

SS Bermudian, Bermuda, was 243 m. S. E. of Scotland Lightship at 7 P. M., 12th.

SS Brazos, Galveston, was 445 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 7 P. M., 12th.

SS Panama, Cristobal, was 152 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 12th.

SS Cherokee, Dominican ports, was 160 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 7 P. M., 12th.

SS Ligonier, Port Arthur, was 135 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 7 P. M., 12th.

SS Ancon, Cristobal, was 273 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 7 P. M., 12th.

SS Proteus, New Orleans, was 330 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 5:20 P. M., 12th.

SS City of Montgomery, Savannah, was 342 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 7 P. M., 12th.

SS Momus, New Orleans, was 375 m. N. W. of Tortugas at 8 P. M., 11th.

SS Winyah, Jacksonville, was 325 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 3:30 P. M., 11th.

SS Capt. A. F. Lucas, Tampa, was 824 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 7 P. M., 11th.

SS Alamo, Mobile, was 980 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 7 P. M., 11th.

SS Rio Grande, Brunswick, was 420 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 7 P. M., 12th.

SS Carolina, San Juan, was 108 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 12th.

SS Tagus, Southampton, via ports, was 510 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 12th.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Caledonia, at Glasgow, March 12.

Sailed.

SS Lusitania, from Queenstown, March 12.
SS Laurentic, from Queenstown, March 12.
SS George Washington, from Southampton, March 12.
SS Touraine, from Havre, March 11.

Transpacific Mails.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close in New York.	
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Sierra	Mar. 13	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China (via Seattle)—Minnesota	Mar. 15	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii (and specially addressed mail for Japan, Korea, and China) (via San Francisco)—Mongolia	Mar. 16	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii (via Tacoma)—Missourian	Mar. 17	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China (specially addressed only) (via Tacoma)—Bellerophon	Mar. 17	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippines (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—Empress of India	Mar. 17	6:30 P.M.
Fiji Islands, Australia, (except West,) and New Zealand (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—Moana	Mar. 19	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippines (via Seattle)—Sado Maru	Mar. 20	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippines (via San Francisco)—American Maru	Mar. 24	6:30 P.M.

(For Latest Shipping See Page 1.)

MILITIA AS AN ARM OF FEDERAL ARMY

Lieut. Col. Taylor Prescribes a More Rigid Standard of Discipline for It.

LESS SHOW AND MORE WORK

Volunteer Troops Should Number Eight Army Corps Capable of Taking the Field in Time of War.

In this month's issue of The Journal of the Military Service Institution, which is published by army officers on Governors Island, the leading article is by Lieut. Col. W. Irving Taylor of the Coast Artillery Corps of the National Guard of New York. The article is one of the 1911 prize winners.

If the trouble in Mexico should prove so serious as to necessitate the intervention of the United States, there is little doubt that the National Guard would have to go to the front to support the regulars who are now mobilizing in Texas. Army oficers say, therefore, that the article of Col. Taylor is of unusual interest at the present moment.

Col. Taylor points out that prior to the Spanish War neither the regular army nor the War Department took a serious interest in the National Guard.

"The army was prone," he says, "to look down upon the militia with a more or less amused and patronizing tolerance, while, on the other hand, the militia, jealous of their rights and aware of the patronizing attitude assumed by the 'regulars,' were apt to resent any interference or suggestion emanating from that source. It must be confessed that in the old days of 'fuss and feathers,' and 'tin soldiers' the militia were very largely to blame for this situation. Many of the best of these organizations appeared to think that the acme of soldierly perfection was achieved when a command, togged out in a well-padded, antiquated, ridiculous and unsoldierly uniform could make a street parade, preserving distances and alignments, and earn the plaudits of admiring citizens, especially of the feminine gender. With the possible exception of small arms practice, very little work of a practical nature was done. It is true that company, battalion and regimental drills were held in the armories, but cêremonies were their long suit.

"The Summer camps were nicely laid out beforehand in pleasant, selected places, the men fed by hired caterers, and everything possible done, by previous arrangement, for the comfort of the men. The military work indulged in was largely a repetition of the drills held during the Winter in the armory. Taken all together these camps afforded very pleasant vacations for a week or ten days at the expense of the State. The distinction between officers and men was not generally recognized, nor was good discipline and order maintained. During a tour of duty at such a camp the men learned very little of the obligations, duties, and hardships of a soldier's life, and less of how to take care of themselves in the field.

"Small wonder, then, that the general public did not take them seriously or consider them as bulwarks of the country's defense. Small wonder, too, that Congress did not make adequate appropriations for the maintenance of such forces."

Col. Taylor refers to the renewed interest taken in the militia by the Federal Government after the Spanish war and the acts of Congress that were passed to increase its efficiency. There is a great deal yet to be done he thinks, and among other things that would improve the National Guard would be a three-year period of enlistment. The small arms practice should be more instructive, he says, and the entire firing instruction should be made to simulate battle conditions as nearly as possible. In organization the permanent brigades, divisions, and corps recommended by the Secretary of War should be completed and a strong effort made to supply the missing units.

"While not decrying theory and knowledge acquired from books," says he, "it is believed that the militia will more readily absorb the practical instruction given by experienced army officers.

"It is also believed that so far as the National defense is concerned the instruction of the militia by such officers is more important than such training as boys and youths receive at land grant institutions.

"The evolution toward efficiency must necessarily be a slow process, but this should not discourage any one, provided progress is made. It would certainly be the part of wisdom for the War Department, when working out any such plan, to take into its councils the advice and experience of progressive militia officers. Nothing is more discouraging than a crude, constantly changing programme, evolved in pure theory without reference to its feasibility under existing circumstances. Nothing is to be more avoided than orders or plans which may, as has been the case, raise issues of authority and jurisdiction between the War Department and the military authorities of the States.

"The answer, then, to the question, 'How far should be authority of the United States be further extended?' would seem to the writer to be:

1. Prescribe an adequate age and standard of physical development for the militia.
2. Insist that they be proprely shod and equipped for field-service and have the ability to march.
3. Require that they be able to prepare and subsist in vigor on the ration and know how to preserve their health and efficiency in the field.
4. Properly instruct staff, and particularly supply officers, in the efficient knowledge of their duties.
5. Ordain a rational system of small-arms firing which has some reference to modern battle conditions.
6. Complete the combined brigade, division and corps organization; supplying missing units where necessary; and prescribing the proportion of troops of each arm and branch of the service to be furnished by each State.
7. To this end increase the annual appropriation.
8. Furnish at least a nucleus of horses and forage for all military animals used by the militia.
9. Establish supply magazines and provide complete transportation equipment.
10. Increase the number of officers of the army available for detail for duty with the militia.
11. Make the instruction of the militia practical, and do not attempt to impart too much theoretical knowledge.
12. Have all plans for the advancement of the militia well thought out, consistent, lasting and, above all else, practical.

"The plan outlined is within the constitutional power of the Government to prescribe, and it is believed that along such lines success is possible. In time the organized militia, combined with the regular army, should furnish eighty army corps capable of keeping the field and rendering efficient service in the first line of defense until the great mass of volunteers required by a protracted war can be launched against the enemy. If they can in time be depended upon to do this, they will have fulfilled their purpose and justified their existence."

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Arrival of Buyers

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Emery-Bird-Thayer Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; L. W. Lear, domestics; 396 Broadway; Hotel Grand.

Jones Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; E. G. Garuffo, carpets and rugs; 214 Church Street; The Breslin.

Ely & Walker Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; H. Meyer, men's neckwear; 258 Church Street; The Breslin.

Rice-Stix Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; J. P. O'Gorman, silks; 877 Broadway; The Breslin.

Kann, S., Sons & Co., Washington, D. C.; Mrs. M. G. Hoitt, ladies' neckwear; Mrs. H. C. Shute, corsets and ladies' and infants' wear; 215 Fourth Avenue; Hotel Wolcott.

Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; E. Shultz, flannels; J. L. Mayne, representing; A. I. Stephens, representing; 104 Worth Street; Hotel Latham.

Kronig, S., & Co., Norwich, Conn.; S. Kronig, cloaks and suits; The Breslin.

Clarke Brothers, Scranton, Penn.; P. Waters, ladies' underwear and corsets; Hoffman House.

Fowler, Dick & Walker, Binghamton, N. Y.; G. W. Fowler, dry goods; Hotel Grand.

Barr, William, Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; Miss S. McKenna, laces and dress trimmings; Miss McNamara, wools and zephyrs; 4 Washington Place; Hotel Wolcott.

McCarthy Dry Goods Company, Woonsocket, R. I.; Mr. McCarthy, dry goods; Miss J. Reef, hosiery; E. Douglass, laces, notions, and ribbons; Hotel Cadillac.

McAuslan & Wakelin Company, Holyoke, Mass.; W. B. Wakelin, suits, laces, and gloves; Miss A. Collins, waists; Hotel Navarre.

Ronan, C. M., Oneonta, N. Y., dry goods; Herald Square Hotel.

Gable, W. F., & Co., Altoona, Penn.; W. F. Gable, dry goods; 2 Walker Street; Hoffman House.

Levis-Zukoski Merchandise Company, St. Louis, Mo.; J. Cunningham, millinery and laces; S. Levis, hats; 621 Broadway.

Macpherson & Edwards, Springfield, Ill.; W. B. Macpherson, dry goods; Hotel Imperial.

Garlands, St. Louis, Mo.; Miss K. Woods, waists; Miss L. Grant, suits; Hotel Cumberland.

Hamburger, A., & Sons, Los Angeles, Cal.; H. A. Koll, housefurnishing goods, 215 Fourth Avenue; Hotel Longacre.

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New twin-screw R. M. S. P. "ASTURIAS," over 12,000 tons, leaves Southampton June 23d, returning there June 26th, witnessing review and illuminations, making trip round Isle of Wight, etc., $35 up.

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Superior accommodations for 250 first-class passengers, orchestra, excellent cuisine, wireless and all other safety appliances.
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INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES
ALL OUR STEAMERS HAVE WIRELESS TELEGRAPH AND SUBMARINE SIGNALS
NEARBY SAILINGS: ENGLAND, IRELAND, THE CONTINENT
Adriatic, Mar. 18, 9:30 A. M. | St. Louis, Mar. 25, 9:30 A. M.
Minnewaska, Mar. 18, 10:30 A. M. | Lapland, Mar. 25, 10:00 A. M.
Kroonland, Mar. 18, 10:00 A. M. | Laurentic, Mar. 25, 11:00 A. M.
The World's Largest and Finest Steamer, New S. S. OLYMPIC, (45,000 TONS) Sails June 28.

American Pier 62, N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
*Adriatic..Mar. 18. April 19 May 17 June 14
St. Louis...Mar. 25. April 15 May 13 June 10
*Oceanic..Mar. 29. April 26 May 24 June 21
St. Paul....April 1. April 29 May 27 June 24
New York..........April 8 May 6 June 3
*Majestic..........April 12 May 10 June 7
*White Star Line Steamer Pier 61, N. R.

Atlantic Transport
New York—London Direct Pier 58 N. R.
Minnewaska..........Mar. 18 May 6 June 3
Minnehaha..Mar. 25 April 29 May 27 June 24
Minneapolis.........April 1 May 13 June 10
Minnetonka..........April 8 May 20 June 17

Red Star Pier 59, N. R.
London, Paris via Dover—Antwerp.
Kroonland..Mar. 18 April 15 May 13 June 10
Lapland....Mar. 25 April 22 May 20 June 17
Vaderland..April 1 April 29 May 27 June 24
Finland......April 8 May 6 June 3 July 1

White Star Piers 60 & 61 N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
Adriatic....Mar. 18 April 19 May 17 June 14
†St. Louis..Mar. 25 April 15 May 13 June 10
Oceanic....Mar. 29 April 26 May 24 June 21
St. Paul....April 1 April 29 May 27 June 24
New York...........April 8 May 6 June 3
Majestic...........April 12 May 10 June 7
†American Line Steamer from Pier 62 N. R.
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool
Laurentic..................Mar. 25 April 22
Teutonic ....May 3
Arabic....................May 20 June 17
Cedric......April 1 April 29 May 27 June 24
Baltic..............April 8 May 6 June 3
Celtic..............April 15 May 13 June 10
New York & Boston
To the MEDITERRANEAN
The Azores, Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa.
Romanic...Mar. 18, noon | Cretic....Mar. 29
PASSENGER OFFICES, 9 B'WAY, (TEL. 2100 RECTOR,) AND PIER 62, N. R., (WEST 23D ST.,) N. Y.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN
CRUISES DE LUXE
SPRING CRUISES —TO THE— WEST INDIES —AND— PANAMA CANAL
LEAVING NEW YORK
MARCH 18
—BY THE—
S. S. Hamburg (10,500 Tons)
21 DAYS—$125 AND UP
MARCH 28
—BY THE—
S. S. MOLTKE (12,500 Tons)
16 DAYS—$85 AND UP
EVERY WEEK ALL YEAR AROUND Mar. 17, 25 31,
To Montego Bay (Jamaica) or Santiago (Cuba), Kingston, Panama Canal, etc. By Superb Prinz Steamers of Our
ATLAS SERVICE 24 DAYS $140 AND UP

REGULAR SERVICES
LONDON-PARIS-HAMBURG
*PRES. GRANT........Mar. 13, 9 A. M.
†KAISERIN AUG. VIC..Mar. 16, 10 A. M.
¶‡PENNSYLVANIA....Mar. 23, 3 P. M.
*PRES. LINCOLN......Mar. 31, 10 A. M.
‡Hamburg direct. †Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant, Gymnasium, Electric Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden. *Will call at Plymouth and Cherbourg. ¶Second cabin only.
Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa
¶New, 17,000 tons, equipped with all modern safety appliances. Electric Baths, Gymnasium, Elevator, etc.
¶S. S. CINCINNATI..March 28, 10 A. M.
S. S. HAMBURG..................April 12
S. S. MOLTKE...................April 25
Tourist Dept. for Trips Everywhere.
SUMMER VOYAGES By Magnificent Steamers from Hamburg during JUNE, JULY, and AUGUST to NORWAY, SPITZBERGEN, ICELAND, SCOTLAND, NORTH CAPE, &c. 13 to 24 DAYS $62.50 up
ALSO TWO GRAND CRUISES AROUND THE WORLD, ETC.
Send for Illustrated Booklet of all cruises.
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NORTH GERMAN LLOYD
S. S. Kronprinz Wilhelm
Sails March 14 for London, Paris, Bremen.
S. S. Koenig Albert
Sails March 18 for Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa
Connections for Egypt, India and Far East.
LONDON——PARIS——BREMEN
TUESDAYS 10 A. M. Express Sailings.
K'prinz Wm.Mar. 14
K'prinz Wm..Apr. 11
Kaiser Wm. II.Apr. 18
Kr. Wm. d. G.Apr. 25
THURSDAYS 10 A. M. Twin-Screw and Fast Mail Sailings.
*Rhein........Mar. 16
*Zieten.........Mar. 23
Geo. Washington.Mar. 30
*Roon ....Apr 6
*Bremen Direct.
GIBRALTAR—ALGIERS—NAPLES—GENOA
SATURDAYS, 11 A. M.
K. Albert ......Mar. 18 | Berlin (new)....Apr. 1
†K. Luise......Mar. 25 | Fried'h d. Gr....Apr. 8
†Omits Gibraltar.
Wireless and Submarine Signals. Travelers' Checks Good All Over the World.
Independent Around the World Trips.
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CRUISE to MEDITERRANEAN, BLACK SEA, CAUCASUS, from Genoa April 28 to May 30. Write for illustrated booklets.
POLAR CRUISE within less than 10° of the Pole. From Bremen July 18 to Aug. 16.
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LOWEST RATES BEST SERVICE
TO BERMUDA
MOST BEAUTIFUL SPOT IN THE WORLD.
ONE DAY (TWO NIGHTS) FROM NEW YORK
BY THE MAGNIFICENT FAST MAIL
Twin Screw S. S. "Oceana"
SAILING EVERY THURSDAY AT 3 P. M.
14,000 Tons Displacement; 8,000 Tons Register; 535 feet long; 55 feet wide; over 200 staterooms, many with brass bedsteads; Six Suites-de-Luxe with private baths. Orchestra, Gymnasium, Marconi Wireless; Bilge Keels; Submarine Signals.
LARGEST, FASTEST & FINEST STEAMER
FIRST-CLASS ROUND TRIP FARE, including Stateroom, Berth and Meals. $20 up
1,400 MILE SUPERB SEA TRIP.
FINEST CUISINE ON THE ATLANTIC.
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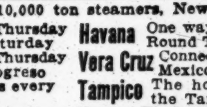

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New 10,000 ton steamers, New York to
Every Thursday and Saturday — Havana — One way $40 up. Round Trip $76 up
Every Thursday via Progreso — Vera Cruz — Connections for Mexico City, etc.
Sailings every Friday — Tampico — The home of the Tarpon.
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New York and Cuba Mail Steamship Co.
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Tickets, Pier 13, E. R., 290 B'way, N. Y. 15

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Générale Transatlantique
Direct Line to Havre—Paris (France).
Sailing every Thursday, 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, foot West 15th St.
*La Provence.March 16 | *La Lorraine..April 6
*La Touraine.March 23 | *La Provence.April 13
*La Savoie..March 30 | *La Touraine.April 20
*Twin screw steamers.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING.
One class (II) Cabin Passengers only.
La Gascogne............................March 18
GENERAL AGENCY, 19 State Street, N. Y.

HOLLAND AMERICA LINE
Paris—London—Rotterdam.
Twin-Screw Sailings Tues. 10 A. M.
*Ryndam ....Mar. 21
*Potsdam ....Mar. 28
†New Amsterdam.....Apr. 4
*Noordam ....April 11
*VIA BOULOGNE S/M.
†PLYMOUTH & BOULOGNE.
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30 fine tours, $285 upward. Frequent sailings. 14th Annual Orient Cruise, Feb. 1, 1912, by S. S. Arabic; 71 days, all expenses, $400 and upward.
5 Round the World Tours, 1911; $1,550 and up.
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MOST EXPEDITIOUS ROUTE
LONDON PARIS BERLIN VIENNA
DIRECT via FISHGUARD
Fishguard and Liverpool
MAURETANIA LUSITANIA
March 15, 9 A. M. March 22, 9 A. M.
MAURETANIA
Apr. 5, 9 A. M.
Queenstown—Fishguard—Liverpool
Campania, Mar. 29, 10 A. M. | Caronia, Apr. 12
GIBRALTAR *ALGIERS GENOA
NAPLES TRIESTE FIUME
Ultonia......Mar. 23, noon | Pannonia.Apr. 13
*Saxonia....Mar. 30, noon | Carpathia.Apr. 27

DAILY SAILINGS FLORIDA
Direct route without change from New York by the magnificent passenger steamers of the
CLYDE LINE
calling at Charleston, for all Carolina resorts; at Brunswick, for all Georgia and Alabama points, reaching Jacksonville the third day, for all Florida resorts. From Pier 36 North River, New York.
To CALIFORNIA
ARIZONA, NEW MEXICO, NEVADA.
Through rate to all the above points via
MALLORY LINE $40.50 March 11 to April 8, inc.
Largest, fastest, finest steamers: sailings Wednesdays and Saturdays from Pier 45, North River, New York. Write for copy of AGWI NEWS, stateroom reservation and information.
AGWI CLYDE LINE—MALLORY LINE
Tour Bureau
290 Broadway, New York. 6

SCANDINAVIAN - AMERICAN LINE
10,000 Ton Twin-Screw Passenger Strs., direct to
Norway, Sweden and Denmark.
Oscar II......Mar. 16
C. F. Tietgen.Mar. 23
Hellig Olav...Mar. 30
United States Apr. 13
Oscar II......Apr. 27
C. F. Tietgen..May 4
All Steamers equipped with Marconi Wireless.
First cabin, $75 up; second cabin, $60.
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ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY
California.Mar. 18, 10 AM | Caledonia..April 1, 9 AM
Columbia..Mar. 25, 3 PM | Furnessia..April 8, 3 PM
FIRST CABIN, $67.50 AND $72.50.
SECOND CABIN, $45 AND $47.50.
THIRD CLASS, $30 AND $31.25.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

NEW YORK TO ROTTERDAM
URANIUM S.S.CO.
SHORT ROUTE TO LONDON AND PARIS.
1ST CABIN, ALL OUTSIDE, $45.00 & UP.
Volturno....March 16 | Uranium......April 13
Companello..March 30 | Volturno......April 27
Vesely & Co., Genl. Agts., 17 B'way, N. Y.

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Our charge
for Title Insurance is fixed and moderate, and the protection given to Real Estate is absolute.

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CAPITAL - - $4,000,000
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Equal to Best on Fifth Avenue.
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STREET 100 FEET WIDE,
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FIREPROOF RESIDENCES
—ON—
LENOX LIBRARY BLOCK.
Just Completed and Open for Inspection.
C. W. LUYSTER, JR., Owner
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W. A. A. BROWN'S
DUPLEX HOUSES.
THE MOST PERFECT HOUSE EVER BUILT FOR TWO FAMILIES.
TRIMMED IN THE FINEST SELECTED HARD WOODS.
THE PRIVACY OF A ONE-FAMILY HOUSE
Separate entrances, street numbers, and every modern improvement.
PARKSIDE AVE., BETWEEN FLATBUSH AND BEDFORD AVENUES.

Overlooking Prospect Park. Convenient to Brighton Beach "L" and six trolley lines. Rent from one apartment pays all carrying charges. Representative always on premises.

Office, 738 Flatbush Av. (cor. Woodruff Av.) Tel. 4030 Flatbush.

Get off at Woodruff Av. Station, 22 minutes from Manhattan.

YOU DON'T NEED A SERVANT
IN AN
"Easy Housekeeping Home,"
Fenimore St., between Bedford and Rogers Avs., B'klyn; $7,950; $950 cash and $50 a month. Houses open day and evening. Brighton Beach "L," Prospect Park Station, or Flatbush, Nostrand, Rogers Av. trolleys. Send for booklet.
REALTY ASSOCIATES,
176 Remsen St., Brooklyn.

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INVESTORS, ATTENTION.
6% interest on mortgage loans. Principal and interest guaranteed. Title insured by Westchester and Bronx Title and Mortgage Guaranty Company. I will invest for you sums from $3[illegible] to $3,000. For particulars, Henry Y. Halley, 103 Park Av., N. Y. City.

GOOD second mortgages wanted; $100,000 placed monthly, (seconds exclusively.) Howard H. Mosher, 135 Broadway.

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BUILDING LUMBER OF ALL KINDS.
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TEL. 3240 COLUMBUS.

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A HOME LIKE THIS FOR $3,150
at beautiful Cragmere, is available on easy terms, for folk who will make good neighbors. Address Sec'y Cragmere Ass'n, Mahwah, N. J.

EAST ORANGE, N. J.
Furnished house to let, May 1, for Summer; twelve rooms; beautifully furnished; choicest residence section; reasonable terms. E. O., Times, 80 Broadway.

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RIVERSIDE FARMS, $95. At Station. Fare 13c. Bungalow colony. MOUNTAINVIEW, Box 79 Times.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

I want to buy a farm within 75 miles of New York; will pay cash. Send full particulars. F. G. Stanley, 508 Times Building, New York.

Will lease large property, improve same; privilege of purchasing; owner indemnified. Investor, D 80 Times.

Want one building for four two-family detached dwellings. Claude Basher, 44 Court, Brooklyn.

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DO YOU WANT WATER FRONT LOTS
within 20 minutes of New York City? All improvements; water, sidewalks, macadamized streets, gas, electric lights, sewers; fine bathing beach and yacht clubhouse on the property; can be purchased on small monthly payments; title guaranteed. Call or write HENRY, 146 East 34th St., New York.

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ADIRONDACKS
A very beautiful estate in the Adirondacks, consisting of about 5,000 acres, woods and water, developed with trails and roads and adequate buildings. Many miles of shore frontage. Deer and trout in abundance. Adapted for private ownership or club purposes.
FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO
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WHITE PLAINS—SCARSDALE AND WESTCHESTER CO.
FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED HOUSES
Several fine building Plots For Sale.
Several special offers.
10 room house, $55 per month,
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Furnished houses $100 to $500 per month.
E. Nelson Ehrhart
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in houses for sale and rent in Westchester, just north city line.
WE KNOW THE BARGAINS.
Watson & Bancker, Inc.,
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ON SCENIC ELEVATION.
At Crestwood; 7 rooms, tiled bath; bungalow style; steam heat, electricity; $6,250; easy terms; rent, $45. Cooley & West, Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

Sacrifice cozy nine-room house, two baths; high, healthy location; about 4½ acres ground; tennis court, fruit, and shade trees; 1 mile from Scarsdale Station; 19 miles from 42d St. D. M. Rousseau, 872 Lexington Av.

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At Chester Hill, Mount Vernon, villa apartments; 9 rooms, reception hall, private piazza, parlor, 16x16; library, 13x16; dining room, 14x14; steam heat; hot water; janitor; 29 windows, all facing spacious lawns; 11 closets. The only apartment of this class; rent, $900. Owner, 170 Rich Av.

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COOLEY & WEST, Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

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Ready This Spring.
An ideal, beautifully located high-class water front, residential property, with every essential feature; ¼-acre plots, and larger.
Write for full particulars.
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A beautiful new suburban house on the new Pennsylvania tunnel electric line; 25 minutes to Herald Square or the Battery; one block from depot; fine surroundings; all improvements; at sacrifice price; small deposit; easy monthly payments; starting May 1; house can be occupied at once; send postal for facts, or 'phone. T. I. M'NEECE, 150 NASSAU ST.
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J. MEADE BRIGGS, 200 B'way, N. Y.

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fronting on beautiful lake; 6 rooms, bath, all improvements; 20 minutes from City Hall or Herald Square; 5 minutes' walk from station; block from trolley; 5c. fare; must have $300 cash, balance $20 per month. Jamaica, 2 East 125th St., N. Y.

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To let for the season.
Two new bungalows, furnished; 6 rooms, toilet and lavatory, telephone, 100 ft. veranda, water front. Bathing, sailing, fishing, everything for comfort. New York and Boston express trains stop. Price $400 cash. References. For pictures and further information, address Pond, 312 West 122nd St., New York City.

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Fine Farm for Sale—"Benvenue Farm," the property of the late Capt. David Meade, situated near White Post and Millwood, Clarke County. Contains 250 acres of fine wheat land; also an apple orchard. Brick dwelling, large barn, and other outbuildings. One-half mile from Norfolk & Western Railway Station. This is one of the most valuable and productive farms in the Shenandoah Valley. Will be sold at public auction on premises on March 30 unless by private sale before that date. For further particulars address Hubert Snowden, Special Commissioner, Alexandria, Va.

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Fifteen Room Apartment
With five baths, to sublet by occupant, who must leave New York; new apartment house. Forest Chambers, Broadway, 113th. Adaptable for physician.

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Desirable apartments in two-family houses, 5, 8 ROOMS.
Near B'way Subway; rent, $30 upward.

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Elevator apartment, 4, 5, 6, and 10 rooms. Electric light. All modern improvements.

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818-322 West 51st St.—Attractive apartment, 6 large, light rooms; elevator, telephone; all improvements. Superintendent or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

A few desirable suites of 2 and 4 rooms, with bath, furnished or unfurnished, in high-class apartment house. Schuyler Arms, 307 West 98th St.

Beautiful and commodious ten-room apartment, (three bathrooms,) overlooking Central Park; finest view in New York. 2 West 86th St.

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244 East 86th St.
Apartments of four and six rooms and bath, for housekeeping; all improvements and convenience; elevator service; "L" station. Apply
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6 light rooms, bath, separate toilet, steam heat, hot water supply, telephone; 1½ blocks from Prospect Park. Apply 511 6th St., B'klyn.

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Select neighborhood, near schools and churches; all improvements; electric light, &c. Inquire CHAS. F. MEHLTRETTER, INC., 709 TREMONT AV.

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A Suite of 5 Rooms on 3d Floor - - -	$4,500
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LARGE, LIGHT LOFTS,
remodelled and renovated throughout; elevator service; steam heat and electric light.
25 PARK PLACE
through to 22 Murray St.,
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DOUBLE COMMISSIONS TO BROKERS
134 TO 140 WEST 29th St.
100x100 Bldg.
2 BIG LOFTS E. G. SOLTMANN, Tel. 7960 Mad. Sq.
ONE TO BE SUBDIVIDED.

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TO LET, (LOW RENT,) LIGHT OR HEAVY MANUFACTURING, TWO MODERN LOFTS AND BASEMENT. OVER 16,000 SQUARE FEET; POWER AND LIVE STEAM; 16-FOOT CEILINGS; A1 LOCATION AND SHIPPING FACILITIES, PRIVATE DOCK; PUBLIC DOCK AT 53D ST. APPLY ADOLPH KERN, 114 LIBERTY ST.

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Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

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ROE & GOULD, Agents
262 Fifth Av., N. Y. Tel. Mad. Sq. 7145.
Renting agent on premises.

Yonkers.
506 SOUTH BROADWAY.
Five and Seven Rooms and Bath.
New Up-to-date Apartments.
Steam heated; very light and attractive. Rents low; 10 minutes from Van Cortlandt Park Subway station. J. Romaine Brown & Co., on premises.

THE MIDLOTHIAN
353 West 117th St.
5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.
Elevator, telephone, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. See janitor.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

Elegant large suite apartment, fourth floor, No. 402 San Remo, to sublet to Oct. 1 next at a sacrifice; $125 per month; possession March 18; rent free to April 1; one of the finest apartments in the San Remo Hotel, 74th St. and Central Park West. Call or write C. M. Beam, 1,269 Broadway.

72d St., few doors off Broadway; newly furnished exquisite bachelor apartment; two rooms, bath; leaving city; bargain; reference. D 172 Times.

CLAREMONT AV., 180.—Handsomely furnished, five rooms, bath; every room sunny; all modern improvements; references.

142 East 40th St.; to let, seven-room furnished apartment; April to November; near Lexington Av. Telephone Rector—4440.

May 1st, cool, light, finely furnished apartment; three rooms; bath; kitchenette. 140 West 57th St.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—Unfurnished.

HOUSES TO LET
309 E. 87th St., 9 rooms & bath.
326 E. 87th St., 10 rooms & bath.
319 E. 86th St., 13 rooms & bath.
"L" STATION 86TH ST. AND 2D AVE.
RHINELANDER REAL ESTATE CO.,
31 Nassau St. 'Phone, 8125—Cortlandt,
or 244 East 86th St.

Brooklyn.

Go to HAVILAND for Houses
AND APARTMENTS IN BROOKLYN.
HAVILAND & SONS, 982 Fulton, cor. Grand.

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

LAKE CHAMPLAIN.—To rent, near Essex, N. Y., simple Summer cottage, 6 rooms, furnished; $150 season; on lake shore; fine beach; ice, wood. E. W. Leaning, 230 Lex. Av., Albany, N. Y.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

AT ENORMOUS SACRIFICE
Will Sublet
2,453 square feet on the 4th floor of 25 Broad Street,
suitable for broker's office.
Will Divide.
Apply to WARREN & SKILLIN,
174 Fulton Street.

LOFTS TO LET
IN THE
RHINELANDER BUILDING,
Corner William and Duane Streets.
APPLY TO
RHINELANDER REAL ESTATE CO.,
31 Nassau St. 'Phone, 8125—Cort.

STORES TO LET
1675 2d Ave., near 87th St.
1678 2d Ave., near 87th St.
APPLY
RHINELANDER REAL ESTATE CO.,
31 Nassau St., or 244 East 86th St.

Vanderbilt
BUILDING,
Nassau and Beekman Streets.
Offices to rent. Prices very moderate.

Broadway & 39th St. Bldg.
SMALL AND LARGE
LIGHT OFFICES, $20 to $50.
Harris & Vaughan, Agts., 1,416 Broadway.

111 NASSAU ST.
Large store and basement, 25x108; fronts on two streets; rent moderate. Korn, 81 Nassau, 1 to 5 P. M.

6 EAST 42d ST.
Entire third floor, 22x75, $1,500 yearly; elevator, steam heat; also large studio, $600 yearly.

Lofts, 80,000 square feet; excellent light, steam heat, elevator; low rent; will divide to suit; immediate possession. Uris, 581 West 26th St.

28th St., cor. 1st Av.—Two lofts, 100x100; light on four sides; steam power; large elevator; all improvements. Apply on premises.

Store with wide show window to rent. 12 East 30th St., city.

Brooklyn.

MANUFACTURING LOFTS TO LET
Fireproof building, passenger and freight elevators, steam heat, power day and night, live steam, lowest insurance rates, light on four sides; one block from Manhattan Bridge Plaza; two blocks from Brooklyn Bridge Plaza; convenient to freight terminals; ready for occupancy.
THE CAVANAGH CO.,
Pearl & Prospect Sts., Brooklyn. Tel. 1304 Main.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

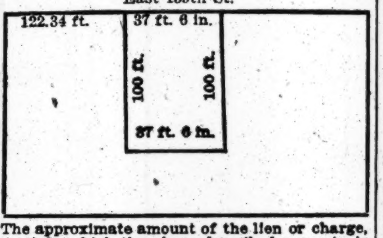
SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—ALBANY SAVINGS BANK, Plaintiff, against ABRAM ABELMAN et al., Defendants.—Notice of sale.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 2d day of March, 1911, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 4th day of April, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Herbert A. Sherman, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

"All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of the Bronx of the City of New York, in the County and State of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the southerly side of E. 139th Street distant one hundred twenty-two and thirty-four hundredths (122.34) feet easterly from the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly side of E. 139th Street and the easterly side of Brook Avenue; running thence southerly at right angles to E. 139th Street and part of the distance through a party wall one hundred (100) feet; thence easterly parallel with E. 139th Street thirty-seven (37) feet six (6) inches; thenec northerly again at right angles with E. 139th Street, and part of the distance through a party wall, one hundred (100) feet to the southerly side of E. 139th Street; thence westerly along the southerly side of E. 139th Street thirty-seven (37) feet six (6) inches to the point or place of beginning. Being the premises known as street Number 518 (formerly 776) East 139th Street."

Dated New York, March 9, 1911.
NATHAN A. SMYTH, Referee.
TRACEY, COOPER & TOWNSEND, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 25 North Pearl Street, Albany, N. Y.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 518 (formerly 776) East 139th Street, Borough of Bronx, New York City.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is twenty-five thousand three hundred twelve and 50-100 dollars, ($25,312.50,) with interest thereon from the 15th day of February, 1911, together with costs and allowance amounting to $408.74, with interest from March 3d, 1911, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates or other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the referee is $610.39 and interest.

Dated New York, March 9, 1911.
NATHAN A. SMYTH, Referee.

• Successful salesmen are the capable, intelligent ones. Look in The New York Times for the alert salesman who can introduce or promote your business interests in new localities. Next to the Last Page.

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1 time per line, 20c. 7 times, consecutively, $1.26. 30 times, consecutively or every other day, $3.00

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

HOTEL CHELSEA
Atlantic City, N. J.
Occupying an entire block of ocean front, with no obstruction to the view; in the fashionable resident section, offers the highest standard of hotel excellence in appointments, cuisine and service, 300 luxuriously furnished bedchambers and suites have private baths (fresh and sea water) attached. Large solarium and dining hall overlooking the ocean and boardwalk. High-class orchestra. Billiards, cafe, grill, etc. French chefs. Golf privileges. Autos meet trains. Booklet and terms upon request. Open all the year.
J. B. THOMPSON & CO.
Without transfer or ferry from 34th St. Station, Penna. R. R. Shortest route by Central R. R. of New Jersey from 23d St. and Liberty St. ferries.

GRAND ATLANTIC
Virginia Ave., Near Beach,
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Rooms en suite, with hot and cold sea water baths. Elevator from street level. Pavilion inclosed in glass. $2.50 daily and up. $12.50 and up weekly. Capacity 500. Coach meets all trains. Booklet. COOPER & LEEDS, Owners and Proprietors.

HOTEL ARLINGTON
Michigan Avenue and Beach.
High-class family hotel, every modern appointment. Home comforts. Absolute cleanliness and good table guaranteed. Unusually light, cheerful rooms due to open surroundings. Private baths. Rooms with running water. Special early season rates $10, $12, $14 up weekly, $2 up daily. R. J. Osborne & Son.

HOTEL ABSECON
Virginia Avenue, near Steel Pier,
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Fireproof; large sun parlor; rooms with private bath; rooms with running water; elevator to street level; modern in every particular; special Spring rates. Booklet.
O. D. PAINTER.

HOTEL RUDOLF
Full block ocean front. One of the largest and leading hotels. Hot and cold sea baths; private and public. Magnificent sun parlor, overlooking the sea. Orchestra. Early season rates. No extra charge for use of baths. Always open. Booklet.
A. S. RUKEYSER, Mgr. JOEL HILLMAN, Pres.

HOTEL TRAYMORE
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Open throughout the Year.
Famous as the hotel with every modern convenience and all comforts of home.
TRAYMORE HOTEL COMPANY
Chas. O. Marquette, Mgr. D. S. White, Pres.

ISLESWORTH
Ocean Front, Virginia Avenue.
Capacity 400. Fresh and sea water in all baths. American or European plan. Orchestra. Special early-season terms. Always open. Booklet.
Frank M. Phoebus, Mgr. Wm. Hyman, Prop.

HOTEL WESTMONT
Ocean and Rhode Island Av.; Splendid table and service; Winter rates, $12.50, $15 per week, without bath; $15 to $25 with bath; sea water and other baths; booklet. W. H. Moore, Mgr.

HOTEL NEW ENGLAND
S. Carolina Ave. and Beach.—Private baths; elevator to street level; running water in rooms; afternoon tea; capacity 350; special Spring rates.
BRYAN & WILLIAMS.

Marlborough-Blenheim
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY.

Ask Mr. Foster | Martinique, B'way & 33d St. Free information. Hotel

Spend the Spring days at ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

WINTER SEASON AT LAKEWOOD
Among the Pines of New Jersey.
Season October to June.
Offers Exceptional Attractions for the Enjoyment of Outdoor Life. Ideal Conditions for Motoring.
LAUREL HOUSE,
NOW OPEN.
A. J. MURPHY, Manager.
LAUREL-IN-THE-PINES,
NOW OPEN.
FRANK F. SHUTE, Manager.
THESE HOTELS ARE FAVORABLY KNOWN FOR THEIR STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE. Reached via New Jersey Central.

VIRGINIA.

HOTEL CHAMBERLIN, OLD POINT COMFORT
THE COMPLETE YEAR ROUND RESORT.
Booklets at New York Office, 1122 Broadway.
Phone 1872 Madison, or address
GEO. F. ADAMS, Mgr. Fortress Monroe, Va.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, IN AND FOR THE FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT.—In the Matter of the Application and Petition of GEORGE B. McCLELLAN, HERMAN A. METZ, ALEXANDER E. ORR, CHARLES STUART SMITH, MORRIS K. JESUP, JOHN H. STARIN, WOODBURY LANGDON, and JOHN CLAFLIN, constituting the Board of Rapid Transit Railroad Commissioners of the City of New York, for and on behalf of said city, for the appointment of Commissioners of Appraisal, under Chapter 4 of the Laws of 1891, and the various statutes amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto, relative to acquiring the perpetual easements necessary for the construction, maintenance and operation of an elevated railroad in Westchester Avenue, from Third Avenue to the Southern Boulevard; thence along the Southern Boulevard to the Boston Road; thence along the Boston Road to One Hundred and Eighty-first Street, in the Borough of the Bronx, wherever said easements have not been already acquired by purchase or otherwise.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the report of John J. Freedman, Frank J. Dupignac, and Moses H. Moses, the Commissioners of Appraisal duly appointed in the above entitled proceeding, which report bears date the 9th day of December, 1910, was filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York on the 9th day of December, 1910.

NOTICE IS FURTHER GIVEN that said report will be presented for confirmation to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, at a Special Term thereof, Part III., to be held in the First Judicial District, at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 21st day of March, 1911, at the opening of the court on that day, and that then and there, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard thereon, a motion will be made that the said report be confirmed.

Dated New York, March 6th, 1911.
ARCHIBALD R. WATSON, Corporation Counsel, Hall of Records, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

STORAGE NOTICES.

LINCOLN SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY.
32-42 E. 42d St. NEW YORK. 45-55 E. 41st St.

To Mrs. Jacob Berry, Mr. or Mrs. W. E. Caldwell, Mr. William C. Camp, Mrs. Myra Clark, C. C. Clifford, H. B. Clifford, Aaron Cristaler, F. E. Grant, Mrs. W. C. Hunter, Maurice J. Katz, Mr. or Mrs. George King, James Kydd, Miss Marion Grace Le Compte, Miss E. M. Martin, Mr. or Mrs. George W. Maynard, Mrs. L. J. Merritt, J. S. Mertage, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Miller, A. C. Monson, Monson Morris, admr.; Mr. or Mrs. G. E. Montigny, Harold Stanley Pollard, C. W. Pratt, Eugene E. Reilly, Mrs. M. T. Riker, Mrs. E. M. Sedgwick, Lida M. Sharkey, George Smalley, by John B. Johnson; Mrs. L. E. Torter or Mrs. M. E. Porter, Mrs. Louis T. Valentine, Miss Julia N. Waite, estate of John S. Young, C. M. Bean, G. W. Clark, James E. Donovan, City Marshal; Edward M. Strothers, E. W. Wilson, Miss Emma B. Shields, Henry P. Toler, Mrs. Henry P. Toler, Miss Mary Barton, George Phillips and T. Moesinger, Mrs. T. Moesinger, John Winters, and Edwin H. Brown: You are hereby notified that the storage being due and the time for payment of this company's lien therefor upon the property hereinafter described having expired and due notice thereof having been given you, this company will cause such property, to wit: Household goods, personal effects, and merchandise stored by you in its warehouse and (or) silver storage vaults, to be sold at public auction, according to the statute in such cases made and provided, at the auction rooms of George S. Merle, No. 155 East 125th Street, New York City, on Tuesday, March 21st, 1911, at 10 o'clock A. M.

LINCOLN SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY,
WILLIAM J. MURPHY,
Secretary and Treasurer.

FOR SALE.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED
3 Months for $5
and upwards. Every machine is in fine working order and will be kept so during term of rental. Initial payment allowed to apply if purchased. WE SELL rebuilt machines, guaranteed for one year, at a saving of 50% to 75%. Send for catalogue.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO.,
345 Broadway, Cor. of Leonard St. Tel. 5408 Franklin. | 1½ Barclay St., 5 Doors from B'way. Tel. 5915 Barclay.

ROLL TOP DESKS
Office Furniture
in great variety of Style and Price.
T. G. SELLEW
111 FULTON ST.

OUR NAME INSURES QUALITY.

Brass beds, two-inch post	$9.00
White enamel beds	2.50
All steel springs	1.50
Good mattresses	5.00
Pillows	.50
Chairs	.65
Leather couches	12.00
Parlor suits	15.00

OTHER FURNITURE AT SPECIAL PRICES.
FREDERICK W. EVERS, INC.,
Wholesale Furniture, 'Phone 1071—Gram.
30-32 East 21st St. A step east of Broadway.

UNDERWOODS
Remingtons, Smiths, and all other Typewriters sold, $15 to $60. We rent them and allow 6 months' rental to apply if purchased. We take care of them as long as you rent and one year after you buy. TYPEWRITER SALES CO., 5 Cortlandt St., cor. Broadway. Tel. 1983 Cortlandt.

DESKS Roll and Flat Top. Chairs, Filing Cabinets, Office Partition. HAMBURGER, 33 E. 20th St.

OFFICE PARTITIONS.
Highest grade of workmanship; lowest price. Save money by getting our price before you buy. David Kramer, 43 Broad St. 'Phone connec'n.

SCHOOLS.

Syms School,
49-51 East 61st Street.
Enter now the Special Classes preparing for College.
Tutoring provided for College deficiencies.
A few openings for young boys in regular classes.

LANGUAGES
The Berlitz School of Languages
Madison Square (1122 Broadway).
Harlem Branch, 343 Lenox Av., nr. 127th St.
Brooklyn " 218-220 Livingston St.
All languages by superior native teachers.
Terms Reasonable. Trial Lessons Free.
Private lessons and classes. School or Residence.

SHORTHAND. The BOOKKEEPING, TYPEWRITING. **PAINE** Uptown SCHOOL OF BUSINESS, 1931 B'WAY.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of New Jersey.—In the matter of PATERSON KNITTING WORKS, Bankrupt.

Notice of sale. The undersigned receivers will sell, subject to the approval of the court, the assets of the said bankrupt, situated at Number 187 Fifth Av., Paterson, N. J., consisting of Knitting Works plant, machinery, stock of woolen sweaters, merchandise, office furniture, and typewriters. Sealed bids for all or any parts of said property may be submitted to said receivers on or before 2 P. M., of March 14th, 1911, at which time bids will be opened at said premises. At 2:30 P. M. of the same day, all property remaining unsold by sealed bid shall be sold at public auction at said premises, the receivers reserving the right to reject any and all bids. Rayton E. Horton, United Bank Building, Paterson, N. J., Elgin L. McBurney, No. 302 Broadway, New York City, receivers.

Bilder & Bilder, attorneys for receivers, offices 164 Market St., Newark, N. J.; Romaine Building, Paterson, N. J.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of FRANK DE NICOLA, bankrupt.—No. 14,344.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt: Notice is hereby given that property belonging to the estate of the above-named bankrupt, consisting of men's, ladies' and children's shoes, slippers, and rubbers, fixtures, etc., will be sold under the direction of John Gruenberg, the Trustee, at public auction by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, at Nos. 113-115 Leonard Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 18th day of March, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon. Said property may be inspected at 113-115 Leonard Street, New York City.

The Trustee reserves the right to withdraw any or all of said property from such sale unless same shall bring at least 75% of the appraised value.

New York, March 2nd, 1911.
NATHANIEL S. SMITH,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
EMANUEL HERTZ, Attorney for Trustee, 320 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of M. WEILL, Inc., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, March 13, 1911, by order of the court, at 1 P. M., at 1,025-27 Third Av., and immediately thereafter at the Belnord, Amsterdam Av. and 86th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of show cases, mirrors, marble counters, horses and wagons, machinery, 7-h. p. motor, ice cream machinery, baking utensils, flour, sugar, fixtures, safe, etc. WILLIAM BLAU, Receiver.
BERNARD BERNBAUM, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of FINE & LEVY, Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, March 13, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 166 Greene St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of woolens, piece goods, cloaks manufactured and in the process of manufacture, machines, safe, fixtures, &c. MARSHALL S. HAGAR, Receiver.
JAMES, SCHELL & ELKUS, Attorneys for Receiver, 170 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of FRANK DE NICOLA, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, March 13, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113-115 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of a stock of men's, ladies', and children's shoes, slippers, rubbers, fixtures, etc.
JOHN GRUENBERG, Trustee.
EMANUEL HERTZ, Attorney for Trustee, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HYMAN BROTER, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, March 13th, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 1,015 East 180th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of knit goods, fixtures, &c.
WILLIAM S. CREEVET, Receiver.
OLCOTT, GRUBER, BONYNGE & McMANUS, Attorneys for Receiver, 170 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN District of New York.—In the matter of SAMUEL MARKOWITZ, individually and as copartners under the firm name of WEISS & MARKOWITZ, Bankrupt.—No. 14,689.

Notice is hereby given that Samuel Markowitz, individually and as copartners under the firm name of Weiss & Markowitz, bankrupt, filed his petition, dated March 8th, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition—before United States District Judges, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 10th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

NATHANIEL S. SMITH,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, March 10, 1911.

NO. 14,732.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HENRY LEIS, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Henry Leis, of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 23d day of February, A. D. 1911, the said Henry Leis was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, referee in bankruptcy, Room No. 1,375, Hudson Terminal Building, No. 50 Church Street, City and County of New York, on the 23d day of March, A. D. 1911, at 12:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
March 10th, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MAX M. MYRES and MERVIN S. MYRES, individually and as copartners under the firm name of MAX M. MYRES, and the firm of MAX M. MYRES, Bankrupts.—No. 14,566.

To the creditors of Max M. Myres and Mervin S. Myres, individually and as copartners under the firm name of Max M. Myres, and the firm of Max M. Myres, of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the thirty-first day of January, A. D. 1911, the said Max M. Myres and Mervin S. Myres, individually and as copartners under the firm name of Max M. Myres, and the firm of Max M. Myres, were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the twenty-third day of March, A. D. 1911, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated New York, March 8th, 1911.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of JOSEPH H. EVERETT, Bankrupt.—No. 13,780.

Notice is hereby given that Joseph H. Everett, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated February 18th, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 17th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated New York, March 10, 1911.

NO. 14,500.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of NATHAN STROLL, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Nathan Stroll, of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 10th day of January, A. D. 1911, the said Nathan Stroll was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, referee in bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 24th day of March, A. D. 1911, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, an dtransact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
March 3d, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 14,716.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ERNEST R. SIMMONS, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Ernest R. Simmons, of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 20th day of February, A. D. 1911, the said Ernest R. Simmons was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, referee in bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 24th day of March, A. D. 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
March 1st, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 14,442.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MARY BROOKS, doing business as OXFORD KNITTING MILLS, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Mary Brooks, doing business as Oxford Knitting Mills, of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 5th day of January, A. D. 1911, the said Mary Brooks, doing business as Oxford Knitting Mills, was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, on the 23d day of March, A. D. 1911, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,
March 11th 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 14,428.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JACOB LOWENBERG, trading as THE STAR CLOTHING CO., Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Jacob Lowenberg, trading as The Star Clothing Co., of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 8th day of February, A. D. 1911, the said Jacob Lowenberg, trading as The Star Clothing Co., was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, on the 24th day of March, A. D. 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,
March 11th, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 14,766.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CHARLES A. HASSELBACK, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Charles A. Hasselback, of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 28th day of February, A. D. 1911, the said Charles A. Hasselback was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 Wall Street, on the 24th day of March, A. D. 1911, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,
March 11th, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 14,531.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—LOUIS MAYER, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Louis Mayer, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated February 14th, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 10th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, Feb. 28th, 1911.

NO. 14,779.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SOLOMON ANTOKOLETZ, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Solomon Antokoletz of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 6th day of March, A. D., 1911, the said Solomon Antokoletz was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, referee in bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 24th day of March, A. D. 1911, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
March 9th, 1911.

NO. 14,236.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of GEORGE A. READING, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of George A. Reading of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 1st day of November, A. D. 1910, the said George A. Reading was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, referee in bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Sareet, City and County of New York, on the 24th day of March, A. D. 1911, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
March 2d, 1911.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of ERNEST A. WOLFF, Bankrupt.—No. 14,527.

Notice is hereby given that Ernest A. Wolff, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated March 1st, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition, before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 10th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

NATHANIEL S. SMITH,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, March 10th, 1911.

NO. 14,400.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—JOSEPH S. WAINESS, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Joseph S. Wainess, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated March 7th, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April tenth, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, March 7th, 1911.

CLARIDGE'S HOTEL, LONDON

BROOK STREET GROSVENOR SQUARE

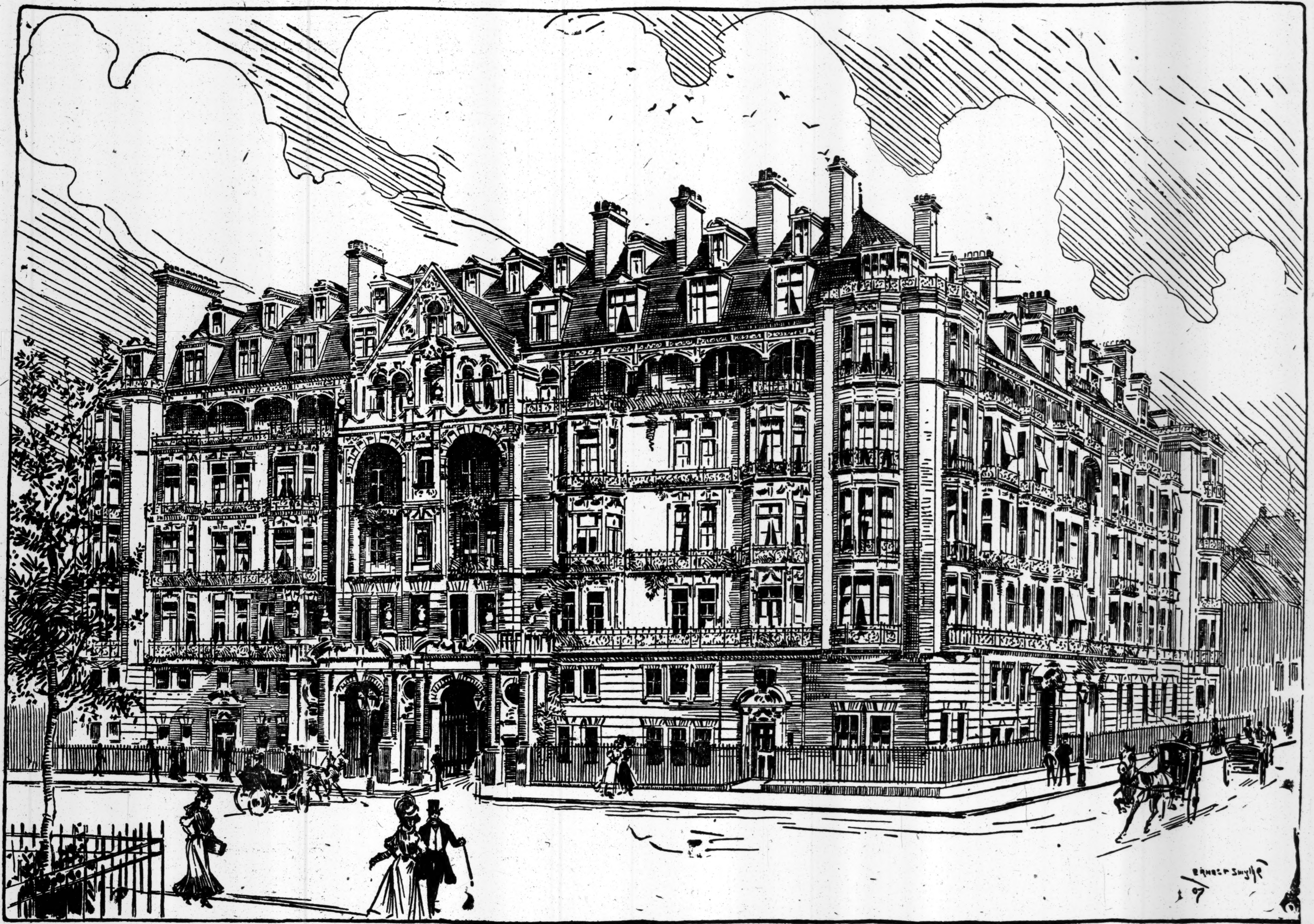
CENTRE OF
THE MOST FASHIONABLE QUARTER
OF THE WEST END

WITHIN A FEW MINUTES' WALK OF
BOND STREET, PICCADILLY, REGENT
STREET, AND HYDE PARK

CLARIDGE'S

"A HAVEN OF TRANQUILLITY AND QUIETUDE"

Not Being Directly on a Main Artery of London's Traffic, Its Guests Enjoy Immunity from Street Noises



CLARIDGE'S HOTEL has been called "The Royal Hostelry" and "The Home of Kings and Princes." This description is as true to-day as it was during the existence of the old Claridge's of the Victorian Era.

BUT ITS MODERATE PRICES

Appeal also to a large section of the Hotel-going Public

CLARIDGE'S RESTAURANT, "Where the ARISTOCRACY of EUROPE and AMERICA ENTERTAIN."

MAGNIFICENT SUITES OF ROOMS,

all on Ground Floor and connected with the Beautiful Foyer, with Separate Entrance in Davies Street, Berkeley Square, suitable for WEDDING BREAKFASTS, BALLS, BANQUETS and other Private Entertainments.

CLARIDGE'S HOTEL IS UNDER THE SAME PROPRIETORSHIP AND DIRECTION AS THE SAVOY HOTEL AND THE BERKELEY HOTEL, LONDON.

RENAUD PIOVANELLI - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - Manager

Criticism

¶ Advertisements that appear in The New York Times are scrutinized to the end that no misleading or fraudulent ones may be admitted.

¶ The Times appreciates any information or criticism regarding any advertisement deemed unworthy.

¶ A reward of $100 will be paid by The New York Times to any person who gives information leading to the arrest and conviction of any one who has obtained money through a misleading or fraudulent advertisement printed in The New York Times.

LOST

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—$1,000 reward to finder for return of the leather bag and contents, including diamond butterfly and rope necklace of seed pearls, lost Feb. 22, in corridor of the Waldorf or on 5th Av., between 33d and 26th Sts. Address W. S. J., Box F 61 Times.

LOST.—Wednesday evening, March 8, in Metropolitan Opera House or at 39th St. entrance, a brooch, diamond and ruby bow knot, with pearl in centre. Liberal reward if returned to box office of Metropolitan Opera House or to Mrs. Sykes, 131 East 66th.

LOST—An odd gold filigree long drop earring on Saturday morning, between Altman's and 42d St., on 5th Av., or Broadway car to Bretton Hall. Return to Room 533, Bretton Hall.

LOST—Diamond and pearl earring, between 148th St., St. Nicholas Av., and 145th St. Broadway Subway station. Liberal reward if returned to Jung & Klitz, 1 Maiden Lane.

LOST—Friday, black purse, between 50th St. and 7th Av., Subway, and Nevins St., Brooklyn; reward. Miss M. Constantine, 471 Washington Av., Brooklyn.

LOST—Between Imperial Hotel and Altman's, gold lavalliere with green stones, baroque pearls. Return to seventh floor, 135 5th Av. Reward.

LOST—Brown fox fur on 151st St., between Amsterdam and Convent Avs., evening of March 10. Reward for return to Ker, 492 Convent Av.

LOST—Lady's open-face gold watch, with monograph, black ribbon fob and monogram attached; return to owner for reward. F 29 Times.

LOST—Saturday, on 3d Av. trolley, between 57th and 42d Sts., registered letter, addressed George Roussos, care Jonidis; return to address on letter; banks stop payment on check.

LOST—On Friday, purse containing bracelet of sentimental value; gold, with 5 diamonds; $75 to finder. Mrs. Golden, 542 West 149th St.

LOST.—Diamond necklace, 5 drops, 6 small diamonds, between 55th, 7th Av., 45th, 5th Av.; liberal reward. Le Counte, 159 West 45th St.

LOST—Gold safety match box marked "B. F. W.," in the vicinity of West 116th St.; liberal reward. Telephone 1702—Cortlandt.

LOST—Photographs of animals lost in moving; reward. Reilly, American Museum of Natural History, West 77th St.

LOST—Lady's gold watch, Thursday; monogram "E. M. A." Return Antonius, 557 West 124th St. Reward.

LOST—Small pearl, sapphire brooch, Wednesday, Subway or Hotel Astor; reward. 20 West 126th St.

LOST—Lynx scarf, Friday, in taxicab, between Park Place, 73d; reward. Bell, 101 West 73d St.

LOST—On 115th St., between Lenox and 8th Avs., set of keys; reward. Grace Gaffney, 8th Av. and 115th St. Drug store.

LOST—March 12, between West 81st and 77th Sts., gold oval buckle pin with blue belt; reward. Dickerson, 142 West 77th St.

LOST—Near 131st St., Lenox Av., black bag on March 9; reward. Schramm, 53 West 131st.

LOST—Gold fob, monogram "J. F. K."; reward. Cashier, 579 Columbus Av.

IF PERSON who has Jurgensen watch, 10,271, taken from room, Majestic Hotel, will communicate with A. L. Martin, 34 Times, reward; no questions asked.

REWARD.—If person who took suit of clothes from Locker 81, Room M, 69th Regiment Armory, Saturday afternoon, will return card case, with contents, eyeglasses, and knife, he may keep money in clothes, receive reward, and no questions asked. Culver, 264 West 57th St.

LOST AND FOUND. CATS, DOGS

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—March 8, black cocker spaniel, 10 months old, answering to name Rajah. Return S. B. Scudder, 65 Central Av., Tompkinsville, S. I. Reward.

LOST—Collie dog, at 71st St. and Central Park West, on Tuesday; name and address on collar. Return to 8 East 43d St.; reward.

LOST—On March 9, French bull; answers name Buster; liberal reward. Binder, 1,068 Simpson St.; Simpson St. Subway station.

LOST—White bull terrier, brindle left eye. Reward return to Stanhope, Bartholdi Inn, 45th St. and Broadway.

LOST—Sunday, Angora cat; male, black and yellow stripes; answers to name of "Boy"; liberal reward. Prentice, 160 East 64th St.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

FOUND

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

FOUND, March 10.—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO. HUDSON TUBES. Apply 137 Christopher St.: Pin, portfolio, hand bag, book, bag, keys, overshoes, silk, 5 packages, 4 umbrellas.

FOUND, March 11.—N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: Muff, 2 packages, 10 umbrellas, 2 pairs rubbers, veil, pin, book.

FOUND, March 11.—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Package, pipe.

FOUND, March 11.—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.: Seven umbrellas, 1 coat, 5 packages, handbag.

FOUND, March 10.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City: Six umbrellas, pocketbook, pair rubbers, glove, overcoat, birdcage, violin, parrot cage, package underwear. March 11—Overalls, tobacco pouch, pair mittens.

FOUND, March 11.—NEW PENNSYLVANIA STATION. Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av.: Rubbers. In Long Island City: Two packages. Long Island Train: Rubbers. Penn. train: Cane, umbrella. Long Island Train: Mail, file, telephone book, roll of plans, envelope. Long Island Train, Pullman: Black, red, 1 slipper, hair brush in tube, gloves, 2 umbrellas, comb and brush, pajamas, soapdish, shoes, rubbers.

BUSINESS NOTICES

30c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

FAC-SIMILIE TYPEWRITTEN LETTERS of the highest quality are produced on the Printograph by hundreds or thousands that cannot be distinguished from actual typewritten letters. If you do not have enough work to warrant your buying a machine, we will Printograph your letters promptly in any quantities desired. Printograph Sales Co., 350 Broadway.

Multigraph Typewritten Letters—300, $1.20; 1,000, $1.50; 10,000, $8, delivered promptly. Samples submitted; addressing; filling in; classy signatures; work must be best produced —satisfactory to you; try me. Telephone 6564 Morningside. William Gray, 120 West 116th St.

Start a mail order business and prosper; valuable pointers free; plans furnished. Advertising Company, P. O. Box 1,615, New York.

HELP WANTED
Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

Domestic.

MISS BRINKLEY,
EMPLOYMENT AGENCY,
4 and 6 East 42d St. Tel. 6892—Bryant.

Competent, thoroughly trained servants supplied after careful, personal investigation of references; temporary servants for dinners, receptions, children's parties, &c. Circular sent on request.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

30c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

UNPARALLELED OPPORTUNITY.

Two young men who in seven years by unusually untiring, conscientious effort have developed an extensive manufacturing business, with phenomenal margin of profit, find themselves temporarily embarrassed financially through expanding extensively and taking on several contracts requiring larger outlay than capital can carry to completion, about three months hence. Business was first copartnership and with continued growth made a corporation, when several friends of limited means bought nominal interest. With disposition to meet this critical gap and protect the business for stockholders and creditors regardless of sacrifice to ourselves, will give to the Company our holdings of more than control to place immediately with man of high standing, integrity, and ability. Will continue to give same true, untiring service to business as heretofore, and at end of six months or year trust to purchaser to adjust matters fairly.

This is an opportunity for the man seeking association for self or son in an established business, with plant, equipment, and organization, efficiently operating to reap the result of labor and experience of the first and hardest years. To allow time for fullest investigation and still get instant requirements, will give mortgage covering value of several times immediate needs.

Best bank and other references for both individuals and corporation. Appointments made in order of replies received, with principals only. Unparalleled, Box F 64 Times.

MANUFACTURERS of a safety starting crank for automobiles and motor boats require sales managers and salesmen for this and other territories. You must purchase from 1 to 500 cranks, according to territory, and pay spot cash; no credit. All unsold devices are returnable. $5,000 annually easily earned. Our crank is recommended by every accident insurance company, as it positively prevents cranking accidents. N. K., 319 Times.

AVIATION.

Partner wanted, established New York business; must have few thousand dollars in cash; exceptional opportunity to enter a profitable, legitimate, safe concern, doing steady business; one wishing to enter aviation preferred; principals must state full particulars and amount can invest. Aviation, F 67 Times.

Advertiser has secured valuable concession for new amusement device at Coney Island's largest park; $30,000 additional required for installation; estimated profits very high. F 63 Times.

A reliable patent for sale, confined to ladies' wear, patented and sale agented all over the world. K. C., 353 5th Av., Room 309.

Established manufacturer wants a dress designer as partner; must invest $2,000 to $3,000. D 162 Times.

HELP WANTED, FEMALE

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A NEW BOND proposition; rate seller; leads; closing assistant; woman of character wanted who can deliver the goods. Hustler, F 49 Times.

CASHIER.—Young lady for cashier; references. Schrafft's, 54 West 23d St.

COOK, &c.—German cook, chambermaid, waitress; city or country; excellent references. Albany Agency, 20 East 33d St.

DRESSMAKERS ON FINE BONED COSTUMES, WAISTS AND SKIRTS; HIGHEST PRICES PAID; LONG SEASON; THOSE HAVING WORKED IN WHOLESALE HOUSE PREFERRED; COME PREPARED TO WORK. APPLY ALL WEEK, JULIUS STEIN CO., 5TH AV., NORTHWEST CORNER 21ST.

HIGH GRADE SALESWOMAN wanted to sell bonds; leads furnished. Address, Opportunity, F 47 Times.

LADIES with business ability, who can spare three (3) hours daily wishing to have a source of good income, selling high-class bonds. Write Profitable, F 50 Times.

OPERATORS ON LADIES' NECKWEAR; ONLY THOSE THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED NEED APPLY; ELECTRIC POWER. WM. TREVOR, 507 BROADWAY.

SALES GIRLS experienced in confectionery; references. Schrafft's, 54 West 23d St.

STENOGRAPHER.—By publishing house, stenographer operating Remington machine; must be well educated, rapid, and careful; reply in own handwriting, stating age, experience, and the compensation desired. F 58 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and Underwood operator; rapid at machine; must be good grammarian and English scholar; only those who can come to work Monday need apply; state experience and salary. F 60 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, well educated. C. K. Blatchly, 105 East 22d St.

TYPIST.—Educated, refined girl typist wanted; will be taught shorthand; salary starting, $5. Room 402, 509 5th Av.

WANTED—Swedish girl for general housework; references required; carfare paid. Hanson, 33 Highland Av., Yonkers N. Y.

WANTED—A nurse; conscientious and clean. Golden, 542 West 149th St.

HELP WANTED, MALE

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ASSISTANT for music publishing house, used to serving at counter; state age and wages required. D 134 Times.

BANK CLERKS wanted to inactive and indirect sale of bonds; large returns for little work; references required. Security, F 48 Times.

BOOKKEEPING TEACHER—For large classes. Commercial School, 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn, 'Phone 660—East New York.

BOY for stock work in large dry goods commission house; exceptional opportunity for advancement. Address, stating age, qualifications, and salary desired, K, P. O. Box 197, New York.

BROAD-GUAGED MAN wanted to sell bonds; live leads furnished; men, who are now making good where now employed, will have golden future; call mornings, 9-10:30. Eastman Realty Co., Marbridge Bldg., 1,328 Broadway, City.

CAN YOU FURNISH TEAM AND WAGON?

WANTED—Responsible young men, who are able to furnish team and wagon, to sell on commission to farmers, the best line of household necessities, for the oldest, largest, and most responsible company of the kind in the world. About two thousand salesmen are now working, earning on the average over $100 per month net, clear of all expenses. Net earnings of best men, over $300 per month. Two million farmers now using these thoroughly advertised goods. Established 1868. Capital $2,000,000. Address The J. R. Watkins Co., 113 South Gay St., Baltimore, Md.

LAWYERS wanted for editorial work; entire time required; good briefers preferred; salary $15 to start. Give full particulars. A 280 Times Downtown.

LIVE WIRE MEN wanted to sell bonds; live leads furnished; future for good men assured; references. F 46 Times.

MANUFACTURERS of a safety starting crank for automobiles and motor boats require sales managers and salesmen for this and other territories. You must purchase from 1 to 500 cranks, according to territory, and pay spot cash; no credit. All unsold devices are returnable. $5,000 annually easily earned. Our crank is recommended by every accident insurance company, as it positively prevents cranking accidents. N. K., 287 Times.

MEN WANTED—Age 18-35, for firemen, $100 monthly, and brakemen, $80, on New York and other railroads; experience unnecessary; no strike; positions guaranteed competent men; promotion; railroad employing headquarters—over 400 men sent to positions monthly; state age; send stamp. Railway Association, Dept. 554, 227 Monroe St., Brooklyn.

MEN WANTED—North American Accident, largest Western company, $500,000, wants successful managers, agents; $1 monthly insures men's wages against lost time from accident, sickness; rare opportunity; salary, commission. See Mr. Creamer, Room 2,082 Metropolitan Building.

MECHANICAL RETOUCHER wanted at once. Send samples, and state wages and how soon you can come. Publicity Engraving Co., 601 Bailey Farrell Building, Pittsburg, Penn.

MESSENGER BOY for music publishing house; wage $5 weekly. D 133 Times.

OPERATOR, with some experience on typewriter billing machine; must be bright and accurate; advancement to right party; state age, experience, references, and salary expected. Address Box 69, Station O.

REAL ESTATE SALESMAN.—Capable of selling high class seashore houses and plots in established resort. Room 59, No. 11 Wall St.

REALTY SALESMAN, for small cheap plots on Long Island; splendid proposition and highest commission. Suite 515-35 Nassau St.

RIGHT MEN to handle new auto necessity; big field for those knowing owners. Write E. A. Ford, 1,133 Broadway, for territory.

SALESMEN, to show small lines, popular price, children's colored dresses, to large trade in city and vicinity; only those with established trade need apply. E 268 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN with insurance experience, willing to work conscientiously, can make permanent connections; small, steadily increasing income. Schuyler, 367 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN WANTED.—Specialty, silk and fancy silk goods house; might put out a few side lines in Western territory to good salesman. Broadway, 264 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Men over 25 to act as salesmen and collectors; must come well recommended; good-paying, steady position. 277 Broadway, Room 601. Ask for Mr. Routh.

SALESMAN to sell Waltham watches on installments; $1 down, $1 weekly; big money; experience unnecessary. United Watch Co., 154 Nassau St.

SALESMAN wanted for good established real estate and brokerage business; good opportunity for right man. Berger & Co., 12 East 42d St.

Salesman to represent established skirt and dress house; cover Middle West and East. Address Box A, 259 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN WANTED for children's dresses; one who has been with a children's dress house; city only. F 55 Times.

TEACHER OF BOOKKEEPING for large classes, commercial school, 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. 'Phone 660—East New York.

WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY—Able-bodied unmarried men between the ages of 18 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read, and write the English language. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 25 3d Av., 749 6th Av., New York City; 363 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.; 47 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J., or any recruiting station.

WANTED—A man who is familiar with the oxygen welding process to operate a plant at Savannah, Ga.; state salary expected and what experience. P. O. Box 9, Savannah, Ga.

WANTED—A man who is familiar with the oxygen welding process, to operate a plant at Savannah, Ga.; state salary expected and what experience. P. O. Box 9, Savannah, Ga.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN EXPERIENCED IN FOREIGN TRADE AND CONDITIONS; BEST REFERENCES REQUIRED. F 5 TIMES.

SITUATIONS WANTED, FEMALE

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ANOTHER CUSTOMER WANTED by respectable woman; day's work at washing or cleaning. Mrs. Jackson, 1,368 Brook Av.

BANKS

can procure services of a party for investigations; attorney; high-class, dignified and quiet, but thorough and accomplishes results; goes any State; highest references in New York. Banks, A 237 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT or general office work with knowledge of stenography; experienced, accurate, reliable; can also operate Elliott-Fisher billing machine; best references from former employers. D 170 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Bright, accurate, reliable; 5 years' experience; competent to take entire charge; understands office work thoroughly; excellent references from former employers; $15. D 171 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 17, bright, accurate, moderate salary, wishes chance. Abramson, 329 Williams Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert double entry; trial balances; complete charge; A1 references; $15. D 113 Times.

COMPANION or attendant to party going to Germany; educated German woman wishes such a position; speaks a little English; references. Wilde, care of Von Ende, 100 West 162d St.

CARETAKER.—Two adults, German, would take care of a house during Summer months; best references. Address F., 263 West 125th St.

COMPANION.—A capable young Englishwoman as companion to elderly or delicate lady; references. F 38 Times.

COMPANION.—German, refined, educated, musical; highest references. Miss Born, 235 East 60th St.

COOK wishes position private family; first-class references; $50 to $60. 156 East 46th St.

DAY'S WORK.—Few more customers for laundry work or cleaning; laundry work at home if preferred; references. Mrs. Barnstoff, 206 St. Ann's Av.

DAY'S WORK wanted by capable young woman; thorough and responsible. Mrs. McCullough, 320 East 156th St.

DRESSMAKER.—Experienced woman wants customers by the day or at home; moderate; good references. Mrs. A. M. Foskey, 152 West 132d St.

DRESSMAKER.—All fine work; style, fit, and satisfaction; reasonable; home preferred. Roka, 20 West 47th St.

ENERGETIC YOUNG WOMAN desires plain washing at home; outdoor drying; reference. Mrs. Tracy, 250 East 98th St., 2d floor back.

EXPERT STENOGRAPHER, mining and literary experience; can take highly technical dictation; wishes position as secretary. Stenographer, 415 Times Dtowntown.

GIRL, 15½ years old, very anxious to continue her studies, would like employment after 3 o'clock; prefers to work Sundays instead of Saturdays. Address (T. G.) F. B. Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

GOVERNESS.—Refined, cultured English governess, wide experience, desires to take care of and educate grown child; English, music, elementary French, sewing; good reference. Apply to M. L. H., 408 West 23d St.

HOUSEKEEPER.—German widow, excellent caterer, plain sewing, as housekeeper in first-class small family, where few servants are kept; country only. Advertiser, 283 East 60th St.

HOUSEKEEPER.—By American woman as housekeeper, small hotel, business people, or elderly couple; any city or town; reference. H. M., 167 Hall St., Brooklyn.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Doctor's daughter thrown on her own resources would like position as housekeeper in refined family. D 138 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER.—By refined New England woman, excellent cook, as housekeeper; reference. A. A., 617 6th Av.

INSTITUTION WORK.—Woman of experience, charge of children, or assistant any capacity. Address "S. A.," 104 East 14th St.

LAUNDRY WORK.—One or two more customers wanted by young German woman; work done in own home if desired. Busse, 308 East 135th St.

MUSIC STUDENT desires to occupy afternoons in care of children; upper West Side; best references. M 129 Times.

NURSE.—Understands osteopathy, semi-invalid; German; speaks English, French; references. Nurse, 2,117 8th Av.

PRIVATE SECRETARY.—By a particularly competent business woman; able stenographer, first-class bookkeeper and correspondent; accustomed to holding responsible and confidential position. Address F. M. B., 11 Times.

RESPECTABLE YOUNG MARRIED WOMAN desires 2 or 3 light family washes; outdoor drying; decent neighborhood; good work. Mrs. Walsh, 242 East 94th St.

RESPECTABLE WIDOW, busy during rest of week, desires regular customer for Saturday of each week; references; cleaning preferred. Mrs. Barrow, 240 East 94th St., 1st floor.

RESPECTABLE WOMAN, good references, desires steady place at day's work. Mrs. Cople, 338 East 96th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience; competent to take entire charge of correspondence; understands office work thoroughly; excellent references from former employers; $15. Capable, 257 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Excellent speller; understands office work; good education; operates machine quickly, neatly; excellent references; $8. Proficient, 258 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—General office assistant; three years' experience; neat, rapid, accurate; anxious to locate; references; $10. Miss M., 256 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST, BOOKKEEPER—Somewhat experienced; references. Stenograph, 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn, 'Phone 660 —East New York.

STENOGRAPHER—Capable handling correspondence, without dictation; first-class; reliable; references. Substantial, 231 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Limited experience, educated, apt and willing; quick, accurate figurer. Anxious, 250 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly capable; no dictation too difficult; first-class references. Thorough, 249 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Seven years' experience; absolutely reliable; best references. Competent, 219 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, (17,) Erasmus Hall graduate; extreme accuracy rather than speed. A 222 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert wishes extra evening and holiday work; legal or secretarial. F 71 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—(Assistant bookkeeper if required;) experienced; A1 reference; $16, $18. Wallace, 164 8th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, bookkeeper, somewhat experienced, best references, wishes chance. Address Stenographer, 1,731 Pitkin Av. 'Phone 660 East New York.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, expert, desires work from literary people; several years' experience all branches literary work; hours to suite. D 94 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Capable, educated; experienced engineering, banking; $15. Saunders, Room 1,611, 27 William St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; would start at $8, with chance for advancement. Prompt, 236 Times Downtown.

STRONG GERMAN WOMAN, willing and capable, wishes laundry work or cleaning; references. Mrs. Vogel, 282 St. Ann's Av.

WORK BY THE DAY.—Housework and washing; references. Mrs. Larenz, 114 East 30th St.

YOUNG WOMAN of education, adaptability, a good writer, desires position in advertising or mail order department of first-class publishing company; state salary and what chances of advancement; satisfactory references. C. E., 288 East 10th St.

YOUNG FRENCH WOMAN wishes general housework in small family; sleeps home; speaks no English; references. Louge, 294 7th Av.

YOUNG MARRIED WOMAN desires a few steady customers in day's work; good laundress and cleaner; references. Mrs. Malbey, 214 East 88th St.

SITUATIONS WANTED, MALE

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ACCOUNTANT. AUDITOR.
HERMANN E. GOLDSCHMIDT.
High grade. Moderate. References.
150 Nassau St. Phone Beekman 4317.

ACCOUNTANT CERTIFIED.
All branches of work.
Moderate charges.
Room 1,317, 320 Broadway. Phone Worth—1819.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259—Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT, bookkeeper; books opened, audited, system installed; firm not employing bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Accountant, Room 184, 280 Broadway. Tel. 2825 Worth.

ACCOUNTANT.—Examines accounts, simplifies systems, keeps books written up, makes up profit-loss, business statements. George Christie, 863 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, disentangled, periodically posted; reliable service; moderate charges; highest references. Barnet, Room 101, 65 Nassau St. 'Phone 2547 Cortlandt.

A GENTLEMAN (38) acquainted with conditions here, and also with Berlin, Germany, would like to find position as representative or otherwise. Able to correspond, stenograph and typewrite in both languages and keep books, &c. A 252 Times Downtown.

AMERICAN of 42, with wide experience, generally acknowledged as a leader and high authority in his present business, will consider executive position in high-class house where there is prospect of advancement or partnership. Address American, 950 6th Av.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, double entry, and French correspondent, desires position all or part of day; good certificates. G. R., 32 Clarkson St.

ATTORNEY, few years' experience out of city, desires position in real estate office or as secretary to person of affairs. F 19 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, by a thorough and practical accountant; over 18 years' experience in mercantile and manufacturing corporation; trial balances opening and closing; financial reports; competent to take entire charge; salary, $30; speaks German. Mecca, D 163 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.—Invoice, entry, or order clerk; young man, very highly recommended; good penman; experienced, rapid, accurate, and reliable; best references, character, ability. E. M., 145 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, &c.—Young man, 19, recent graduate High School Commerce, knowledge of bookkeeping, stenography, typewriting, looking for opening with future. F 56 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, OFFICEMAN.—Take full charge costs; operate typewriter; long experience; references; moderate salary. Couch, 39 West 60th St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Assistant, (19,) Christian; books closed, trial balance, statement, &c.; best of reference. Address F. Prawdzechi, 703 Columbus Av.

BOY, 16 years old; two years' High School education; ambitious and willing; quick at figures; literary ability; desires position with a large firm; publishing house preferred. Address (A. B.) F. B. Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

BOY, 15 years old; Public School graduate; bright and reliable; attending High School; desires position after school hours. Address (A. S.) F. B. Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

BOY, 15 years old; neat and willing; would like position as office boy in a wholesale house. Address (L. S.) F. B. Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

BOY, 16 years old, desires work on a farm; experienced. Address (D. S.) F. B. Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

BOY, (15,) has High School education, would like position in an office. Address L. Scholl, 438 West 40th St.

BUILDING LINE.—Position wanted as outside representative; 15 years' experience soliciting architects, builders, &c. Address Plans, F 20 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, (27,) expert mechanic, used to touring in Europe, speaking several languages, wishes private position; references. G. Brose, 244 West 52d St.

CHAUFFEUR, ex-coachman, 35, single, wishes position about the 1st of April; best of references; city or country. Carlson, 405 West 48th.

CHAUFFEUR, 30, single, Swede, wishes position with private family; 7 years' experience; mechanic, 4 years' road; 2½ years with last employer; good references. G. C., 102 West 61st St., care of Herlisan.

CHAUFFEUR.—White, single, (23,) 6 years' experience on American and foreign cars, best references, wishes position with private family. Carl Horn, 204 West 118th St., Tel. 543—Morningside.

CHAUFFEUR and COACHMAN.—By a Swede; single, strictly sober, honest; careful driver; city or country; best references. Johnson, care Carlson, 478 Dean St., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR.—35; married; careful driver; do own repairs; first-class worker; clean habits, sober, honest; best references; city only; $15 a week. F 65 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Lady giving up her car wishes to recommend her chauffeur as a competent driver. Address M., 210 East 84th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young man, 27, single; two years' driving experience; willing to travel. R. Donovan, 565 Amsterdam Av.

CHAUFFEUR.—Practical mechanic; Simplex, Fiat; first-class reference. J. K., 736A Union St., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR wants position; have driven high-powered foreign and American cars; references. F 39 Times.

COLLECTOR—Energetic; knows collecting thoroughly; will produce results; moderate salary. Collector, 1,047 Westchester Av.

COLLEGE MAN desires position evenings. A. H. B., 276 4th Av.

COLLECTOR.—Young man, 21, thoroughly experienced as bank messenger, desires position as collector of city or suburban accounts; good references. W. Kellett, 942 Bloomfield St., Hoboken, N. J.

COMPETENT MAN DESIRES TO REPRESENT AND TRAVEL FOR REPUTABLE CONCERN; COMPENSATION IMMATERIAL. F 36 TIMES.

COOK.—By a first-class Japanese cook for family. Tama, 798 Lexington Av.

DETECTIVE, (licensed,) accepting day's pay; recommended highly; confidential service. Frederick Wagner, 162 East 86th.

DRAUGHTSMAN (mechanical) seeks position; good tracer; understands making details from sketches to scale. F 27 Times.

DRIVER.—Careful and experienced driver of large trucks wants work; steady and reliable; good references. O. Peterson, 199 Avenue A.

EXPERIENCED RENT COLLECTOR, thoroughly reliable, seeks position; excellent references. Jos. Newell, 95 Cook St., Brooklyn.

EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHER wants position in lawyer's or banker's office. Remington, Goodkind, F 1 Times.

GARDENER, German, (39,) wishes position, married, no children; experienced in lawn shrubs, flowers, fruit, vegetables, and greenhouse; good references. Advertiser, 101 Madison St., Jamaica, L. I.

GARDENER.

Dutch couple (no children) want a position; a gentleman's country place (no farm) preferred; cottage; best references. F 57 Times.

GARDENER and useful man; understands garden and housework. Gardener, 241 3d Av.

HALL MAN.—Man, 34, wants position as elevator hall man; references. F. Conlon, 130 1st Av.

JUNIOR LAW CLERK desires position in law office; knowledge of stenography; law school graduate. Address M. D. F., 246 Times Downtown.

MASSEUR, graduated Sweden, with thorough knowledge of massage, open for engagement. D 148 Times.

MASSEUR.—Highest medical indorsement Brown, 203 West 78th St. Telephone 7665—Schuyler.

ORGANIST AND CHOIRMASTER, large experience, recent university connection, desires post May 1. F 12 Times.

OUT-OF-TOWN NEWSPAPERS.

Young man of twelve years' experience in advertising and business offices of metropolitan dailies, wants position on newspaper in small city near New York. F 41 Times.

ORGANIST and choirmaster; can furnish A1 reference. Address James Estes, 192 South Ninth St., Brooklyn.

PACKER and DRIVER.—By young man, 18; two years in last position; good references. John Funk, 437 East 16th St.

PAINTER and PAPERHANGER.—Expert workman; references. Davis, 731 East 224th St., Williamsbridge.

PAINTER, paperhanger; Christian; mechanic; city or country; with good firm. Sellmann, 241 West 19th St.

PLUMBER.—Thorough knowledge of trade, reliable and capable, wants work. Burke, 366 Cypress Av.

POSITION in office by active man (40;) educated. F 66 Times.

REPORTER, (25,) credit investigator; expert stenographer; successful collector in procuring past due accounts; nine years' experience; $20. Hustler, D 167 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man (24) who understands the lace business thoroughly, as salesman or as charge of stock or sample department, where advancement is certain; 7 years with last employer. A 253 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Four years with large city house; age 30, married; have done specialty work; acquainted drug and grocery trade, wholesale and retail. F 62 Times.

SALESMAN, traveling 15 years, furs, wishes immediately side line, skirt or ladies' waist house. Salesman, 1,418 5th Av.

SALESMAN.—Young man, 21; A1 references. J., 443 Amsterdam Av.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER, (19,) thorough knowledge of bookkeeping; high school education; experienced; references; $12 desired. M. K., 240 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, (25;) thoroughly competent, accurate, rapid, reliable; highest references. F 52 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Expert, 7 years' experience, hustler, seeks change. Willard, 536 State St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, bookkeeper; several months' experience; best references. Levine, 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. 'Phone 660—East New York.

STENOGRAPHER—Energetic, reliable, possessing first-class references, desires position offering advancement. X. L., 238 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, experienced, at present employed, desires to make a change; references; salary $17. F 6 Times.

THOROUGH BUSINESS MAN, WITH TEN YEARS' MANUFACTURING EXPERIENCE, NOW MANAGER OF NEW YORK CORPORATION ABOUT TO DISCONTINUE BUSINESS, DESIRES SUBSTANTIAL PERMANENT CONNECTION IN ANY MERCANTILE LINE. D 115 TIMES.

VALET, MASSEUR.—Englishman; age 31; thoroughly experienced; good references; disengaged. Friden, 326 East 58th St.

WILL TRAVEL ABROAD with ailing person; highest medical and private indorsement. Brown, 203 West 78th St., Tel. Schuyler—7665.

YOUNG MAN, energetic, educated, experienced, desires responsible opening with mercantile or manufacturing house in or out of town; this is a good opportunity to get in touch with a high-grade man. Box 182 Times, 80 B'way.

YOUNG MAN, 18 years old; knowledge of bookkeeping; tall; neat; two years City College education; wishes office, clerical, or other work; best references. Address (J. W.) F. B. Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

YOUNG MAN, 20, well educated, desires a promising situation with a mercantile or manufacturing concern. L. Roberts, 289 Vermont St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 22 years old, college education, business experience, wishes a position in a successful business (mercantile preferred) to learn the business and where there are bright prospects; ambitious, have confidence, and of good address; can furnish the best of references; willing to start on moderate salary. F 31 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (28,) single, culture, and refinement, desires position as companion or private secretary to anyone in or out of New York. A 234 Times downtown.

YOUNG MAN, experienced all branches of building, wishes position with a builder or construction company; references. Address W. V., 472 Tremont Av.

YOUNG MAN, honorably discharged from navy, desires position at anything. F 53 Times.

YOUNG MAN, temperate, desires position as elevator runner. Rogers, 308 East 44th St.

YOUNG MAN, 19, wishes position at anything; first-class references furnished. F 51 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED
Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, BOOKKEEPERS, STENOGRAPHERS. High-Grade Office Helpers Office Service Co. (Agency) 50 Pine St. Tel. 3167 John

Domestic.

CHARLES WILSON, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224 Plaza. Agency for competent, reliable help.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

HOUSEWORKERS, cooks, chambermaids; good references; city, country. Henderson's, 110 West 134th St. Telephone 486—Morningside.

OLD DOMINION Employment Agency, 88 West 134th.—Bond, $1,000; guaranteed colored help. 1119—Harlem.

RELIABLE Hungarian, German, Polish help; references thoroughly investigated. Roth's, 170 East 3d St. 2508—Orchard.

SHEPHERD AGENCY, 107 West 133d St.; tel. 6,916 Morningside.—Domestic help furnished; male, female; references.

BOARDERS WANTED

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

$25 AND UP PER WEEK FOR TWO PEOPLE INCLUDES ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ELECTRIC-LIGHTED SUITE OF PARLOR, BEDROOM AND PRIVATE TILED BATHROOM, PRIVATE TELEPHONE, AND DELICIOUSLY PREPARED HOTEL MEALS.

Conveniently located in beautiful nearby suburb only 35 minutes from Broadway. McAdoo tube trains direct to Broadway.

Start out to-day determined to actually visit the above. Stop on your way at Room 1,814, No. 303 Fifth Av., cor. 31st St., for free tickets. Costs nothing to investigate. A postal brings illustrated booklet.

Downtown Office booth, No. 24, Concourse Floor, Hud. Term. Bldg., Cortlandt St.

5TH AV., 46.—Well furnished back parlor bedroom, bath; other rooms; board; table guests.

22D ST., 327 WEST, The Elm.—Choice double and single rooms; bountiful table; will make special rate to fill few vacancies; references.

26TH ST., 33 WEST.—Desirable large, double rooms, with private bath; excellent table; telephone service.

39TH ST., 57 WEST.—Board and rooms for persons with reliable references; Southern home.

44TH ST., 214 WEST.
Good rooms, with good board; 'phone; references.

46TH ST., 309 WEST.—Large sunny room; quiet, comfortable surroundings; bountiful table; home cooking; reasonable.

48TH ST., 117 WEST.—Large single rooms; private baths; house, table strictly first-class; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—Large and single rooms; back parlor with extension; first class.

68TH ST., 70 WEST.—Attractive suite for party of gentlemen; also one large room; American home; superior table; convenient to L, Subway and Broadway lines.

68TH ST., 56 WEST.—Spacious back parlor, handsomely furnished; private bath; electric light; select house and location; hot water plant; attentive service.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.
ROOMS AND TABLE BOARD.

68TH ST., 67 WEST.
'PHONE COLUMBUS 4418.

69TH ST., 103 WEST.—Large room, private bath; home cooking; also other rooms; telephone.

72D ST., 210 WEST.—LARGE, SMALL ROOMS, PRIVATE BATH; WITHIN 20 FEET OF SUBWAY, STAGE, OR SURFACE CAR.

72D ST., 242 WEST.—Handsome large room, private bath; well-appointed house; references exchanged.

76TH ST., 105 WEST.—Large room with board for two; table guests accommodated.

76TH ST., 239 WEST.—Newly furnished, decorated; private bath; hot water day and night; parlor dining; excellent table; table guests; telephone; Gentiles.

76TH, 249 WEST.—Desirable front, sunny single room; parlor dining; references.

79TH ST., 132 WEST.—Special Summer prices; three houses connected; newly decorated; just opened; all new furniture and carpet; rooms en suite and singly; private bath; telephone in all rooms; smoking room; small tables in cheerful dining room; table guests; references requested.

79TH, 185 WEST.—Table board, rooms; reference.

79TH ST., 121 WEST.—Rooms with board; high-grade; reasonable prices.

80TH ST., 141-143 WEST.—Desirable rooms, large, medium; southern exposure; board optional; moderate; references.

80TH ST., 150-152 WEST.—Desirable room; special inducement to permanent people; parlor, dining, telephone.

80TH ST., 154 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; superior table board; near Subway; reasonable.

81ST ST., 118 WEST.—Single rooms; convenient neighborhood; table guests; Southern cooking.

82D ST., 74 WEST.—One newly furnished large room, second floor; parlor dining room.

83D ST., 55 WEST.—Newly decorated rooms; all accommodations; good home cooking; telephone.

84TH ST., 51 WEST.—Elegant front parlor, suitable two; excellent French cuisine; table guests accommodated.

96TH ST., 61 WEST.—Rooms with board; parlor dining room; reasonable.

102D ST., 248 WEST.—Home of refinement, aristocratic neighborhood, offer exceptional accomodation for couple; boarding house atmosphere eliminated; excellent table; convenient Subway.

106TH, 76 WEST.—Double room, single room; exceptional table; refined company; references; reasonable; Southerners.

113TH ST., 560 WEST.—Large rooms, beautifully furnished; medium and single rooms; table a specialty.

114TH ST., 528 WEST.—Table board; most excellent cuisine; refined private home.

117TH, 407 WEST.—Ideal location; large room; lavatory; small room; excellent table; Broadway Subway.

121ST ST., 417 WEST.—Comfortable room; up-to-date apartment; all conveniences; telephone; $8; with breakfast, $4.50. Miller.

121ST ST., 150 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, connecting, separately; superior location; fine table; telephone; moderate.

137TH ST., 257 WEST.—Modern private house; homelike; convenient; new furniture; rooms, suites; board optional.

145TH ST., 613 WEST.—Large room, overlooking Hudson; running water; good board; telephone; moderate; references.

156TH ST., 540 WEST.—Sunny hall room, every home comfort; one block from Subway; excellent table; best Southern cooking; table boarders desired.

ACROPOLIS HOTEL, (519 West 123d St.)—Single or en suite; good table board.

ALLIANCE HOUSE, 258-260 WEST 44TH ST.—Small family hotel, centrally located; elevator and telephone service; baths and writing rooms on each floor; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; quiet place for quiet people. Telephone 793 Bryant.

WEST END AV., 240.—Nicely furnished room; excellent board; refined home; table board; references.

East Side.

16TH ST., 132 EAST.—Large adjoining rooms; elegant board; steam heat; references.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Newly furnished large and small rooms; exceptionally good board; telephone.

46TH ST., 147 EAST.—Nicely furnished, clean rooms, with excellent board; telephone.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE HEIGHTS, 11.—Two rooms, with excellent board; near Wall St.; overlooking water.

Country.

DOUGLASTON.—Douglas Manor Inn; comfortable, attractive, homelike; special Winter rates. Telephone Flushing 290.

ROCKHURST, Spuyten Duyvil-on-Hudson; 30 minutes; seventh year; home cooking; adults; references. Lesley.

FURNISHED ROOMS

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

9TH ST., 31 WEST.—Private house; superior accommodations; large rooms, single; references; transit facilities unsurpassed.

9TH ST., 41 WEST.—Very large, elegant rooms; private baths; every convenience; private house.

23D ST., 447 WEST.—Large and small room, southern exposure; every convenience; private family; reference.

27TH ST., 38 WEST.—Large and small rooms, newly decorated; well heated; private bath; reasonable.

34TH, 233 WEST.—Large and small front rooms, connecting, separately or together; board optional.

37TH ST., 68 WEST.—Large room; all conveniences; Southern guests accommodated; references.

38TH ST., 52 WEST.—Handsome, large, second floor room; moderate; other desirable rooms; excellent neighborhood.

45TH ST., 27 WEST, (near 5th Av.)—Large, newly furnished second floor front room with alcove, bath; also other rooms; references.

45TH ST., 45 WEST.—Large second-story front room; heated; gentlemen only; references required.

45TH ST., 232 WEST.—Parlor bedroom with private bath; nicely furnished; other cheerful rooms; reasonable.

46TH ST., 45 WEST.—Furnished rooms to let; gentlemen; references.

46TH ST., 2 WEST.—Beautiful, large room, with telephone; gentlemen; reference.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Large room, private bath; small room; 'phone; meals if desired.

55TH ST., 103 WEST.—Sunny room in quiet, refined surroundings; homelike, independent, and comfortable. Tappan.

58TH ST., 17 WEST.—Parlor floor, suitable for doctor; steam heat, electric light; private bath.

60TH ST., 22 WEST.—Parlor bedroom; bath; $30-$50 monthly; meals; Subway; elegantly kept.

68TH ST., 42 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms, in newly renovated house; very select neighborhood. 'Phone.

70TH ST., 273 WEST.—In beautifully kept private residence, room for gentleman; all modern conveniences.

70TH ST., 122 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large room, private bath; also small room.

75TH ST., 104 WEST.—Attractive back parlor, newly furnished; all conveniences; light business permitted.

75TH ST., 104 WEST.—Newly furnished hall room, bath adjoining; all conveniences; $2 and $3.

76TH ST., 57 WEST.—Desirable room; attractive neighborhood; all conveniences. Phone 8124 Schuyler.

77TH ST., 102 WEST.—Large front room, suitable two; also smaller rooms, southern exposure; private family.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Single rooms; southern exposure; parlor floor room; doctor's office or gentlemen.

79TH ST., 133 WEST.—Large front room; private bath; small rooms; parlor, doctor or dentist.

80TH ST., 163 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; modern apartments; all conveniences; Subway, "L." Sieg.

83D ST., 159 WEST.—Large room, running water, $3; board optional; telephone; one flight. Stanton.

83D ST., 161 WEST.—Large, airy front and back room, reasonable permanent party; convenient stations.

84TH ST., 111 WEST.—Suite of rooms; southern exposure; single room; running water; 'phone. Wolters.

85TH ST., 154 WEST.—Attractive alcove room, also hall room, for gentlemen, adults; American family; near Subway; reference required. 'Phone 4982 Riverside.

86TH ST., 310 WEST.
Desirable rooms, $3.50 to $10; references.

94TH ST., 137 WEST.—Second floor; private bath; exceptionally furnished; private family; chafing dish permitted.

94TH, 78 WEST.—Large room, comfortable, clean; southern exposure; convenient; telephone. Higham.

102D ST., 302 WEST.—Private house; large, comfortable, elegantly furnished room, with bath, suitable for married souple; select neighborhood; near Riverside Drive.

104TH ST., 254 WEST.—Private house; large room; all conveniences; reasonable; Broadway Subway station.

111TH ST., 529 WEST.—Large room; English family of two; home comforts; French spoken. Moore.

112TH ST., 251 WEST.—Single outside room, well furnished; apartment; refined family; gentleman. Stahl.

115TH ST., 606 WEST.—Two rooms, overlooking Columbia; block from Subway; reasonable. 7 Apartment East.

118TH, 414 WEST.—Large front room; kitchen privilege; elevator; call mornings or evenings. Smith.

124TH ST., 17 WEST.—Large, small room facing park; all home comforts; telephone; near Subway.

127TH AND CLAREMONT, (192,) near Riverside Drice, Apartment 18.—Attractive, bright, clean room; Subway; moderate.

137TH ST., 601 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; high-class apartment; private family, or adult; shower; Subway. Apartment 42.

137TH, 611 WEST.—Outside rooms; running water; Subway express corner; meals optional; telephone. Pierson.

187TH ST., 257 WEST.—Modern private house; homelike; convenient; new furniture; rooms, suites; board optional.

160TH ST., 540 WEST.—Large front room; one or two; private house; $6; board optional.

AA.— DOCTOR'S OFFICE.
Three large, elegantly furnished parlors; leather furniture, Oriental rugs, &c.; reasonable. 43 West 52d St., near 5th Av.

LENOX AV., 210.—Near Subway; comfortable, pleasant room; quiet, private house; gentlemen only; references.

OVERLOOKING HUDSON.—Elevator, electricity, telephone; beautiful rooms; meals optional, or exclusive kitchen privileges; reasonable. 562 West 148th St., corner Broadway. Apartment 61.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 843, (Corner 127th.)—Handsomely furnished, beautifully decorated suites, four, five rooms; elevator, telephone, electricity; silver, linen; $12, $15 weekly; furnished room, bath, kitchen, $5, $6.

WEST END AV., 534.—Second-floor front room, dressing room; other rooms; gentlemen; references.

East Side.

17TH ST., 113 EAST.—Light front room; smaller rooms; attractive those appreciate well-ordered house.

19TH ST., 105 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Large heated room; running water, electricity; telephone; reference. Rogers.

26TH ST., 102 EAST.—Newly furnished rooms, select elevator apartment; board optional; reasonable. Robinson.

29TH ST., 112 EAST.—Large and small newly furnished rooms, newly renovated, private house; suitable for 2 persons; heat, baths, telephone, hot, cold running water; reference.

29TH ST., 43 EAST.—First floor room, with extension; private or profession; small room; references.

33D ST., 15 EAST.—Handsomely furnished, newly renovated room for gentleman; private house; telephone.

37TH ST., 6 EAST.—Second-floor front, elegant salon, kitchenette, bath, from April 1 to Sept. 15. Chaffee Studio.

40TH ST., 5 WEST.—Richly furnished double, single rooms; electric light, private baths; hall service.

43D ST., 13 EAST, (opposite Hotel Manhattan.)—Large, attractive room; running water; also small room.

55TH ST., 55 EAST.—TWO LARGE ROOMS; BATH, ELECTRICITY; REFERENCE.

IRVING PLACE, 71.
Rooms, with private bath; board optional; telephone.

Brooklyn.

REMSEN ST., 165, near Subway.—Spotlessly clean, large or small rooms; all modern improvements; select neighborhood; moderate. Telephone Main—3227. Investigate.

SOUTH ELLIOTT PLACE, 53.—Elegant private house; nicely furnished rooms; near subway station; telephone.

APARTMENTS TO LET
Unfurnished

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

PARK SLOPE APARTMENTS,
$34-$36.
6 light rooms, bath, separate toilet, steam heat, hot water supply, telephone; 1½ blocks from Prospect Park. Apply 511 6th St., B'klyn.

A few desirable suites of 2 and 4 rooms, with bath, furnished or unfurnished, in high-class apartment house. Schuyler Arms, 307 West 98th St.

Beautiful and commodious ten-room apartment, (three bathrooms,) overlooking Central Park; finest view in New York. 2 West 86th St.

APARTMENTS TO LET
Furnished.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

Elegant large suite apartment, fourth floor, No. 402 San Remo, to sublet to Oct. 1 next at a sacrifice; $125 per month; possession March 18; rent free to April 1; one of the finest apartments in the San Remo Hotel, 74th St. and Central Park West. Call or write C. M. Beam, 1,269 Broadway.

72d St., few doors off Broadway; newly furnished exquisite bachelor apartment; two rooms, bath; leaving city; bargain; reference. D 172 Times.

Eight-room, furnished, all light, corner apartment to let until Oct. 1; rent, $150. Apply 248 West 105th St.

May 1st, cool, light, finely furnished apartment; three rooms; bath; kitchenette. 140 West 57th St.

FOR SALE.

30c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

SLIGHTLY used office furniture, desks, typewriters, mimeographs, safes, adding machines, time stamps, multigraphs, time recorders, cash registers. NATHAN'S, 4 White St.

LADIES' STYLISH SPRING COATS AND SUITS AT HALF RETAIL PRICES. ORIGINAL GARMENT CO., 416 ST. JAMES BUILDING, 26TH ST. AND BROADWAY.

High-grade office furniture, desks, tables partitions, telephone booths; new and slightly used, &c.; immense stock to select from. Budd & Co., 73 Spring St. Tel., Spring 5483.

Desks, partitions, telephone booths, tables, chairs, wardrobes, mirrors, wall fixtures, business furniture all kinds. Finn Bros., 59-63 Franklin. 358 Broadway.

PIANOS AND ORGANS

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 23c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

FACTORY SALE of pianos and piano players all this month; greatest bargains ever offered. Janssen, Southern Boulevard and Brown Place, Bronx.

PURCHASE AND EXCHANGE

30c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

HIGHEST PRICES for diamonds, pearls, old gold; established 1844. Mrs. Lynch's Son, 943 Broadway.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 18c. a line a day.

A PRIVATE FAMILY, NOW USING AUTOS, are very desirous of disposing of all their fine horses, also the children's PET PONIES; good homes desired; CARRIAGES have been used for both city and country; all kinds, by Brewster; harness by Martin & Martin; English riding saddles, robes, coachmen's outfits, pictures, stable ornaments; everything must be sold immediately regardless of cost or value. PRIVATE STABLE, 148 EAST 39th St., near Lexington Av.

For Sale—Two trucks and six horses, on account of ill-health; well equipped and doing a nice business in New York; no agents need apply. Address P. Schmidt, 2,415 8th Av., city.

WANTED, FARM HORSES.—Good, sound, heavy team for all kinds farm work; also large, heavy horse for use in cart. W. H. Pitkin, Congers, Rockland Co., N. Y.

TO SHOW HOW DRAMA CAME DOWN TO US

An Interesting Series of Lectures with Plays to Illustrate Them at The New Theatre.

MYSTERY PLAY TO BEGIN WITH

Then Shakespearean Drama and Sheridan Scenes as They Were First Presented—Pinero Play to Finish With.

The New Theatre announced last night that beginning next Monday it will give four afternoon performances illustrating the development of the English drama, with introductory lectures by Brander Matthews, Professor of Dramatic Literature at Columbia University. The performances will consist of scenes from plays of four periods, each being presented in the manner of its time. They will be given at 3:30 P. M. on Monday, March 27; Thursday, March 30; Monday, April 3, and Friday, April 7.

The idea of the series is to show by typical examples the progress of the English drama from its beginnings to the present, and in particular to illustrate the great influence in this development of the methods of staging customary at the different periods. These periods begin with the origin of the drama as religious festivals, and extend through the times of the mystery and miracle plays, the Elizabethan drama, the Shakespearean and old comedy periods, ending with the contemporary play.

At the first matinée will be presented "Noah's Flood," a mystery play, and "Nice Wanton," a morality. Prof. Matthews will lecture before each is presented. "Noah's Flood" dramatizes the biblical story of Noah and the ark, and will be given as originally enacted on a wagon or pageant representing an ark in crude form. This will be staged in the market place of an English country town. The drama belongs to the Chester series of mystery plays which were instituted in England at the end of the thirteenth century and continued to be played until 1577, or even later.

"Nice Wanton," which dates before 1553, will be shown as given by a band of strolling players who set up their own stage in the town and took up a collection at the close of the performance. The play itself is a crude and ingenuous dramatization of the text, "Spare the rod and spoil the child."

The second lecture will have to do with Shakespeare's time, and will be illustrated with Act II., Scene 1, and Act III., Scene 2, of "The Winter's Tale." This will be presented on The New Theatre's Elizabethan stage, which is as faithful a reproduction of the original as could be contrived in a modern theatre. The scenes will be played with practically the same cast as appeared when the drama was given at The New Theatre last Spring.

The old comedy period will be illustrated with the quarrel and screen scenes from "The School for Scandal." They will be set with the old-fashioned wings, flats, and sliding scenes, moving to the sound of the stage manager's whistle, exactly as they were at the time when the play was given in 1777. Smoking lamps, trimmed by flunkies, will serve for footlights, and the costumes will be historically correct.

Scenes from Pinero's "The Thunderbolt" will be used to show how plays of the contemporary period are staged and enacted. "The Thunderbolt" was selected as a fine and typical example of modern stagecraft. A part of Act. II. and Act III. complete will be performed, these being the two most striking scenes of the drama. Moreover, they contain practically the entire plot of the piece.

Prof. Matthews's lectures will be delivered before the scenes are presented.

PLAYERS HERE ORGANIZE.

Members of Two Companies Form a San Francisco Club.

Players appearing in "The Balkan Princess," at the Casino, and "The Hen-Pecks," at the Broadway, held a meeting yesterday afternoon to organize a San Francisco Professional Club, to be composed of actors and actresses born in that city, or who have acted there long enough to achieve prominence.

Among those who attended the meeting were Robert Warwick, May Boley, Christine Nielson, W. T. Carleton, and Teddy Webb of "The Balkan Princess" company, and Blossom Seeley and Bert Leslie of "The Hen-Pecks." Mr. Warwick, who was born in San Francisco, and was well known there as a leading man, was chosen President, and May Boley, who was leading woman at the Princess Theatre for three years, was chosen temporary Secretary. Circular letters will be sent to all eligible players to become members of the society.

BUSY LEGISLATIVE WEEK.

Gov. Wilson's Election Reform Bill Likely to Pass the Assembly.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, March 12.—The tenth week of the Legislature, which begins to-morrow evening, gives promise of being one of the busiest yet held.

The Geran bill, Gov. Wilson's measure for election reforms, is one of those most likely to give trouble, and, even if it should pass the Assembly, its fate in the Senate is doubtful. The Democratic members of the lower house will meet to-morrow afternoon to receive the Steering Committee's report. This committee, as a result of last week's conference with the Governor, has decided to recommend the adoption of the measure as a party bill. While it cannot be stated definitely, it seems probable that the Democratic Assemblymen will agree to support it, and that it will finally get through the House. Some of the Republican Senators, however, are strongly opposed to certain features of it, and may insist that it be modified. Others are of the opinion that the bill, if enacted into law, will prove unpopular sooner or later, and that it might be a good thing to pass it, and allow the responsibility for it to fall upon the Democrats.

The Employers' Liability and Public Utility bills, together with local option and the Ocean Grove Borough bill, are also in doubt. A substitute measure has been introduced in the Senate for the four Public Utility bills introduced by Senators Gaunt, Gebhardt, and Osborne, but it is not satisfactory to the Democratic members. The House has practically done nothing with the measure as yet.

Gov. Wilson still has many important nominations to make, but seems to be devoting most of his efforts to legislation. Several appointments to minor places were sent to the Senate during the past week, but practically all of the bigger ones are still to be announced.

STARTS BAY STATE INQUIRY.

Foss to Find Out How All Departments Are Managed.

BOSTON, March 12.—An investigation of the business management of the various commissions, departments, and institutions of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, in which the taxpayers of the State will be regarded as the stockholders or customers of the business, will begin to-morrow morning under the direction of Gov. Foss, in accordance with a recent act of the Legislature empowering him to do so.

In a statement issued to-day Gov. Foss says that the inquiry will be conducted in the interest of the taxpayers, to see whether they are now paying for heavier running expenses than are necessary, and to determine whether the things they now buy from the State are delivered in as good quality as the costs incurred should provide.

"Among the things thus regarded as being purchased by the people from the State are," he says, "protection to health; the care of the sick, insane, paupers, criminals, and degenerates; public protection in financial matters, such as insurance, banking, &c.; public education and public service and protection in regard to the natural resources of the State, namely, public lands, forests, water, fisheries, game, &c."

HAT A CLUE TO MURDER.

Police Think It Will Fit the Brother-In-Law of the Victim.

Both the Jersey City and Hoboken police are looking for Antonio Spenerelli, an Italian laborer of 340 Cator Avenue, Jersey City, who is said to have murdered his brother-in-law, John Berotto of 77 Ocean Avenue, Jersey City. The Jersey City police late on Saturday night heard pistol shots, and discovered Besotto lying unconscious on the sidewalk at Hudson Boulevard and Neptune Avenue, with three bullet wounds in his body. He died in the City Hospital without regaining consciousness.

Near where Berotto was found the police picked up a soft, dark hat that was identified as belonging to Spenerelli. It is said that Berotto and Spenerelli were seen drinking at the home of Tony Berotto, a brother of the dead man, at 1,516 Hudson Boulevard, and that they quarrelled there. The police believe that Spenerelli is hiding in Hoboken.

KILLS FIANCEE'S BROTHER.

Street Fight Follows Report of Runaway Marriage.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., March 12.—Kidwell McSween, son of A. J. McSween, a prominent lawyer of Newport, was shot and instantly killed to-day in a street fight at Newport, Tenn., with John Pritchett. Pritchett was seriously injured and may die.

The tragedy resulted from the meeting of Pritchett and Miss Emma McSween, sister of the dead man in Knoxville Saturday. Miss McSween had run away from a school at Nazareth, Ky., to which place her father sent her months ago in order to break up a love affair between Pritchett and Miss McSween. After she left Nazareth, Miss McSween came to the home of a relative in Knoxville and a report reached Newport that the young couple had been married. When Pritchett and McSween arrived in Newport on the same train to-day the tragedy followed.

Ladies' Night at Long Island A. C.

An attractive vaudeville bill has been arranged by the Long Island Automobile Club for "Ladies' Night," which will be held in the clubhouse, Park Plaza and Union Street, Brooklyn, Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Ten events comprise the programme, and as there is an unusually big demand for tickets a large crowd is expected.

SYRIA PROSPEROUS UNDER YOUNG TURKS

Lazzam Bey Tells of the Relief to the People of Mt. Lebanon Through Lowered Taxes.

ABDUL HAMID'S NIGHT FEARS

He Never Slept Two Successive Nights in the Same Room—American Revolvers Ever Loaded at His Side.

Lazzim Bey of Beirut, Syria, who is said to have made a fortune in operating the diligence between that port and Damascus by the old road over the Lebanon mountains, a distance of seventy-five miles, now covered by a railroad, arrived in New York yesterday on his way to Canada to study the industrial and agricultural conditions there.

At the Hotel Knickerbocker, before leaving for Montreal, Lazzim Bey said that conditions in Syria had improved very much under the new Turkish Government. Taxes had been reduced, and agriculture was encouraged thereby. Several industries have been started at Beirut, which is returning to its former importance for exporting Syrian produce and manufactures to Constantinople, Smyrna, and other large ports in the Levant.

The Druids, a Bedouin tribe who live in the Lebanon mountains, under the shade of the great cedars that have defied the storms and snows of centuries, are more contented under the new rule, and there has been less friction between the Mahommedans, Christians, and Jews in Syria over religious questions than has been known before by the present generation.

Lazzam Bey was for many years an officer of the household of the deposed Sultan of Turkey, Abdul Hamid, whom he described as a man who had taught himself to do without sleep.

"He was so afraid of being assassinated during the night," said the Bey, "that in order to thwart a surprise attack at Yildez Palace he had seven beds prepared every night in seven separate rooms, which communicated with each other by intricate passages closed by secret doors skilfully disguised in the tapestried panels of the walls.

"Not even his most faithful attendants knew which room he intended to occupy. There were so many plots against his life continually being hatched in the Palace that the unfortunate Sultan could trust no one, as he never felt sure when one of his followers had been bought over to plot his ruin. He would take his coffee in one room, unrobe in another, and then select a third to sleep in, after all was still in the palace and his attendants had retired to rest, and he never slept in the same room two nights consecutively.

"The Sultan's precautions did not end there. Each bed or divan sloped at a considerable angle, so that when covered with a quilt the Sultan could repose in a semi-upright position. Two long-barreled American hammerless .44-calibre revolvers were ready in each room in pockets on either side of the divan, so that he was ready at a second's notice to spring out and defend himself from attack by any marauder.

"The rooms and windows were all wired and connected with an electric apparatus, which operated powerful vibrators placed at the right side of the divans whereon he slept. The Nubian servants who brought the Sultan's morning coffee had a difficult task in going from room to room to find his master, and had to call out as he went through the rooms, that he might not be shot as an assassin by mistake."

ASKS A DRINK; DROPS DEAD.

Man Believed to be C. H. Brown Dies Suddenly in a Harlem Hotel.

A man about 60 years old, believed to be C. H. Brown of 280 Lenox Avenue, died suddenly last night in a hotel at the corner of Third Avenue and 141st Street. The man stumbled into the dining room of the hotel and said to the waiter, John Burns:

"Hurry and get me a drink before I die."

Burns brought a drink, and just as the man put it to his lips, he dropped off his chair to the floor and lay still. Dr. Allen of the Lebanon Hospital pronounced him dead. The body was taken to the Alexander Avenue station.

In the dead man's pocket were some water tax assessment slips made out to C. H. Brown, 280 Lenox Avenue. Dr. Allen expressed the opinion that the man died of heart disease.

Court Attendants Demand More Pay.

All the attendants of the Court of Special Sessions, numbering twenty-four, have engaged counsel to begin proceedings against the Justice of the court to obtain an increase in salary from $1,200 to $1,500 a year, which most of them received until the 1911 budget was adopted. They have retained Alfred J. Tally, former Civil Service Commissioner, to bring the suit, and their complaint is that most of them resigned places paying more than $1,200 to accept the place of court attendant. They also urge that the court attendants in the City and Municipal Courts receive $1,500 a year, and that there is no reason why the salary should not be equalized.

CHINESE WOMAN TAKEN IN.

Arrested as a Vagrant in Saturday Night's Storm—Won't Tell Who She Is.

In spite of a squad of police, the lawyers, attendants and Magistrate at the Tombs Court, the matron of the woman's prison at the Tombs, and the whole psychopathic ward at Bellevue, they don't know yet who Sing Sing is, or why she was wandering about early this morning in the downpour of hail and rain.

It was evident to all that she is the most diminutive of Chinese women, dressed in the silk blouse and pantaloons of her country, but there knowledge stops, for her will was as strong as the stamp of her foot when she said they could cut her head off but she would tell them nothing about herself.

Policeman Heutte of the Greenwich Street Station picked up Sing Sing under the elevated structure at Church and Cortlandt Streets when the hailstorm was at its height. When he arrested her as a vagrant she tried to scratch his face with her talon-like nails. But this was only the beginning of her self-assertion. She was drenched to the skin. The police could not get anything out of her, even under the soothing influence of a cup of tea and the best efforts of a Chinese laundryman, who strove to interpret. Magistrate Freschi asked her if she had any money, and she replied in English that she had too much money. She also admitted she was married. Then she would say no more.

When put in a cell in the woman's prison she began to act as if demented. Magistrate Freschi then committed her to Bellevue for observation. When she got there Dr. Thornton examined her and said she was suffering from hallucinations.

Great interest in her case has been aroused among the court attendants and hospital authorities. They say it is the first time a Chinese woman has been brought to them.

LOST RICH MAN FOUND.

Family of W. D. Laughman of Altoona Find Him Paralyzed in Arkansas.

Special to The New York Times.

CASSVILLE, Md., March 12.—After roaming over the South for two years under the name of W. D. Lafferty, a wealthy Altoona (Pa.) man, whose right name is W. D. Laughman, has been found by his family at Springdale, Ark., where he was suffering from paralysis.

Laughman at first went to Hot Springs, Ark., and then to Springdale, where he purchased a small farm and went into the dairy business. A few days ago he became very ill, and it was then he told of his right name and the whereabouts of his family.

He gives no reason for his peculiar action, but communication with members of his family revealed that his mind has been affected. He has a wife and three children in Pennsylvania.

Mr. Laughman, according to Dun's, is worth $100,000. He is a son of J. H. Laughman, reputed to be a wealthy coal operator.

Day Off for Downtown Letter Carriers

The letter carriers in the General Post Office and in the stations up to Fifty-ninth Street had a day off yesterday by permission of Postmaster Morgan, in preparation for the going into effect in July of the law by which all the letter carriers will have a day off each week. There were some delays at the Post Office yesterday and at some of the larger substations, when people called for mail. The people, however, took the matter good-humoredly when the situation was explained to them. In all 750 letter carriers had a day off yesterday.

Woman Jumps from Eads Bridge.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 12.—Police here have sought all day without success to establish the identity of a young women who killed herself this morning by jumping from the Eads Bridge into the Mississippi River. A negro who said he saw the suicide described the woman as apparently nineteen years old and well dressed.

Bound Home After the Bullfights.

Among those who arrived yesterday on the Spanish liner Manuel Calvo, from Vera Cruz, were five bullfighters who are returning to Spain after the Mexican season. They are led by Mirenito de Aljesiras, a toreador of note.

CLERGYMAN TO HOSPITAL.

The Rev. L. C. Morgan Found Semi-Conscious at His Typewriter.

The Rev. Leland C. Morgan, a former minister in Baltimore, Md., was taken to Bellevue Hospital last night from a rooming house at 147 East Fifteenth Street, where he has been living for the last two years. Mr. Morgan is suffering from cerebral hemorrhage, and is in a critical condition. The police of the East Twenty-second Street Station have the report that the clergyman was ill and destitute.

Miss Jennie D. Rex, who keeps the rooming house, said that the Rev. Mr. Morgan was formerly a prominent Episcopal minister in Baltimore, but during the two years he has been in this city he had not had charge of any parish. She said that he supported himself by making translations and typewriting sermons for ministers here.

He was found yesterday sitting on a chair in front of his typewriter in a semi-conscious condition and unable to speak. Patrolman Kohler was called, and summoned Dr. Biram from Bellevue Hospital. Ferle, a boarder, assisted in removing the minister to the ambulance, and in doing so struck his head against a door. He received a laceration over the eye, which Dr. Biram treated, putting in two stitches.

CHINESE GUN MAN SHOT DOWN

Hip Sing Tong Member Ambushed in a Bowery Tenement.

The report of a revolver shot sent every one scurrying into the street from the tenement at 16 Bowery last night. When Capt. Hodgins and the reserves of the Elizabeth Street Station got there they found Ah Sing Duck, a notorious gunman in the last Tong war, lying senseless on the fourth floor, a bullet having passed completely through his body. He was hurried to the Hudson Street Hospital, where it was said he would die.

The headquarters of the Hip Sing Tong, of which Ah Sing was a member, are on the fourth floor of the Bowery tenement, and the police say that Ah Sing was taken there from his home at 13 Pell Street by a message, the purport of which they do not know. When he reached the doorway of the Tong rooms he was shot down.

The police are looking for Yee Toy in connection with the shooting. They say he is a member of the Hip Sing Tong himself, and that the shooting was the result of a personal feud and was not the beginning of a Tong war.

Machinists Out for an Eight-Hour Day

District 15 of the International Association of Machinists, at a special meeting yesterday in German Odd Fellows' Hall, St. Mark's Place, decided by vote to make a general demand for the eight-hour day in all shops in New York and vicinity, to go into effect April 2, and to declare strikes in all shops where the demand is refused. There are seventeen locals in the district, with a membership of 6,000. James T. Neyland, business agent of the district, said after the meeting that there are also 10,000 non-union men who are ready to join in the strike if the demand is refused.

Ireland's American Friends to Dine.

Ireland's American Friends will hold their sixth annual dinner on St. Patrick's Day at the Hotel Astor. Frank W. Smith, President of the association, will act as toastmaster. The speakers will include Mgr. Lavelle, Gov. Dix, Senator Wagner, and Justice Isaac Franklin Russell.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.	Loss.
12:30—322 8th Av.; Morning Telegraph	Trifling
1:05—361 E. 76th St.; Irving Bochrach	$50
4:00—110 King St.; Mary Slattery	$125
5:15—237 E. 110th St.; unknown	$500
8:15—733 10th Av.; Moses Silverman	Trifling
10:00—184 Forsyth St.; Lena Lentis	$5
10:30—1,750 2d Av.; Agnes Sullivan	Trifling
10:35—331 E. 136th St.; Nicolo Curca	Trifling
P. M.	
3:15—310 6th Av.; Charles Steigziger	$10
8:40—99 St. Mark's Place; Max Hoffman	Trifling
4:20—8 Morningside Av. East; R. Stout	$50
5:05—1,478 Washington Av.; Bessie Bernstein	Trifling
5:35—3,810 3d Av.; M. Christa	Trifling
7:55—162 Lewis St.; Annie Sabbatti	Trifling
9:10—2,033 3d Av.; Samuel Cabaro	Trifling
9:20—240 East 112th St.; Lottie Greenfield	Trifling
10:55—7 East 117th St.; Joseph Schwoop	$10

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Tailor-made Suits of fine serges, imported cheviots and novelty materials, in smart Spring models; the best custom work throughout— at *$50*
Coats for motoring, steamer or general service, in many distinctive new effects— at *$35, $45 and $55*
Charming Dresses of imported foulard in fashionable new Spring shades; custom-made throughout—at *$55*
Dresses, Gowns and Wraps for Spring Wear—Embracing the new Empire and Grecian styles of the leading *couturiers* of Paris—at unusually *sensible* prices for such exclusive creations— at *$75 and upward.*
New Spring Waists of marquisette and voile, richly embroidered and trimmed with real laces; *exclusive* styles— at *$12.50, $14.50 and $16.50.*

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At All the 200 Incorporated James Butler Stores
Monday—Tuesday—Wednesday
Happiness for Housekeepers
Offers unsurpassed in quality for thirty per cent. below current retail prices:
Very Best Creamery Butter, nothing finer, lb. 25c
East View Eggs, New laid, sold only in sealed cartons, doz. 25c
Triumph Rice, Choicest whole head; large No. 3 cloth bag... 25c
Corn Meal, Best white or yellow; large No. 3 cloth bag 10c
Blue Ribbon Jams, Choicest fruits—all kinds; large glass jar... 15c
Marmalade, Blue Ribbon—best American; large glass jar....... 15c
Essie Peaches, Sliced; fanciest fruit, in rich syrup; can....... 10c
Essie Cherries, Choicest California fruit, in rich syrup; can... 12c
Condensed Milk
Butler & Shawnee Brands, can 7c
Essie & Liberty Brands, can.... 9c

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OUR Clearance Sale of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Suits and Overcoats ends, on Wednesday—Best come in to-day. You may find your $40 or $50 Suit or Overcoat at $18.00, or a $28 or $30 Suit or Overcoat at $13.50.

BLUE GRAY BURLAP WEAVE
cheviots, tinged with colorings, are the stunning suitings and overcoatings for this season. We have them in a very large variety. Suit or overcoat to measure $25.00. Send for samples and our new Portfolio of fashion.
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IN CONJUNCTION WITH The International Cup COMPLETE CIRCUS Ballet of Niagara

William Collier's Comedy Thea., 41 St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Tues. & Sat. 2:20.
WILLIAM COLLIER in I'll Be Hanged If I Do.

BROADWAY Thea. B'way & 41st. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
LEW FIELDS IN The Hen-Pecks

HACKETT 42d St., W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Thurs., Fri. & Sat. 2:15.
Laugh in Every Line.—Mail. OVER NIGHT

Lew Fields' HERALD SQ., B'way & 35th. Evs. 8:10. Mats. Wed., Fri. & Sat. 2:10.
Henry W. Savage offers Walter Browne's
EVERYWOMAN
(*Her Pilgrimage in Quest of Love*)
With Laura Nelson Hall, H. Cooper Cliffe, Sarah Cowell Le Moyne, Frederic de Belleville, Stella Hammerstein, Edward Mackay, and 100 others.

39TH ST. Theatre, 39th, near B'way. TO-NIGHT 8:15 Sharp.
SAM S. & LEE SHUBERT Offer JOHN MASON
In a New Play by Augustus Thomas, AS A MAN THINKS

DALY'S B'way and 30th St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Wed., Fri. & Sat. 2:30.
Return to Daly's of BABY MINE

LYRIC 42d St., West of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
THE DEEP PURPLE By Armstrong and Mizner.
"Action swift enough to play the long roll on a snare drum."—Metcalfe, in Life.

CASINO B'way & 39th. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Wed., Fri. & Sat. 2:15.
LOUISE GUNNING in THE BALKAN PRINCESS
Full of Dear, Delightful Women

Maxine Elliott's Thea. 39, bet. B'way & 6 Av. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed., Fri. & Sat. 2:15.
Charles Klein's New Play, THE GAMBLERS —with— George Nash.

MAJESTIC Broadway & 59th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed., Fri. & Sat. 2:15.
Prices 25c to $1.50. Mats. Wed. & St. Patrick's Day (Friday) Best Seats $1.00.
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THE BLUE BIRD
Wed., Fri. & Sat. Nights, 8:30,
THE PIPER
N'xt w'k—Mon. Wed. Fri. Evs., Wed. Mat., 'The Piper'; Tues., Thur., Sat. Evs., Sat. Mat., 'The Blue Bird.'

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
To-night at 8, Trovatore. Mmes. Gadski, Homer; MM. Martin, Amato, Rossi, and Ballet Divert't, Mordkin and Russian Dancers. Cond., Podesti.
Tues. Evg. at 8, Phila.-Chicago Opera Co. First time. Segreto di Susanna. Mme. White; MM. Sammarco, Daddi, followed by Jongleur de Notre Dame. Mme. Garden; MM. Renaud, Dufranne, Warnery, Nicolay, Crabbe. Gen. Mus. Dir., Cleofonte Campanini.
Wed. Evg. at 7:30, Meistersinger. Mme. Destinn; MM. Jorn, Soomer, Reiss, Goritz. Cond., Toscanini.
Thurs. Aft. Pop. Prices, Mat. at 2. Haensel und Gretel. Mmes. Mattfeld, Alten, Homer; Mr. Goritz. Cond., Hertz. Coppelia (Act 1,) Pavlowa-Mordkin.
Thur. Evg., at 8, Faust. Mmes. Farrar, Fornia; MM. Martin, Gilly, Rothier. Conductor, Podesti.
Fri. Evg., at 8. Tannhaeuser. Mmes. Gadski, Fremstad; MM. Slezak, Soomer, Hinkley, Hinshaw, Hall. Cond. Hertz.
Sat. Aft. at 2, Koenigskinder. Mmes. Farrar, Homer, Wickham; MM. Jorn, Goritz, Reiss, Didur. Cond., Hertz
Sat. Evg. at 8, Thais. Presented by the Phila.-Chicago Opera Co. Mmes. Garden, Bressler-Gianoli; MM. Dalmores, Renaud, Huberdeau, Nicolay. Gen. Mus. Dir. Cleofonte Campanini.
Thurs. Aft., March 23, at Pop. Prices. Haensel und Gretel, with same cast as above. Coppelia (Act 1), Pavlowa-Mordkin and Ballet. Seat Sale begins To-morrow.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
To-morrow Evg. at 8, Otello. Mmes. Rappold, Maubourg; MM. Slezak, Scotti, Bada, de Segurola. Conductor, Toscanini.
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SYMPHONY Society of New York.
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First Reappearance in America
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PHILHARMONIC —SOCIETY OF NEW YORK—
GUSTAV MAHLER, Conductor.
Carnegie Hall, Tues. Evg., Mar. 14, at 8:15.
Soloist: MAUD POWELL
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